In conjugating the future tenses, it must be remembered that shall in the first person goes with will in the second and third; will in the first person goes with shall in the second and third.

Future Indefinite.

I shall send
Thou wilt send
He will send
We shall send
You will send
They will send

Future Emphatic.

I will send
Thou shalt send
He shall send
We will send
You shall send
They shall send

To denote simple futurity, shall must be used in indirect sentences; as, I promise you I shall study. In this sentence, I shall study, is the form it takes in direct narration. If will is used in direct narration it must be retained in indirect narration. If in the sentence, you say that you shall lose by the bargain, you substitute will for shall, you represent the speculator as determined to lose by the bargain. The debtor who understands the difference between shall and will eases the mind of the creditor when he says, I shall pay, I tell you. Observe that he does not say, I tell you I will pay. In independent sentences shall and will follow the present and future; should and would follow the past tenses:

Present—I fear I shall be too late, or we shall be too late. I fear he will be too late, or you will be too late, or they will be too late. In these sentences let shall and will change places and you will nigh make nonsense out of sense. Future: It you will send it to him, I shall be glad. If you will remit the money, you will much oblige me. How would it sound to write these sentences thus? If you shall send it to him, I will be glad. If you shall remit the money, you shall much oblige me. Past:—I knew I should be too late. I knew he would be too late. Direct forms: I shall be too late. He will be too In these indirect sentences turn should into would, and would into should, and you do violence to language. of speech: "Which air I would (should) be glad to recover." "I told him I would (should) not feel justified in so doing." "I am too tired to come to you as I would (should) like to have done." I would (should) like him better to be angry than indifferent, and yet would [should] I?" "Would you like to go to St. Johns? In what capacity would [should] I have to go?" "I would (should) have some compunctions." Dr. Brewer refers to a promise based on a contingent