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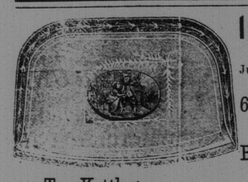
The Evening Gazette is Growing in Circulation more rapidly than any daily paper East of Montreal.

The Evening Gazette.

The Evening Gazette is the Largest daily paper in the Maritime Provinces.

WANTS.
TEN CENTS
is all it costs you to Advercise for anything you want.

VOL. III.---WHOLE NO. 557. ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.



1889. XMAS, 1889.

Just received another lot of the following useful Christmas Goods:
6 Doz Children's Trays, Assorted:
Beautiful Brass and Copper Tea Kettles;
12 Very Handsome Brass Tea Kettles with Stands and Lamps.

SHERATON & SELFRIDGE,
38 King St., Opposite Royal Hotel.
Telephone 358.

New Reading of Last Week's Advertisement.

4 Colors of 42 inch Cloth, Original Price 65c. Reduced to - - 33c.
2 Pieces of 42 Inch Cloth with Border Reduced from 87c. to - - 44c.
2 Colors of 23 Inch Cloth, warranted All Wool for - - - - - - 14c.
6 Ends Silk and Wool Plaids, Original Price 95c. reduced to - 48c.
1 Piece All Wool Dress Homespun Dark Green - - - - - - 25c.
Turkish Towels at 2-3 of the Regular Price.

HUNTER, HAMILTON & McKAY,
97 KING STREET.

GLASS AND PUTTY.
McCAW, STEVENSON & ORR'S
PATENT 'GLAZIER" DECORATION,
A Perfect Substitute for Stained Glass.
New Designs in Window Shades and Wall Papers.
F. E. HOLMAN, - - 48 King Street.

CLEARING SALE.
Short Lengths of Dress Goods, Tweeds &c. at
HALF PRICE.
Call at once and Secure a Bargain.
KEDEY & CO.,
213 UNION STREET.
P. S.—If you want Cotton, or Hamburgs you will find ours the best values in town. K. & Co.

DEAD AS A MACKAREL.

We mean that persons using their own thickers and studying economy, have come to the conclusion that the shoddy manufacturers of of Ontar o are a great drawback to the honest working men of these provinces. And like Jonah Chinaman—they must either make honest goods or meet a financial death. The Tryon Woolen Manufacturing Co., have now on sale about 100 pieces of their own manufacture, made from pure native wool, in all the newest designs and colourings. When you contrast these goods with thar of Ontario, as to strength, beauty and cheapness, theirs sink into oblivion—as the snow-flake upon the bosom of the Atlantic.

Heavy All Wool Tweeds,	- -	50c., cheap at	75c.
Extra Heavy "	- -	65 " "	95
Very Heavy "	- -	75 " "	$1.75
Union Tweeds	- -	35 to	55

SPECIAL. SPECIAL.
Four Bargains in Boots and Shoes.

Lot No 1.	Ladies Polished Calf, full finish, -	$1.15 worth	$1.45
Lot No 2	" Dongola Kid Opera Toe Boots	1 65 "	1.95
Lot No 3.	" Dongola Extra Quality full finish	1.85 "	2.40
Lot No 4.	" French Kid Opera Toe "	" 2.65 "	3.25

Men's, Misses, and Children's very cheap.
Special Discounts every Saturday.
20TH CENTURY STORE, 12 CHARLOTTE ST., Directly Opposite Turner & Finlay's,
TRYON WOOLEN MF'G. CO., Proprietors.
J. A. REID, Manager.

DON'T CRUMBLE
at your servant or wife because your shirts and collars are not done up nicely, but send them at once to us and you will always have peace at home.
UNGAR'S STEAM LAUNDRY,
26 to 34 Waterloo St., St. John, N. B.

SHARP'S
Favorably known for upwards of forty years it has become a household name No family should be without it. It is simple and very effectual. In cases of Croup and Whooping Cough it is marvelous what has been accomplished by it.
BALSAM
In its use the sufferer finds instant relief. How anxiously the mother watche over the child when suffering from these dreadful diseases, and would not she give anything if only the dear little one could be relieved- Be advised of
HOREHOUND
and keep constantly on hand in a convenient place a bottle of this Balsam. If you cannot get it of your dealer, send direct to us, in stamps or currency, 30 cents,
ANISE SEED.
with your address, and we will forward, carriage prepaid, one bottle of this wonderful rem dy, so that you may try it and be convinced.
SHARP'S BALSAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
CONNOR & DINSMORE, Proprietors,
Saint John, N. B.
T. B. BARKER & SONS, Wholesale Agents.

Livery and Boarding Stables,
Sydney Street, St. John, N. B.
DAVID CONNELL.
Horses Boarded on Reasonable Terms.
Horses and Carriages on Hire. Fine Fit-outs at Short Notice

FIRST EDITION.

HIS ACCOMPLICES.

WHO HELPED SAWTELL PLAN HIS CRIME?

Probability that the Plot Was Hatched in Prison.

DOVER, N. H., Feb 18.—Was Isaac Sawtell a burglar or an accomplice of burglars? This is a problem the Boston officers at work on the tragic affair have been trying to solve since Isaac was arrested in Portland last Thursday afternoon. They have kept very quiet about it, but a Herald reporter this afternoon ascertained what the clew was that they had secured, and what scheme they have been working up to ascertain if any others were concerned with Isaac Sawtell in the crime by which his brother Hiram lost his life. In the little red leather valise which Isaac Sawtell carried with him to the Falmouth Hotel, Portland, and which was taken when he was arrested, were found three very fine gold pencils and a gold locket, all of which were brand new. The lead in the pencils had not been marked in the slightest degree. When Capt. White of division 5 unlocked the bag and took from it this jewelry, he looked at the locket in surprise a moment and said: "Why this is a new trinket. I wonder why he has never worn it?" Then he looked at the three gold pencils, all of which were elegantly chased and engraved, one of the octagon ones being inlaid with pearls, and remarked musingly: "I can't see where these came from. Perhaps they were Hiram's. I guess I will take them to Boston and find out." So he took the four pieces of jewelry to Boston, and found out they did not belong to Hiram Sawtell, as his wife had never seen any of them before, either in Hiram's possession or Isaac's. Then the officers had a clew as to who the men were who undoubtedly gave him advice in regard to carrying out his plot to secure for himself all of the estate left by his father. Still the clew has not been easily followed. Two men whom the detectives would like to have talk are in jail, and they will not disclose any information they may possess. They are there awaiting trial for breaking and entering, and it is thought that in one of their raids were secured the gold pencils and locket found among the effects of Isaac Sawtell. When Mrs. Sawtell first told the officers of division 5, in speaking about the mysterious disappearance of her husband, that Isaac had associated more or less with ex-state prison convicts since his discharge from the Charlestown institution, they at once associated that fact principally with some plot against Hiram. There has never been much doubt that the scheme which decoyed Hiram Sawtell away from his home to his death was concocted by more than one person, and evidence has been gradually accumulating to show that such was a fact. Everything pointed to that—the medicine given to little Marion to make her sick, the decoy telegrams which called Hiram from his home, the looking over the ground in two states, Maine and New Hampshire, to select the best place to commit the crime,

AND DISPOSE OF THE PROOFS

of it, in order that imprisonment for life, instead of hanging might be the fate of the perpetrator, if he were ever discovered, the disposal of the body in a locality where it was hoped winter storms would destroy all evidence of its having been placed there it was, and the final mutilation and disposition of the head and clothing, in order that identification should be prevented so far as possible. All this showed that more than one or two minds concocted the complicated plot, and minds, too, that were steeped in crime and familiar with the best methods of accomplishing it with the least danger of detection. It has been generally thought, however, that Isaac got his ideas from conversation with fellow-prisoners in the Massachusetts state prison while confined there on a charge of rape. That is partially true. Few persons imagined, though, that it was a regularly organized plan of a gang of unprincipled men, all of whom have been confined at different times in the state prison for offences of various kinds. Yet that is what certain detectives are working to prove, and, in a general way, have established. The only thing lacking is certain minor evidence which must be obtained before any arrests are made. The gold pencils and locket found on Isaac Sawtell were stolen in a recent jewelry store break in Boston. That fact has been well established. Whether Isaac was concerned in the break or not the officials did not know, but there are men in Dover today who are satisfied that he was with the gang that committed the crime, and either acted as their "fence" or as closely connected with the men as such a tool would be. The detectives did endeavor to secure an explanation of where Isaac secured the money with which to carry on his work, but until they secured evidence of his connection with this gang beyond arranging the details of the murder of Hiram, they could not secure anything which would assist them in clearing up this point. Isaac is said to have left the Massachusetts state prison in November with less than $500. He paid a certain woman $350 of this, leaving him about $150 at the outside. The Rochester work is estimated to have cost him over $125.

LEAVING HIM ONLY $25 TO EXIST ON

during the three months he has been out of confinement, to say nothing of the $118 found on him when arrested in Portland. Mrs. Sawtell has stated substantially to the officer that he did not secure any great amount of money from the store, although he frequently made a call at the till, and Hiram never gave him any sum of consequence out of his own pocket. That he did not perform work of any account from the time of his liberation to the day he left Boston to get Hiram to come to him is a well authenticated fact, and therefore the connection of the stolen jewelry with the far from plethoric condition of his pocketbook was a most important detail to be looked up. Certain officials are satisfied where that money came from. There are two men who are believed to know a great deal of this end of the case. Both are wanted by Boston officers, but neither can be found. One is a notorious "doctor" who has served time in the Massachusetts state prison for malpractice, the other is a criminal with a record called Ed Russell. The former's whereabouts are unknown just now, while the latter is believed to be in New Jersey. This Russell is also believed to have been implicated in the break where the gold pencils and locket were stolen, but there is not very good evidence against him for that crime, although he would probably be arrested on suspicion for that alone if discovered. This gang of criminals, with which there is good evidence for believing that Isaac Sawtell was connected, is supposed to have been organized in the prison itself by men whose terms expired at the same time. Then associations were formed which the members hoped would be useful to each and all in the future. Schemes of this kind are known to be frequently discussed by convicts who have no intention or desire of reforming or leading different lives, and

WHOSE ONLY AIM AND AMBITION

in life seems to be to get a living dishonestly, without being discovered by the police. Isaac Sawtell probably told some of his companions in confinement how he hoped to get hold of his father's money, and leave his brother out in the cold, and his friends saw that they might make something out of the man if they could use him as their tool in doing all the killing, while they arranged all the plans and pocketed all the proceeds. That the close intimacy continued beyond the dismal stone walls and strong iron bars of the Charlestown prison is shown by the fact that on different occasions two different pals of Isaac went to his mother's home on Dudley street and slept with him. But there proved to be a slip between the cup and the lip of these schemers, and their plans, as well as those of mice, seem to have "gang agley". They were partially successful—in committing two breaks in Boston and disposing of the proceeds—but the wholesale crimes they proposed to commit, which included murder as well as burglary, have been practically nipped in the bud, and the detectives are working hard and hope ultimately to be successful in making every one of the "gang" suffer for the part taken in the murder of Hiram Sawtell.

AN ADMIRAL'S SON A PRISONER.

David Essex Porter Under Arrest at Washington—Charged with Obtaining Money Under False Pretences.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—David Essex Porter, a son of Admiral Porter, appeared in the police court this afternoon charged with obtaining money under false pretences. The complainant is a colored man named F. W. Johnson. He accuses young Porter of having obtained from him on the 20th of last August $1900 in money and goods, in return for which Porter undertook to secure for him a good government situation. This Porter failed to do. The prisoner, a gentlemanly looking man, about 45 years of age, sat in court for several hours waiting his examination, with a nonchalent smile on his face, while his bejewelled fingers stroked the fur collar and lapels of his overcoat in a nervous manner. He was arrested by Officer Boland of the 1st precinct station last night, and remained there until the usual hour for taking the prisoners to court, when he was driven there in the patrol wagon, with a crowd of black and white people, charged with vagrancy, drunkenness and other similar offences. Throughout the day many members of the Loyal Legion, whose button he wears, visited him in court and offered to go bail for him. He declines all proffers of assistance, said he would refuse to waive examination and would go to jail. Maj. Porter has had a brilliant military record. He entered the federal service while in his teens, and while a lieutenant of the 1st United States artillery he carried the first despatch through the rebel lines, from Gen. Grant to Gen. Meade. In 1867 he went to Egypt and entered the army of the Khedive, going through many bloody engagements in the lands of the Pharaohs. In February of last year he was offered a position as an officer in the Haytien army, which he declined, owing to a disagreement with Minister Preston about financial matters. He is in appearance and manner a typical soldier of fortune. In conversation with a reporter he acknowledged that he had obtained some money from Johnson, and also from Daniel Keyes and William Newton, who have sworn out unserved warrants against him. He says this money was paid to him to recompense him for expenses he had been obliged to incur in the endeavor to obtain government positions for these men, he having gained a reputation among colored people for being able to get them government jobs because he had obtained a few under the Cleveland administration. When the three men who took out the warrants against him asked him to undertake the work of placing them on Uncle Sam's pay roll, he says he told them that he would do so if they would recoup him for expenses incurred. He says they agreed to this, and that all the money he obtained from them was incurred in a legitimate manner.

HALIFAX MATTERS.

The Late John P. Mott's Public Bequests.—Libel Suits.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

HALIFAX, N. S. Feb. 20.—The amounts left by the late John P. Mott to public institutions including a portion of the residue will be as follows:—

Home for the Aged $39,600; Protestant Orphan's Home $23,700; Deaf and Dumb institution $23,700; School for the Blind $23,700; Protestent Industrial School $23,700; Roman Catholic Orphanage $23,700; Infant's Home; $23,700, and the Y. M. C. A. $23,700.

Joseph P. Marr has instituted libel proceedings against the Echo, evening paper published in this city, and Dun, Wiman & Co., mercantile, agency for circulating the report that Marr had assigned.

Portugal to Build a Fort.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LISBON, Feb. 20.—The government has decided to additionally strengthen the defences of Albufeira 46 miles east of Cape St. Vincent, whose spacious harbor is already commanded by a citadel and batteries, by the erection of a fort on the extremity of the cliff that juts out into the Atlantic.

It will be provided with the latest Krupp guns, having a range of four and a half miles.

Bismarcks Resignation Imminent.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—Prince Bismarck's resignation as President of the Ministry is thought to be imminent. An inventory is being made of the furniture in the Chancellors palace [which will be taken to his country house.

The Emperor's new Appointments.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, Feb. 20—The Emperor has given universal satisfaction by the appointment to the crown council of expert working men known to belong to the opposition. Among them are three liberals and one socialist.

Theatre and Library Burned.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 20.—The Communal theatre was gutted by fire last night and a valuable library was also burned.

London Markets.

LONDON, 12.30 p m.

Consols 97 7-16 for money and 97 ½ for the account
United State Fours.....
Do. do Fours and a half.....
Atlantic and Great Western firsts..... 34¾
Do. do do seconds.....
Canada Pacific.....
Erie.....
do. Seconds..... 103¾
Illinois Central..... 118
Mexican ordinary.....
St Paul Common..... 70
New York Central.....
Pennsylvania.....
Reading.....
Mexican Central new 4s..... 72½
Bar Silver
Money 5½ per cent.
Bank of England has reduced its rate of discount from 6 to 5.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 12.30 p m—Cotton quiet modera o enquiry. American midds 6 1-16 d, sales 7000 sp and export 500; recta 23,000: American 18,300 Futures quiet.

London Markets.

LONDON, 4 p m closing.

Consols 597 -16 for money and 97 9-16 for the Feb acct.
U S Fours.....
do do Fours and a half.....
A & G W firsts..... 34¼
Do do seconds.....
Can Pac..... 26¾
Erie.....
Do seconds.....
Ills Cent.....
Mexican ordy.....
St Paul Common..... 70½
N Y Cent..... 55¾
Penn..... 20¾
Reading.....
Mex cent new 4s.....
Bar Silver
Spanish Fours
Money 5½ @ 6 per cent,
Amount of bullion gone into the bank of England on balance to-day is £23,000.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, closing cotton ann midd Feb 5 62-64 d seller, Futures closed firm. Sales of day included 7300.

DOUBLE HANGING.

MURDERERS JACOB SCHOOP AND THOMAS COLE EXECUTED.

Particulars of the Crimes, Showing Atrocious Brutality and Deliberation.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 20.—Jacob Schoop, the slayer of Anton Schilling, and Thomas Cole, the murderer of Walter McAllister, were hanged together in Moyamensing prison at 10.04 this morning. The crimes of these men were premediated and carried out in cold blood. Schoop's was especially atrocious.

On Dec. 27, 1888, some boys playing in Fairmount Park, found the dismembered remains of a man tied up in two bags, hidden away in a section of water pipe. The crime was finally traced to Schoop, who was a baker on Callowalader street. Schilling was his assistant.

Schoop acknowledged his guilt saying that on Christmas morning he had knocked Schilling down with his fist, during a quarrel. Supposing him dead, he struck him with a hatchet to make the job sure. He then cut the body up and conveying it in his wagon to the Park during the night placed it where it was afterwards found by the boys.

Schoop's trial developed the fact that he had not quarrelled with his victim, but had deliberately murdered Schilling in order to obtain $600 which the latter had saved up. Schoop's wife was implicated in the crime, she having urged him to its commission, but she became insane before she could be tried, and is now in an insane hospital.

Cole and McAllister, who roomed together, had been on bad terms for some time previous to the tragedy, the former charging the latter with having caused him to lose his employment.

This was shown on the trial to have been a false impression, Cole's loss of employment having been due to his intemperate and dissolute habits. McAllister was of good character and most excellent habits.

On the morning of the murder Cole drank considerable liquor, and, with a hatchet, chopped McAllister's head in pieces while he slept.

BURNED TO DEATH.

A Tenement House Takes Fire from a Falling Stove Pipe and Four Children Lose Their Lives.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

KINGSTON, Ont., Feb. 20.—About eleven o'clock last night a tenement house on Bagot street, occupied by John Lisbon, longshoreman, took fire and in a few minutes the whole building was enveloped in flames. The family consisted of father, mother and five children.

Mr. and Mrs. Lisbon and one child were severely burned, but the remaining four children were burned to death. The parents were removed to the hospital.

The remains of the unfortunate children were recovered partially burned. Their ages ranged from five to twelve years. This morning the remains of the children were taken to St. Mary's cemetery.

The falling of the stove pipe caused the fire.

A STRANGE PATIENT.

A Young Lady Enjoys the Infliction of Pain by a Surgical Operation.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—Professor Baidelben at his clinic yesterday presented to his students a young lady who, he explained, belonged to a class of hysterical patients who actually enjoy painful operations performed on themselves.

The young lady while in a spasm of hysteria broke her lower jaw bone and injured the facial artery, necessitating the ligation of the carotid artery.

She insisted on having the painful and delicate operation of the complete exarticulation of the lower jaw performed without the administration of an anesthetic and at its conclusion informed the Professor, with every appearance of sincerity that it actually gave her pleasure.

A New German Liberal Party.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—It is generally believed here that the German Liberals after todays elections will cease to exist as a distinct organization and that a new party will probably be formed called "Democrats" which will embrace the "National Liberals" and the "Social Democrats." Such an organization, would surely command a majority in the Reichstag and prove a powerful antagonist to the government.

Navassa Rioters Sentenced.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 20.—The Navassa rioters sentenced this forenoon were George S. Key, Henry Jones and Edward Smith convicted of murder. They were sentenced to be hanged March 28. The 10 men convicted of manslaughter were sentenced to terms in Albany, N. Y. penitentiary ranging from 2 to 10 years.

Hanged for Wife Murder.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., Feb. 20.—Wm. Seely Hopkins was hanged here this morning for the murder of his wife and mother-in-law. The drop fell the first time at 10.15 ¶ The rope broke and the condemned man was again fastened up. The drop fell successfully the second time at 10.18.

Washington's Birthday Celebration.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—The American Student's Club here has arranged to give an elaborate entertainment to the American colony on Washington's birthday. The programme includes a concert, a supper and a ball.

Cretan Councillors Imprisoned.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE

CANEA CRETE, Feb. 20.—Three members of the Cretan council have been sentenced to seven years imprisonment each for resigning their posts under threats made by the Cretan committee at Athens.

The London Times' Bitterness.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Feb. 20,—The London Times shows great bitterness and spleen in its obituary notice of Hon. Joseph Biggar concluding with the sarcasm, "The funeral will not be a public one."

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 20.—Indications.—Colder, threatening weather and snows. Winds shifting to northwesterly, cold wave.

NEW STOCK.—Just received from Havana the following fine brands of cigars: Supremas, Deliciosas, La Brilliante R. V. extra, New La Miel, Flor De Benito Suarez Conchas and Angel Queens, at S. Whitebone's, City Market Building, Charlotte st.

SECOND EDITION.

BALFOUR ASKS SUPPORT.

THE SECRETARY FOR IRELAND SPEAKS IN DEFENCE.

He Complains of Brutal Attacks Upon His Government—Sir Henry James Declares that Facts are Against the Parnell Party—Amendment Defeated.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Rt. Hon. Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Home-Ruler, member for the Stirling district, resumed debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech to-day. He summed up the case against the government by declaring it had wilfully resorted to coercion when coercion had proved to be worse than useless. The government's whole Irish policy, he said, was one of persistent wrong doing. There could be no pacification of Ireland as long as there existed alienation of the masses and destruction of popular confidence in the administration of justice.

Sir Henry James declared that the inexorable facts were against the Parnell party in their endeavors to prove that the present tranquillity of Ireland was due to a union of hearts—to that understanding between an Irish party which it was pretended promised the triumph of their ideas. The truth was that a similar improvement was observed under the influence of coercion as it was enforced during the ministry of Mr. Gladstone. He thought Mr. Parnell, from what he said, must be ignorant of the condition of Ireland. Instead of boycotting being milder than formerly, it was now absolutely fiendish. Ireland wished to be left alone, and members like Mr. LaFevre would assist in the solution of the difficulties only by ceasing to interfere between landlord and tenant.

Mr. Morley said surely a government depending upon coercion and menace should approach the projected remedial measures with the deepest misgivings. Mr. Balfour asserted at Edinburgh that the laws against combination were alike in England, and this had drawn out a denial from several Conservatives. He invited those gentlemen to repeat their denial in the coming election for St. Pancras. He reminded the House that the Marquis of Salisbury at the election of 1885 took the stand that the law could not touch boycotting. He challenged the government to exhibit courage enough to denounce the Times, their ally, whose language was worse than that of United Ireland; or if they believed its charges to expel their colleagues whom it had charged with murder. He concluded by describing as a farce the proposed legislation that needed the co-operation of the Irish people and their leaders under a policy of coercion and exasperation.

Mr. Balfour said that since he had been secretary for Ireland he had replied to a constant series of votes of censure, much alike, backed by much violent language, but by no substance or fact. Brutal attacks upon his government, exactly the same as those made by Mr. O'Brien, were made by the press upon Earl Spencer and Sir George Trevelyan.

Mr. O'Brien appealed to the speaker to say whether it was in order to impute to him "brutal and savage attacks."

Mr. Balfour withdrew the epithet "brutal," but quoted an article from Mr. O'Brien's paper, wherein Earl Spencer was described as a dullard in politics, whose temper was soured because he was a failure socially, and who, while in office, was guilty of gratifying his vindictive feelings by turning the law into an instrument of murder and outrage; who did not punish crime, but shielded nameless infamies. These wild phrases were in that time the current coin of the Parnell party. During the present debate his administration of affairs in Ireland had been compared to the tyranny of Russia, although everybody knew that the comparison was nonsensical. The endeavor of the government was to free Ireland from the bondage of an unscrupulous conspiracy, to suppress intimidation, to give to the people the common rights that all people have a supposed right to in civilized countries. The system of terrorism involved in the plan of campaign and boycotting was contrary, not only to general law, but to common morality, and absolutely destructive of the simplest elements of freedom. [Cheers.] It was admitted by the opponents of the government that Ireland is now peaceful and prosperous. Some few years more of a steady and just administration of the law would re-establish there the elementary principles of civil society. He trusted that the House and the country would continue to support the policy that had done so much for Ireland.

At the end of the debate the vote was taken on Mr. Parnell's amendment to the address, which was rejected by 307 to 240 votes.

Big Fire in Watertown.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

UTICA, Feb. 20.—At 2 o'clock this morning the town of Black River, six miles from Watertown, was in flames.

The fire spread rapidly and a hotel, two blocks of stores and a number of dwelling houses were burned. Three fourths of the village is in ruins. The fire was under control at six o'clock. The loss is estimated at forty thousand dollars.

The Gilman Jury Disagrees.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BANGOR, Maine, Feb. 20.—The jury in the case of Charles S. Gilman charged with setting a fire in East Corinth, Maine last summer which caused a burning of the business portion of the town reported this morning, after having been out 16 hours, unable to agree and they were discharged.

Blizzard and Cold Wave.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 20.—At noon yesterday the mercury began falling rapidly, and snow fell nearly the entire day. The worst blizzard of the season is reported from Ashland, Wis. At ten o'clock last night the temperature of Assinaboia, was 24 below, and at Prince Albert 52 below.

Bullion Increase.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The proportion of reserve to liabilities is 50.03 against 46.87 last week and 45.40 last year. Bullion in Bank of England increased this week £862,000 and reserve increased $1,396,000.

The Allsops Libel Suit.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The Directors of Allsopps brewing company (Limited) have sued the Standard for libel on account of a misstatement published about their business.

New French Loan.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—It is reported on the Bourse that M. Rouvier, minister of Finance will issue a loan of twelve hundred million francs new rents.

A Church and Convent Burning.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 20.—St. John's Catholic church and the sisters convent at Greenbush are on fire and will be totally destroyed together with the two blocks adjoining.

Marie Hilton at Monte Carlo.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Feb. 20,—Marie Hilton writes from Monte Carlo: "Still here, health restored and having a good time. Am negotiating an American engagement.

THIRD EDITION.

LOCAL MATTERS.

LATEST GLEANING'S BY THE GAZETTE'S REPORTERS.

The Storm, Police Court and Various other Matters

POINT LEPREAUX, 3 p. m.—Wind S. E. blowing a gale, heavy snowstorm. Therm. 23.

SCHOONER L. T. WHITMORE was taken to West end today, where she will load laths for New York.

MR. ROBERT STEVENSON of St. Stephen has been engaged by Boston parties to build several large ice houses in the vicinity of Chamcook lake.

A CARGO OF 60,000 frozen herring, the first of the season arrived at St. Andrews on Monday last from Grand Manan and was shipped to Montreal by Messrs. Connors Bros.

WHILE THE LUMBERMEN of New Hampshire and New Brunswick have an over abundance of snow for their operations the Maine lumbermen are suffering for the want of it.

IN EDMUNDSTON there are five feet of snow in the woods and the thermometer fluctuates between zero and 25° below, with an occasional dip to 45°. Notwithstanding this the trains have maintained an efficient service and have not been blockaded for a single day.

SLIGHT FIRE.—While some workmen were engaged in thawing out some frozen water pipes at Mayor Lockhart's residence, Elliott Row, to-day the floor of a room caught fire. Number 2 hosecart was telephoned for but the fire was extinguished before it arrival.

THE ICE CUT at Calais this winter promises to be much larger than in past seasons. Several new ice houses have been built and they are being rapidly filled, while several cargoes are to be shipped during the next four weeks. Lack of snow somewhat retards the hauling, but favors the cutting. The ice has a uniform thickness of seventeen inches, of good quality.

Police Court.

E. J. Wetmore made an information at the police court to-day against James Powers for ill-using his child, by beating it severely. The police searched for Powers to-day but he was not to be found.

THE STORM.

No Scarcity of Snow.

Most of the winter, as has been the case in St. John for the past few years at this season, we have been favored with only a meagre supply of that life and essence of a good winter—snow, and those who have horses are kept busy a good part of their time in changing their gear. One day sleighs are skimming lightly along and bells jingle pleasantly, and in less than 24 hours the rough and heavy rattle of wagons is heard on the bare and rough frozen streets.

This week opened with the streets bare of snow or ice except in odd spots. Early Wednesday morning there was a slight fall of snow. At noon yesterday it was fine; but storm signal No. 3 was ordered up on the Custom House for an easterly storm expected. The storm was on time and set in some time during last night. The temperature fell and snow has been falling heavily all day, and once again the hard and rough streets have a deep covering of snow. Since the storms commenced about eight inches of snow has fallen, and the prospects are good for a full foot before it stops. The street railway company have had to keep their men and horses hard at work to keep their track open, and on the Paradise Row line they are running the covered cars on sleds.

This seems to be the tail end of the big blizzard in the North west spoken of in the despatches today.

FROM OTTAWA.

Weldon of Albert Interviewed on Extradition.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—Weldon, of Albert, when interviewed relative to the extradition treaty, said he believed the act of last session would be proclaimed, and he considered that all civilized states would yet adopt Canada's plan of the voluntary surrender of criminals, rather than follow the plan of action formulated by the treaties.

The situation is still badly mixed in regard to the dual language question.

If Thompson's amendment is voted down Peter Mitchell will propose an amendment proposing the postponement of action until the territories are created nto provinces.

The Striking Shoemaker's Win.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

TORONTO, Feb. 20.—A lockout of two hundred and sixty boot and shoe makers, who were employed by J. D. King & Co. here, which occurred about a week ago has terminated in a victory for the employees.

The firm to-day consented, if the men would return to work, to pay the Union rate of wages to a boy employed on a machine recently introduced and which replaced the work of a man which was formerly done by hand. The boy only received one dollar per week and now he will receive a man's pay for it.

A Spiritualistic Swindle.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Three reporters and a detective Monday night attended a dark cabinet seance, and, when the proper time arrived, one of them seized the embodied "spirit" and another struck a light. The result was screams and a sensation. Then a police patrol wagon drove up to the door of the house, and Miss Carrie M. Sawyer and Miss Kittie Ranger, who played the part of spirits, and Frank Burk, "inomelist" and manager, were bundled in and carted off to a police station charged with obtaining money under false pretences.

World's Fair Bill Signed.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Governor Hill today signed the World's Fair bill.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb 20.

	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
WHEAT.				
July	76½	77	76½	77
May	77¼	77⅞	77¼	78⅛
March	76	76¼	76	76⅞
CORN.				
May	30¼	30¼	30	30¼
July	31	31¼	30¾	31
March	28½	28½	28½	28½
PORK.				
March	9.75	9.75	9.70	9.70
July	10.05	10.05	10.02	10.05
May	9.95	9.97	9.92	9.97
OIL.				
	105	105½	104½	104½

COTTON DRESS FABRICS
For Spring and Summer, 1890.
SATEENS, GINGHAMS, DRILLETS, CAMBRICS.
FRENCH SATEENS. Of this beautiful and standard make of Cotton Dress Material we have just received a splendid variety in all the latest and most fashionable colorings. The designs are Brocades and Fancy Figures, Stripes, &c., &c. Also a full range of plain colors.
PRINTED DRILLETS. Each season the Drillets grow more attractive in patterns and colorings. Ladies will find a greater assortment to select from than we have ever shown. Space will not allow us to mention the line of shades. An inspection is the only way to get a correct idea of our stock.
FRENCH GINGHAMS, are shown in Checks, Plaids, Bordered and Plain. These are in light and dark colorings
TRAFFORD CLOTH, this material is especially adapted for Ladies, Blouses and Children's wear.
MOURNING CAMBRICS, These are displayed in Brocades, Stripes, Plaids, Spots, and shaded effects.
A full line of Grey Printed Cotton Llamas.
REGATTAS. REGATTAS, REGATTAS.
MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

ORANGES.
Another lot of Cushing's Florida Oranges received.
JARDINE AND CO.

GOSSAMERS
JUST OPENED
Comprise many effective designs and colorings.
PRICES:
$2.00 to $7.50

Daniel & Robertson.
London House Retail,
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W. F. & J. W. MYERS,
MACHINISTS.
Sole Proprietors in Canada of
RICHARDSON'S CHALLENGE STEERER
—AND—
RUSSEL'S FRICTIONLESS PUMP
Manufacturers of Double and Single Acting Ship's Pumps, Hand and Power Elevators, Steam Engines, Judson's Governors and Sturtevant Blowers, Rotary Saw Mills, Laundry Machinery, Shafting, Hangers, and Pulleys.

We are Daily Receiving Portions of our Spring Purchases.
Among the New Goods to hand we enumerate,
Russian Fish Net,
Black Flouncings,
Eiffel Lace,
Muslin Ties,
New Veilings,
Victoria Lawns,
Oriental Laces,
Regatta Shirts,
Brilliante Dress Goods,
Plaid Ribbons,
Ribbed Cotton Vests,
Ulster Cloths,
Jet Gimps, Corsets,
Ladies Umbrellas.
Gents Linen Collars,
Oval D'Oylies,
Brocade Lustres,
Mourning Prints,
Brown Drill for F'cy Work,
Velvet Ribbons,
Knitting Silk,
Ladies Rubber Coats,
Checked Muslins,
Bolton Sheeting,
Fancy Shaker Flannels,
Self Threading Needles,
Fancy Prints,
Hamburgs,
American Challies.
PRICES THE LOWEST.
BARNES & MURRAY,
17 Charlotte street.

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Read the GREAT SERIAL, by the Prince of Story Writers,
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causes general weakness and nervous prostration and requires a stimulating tonic to invigorate and strengthen the system; this can be obtained by taking
McArthur's Quinine Wine and Iron with Calisaya.
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