

THE EVENING TIMES AND STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1912

FIFTEEN CANADIANS SIT IN THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER

Ten of the Fifteen Are Conservative in Political Leanings.

BONAR LAW CHIEF.

In Ability They Rank Much Above Average Of the House.

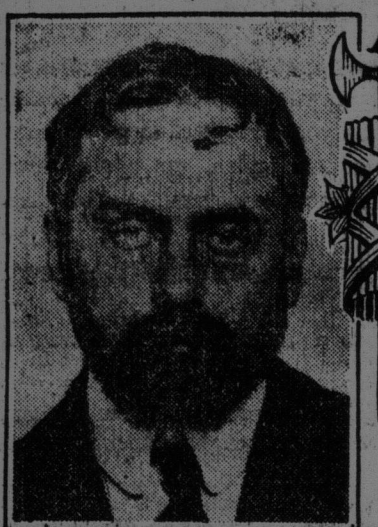
By POLITICUS.

If you were taken to the Strangers' gallery of the British House of Commons, at some rare moment when the House is full, you would find quite a considerable number of Canadians seated on, or—more likely, on account of the inadequacy of seating accommodation—crouching near, the famous green benches. There are no less than fifteen members of that historic assembly who are regarded as Canadians. In other words, out of six hundred and seventy members of Parliament, one man in about every forty-four is a Canadian, either by birth, by long residence, or by intimate personal and business relations. Of these fifteen members, ten are Conservatives, namely: Mr. Bonar Law, M.P. for the Bootle division of Lancashire; Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P. for Grosvenor; Sir Max Aitken, M.P. for Ashton-under-Lyne; Mr. D. MacMaster, M.P. for Chertsey; Captain Hamersley, M.P. for the Woodstock division of Oxfordshire; Mr. Shirley Benn, M.P. for Devonport; Mr. Hamilton, M.P. for Greenwich; Captain Knight, M.P. for Kidderminster; and Captain Campbell, M.P. for North Ayrshire. The five Liberals are: Sir Philip Ross, M.P. for Newmarket; and Messrs. T. J. Macnamara, M.P. for North Camberwell; J. Allen Baker, M.P. for East Finsbury; Hamar Greenwood, M.P. for Sunderland; and Joseph Martin, M.P. for East St. Pancras.

And it is somewhat curious, when one considers the large number of Canadians with Scotch and Irish blood in their veins, that, with the exception of Captain Campbell, every one of the gentlemen named sits for an English constituency.

But it is perhaps even more striking to note the military atmosphere which seems to surround the Canadian members of the British House. There are only five of them—Sir Max Aitken, and Messrs. Bonar Law, MacMaster, Baker, and Martin—who are not either the sons of soldiers, or men who have,

ELEVEN OF THE CANADIANS WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS



SIR GILBERT PARKER, M.P. FOR GROSVENOR. WELL KNOWN NOVELIST.



J. ALLEN BAKER, M.P. FOR EAST FINSBURY.



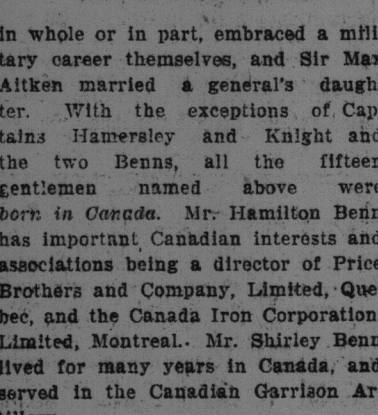
MR. BONAR LAW, M.P. FOR THE BOOTLE DIVISION OF LANCASHIRE.



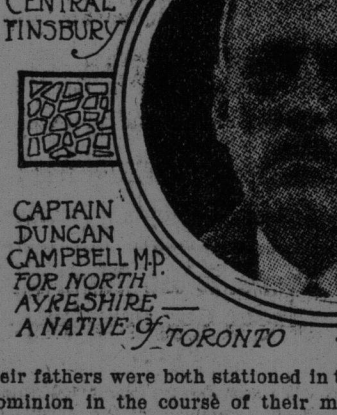
DR. T. F. MACNAMARA, M.P. FOR NORTH CAMBERWELL.



DONALD MACMASTER, M.P. FOR CHERTSEY.



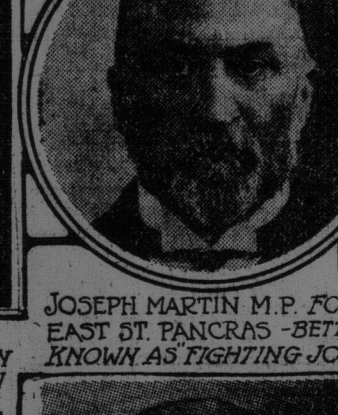
CAPTAIN HAMERSLEY, M.P. FOR THE WOODSTOCK DIVISION OF OXFORDSHIRE.



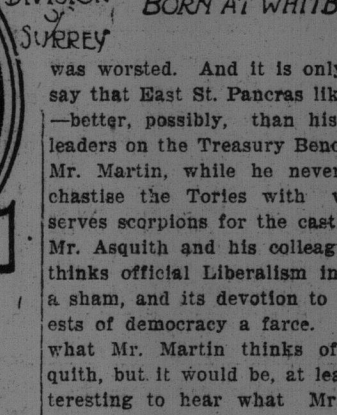
SIR MAX AITKEN, M.P. FOR ASHTON-UNDER-LYNE. KNOWN AS 'FIGHTING JOE'.



JOSEPH MARTIN, M.P. FOR EAST ST. PANCRAS.



HAMAR GREENWOOD, M.P. FOR SUNDERLAND.



CAPTAIN CAMPBELL, M.P. FOR NORTH AYRSHIRE.

in whole or in part, embraced a military career themselves, and Sir Max Aitken married a general's daughter. With the exceptions of Captains Hamersley and Knight and the two Benns, all the fifteen gentlemen named above were born in Canada. Mr. Hamilton Benn has important Canadian interests and associations being a director of Price Brothers and Company, Limited, Quebec, and the Canada Iron Corporation, Limited, Montreal. Mr. Shirley Benn lived for many years in Canada, and served in the Canadian Garrison Artillery.

Soldier and Lawyer, Too.
CAPTAIN HAMERSLEY, who is a barrister as well as a soldier, though born in England, spent many years in Canada, being for some time corporation counsel to Vancouver, and one of the C.P.R.'s legal advisers, and he is still either chairman or director of a large number of industrial and other companies in British Columbia. In his youth, he was one of the best Rugby footballers playing, and was captain of All England in 1874. He started the game in Vancouver. Captain Knight served with the Imperial Yeomanry during the South African war. But, prior to the year 1880, he spent some fifteen or sixteen years in Canada "ranching."

Of the eleven born Canadians in the Imperial Parliament, two—Messrs. Macnamara and Malcolm—are born in Canada by accident, so to speak. For

their fathers were both stationed in the Dominion in the course of their military duties—Dr. Macnamara's father, a sergeant in the British army, at Montreal, and Mr. Malcolm's, a colonel in the British army, at Quebec—at the time of their respective births. And neither of them is particularly Canadian in thought. Dr. Macnamara was, for many years, an elementary school teacher, and now occupies the post of Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, where he has proved a phenomenal success, being very popular with the house generally, as well as a capital speaker and debater. He always says that, though a Radical of the Radical, he has "a great weakness for Mr. Balfour," whom he regards as the finest intellect in Parliament.

An Entertaining Writer.
MR. MALCOLM's social affiliations are of the most exclusive order. He is a personage in the "smart set." But his ambitions, like his abilities, are not bounded by the prestige which society can confer. He is a voluminous and very entertaining contributor to magazines and reviews. He was singled out by Lord Salisbury for the important position of his private secretary, and for two years he was Parliamentary private secretary to the Irish Secretary. When King Edward, at the time of Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee, started his hospital fund for London, Mr. Malcolm discharged the very onerous duties of secretary to the undertaking with consummate success. He is a cultivated speaker, whom the House always hears gladly, recognizing in him a specimen of Eton and Oxford at their best. He has not been a blind party man by any means, and at one time, led a small group of Tory insurgents, who were known in the House as "the Malcolmites." He is married to the daughter of Mrs. Langtry, the actress, once so well known as "the Jersey Lily," but whose identity is now partially concealed under her present title of Lady de Maitre. The other nine Canadian-born members of the Imperial Parliament all received their education, or part of it, in Canada, but not all of them seem to any marked degree, Canadians in sentiment.

Mr. Bonar Law, for instance, though born in New Brunswick, and in his earlier days, educated at Hamilton, completed his education at Glasgow, and passed the whole of his business life in that city. Mr. Law is an Ulsterman by descent, and a Scotsman by adoption. He is not sufficiently noticeable to differentiate him from the average Scotch Tory, who, by the way, is himself something of a rare bird. Mr. Law's appointment to the leadership of his party in the Commons—the "surprise packet" of recent politics—is too fresh in the public mind to call for much in the way of comment here. Since his appointment, certainly, fortune has seemed to favor his party, but that circumstance is doubtless attributable rather to the ill-luck which, at that particular moment, constrained the Liberals to take in hand more than one somewhat thorny subject for legislation, than to any particular capacity for leadership as yet displayed by him. In the coming Home Rule debates, he will have ample opportunity of showing the stuff of which he is made. And if he proves himself a heaven-born leader of men—the sort of leader whose personality, and whose very presence even, are at once an inspiration to his friends, and a source of terror to his foes—then, it may be said, he is the best and most progressive schools on this continent.

The doctors of the town having volunteered to do the work for one year free of charge, the next step was to secure a capable trained nurse to do the preliminary work and to form a connecting link between the schools and the homes and to keep a record of the work accomplished. It was here that a number of Amherst ladies stepped to the front and subscribed the necessary money for the payment of a nurse.

They were fortunate enough to secure the services of Mrs. Bradford, who is not only a post graduate nurse, but who has also had considerable experience in school work and it is expected that a medical inspection of the school children will be begun at a very early date.

If the news is not mistaken, Amherst is the first town in eastern Canada that has taken a forward step along this line.

And now we come to the consideration of those Canadian-born members whose Canadianism at the time of their entering Parliament, had not been obliterated by old Country affiliations. And first among these is Sir Max Aitken, of Montreal financial fame. His rise in life has been so meteoric in so many directions that it is perhaps not surprising that he should have been elected to Parliament before he had been in England five minutes, as was said of him when he won his rather sensational victory at Ashton-under-Lyne little more than a year ago. His acceptance, at the time of the Coronation, of a mere knighthood was something rather in the nature of an anti-climax. Sir Max was at home in England from the first. But then your financial genius is usually at home everywhere, for he knows the practical value of that commodity, which, we are told, "speaks all languages." Now he is putting the Conservative organizers in the North of England up to a wrinkle or two. And, should his party be victorious at the next election, there are many things which would be more surprising than to see Sir Max in the new Cabinet.

Entered Too Late.
MR. DONALD MACMASTER's reputation as a lawyer already stood at the top of the tree in Canada when, at the age of sixty, he was called to the English bar. He is a welcome speaker in the House of Commons, although, in that wide area, where politics and religion intermingled, he adopts a more ultra-Protestant tone than quite meets with the approval of the majority of his fellow-members in these more liberal days. But he is now nearly sixty-six years old, and, in a day when the Churchills and the Smiths think that, in political life, a man is "too old at fifty," it is safe to say that he entered the House of Commons too late to make much of a mark there, whatever party he is in.

The same thing, however, cannot be said of "Fighting Joe" Martin, at though he, too, has entered on his sixth decade. The late Premier of British Columbia, sighing, like Alexander of old, for new worlds to conquer, pitched his camp in East St. Pancras, after one contest in Warwickshire, in which he

was worsted. And it is only right to say that East St. Pancras likes its Joe—better, possibly, than his revered leaders on the Treasury Bench do. For Mr. Martin, while he never fails to chastise the Tories with whips, reserves scorpions for the castigation of Mr. Asquith and his colleagues. He thinks official Liberalism in England a sham, and its devotion to the interests of democracy a farce. We know what Mr. Martin thinks of Mr. Asquith, but it would be, at least, as interesting to hear what Mr. Asquith thinks of "Fighting Joe." Perhaps, one day, we shall.

Another Kind of Fighter.
A FIGHTING man of another kind is Captain D. F. Campbell. He is a militant soldier, who served with distinction in the South African war, in the course of which he was severely wounded. Captain Campbell, who was born in Toronto, is the hero of the moment on the Conservative side, on account of his sensational victory in the North Ayrshire by-election a few weeks ago. And last, but by no means least, of the members from Canada is Mr. Hamar Greenwood, who has made a double success in Eng-

land—at the bar as well as in Parliament. He not only always has something to say worth hearing when he rises in the House, but he also, from the first, caught the House of Commons way of saying it—and, in saying it, he does not, as do certain other of his fellow-members from the Dominion, think it necessary to affect an English accent. It is surprising that Mr. Greenwood has not been appointed to some high official post. There are less able men in the present Ministry. However, he can afford to wait.

Now of the fifteen men of whom mention has been made, as far as a sort of "Canadian group," it can be honestly said that, taken collectively, they are distinctly above the average of House of Commons ability. Values returns many more than fifteen members, and the Irish Nationalists number more than five times as many. But it is by no means certain that fifteen members could be named other than Wales or from the Irish Nationalist benches, who, collectively, attain a high political standard as the fifteen who hail from, or are connected with, the Dominion. Mr. Bonar Law will be in the next Conservative Cabinet. He may be the head of it—though few of those "in the know" think that is likely. Sir Gilbert Parker and Sir Max Aitken are both also likely to be included in it, and Mr. Malcolm will almost certainly hold an office, though not a Cabinet one. Mr. Macnamara is a member of the present Government, and Mr. Greenwood ought to be. Hence, at least, six of the fifteen Canadian members reach a high Parliamentary standard. And one other point may be noticed, in conclusion, in connection with them, and it is this: The ten Conservatives are more enthusiastically Tariff-Reforming—more ferociously Protectionist—than is the average Conservative member. The five Liberals are probably more democratic—at any rate, less Whiggish—than is the average Liberal member. When one sees an effect, one naturally seeks the cause. Is it not possible that, in both cases, the cause can be summed up in the word "Canada."

CASCARETS INSURE INSIDE CLEANLINESS
The Millions of Cascaret Users Never Have Headache, Constipation, Biliousness or Sick Stomach

It is more necessary that you keep your Bowels, Liver and Stomach clean, pure and fresh than it is to keep the sewers and drainage of a large city free from obstruction.

Are you keeping clean inside with Cascarets—effectively forcing a passageway every few days with salts, cathartic pills or castor oil? This is important.

Cascarets immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system the decomposed waste matter and poison in the intestines and bowels.

No odds how badly and upset you feel a Cascaret tonight will straighten you up by morning. They work while you sleep. A recent box from your druggist will keep your entire family feeling good for months. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleaning, too.

CAUSES MUCH DISEASE
Advice About Stomach Troubles and How to Relieve Them

Do not neglect indigestion which may lead to all sorts of ills and complications. An eminent physician once said that about ninety per cent of all the ills of the human body have their origin in a disordered stomach.

My stomach, says Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets leads me to believe that to be among the most dependable remedies known for the relief of indigestion and chronic dyspepsia. Their ingredients are soothing and healing to the inflamed membranes of the stomach. They are rich in pepsin, one of the greatest digestive aids known to medicine. The relief they afford is very prompt. Their use with persistency and regularity for a short time tends to bring about a cessation of the pains caused by stomach disorders.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets help to insure healthy appetite, to aid digestion, and thus promote nutrition. As evidence of my sincere faith in Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets, I ask you to try them at my risk. If they do not give you entire satisfaction, I will return you the money you paid me for them, without question or formality. They come in three sizes, prices 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1.00. Remember, you can obtain them only at a store—the Rexall Store, Chas. B. Watson, 100 King Street.

France to Spend Millions on Navy
Paris, Feb. 13.—The chamber of deputies tonight adopted the naval programme by a vote of 425 to 73. M. Delcasse, minister of marine, in submitting the proposals, said that France must have enough warships to ensure security in the Mediterranean, but it was not necessary to keep pace with the construction activities of other nations.

The total expenditure will amount to \$700,000,000. An additional article was adopted prohibiting the giving of government contracts to firms which have, or have had within a year, members of the senate or chamber on their directorate or as legal counsel.

The senate adopted the aviation programme for which approximately \$3,000,000 yearly is asked.

HIS WORRY.
"Do you believe the millennium will ever come?"
"I don't know. What I'm wondering is will this winter ever go."

Only Five Are Not Militaristic—Eleven Were Born Here.

OUR 'FIGHTING' JOE

Has Been More Troublesome to His Leader than to His Opponents

land—at the bar as well as in Parliament. He not only always has something to say worth hearing when he rises in the House, but he also, from the first, caught the House of Commons way of saying it—and, in saying it, he does not, as do certain other of his fellow-members from the Dominion, think it necessary to affect an English accent. It is surprising that Mr. Greenwood has not been appointed to some high official post. There are less able men in the present Ministry. However, he can afford to wait.

Now of the fifteen men of whom mention has been made, as far as a sort of "Canadian group," it can be honestly said that, taken collectively, they are distinctly above the average of House of Commons ability. Values returns many more than fifteen members, and the Irish Nationalists number more than five times as many. But it is by no means certain that fifteen members could be named other than Wales or from the Irish Nationalist benches, who, collectively, attain a high political standard as the fifteen who hail from, or are connected with, the Dominion. Mr. Bonar Law will be in the next Conservative Cabinet. He may be the head of it—though few of those "in the know" think that is likely. Sir Gilbert Parker and Sir Max Aitken are both also likely to be included in it, and Mr. Malcolm will almost certainly hold an office, though not a Cabinet one. Mr. Macnamara is a member of the present Government, and Mr. Greenwood ought to be. Hence, at least, six of the fifteen Canadian members reach a high Parliamentary standard. And one other point may be noticed, in conclusion, in connection with them, and it is this: The ten Conservatives are more enthusiastically Tariff-Reforming—more ferociously Protectionist—than is the average Conservative member. The five Liberals are probably more democratic—at any rate, less Whiggish—than is the average Liberal member. When one sees an effect, one naturally seeks the cause. Is it not possible that, in both cases, the cause can be summed up in the word "Canada."

MORNING LOCALS
When asked about the feasibility of developing electric power at the coal mines in Queens county R. Max McCarty said yesterday that he believed that it would be better to bring the coal to the city in barges, which he thought could be done at a cost of fifteen cents a ton.

A group of west side citizens last evening decided to memorialize the lieutenant governor in council asking to have the new ferry by-law disallowed. A committee was appointed to secure signatures to a petition and a delegation will convey it to Fredericton.

A. B. Wilnot has received a letter from the provincial immigration agent in London asking for assistance for a family consisting of Wm. Wilnot, his wife, four daughters and nine sons, fifteen in all, who wish to emigrate to New Brunswick.

Joshua Clawson delivered a very instructive lecture on France in the Natural History Society's Hall last night. The attendance was large. The lecture was illustrated by views and was much enjoyed.

The fire department was called out yesterday afternoon for a fire in a German street house occupied by Messrs. Hamilton and Thompson. Only slight damage was done. The chemical engine was called out during the morning for a slight fire in James Coll's house in Princess street.

His Lordship Bishop Richardson has announced the appointment of Rev. W. B. Sisson, rector of Moncton, as a canon of Christ's church cathedral, Fredericton.

R. D. Richardson of the King Lumber Company, Chipman, is in the city on his way to the West Indies. He will leave for New York this evening and will proceed south from there.

Rev. Wellington Camp, pastor of Leicester street Baptist church, officiated at the marriage of Benjamin J. Doh, M.D., of Hopewell, Albert county, and Mrs. Jessie Randall Roberts, after a visit to New York. Dr. and Mrs. Doh will reside at Hillsboro.

At the annual meeting of the Plumbers' and Steamfitters' Union last evening the following were elected: Walter Quinn, president; J. H. Foster, vice-president; J. J. Hughes, past president; Arthur Boyle, recording secretary; M. J. Burns, financial secretary; W. J. Morrison, inside secretary; J. P. Hannaberry, J. J. Hughes, R. D. Harrington, N. J. Lacey, board of directors; W. P. Coughlan, vestibule guard.

Specials
Men's Trousers, best tweed \$1.00.
Men's Overalls (finest), 50 cents.
Men's All Wool Shirts, 49 cents.
Ladies' Kimonos in heavy Flannellets and pure silk. Special prices from \$1.20 to \$9.00.
I have also a fine stock of Youth's Boots and Rubbers at an exceedingly low price.
Call and you will call again.

T. HATTY
18 Haymarket Square

FREE TO MEN
You, Yourself, Can Restore Your Manhood

VITALITY is the greatest power in the world. I will restore your VITAL VIGOR I restore you to full and complete manhood. No matter what your age, whether you are young or old, by no matter what early indiscretion may have sapped your courage, if I re-empower you with VITALITY I give you the strength that all healthy, vigorous men possess. I know the source of this VITAL SUPPLY. MY HEALTH DETECT, with suspensory attachment, pours a great stream of VITALITY into your system hour after hour all night while you sleep. Thousands have said it immediately benefits and takes the pain and weakness out of the back from one night's use. No drugs, no medicines, no restrictions of any sort except that all dissipation must cease. The man who indulges in excess and unusual practices can never be other than a weakling, but if you promise me as man to man that you will be decent, take ordinary care of your health and then use my HEALTH DETECT every night for 80 to 90 days, I would then be able to do in your case exactly what all these other thousands of men have said I did for them. Please write for my booklet today. Never mind about purchasing a Health Belt, for first get into communication with me, read what my book says, then later, if we decide between us that you should have a Belt, and if you decide that you want to use it, I will arrange for you to have one to wear until you are cured. My Health Belt is the greatest vitality of the world has ever known. With special attachments it is a remedy for kidney, liver, stomach, bladder disorders, rheumatism, etc.

Let Me Send You THIS BOOK Free

Fill in the coupon, let me send you at once my free booklet, in plain sealed envelope; it is profusely illustrated with half-tone photos; keep it in your pocket for easy reference, read the chapter on "Vitality," read the chapter on Debitly; read the chapter on those young which interest every man, young or old, who would be strong in many ways. It is a word of hope, a carefully written, interesting booklet which should be in every one's possession. Therefore send today.

DR. E. F. SANDEN CO., 140 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.
Dear Sirs—Please forward me your Book, as advertised, free.

NAME

Address

Employers Liability Assurance Company, London, England
accident and Sickness Insurance Covering Every Accident and Every Sickness
YCKHART & RITCHIE, General Agents
114 Prince Wm. St., - ST. JOHN, N. B.
Live Agents Wanted

AMHERST LEADS

(Amherst News.)

Through the public spirited action on the part of our local physicians and by the generous contributions of a number of the ladies of Amherst, the scholars in attendance at our schools will this year undergo a medical examination and thus the Amherst schools will set in line with

the best and most progressive schools on this continent.

The doctors of the town having volunteered to do the work for one year free of charge, the next step was to secure a capable trained nurse to do the preliminary work and to form a connecting link between the schools and the homes and to keep a record of the work accomplished. It was here that a number of Amherst ladies stepped to the front and subscribed

the necessary money for the payment of a nurse.

They were fortunate enough to secure the services of Mrs. Bradford, who is not only a post graduate nurse, but who has also had considerable experience in school work and it is expected that a medical inspection of the school children will be begun at a very early date.

If the news is not mistaken, Amherst is the first town in eastern Canada that has taken a forward step along this line.