

have been placed either under the Commander, Mobile Command, or under Canadian Forces Communications Command.

Mobile Command exercises command and control of 99 Militia combat units, as well as administrative and service units through five Militia area headquarters and 21 Militia districts.

Air Command

With the formation of Air Command on September 2, 1975, general responsibility for Canada's military air forces was again vested in one senior commander, for the purpose of providing greater flexibility in the employment of air-power as well as of increasing operational effectiveness, safety and economy.

The Command's principal function is to provide operationally-ready regular and reserve air forces to meet Canada's national, continental and international commitments, and to carry out regional commitments within the Prairie Region, which consists of Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba as well as the northwest part of Ontario.

Air Command, with headquarters at Winnipeg, consists of five functional elements:

- Air Defence Group, made up of units of the former Air Defence Command;
- Air Transport Group, taking in the units of the former Air Transport Command;
- Maritime Air Group, consisting of the air resources that were formerly part of Maritime Command;