

be given with advantage in tablespoonful doses every two hours, and in dysenteric forms, irrigations with a solution of silver nitrate or potassium permanganate are sometimes serviceable.—*N. Y. Med. Jour.*

STOMATITIS.

- ℞ Phenolis gtt. viij
 Sodii bicarbonatis ʒij
 Glycerini f. ʒiv
 Aquæ ad f. ʒiv
 M. Sig.; Use as a mouth wash.

TINEA FAVUS.

- ℞ Acidi salicylici ʒij
 Acidi chrysophaniei ʒij
 Lanum ʒx
 Petrolati ʒvij
 M. Sig.; Remove the crusts, and rub in the ointment for fifteen minutes at night.—*Merck's Archives.*

ATROPHIC RHINITIS.

- ℞ Red iodide of mercury gr. xv
 Potassium iodide gr. xxxiv
 Distilled water ʒiiss
 M. Sig.; Poison; use only in spray; do not swallow.

INFANTILE ALBUMINURIA.

- ℞ Strontii lactatis ʒiv
 Syr. aurantii amari f. ʒj
 Aquæ destillatæ f. ʒiij
 M. Sig.: A dessertspoonful morning and night.—*Comby.*

FOR GASTRIC HYPERACIDITY.

- ℞ Extracti belladonnæ foliorum gr. iiii (0.2 gram)
 Bismuthi subcarbonatis ʒii (7.5 grams)
 Magnesii oxidi ʒii (7.5 grams)
 Sodii citratis ʒss (15 grams)
 M. et ft. pulver.
 Sig.: Take as much as will cover the point of a knife three times a day between meals.