AMONG THE BALL TOSSERS

THE TORONTO - PITTSBURG GAME KNOCKED OUT BY RAIN.

They Quit After the Third Innings on Even Terms—Annual Meeting of the Argonaut Rowing Club — The Ontario Lacrosse Club.

BUFFALO, April 15.—At Pittsburg to-day the Torontos were playing an even game and batting harder than the Pittsburgs, when rain shut off the proceedings:

		R.
Pittsburg	100	1
Toronto	010	1

At Washington, although the Syracuse Stars were outbatting and outfielding the Washington nine the contest resulted in a tie on seven innings, when game was called. Dundon, who gives promise of being among the phenomenal twirlers of 1887, occupied the box for the Stars:

		R.	H.	E.
Washington	0100004—	5	9	4
Syracuse	0002111—	5	9	2

At Baltimore seven innings gave the Baltimores a victory over Hamilton, acquired by superior batting and closer fielding. Horner was batted quite hard, and the Hamiltons had but little difficulty in returning the compliment, although they faced for the first time the renowned Smith, the phenomenon of last year, whose performance in engaging, or becoming engaged, with Detroit, New York and Baltimore created so much disturbance in ball circles. Baltimore got him, however, and Hamilton takes the first whack at the work of demoralizing and discrediting his alleged phenomenalism. Great is Hamilton:

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	2403133xxx—	13	16	3
Hamilton	2034010xx—	10	12	5

Rain prevented the game at Jersey City with the Bostons. No report has been received of the game at Trenton. There was no game at Brooklyn, nor any at New York, where the Mets and the Giants were to play.

At Philadelphia the league team easily defeated the Athletics by heavier batting and better fielding:

		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	02010111 0—	6	12	2
Athletic	00000001 0—	2	8	5

At Louisville Detroit's old battery of Weidman and Briody, were once more called into service. Weidman, who has been on the league's waiting lists since the Kansas City Club's retirement, has gladly accepted a chance to join his old love and wore a Detroit uniform which to his own satisfaction and to the sorrow of Rochester. The sluggers as usual slugged out a victory:

		R.	H.	E.
Louisville	00002001 0—	3	14	5
Detroit	30500111x—	11	18	3

At Indianapolis the home club pegged out a victory by Boyle's good work in the box. Myers caught him in fine shape and Boyle was at his best. The St. Louis champions couldn't touch him, except at off points. Murphy did good work in the box for St. Louis:

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	001000200—	3	7	5
Indianapolis	30002000x—	5	9	7

Gossip About the Home Club.

Toronto to date has played five exhibition games, four of which were with the strong Association clubs of Cincinnati and Cleveland, and one with the Smoky City leaguers. Although the team was beaten in every game their playing has shown that they will be able to cope with the best clubs in the International League. The team has been showing steady improvement and will soon get down to proper form.

In the first Cincinnati game, a week ago to-day, Decker caught McKinley and Sheppard in good style. His throwing was a little wild, but his hitting was a feature of the game. McKinley's pitching was not only fair, as he was wild and lacking in speed. Sheppard's work is said to have been grand, and only one run would have been scored against him but for Jay Faatz's errors. Faatz was a power at the bat, but his fielding was poor. Kearns at second was fine, and his batting good, though not safe. McCormick led at the bat and guarded third base magnificently. He was credited with two three-baggers, one of which would have landed him at the home plate but for his ability to go the distance. Alberts had not much to do at short. Slattery received an ovation for his brilliant fielding, which he deserved. In one game he made five catches, which he made after a long run, by a fine throw he effected a double play. Gilman hit hard, but the right fielder was in the game when he fell a victim to that plague four times. Crane accepted six chances at right field, and hit the ball with vim every time. His base running was unexpectedly fine.

In the Cleveland game an exchange says: "The Canucks also wielded the stick with no small degree of vim. Slattery and Crane made terrific drives, and Alberts and Gilman also hit the ball hard. Kearns' work at second, and Decker's behind the bat, was admirable. Faatz also covered first nicely, and Alberts watched short with care. The Toronto brought with them as a pitcher, Barrett, an Alliance young man who pitches a swift drop ball that was hit rather freely. Still Barrett gives promise of becoming a good pitcher in time. He was well taken care of behind the bat. The nine is a strong one in nearly every position. Kearns, formerly second baseman for Detroit, covered second, and Crane, once of the Detroit team, was in the right field. Gilman, who occupied centre field, once covered left field for the old Cleveland team. Faatz, at first, is a ball player of ability. He has been in Cleveland before. Decker, the catcher, was a member of the Detroit team last year."

"Keep your eyes on the boys as they work. They are rusty yet and need another week's work to get them in shape. The boys are well pleased with the team and approve of your letter," writes Manager Cushman to President Cox.

"The Toronto Club is made up of gentlemen and they made a good impression yesterday." This is just what was expected at the hands of the discerning American critics.

Toronto's engagements next week are: Philadelphia 18 and 22; Washington 19, 20, 21; Scranton, the home of short stop Alberts, 23 and 25.

The Manufacturers' League.

The gentlemen who are entrusted with the management of the Manufacturers' League are already in a serious dilemma. The difficulty arises out of the eligibility of players, and the decision that only one professional shall be allowed to play in each club. This action seriously affects at least one team in the league, as it has some three or four players, who will be debarred from playing, according to the decision mentioned. The players referred to, it is said, are professionals according to the interpretation of a player's status as defined by the league, and it may lead to the withdrawal of the team, as it is understood to be the intention of the clubs through whose instrumentality the league took this decided stand to bring forward the required proof of the professionalism of the players in question. The McGolpin team claim that without the services of all the players they now have it would be unwise on its part to attempt to place a nine in the field. The absence of such men as Reid, Wilson and Gilman would badly cripple the team. One or more teams will also be affected by the league's action but not to the same extent.

Dust from the Diamond.

Newark's weakness is in the left field and at third base.

George Smith, the champion 150 yard sprinter, would like to give up running for baseball.

It is claimed that the new rules were gotten up to benefit Tim Keefe, who practiced under them last fall.

Terry, one of Brooklyn's crack twirlers, has erected two poles about a man's height and placed little sticks across at all heights between the shoulder and the knee and then practices knocking them down from a distance of fifty feet.

Cartwright, the first baseman of the New Orleans team, is indeed a great batter. He has played against "Buck" Ewing, Fred Pfiffer and a number of other great northern players, and his hitting surprised them all. A game in which he plays and fails to score a home run is very rare.

The Rochesters and Syracusans know that either Jersey City or Newark is going to win, and they are only whistling to keep up their courage.—Jersey City Argus. Syracuse is playing ball and evidently not doing much whistling. If the Stars play as good ball during the championship season the other clubs will have to do the whistling.

The Imperial Baseball Club is now open to challenges from clubs of 14 years. Secretary's address: Thos. Gloster, 418 King-street east.

Toronto must have some good material. The club has been away about a week, and already offers are made for the release of four of the men. Cincinnati has asked for McKinlay and Crane and Cleveland for Decker and Traffley. The management, it is hardly necessary to say, declined to consider the proposition.

Rain stopped the game at Pittsburg yesterday upon the conclusion of the third innings, the score standing a tie of one each. McKinlay and Traffley were the Queen City battery.

Davis will likely occupy the box next week against Manager Gaffney's Senators.

The Princeton College journals express much confidence in the ability of the Jersey boys to carry off the honors.

Zell pitched for the Bisons in their game with Pittsburg and was hit for fifteen runs. The Buffalo Courier says: "There is one satisfaction in the basting the Buffalos are getting, anyhow. Every club in the International League is receiving the same dose."

A good story is told by Umpire Connell of Capt. Anson in a Chicago-Detroit game. The latter was on third base and one man was out when the batter struck out. Anson, believing that his side was retired, started to walk in from the bag, and while doing so cried to Bennett, who had the ball, to throw it to him. Bennett became so confused that he looked at Anson in surprise. Some one in the crowd at this point cried to the big captain that there were only two out, and he started back for the bag, and Bennett, in his anxiety to put him out, threw wild, and Anson came in. As he did so, however, he turned to the umpire and said: "How is that for a bluff?"

Mike Kelly of the Bostons is called the "$15,000 beauty."

Mattimore was batted for 13 hits by the Columbia College team and the result was a defeat for the New York Giants.

The league championship season opens today, and the "fiends" who like big scores will find them in the returns.

The Athletics and Brooklyns will give St. Louis a hard tussle for the American Association pennant.

Morrison is not wielding the ash as effectively for the New Yorks as he did for Toronto last season.

Board will captain the Syracuse team, Remsen the Buffalos, Sandy Griffin the Uticas, Cline the Rochesters, Heifer the Oswegos, Collins the Hamiltons, Faatz the Torontos and Geo. Smith the Newarks.

The Dry Goods team of the Commercial League will play the Toronto University nine this afternoon on the University grounds.

Says an exchange: "Rochester is said to have the highest-priced baseball club outside of the National League and American Association." Probably a misprint for "highest-voiced."—Buffalo Courier.

A Baseball Judgment.

BUFFALO, April 15.—The case of the Cleveland Skating Park and Baseball Association v. Henry V. Lucas of the St. Louis Baseball League was called on trial in the Supreme Court this afternoon. The case was brought to recover $2000 damages on the following contract:

That the said Cleveland Baseball Association agrees to resign its membership in the National League, for the consideration of $25,000 whenever the St. Louis Baseball Association is admitted to membership in said league.

It appears that Mr. Lucas failed to live up to his agreement and in his effort to compel the Clevelandites to go to St. Louis to fight the case, he was caught napping and compelled to come to Buffalo. The case was called by Judge Childs this afternoon and no one appearing for the defendant judgmant was ordered for plaintiff for $2255.

The Ontario Lacrosse Club.

The annual meeting of the Ontario Lacrosse Club was held last night in the Rossin House. Mr. D. A. Rose occupied the chair in the absence of President Ryan. Secretary E. H. Gerry presented the annual report, which was adopted:

"In presenting the fourth annual report of the Ontario Lacrosse Club your committee beg leave to submit their report for the season of 1886, and to report that while our standing as a club in the championship series has not been perhaps what we expected, still we feel in honor bound to make explanations of the circumstances to you and submit to you notice reasons which we consider satisfactorily explain the cause of our standing so far down on the championship list of 1886.

"As you are aware, we are next to the youngest club in the championship league, and have had to contend with difficulties which no other club has. We have been hampered not only financially, but by the action of several of our former players, who, in the time of the club's need, thought proper to withdraw their services as playing members; consequently, it became necessary for your committee to bring forward our younger players, who afterwards proved themselves to be in no way inferior to those who had left us, but, lacking as they did the experience in playing first class matches, the result was not satisfactory to our standing. You will see, however, by the record of games lost and won pended below that, although your club is not high up on the list as match winners, still they have in reality only lost one-third of the games played by them, and this we consider is a very creditable showing, taking into consideration, as stated above, the many and radical changes in the personnel of our team.

"Your committee desire to thank the gentlemen who have stood by them so nobly in playing under such adverse circumstances during the past season, as well as those who, though not actively representing our interests on the field have done their utmost to make the club a financial and playing success during that period, especially our worthy Treasurer and Captain.

"We are pleased to report that our membership has increased during the past year and that the prospects for the club's future are assured, as we are determined now to pay strict attention to the recruiting of members and the building up of our club, both financially and on the field.

"We consider that attention should be called to the action of the Committee of Management of the National Lacrosse Association of Canada in connection with our match in Toronto with the Shamrock Lacrosse Club, which was played on September 25 last. As you will remember, on this occasion we were, without being legally instructed by resolution or meeting of the said Committee of Management duly called for the purpose, forced to deposit a guarantee for the expenses of the Shamrock club, and this without precedent in the history of lacrosse. Your committee submit that this should not pass unnoticed, but that steps should be taken now to render such a course in future impossible. Then as to the charges of professionalism, the retention of players by our club, and to our large indebtedness, originating from the Montreal press, which rendered it impossible for us to receive the same patronage from the public as we otherwise would have done, we consider that these allegations are absolutely false and without foundation, and that your committee were in no way aware of any irregularities in the club membership until same were made known to the public and that the players who were complained of were at once struck off the roll of your club, thus exonerating your club from all responsibility in the matter. We submit that our financial position was greatly prejudiced by these attacks and insinuations, and that the partisan action of the Committee of Management was the cause of this difficulty, and that otherwise our home matches would have been patronized to a much greater extent, and our reputation as a self-sustaining club would not have suffered as it did by reason of our being forced to put in our guarantee as above, and in a measure suffering the consequence of having been stigmatized as professionals.

"You committee learn with regret the decision of the National Amateur Lacrosse Association declaring the Toronto Lacrosse Club defaulters, the imposing of the fine upon them, and placing them at the foot of the list of first-class clubs for 1886, and that they consider that this was entirely nunecessary in the settlement of the dispute between the contending clubs.

"The question of organizing the proposed Western Lacrosse Association was brought up by Mr. Gerry, that gentleman expressing the opinion that personally he favored such course. He said that St. Catharines, Woodstock, Paris and other western places would join the new body, and as they were all good lacrosse towns the Ontarios would fare better financially than by remaining in the old association. He then moved, seconded by J. O'Neil, that a committee consisting of Peter Small, R. Macpherson, J. Bailey, D. A. Ross and the mover and seconder be appointed to confer with the Torontos in reference to the new association, and if satisfactory arrangements can be made to assist in the organization of the association.

Messrs. D.A. Rose, R. Macpherson and Peter Small favored joining the Western Association, on the distinct understanding that it should be on equal terms however with the Torontos, and that the latter should not go back to the old association without the Ontarios. The motion was unanimously carried. These officers were elected: Honorary President, William Mulock, M.P.; D. A. Rose, President; Peter Ryan, Vice-President; G. M. Rose, jr., Secretary; Peter Small, Treasurer; E. H. Gerry, Captain; Committee, D. A. Small, J. O'Neil, J. Bailey, R. Macpherson, J. G. Gibson, J. Watts and Thomas Crown.

The Mayflower-Arrow Conditions.

General Charles J. Paine, the owner of the yacht Mayflower, has received the conditions governing the proposed race with the Arrow. They were sent by Mr. Tankerville Chamberlayne, owner of the Arrow. They are as follows:

First—The course shall be from off Ryde pier, around the Warner Light Vessel, thence westward around the Brambles Shoals, and a buoy or mark boat off Lepe, and back to Ryde, twice around, but the owner of the Arrow shall have the right to decide on the morning of the race whether the yachts shall proceed to the eastward or to the westward. Such decision shall be given before the lots are drawn for stations.

Second—No restrictions as to number of crew or visitors.

Third—The yachts shall start from their anchorages with no sails set, according to rule 16 of the Yacht Racing Association rules for 1887, and their stations shall be arranged by a committee of the Royal Victoria Yacht Club.

Fourth—The fly sails to be carried shall be mainsail yard or jib headed gaff topsail, foresail jib and spinnaker.

Fifth—The Mayflower's centreboard, shifting keel or plate, shall be so stopped or bolted that it may not be lifted above the maximum draught of water of the Arrow, but it may be lowered to its full depth, and as compensation for this 10 per cent. shall be added to her rating.

Accompanying these conditions is the other set, comprising fifteen rules, to govern future contests for the Queen's Cup, now to be called the Arrow Challenge Cup. The only material difference is that the 10 per cent. rating made in the case of the Mayflower is omitted in subsequent contests, but the same restrictions on centre-boards are retained.

The Bicycle Clubs' Runs To-Day.

Several members of the Wanderers' Bicycle Club intend making a run to Whitby this afternoon, starting from the club house at 2 o'clock.

The first run of the season of the Toronto Bicycle Club will be held this afternoon, leaving the club rooms, Wilton-avenue, at 3 o'clock. The Half-Way House, Kingston-road, will be the objective point. A large turn out is expected. For the balance of the month of April morning runs will be held each Tuesday and Thursday, leaving the monument, Queen's Park, at 6 o'clock sharp.

Argonaut Rowing Club.

At the annual meeting of the Argonaut Rowing Club last night these officers were elected: President, Henry O'Brien; First Vice-President, H. C. Hammond; Second Vice-President, Col. Sweeney; Captain, J. J. W. Hogg; Secretary, A. B. Langmuir; Treasurer, A. Fraser; Financial Secretary, M. M. Kertland; Committee, James Pearson, Geo. Dunstan, W. Ince, S. Sewell, J. Scott, W. G. A. Lambe; Delegate to Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen, J. W. Hogg and James Pearson. The constitution was amended in some unimportant respects, the most important being the fostering of the sport of skiff sailing.

From the Stage to the Tan Bark.

Sprint runners and their performances was the subject upon which Harry Bethune, the Cornwall runner, discoursed yesterday to the World. "The four fastest American sprinters now on the turf are H. M. Johnson, George Smith, Charley McIvor and myself," he said. "McIvor was the first outsider to win the Sheffield handicap some years ago. On that occasion it is said he ran 133 yards in 13 seconds, having run 3 heats in one day against 40 competitors. He was backed by Mr. Homer Panock, a noted sporting man of Leadville, Col. McIvor was the fastest sprinter in the world that year. He is now living in California.

"Geo. Smith was the next American to come out ahead at Sheffield, and is said to have won $150,000 from the bookmakers. Smith was only 20 years of age when he won this race. He has now been running for 12 years, and though he has not run in many races, he is admitted to be one of the best sprinters in the world at all distances up to one-quarter of a mile.

"H. M. Johnson, who has now retired from the cinder track, and is traveling for a large American firm holds all the best records for 50, 75 and 100-yard races. He was defeated only on one occasion in a 100-yard race by me at Chicago on July 28, 1886.

"Johnson, it is said, ran 100 yards at Pittsburg last winter covering the distance in 9 3-5 seconds. Last year he visited England, trained alone, and succeeded in winning the Shrewsbury handicap. He was recognized then as being the best outside sprinter who ever stripped at Sheffield. When in condition Johnson weighs 182 pounds. He is only 23 years old and is counted one of the best all round athletes in the world. Without weights he has been known to cover 11 feet in a standing jump."

Bethune's record is a varied one. He was at one time in the theatrical profession and it was at the close of an engagement with Henry Irving, when that eminent tragedian had completed his tour through the States two years ago, that Mr. Bethune purchased a pair of running shoes, and began his career in the profession in which he has since so notably succeeded. He later went to Philadelphia, Pa., and in that year won all the American handicaps off the field, including the Amateur handicaps off the nine yard mark. His next race was in a handicap at the same place when he won a 135 yards race off the scratch. Peter Duffy of Ottawa was his opponent in a 10 yards dash last year. Duffy was recognized as the fastest man. He gave Bethune one yard start in a hundred for $1000. The latter came out ahead by five yards, and won $2800 in side bets. From Ottawa Bethune went to Dallas, California, where he defeated Dick Clack for the largest stakes ever run for on the Pacific coast. He has since that time run a great many races in the east, and is now on his way home to Cornwall, Ont., from whence he goes to England.

M. K. Kettleman, who is now on his way to Australia, is not considered by Bethune as fast as those sprinters mentioned. He is credited with winning the greatest amount of money in a foot race by any known sprinter. He won $150,000 stake money and outside bets at Wichita, Ks., when he defeated C. F. Gibson of California.

Spots of Sport.

An open blackbird shoot will take place at the byres this afternoon.

The Hounds will meet to-day at Slattery's Hotel, corner Dundas and Bloor, at 3 o'clock sharp. QUIZ.

Oh, No, Dear Erastus.

Editor World: Canadians may well pray to be preserved from their friends, and more especially those of the New York Canadian Club. It would no doubt exactly suit Erastus Wiman and all the great United States speculators to have a virgin country, superior in its area and national resources to their own, to pasture in. Just think of it, what mines of ore, what miles of timber, and the illimitable prairie, and all for Gotham. Oh, yes, you would willingly smelt our ores and cut our pine, and send it back to us in stained mahogany sideboards. Why, it would be far cheaper for us to send the ore and timber, when you did, duty paid, than enter into such a compact. Dear Erastus, you have laid it on too thick this time. All the varnish in the United States and Canada would never be able to make it stick. JOHNNY DAVY.

Toronto, April 15.

The Citizens' Band.

Editor World: There is no objection being made to getting up a citizens' band, but only to the mode of organizing it. Under the Grenadiers were intentionally not consulted or else there was an oversight, either of which can be corrected.

Advantage is taken by Mr. Cuthbert of the present of one officer of the Grenadiers to supply the want of fairness for which their consciences now accuse the organizers of the so-called "citizens' meeting." He (Mr. Cuthbert) writes: "I accidentally heard of the meeting that afternoon and arrived there just in time to hear the meeting adjourned. It would be a large stretch of the point to say I was there."

To negotiate with one regimental organization and ignore the other, as was done in this case, is, I submit, a one-sided proceeding.

BARLOW CUMBERLAND.

The Charge Against Mr. Ward.

Editor World: In your issue this morning you publish a letter from a gentleman who, evidently, when he makes the charge of inattention to duty on the part of Mr. Ward, thinks it would be safer to keep his name out of print, as he writes under a nom de plume. As I am over the Island every day I must say in justice to Mr. Ward that he is carrying out the duties belonging to his position in a painstaking and efficient manner, never allowing bad weather or any other consideration to stand in the way of his seeing that the ducks get the full benefit of the protective law now in force. I think, sir, that any one making charges against a public official should be more conversant with the facts of the case before rushing into print.

Toronto, April 15, 1887. J. MONTGOMERY.

The Jubilee Celebration.

Editor World: In view of the fact that the electors are to vote to-morrow on the question of spending $10,000 in celebrating the Queen's jubilee, it might be advisable to lay before them a few facts and figures as to the reasons why they should vote in favor of the expenditure.

A grant of $10,000 would require a rate of about one-eighth of a mill in the dollar for 1887, or about 12½c. on each $1000 of assessment.

The committee expect to receive about $3000 in the shape of commission from the railways and steamboats, and it is reasonable to assume that by a judicious disposal of the means at the command of the Reception Committee many thousands of outside people can be attracted to Toronto, causing an immense amount of money to be expended amongst our merchants and citizens generally.

It is the intention of the committee to invite the hearty co-operation of national societies, the Board of Trade, Knights of Labor, and all other societies that are willing to join hands in a hearty endeavor to do honor to her whose reign covers the most glorious fifty years in the history of the Empire. If the citizens vote in favor of the small sum asked, they will enable us to provide a program the carrying out of which will reflect credit on this loyal city, and which, even if judged from the selfish standpoint of a business investment, will bring into the city more than twenty times over the amount expended. H. PIPER,

Chairman Reception Committee.

The Chaplaincy of the Reformatory.

Editor World: It is greatly to be deplored that the sanctimonious deputation that waited on the Premier a few days ago, re the chaplaincy of the Reformatory for boys at Penetanguishene, should have allowed their bigotry to run away with them. The spokesman of the party, a Dr. Gray of Orillia, said he had no objection to the present chaplain, Mr. Lloyd. Why, then, did he not stay at home? Why put himself to the trouble and expense of going to Toronto to object to that with which he expressed himself satisfied? What lies at the root of the whole trouble is, not over anxiety about the spiritual welfare of the boys, but petty jealousy of a few members of the Barrie Presbytery. When the last vacancy occurred in the chaplaincy, the Presbyterian ministers thought that a minister of their denomination should be appointed, and were very indignant when they failed, as could be inferred from some very angry letters which appeared in the country papers in reference to the matter. Had these good and charitable Christians been successful in obtaining the appointment of one of their own number to an office for which he would be eminently unfitted, and for which the minister of any denomination, not possessing a liturgical form of worship, would be equally unfitted, the Christian community at large would have been spared a painful exhibition of bigotry, jealousy and sectarian animosity. Dr. Gray's remark about the unfairness of always appointing a clergyman from a church which has the least spiritual power, is very characteristic of the Protestant schismatic, and savors strongly of that Puritanical dislike which sectarians in all ages have been wont to display towards the church. If it were not so contemptible it would be rather amusing.

Dr. Gray is further reported to have said in his interview with the premier that a former chaplain taught the doctrine "that salvation was impossible outside the pale of the Church of England." I fear, that good doctor is guilty of a breach of the ninth commandment, and in this instance is guilty of bearing false witness against the departed. I can well understand the saintly chaplain referred to, teaching that outside the pale of the Catholic Church there is no covenant of salvation, and telling Dr. Gray in very plain language, aye, and likewise proving to him that he has no part or portion in the said church, but is simply a Protestant schismatic. There are hundreds of thousands of better men than Dr. Gray, both mentally and spiritually, who teach the same doctrine, and among them many ex-Presbyterian ministers.

It is to be hoped that Mr. Mowat will have the good sense to leave the spiritual charge of the Reformatory boys in the hands of the chaplain appointed by the Government, whoever and whatever he may be, and not tolerate for a moment the interference of a few prejudiced and jealous-minded outsiders, whose only real grievance is that the chaplain is a Church of England clergyman. ANGLICAN.

Midland, April 11.

Newspaper Gossip.

The Kincardine Review and the Ottawa Journal have been telling their readers all about the inside of the Toronto papers.

The Review thinks the Globe "is the best Tory paper in Canada. But for it Sir John would have been hurled from power long ago." The Globe, it concludes, is on the wane.

The Mail, it thinks, is drifting into the position of a crank journal. "Tories by the hundred have thrown it overboard."

Of The World it says:

The Toronto World is a spicy paper, well edited. Its chief characteristic is brevity. The World has a very wide circulation already, and is very generally known. As a newspaper The World gives us abundant satisfaction. We would not relish drinking a gallon of hot water for the sake of a little tea, and from a newsy standpoint, The World fills the bill precisely.

The following special to the Ottawa Journal, written in the Mail office by a Mail stockholder, is very rich:

TORONTO, April 13.—The Mail has paid a dividend for last year of 4 per cent. upon its nominal capital stock of $600,000. This would show a profit of $20,000 upon the nominal capital; but it is stated that the net profits of the year have been actually close on $40,000. The actual cash capital invested in the Mail is believed to be not over $250,000, so that last year's business showing is not to be sneezed at. It is a quite new thing for the reduction of the subscription from $6 to $5 will affect the profits this year. The Mail's circulation is not decreasing. In Toronto it has increased 40 per cent. in the last year, and this increase more than offsets a decrease outside of the city.

The Globe last year paid 3 per cent. on $500,000, representing a profit of $15,000. The expense of the new special Toronto edition, which will be between $10,000 and $15,000, and it has reduced its subscription from $6 to $5. Things look blue for this year's dividend.

It is stated that when Sir John Macdonald was here during the elections he offered W. F. Maclean $40,000 for The World, which Maclean refused. The World, however, is aiming at becoming the recognized Conservative organ. Its report yesterday of the Chapleau banquet in Montreal was fulsome, and caused comment.

It is believed that there is not a great deal of chance of a Conservative organ being established. The Conservatives would probably be willing to buy either The World or the News could they get either cheap, which they can't; but they are not likely to establish a new paper. It would take $100,000, and whoever put the money up would lose it. In any event nothing will be attempted until Parliament adjourns.

Where to Buy Cigars Wholesale.

The World was on Front-street east yesterday afternoon and happened to drop into the wholesale cigar establishment of Mr. Charles Lowe at 48½ to which Mr. Lowe moved a couple of months ago from 65 Yonge-street. Mr. Lowe is well and favorably known in the cigar trade, from Nova Scotia to British Columbia. For several years he was on the road for Messrs. Kelly & Sons, London; two years ago he commenced business for himself in Toronto. Mr. Lowe's place of business is stocked with a quarter of million cigars of all brands and grades. He has a specially fine stock of fine imported Havana goods, ranging in price from $200 a thousand down. Besides these he has an equally fine stock of domestic cigars, the products of the leading factories in Montreal and Toronto. Mr. Lowe is doing a good business and will be pleased to receive orders from those of the trade desirous of getting choice fragrant "weeds."

Where to Buy Gent's Furnishings.

One of the most popular gent's furnishing stores in the city is Rogers' (corner Elm-street). They have just received a beautiful assortment of spring goods—novel, fashionable, and marked at lowest prices. Mr. R. G. H. Cornish, the popular manager, has spared no pains or expense in buying new goods, and has the windows laid out in a style that does credit to the firm. Bargains every time.

The Toronto Vocal Society's Concert

Takes place Tuesday, April 19, at the Pavilion Music Hall. Among the numbers to be given will be the beautiful part song, "Who is the Angel that Cometh," Gounod's "Come Unto Him," "Thalaba's Dream," "The Bells of St. Michael's Tower," etc. Mlle. Artuni sings from the popular repertoire of Italian music, and will give the grand scene from "Semaramide," Bel Raggio with ladies' chorus. Popular prices have been adopted. Reserved seats 50 cents and $1. Admission to gallery 25 cents.

A Prosperous Business.

Cheshire & Co., 366 and 368 Queen-street west, have, by strict and careful attention to business, built up a trade that does credit to the name. Only a few years ago a small store occupied the now well-known house, which is one of the leading fancy goods and wall paper stores in the western part of the city. Messrs. Cheshire & Co. carry a stock of the very best goods, and of the newest and most novel designs, and making the prices to suit purchasers and giving good value they have placed themselves in the front rank of the leading West End business men. Their stock and samples of wall paper are equal to that of any house in the city.

Worth Considering.

The great and renowned clothing concern, Oak Hall, is showing exceptionally fine styles of boys' clothing. Those in need of clothing, either for adult or juvenile, should direct their steps thither if they want to be pleased quickly and suitably.

A Remedy for Hydrophobia.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

M. Pasteur may well look to his laurels if the story of the wonderful remedy against hydrophobia is true which a Dutch family at Peize, in Holland, is said to have in its possession. For over a century the secret of the drug has been kept, and the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant has only heard of it through the garrulity of an old man from the neighborhood of Peize, who affirms that for seventy years he has never known a single case of death from hydrophobia. Besides a large number of human beings, an army of dogs, cats, sheep and cattle have been cured by the mysterious remedy, about which nothing more is known than that it has a calming influence on raving lunatics of any kind, and that it is harmless to such a degree that in a case where a double dose had been administered to a man bitten by a mad dog the patient fell into a profound sleep, and on awaking every symptom of the disease had disappeared.

Wonderful Earthquake Effect.

From the London Court and Society Review.

"It is an ill wind that blows nobody good," says the proverb, and no one should indorse that ancient saw more heartily than Mrs. Jerome, better known to fame as Lady Randolph Churchill's mother. After suffering from paralysis some years and being quite bed-ridden, the poor old lady was so terrified by the first shock of the earthquake at Cannes that she sprang out of bed, flew down stairs, and, instead of delivering up the ghost then and there, as her amazed and terrified friends and attendants fully expected, she has been able to walk ever since! This is a case which should find its way into manuals of philosophy and books explaining miracles.

Striking Against Female Labor.

WILMINGTON, Del., April 9.—The painters employed in the boat yard of the Harlan & Hollingsworth Company quit work this morning on account of the employment of women in that department. To the latter was assigned all inside work, which action necessitated the laying off of the men when the weather is inclement.

A NOTABLE GATHERING.

Russell Thayer's Reception to Professor Goldwin Smith.

From the Philadelphia Times, April 11.

In the banquet hall of the Bellevue Hotel last night a large reception was given by Russell Thayer in honor of Professor Goldwin Smith of Toronto. The room was prepared in a novel manner with a large table placed at right angles with the room in front of a great array of flowering plants massed against a tall screen, and numerous smaller tables and buffets where the guests, who were all men, could place their dishes and glasses and sit and chat if they chose. Many tall candelabras held lighted candles, which were all a deep red, like most of the flowers.

There was an evergreen tree in the centre of the room, with a fringe of tall lilies around the bottom, and tiers of plants were also grouped in front of the two larger buffets. In the arrangements and decorations it was one of the handsomest evening entertainments for men ever held in the Bellevue. Only terrapin and coffee and apollinaris water and champagne were served, but they were in great abundance.

About a hundred prominent men were present, among them Judges Thayer, Biddle, Reed, Arnold, Hare and Mitchell, Wayne, MacVeagh, Samuel J. Randall, A. J. Drexel, John Cadwalader, Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, Dr. J. H. Hutchinson, Dr. Samuel W. Gross, Ellis Yarnell, Morton P. Henry, Edwin N. Benson, R. C. McMurtrie, Dr. DaCosta, Dr. Wm. Pepper, S. Davis Page, A. J. Dallas Dixon, G. Harrison Fisher, John Price Wetherill, Col. Dechert, Prof. Barker, Horace Howard Furness, Wharton Barker, Prof. McElroy, H. H. Houston and many others.

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

La Plata, the Beautiful City of Marvelous Growth.

In 1880 the City of Buenos Ayres was given to the Federal Government as the capital of the Republic, and the Province of Buenos Ayres permitted the construction of a new capital, La Plata. The site selected for the erection was upon some swamps that existed near the port of La Ensenada. The city rose like a dream, an Arabian night story, and now has a population of 32,000. But the beauty of its construction, the magnificent buildings, the broad streets, the public edifices, which are grand palaces, all go to make this city the New Granada of the Southern hemisphere. All the public buildings are granite, and will defy the corrosive and crumbling touch of time for centuries. Electric lights illuminate the streets and the water works are perfect, each house receiving water as in New York City. Strangers are struck with the beauty and grandeur of La Plata, tourists are delighted and enraptured, and men of enterprise and commercial instincts long to cast their fortunes within the nucleus of such a marvelous and virile city. Instead of the mephitic exhalations that once came from the swamps near the port of Ensenada there now rises the tall spires and gilded domes of churches and palaces and the air is pure and free from malaria. The city has already spent $30,000,000 in constructing a dock and has just appropriated $11,000,000 to finish the harbor. The harbor will permit vessels of twenty-three feet draft to come in now. This wonderful dock was constructed of material furnished by the Dutch and English, which could just as well have been brought from the United States. Buenos Ayres has had $20,000,000 appropriated by the National Government to build a harbor. But Buenos Ayres, with all its improvements, will not interfere with the rapid growth of La Plata, the Chicago of South America. The port of La Plata will be ready in three years, and the fate of Buenos Ayres in ten years.

What that country needs is a system of wallow-drains, similar to those in some parts of the United States. If Americans would go down there and take hold they could soon introduce systems of irrigation that would be of great benefit. They raise three crops of rice in one year and two crops of corn. Yet these prolific fields, by a system of irrigation, could be doubled, and the land, which is naturally rich, would simply groan under the crops that would spring from its bosom. But they have made great progress in enlarging the yield even without the perfection of scientific irrigation. In 1870 no oats at all were exported, and in 1875 78,498,392 bushels left the country. In 1885 5,800,000 bushels of bran were exported, against 9000 in 1870. No corn was exported in 1870, against an exportation of 107,859,612 bushels in 1885.

But the increase in the national wealth of that country is astonishing, being 160 per cent. The total wealth of the Republic amounts to $1,875,000,000, with an average ratio of $650 per inhabitant. Each inhabitant of the province of Buenos Ayres, say, represents $1245 of the general wealth, against $948 represented by each inhabitant of the United States. No country has a larger wealth in cattle. The emigrants number 120,900 per annum. In 1885 6671 steamers and 4968 sailing vessels, representing 3,394,661 tons, entered the ports of the Republic, and the importations have doubled during the last six years. The country is destined to advance. Buenos Ayres, with a population of 350,000, has just added forty-nine new schools, and the people are receiving the benefits of education everywhere.

Killed by Dancing.

From the New York Sun.

Miss Maie Warner Howell, who died at 8.30 o'clock yesterday morning at her mother's home in Newark had nearly completed her 22d year. To-day is the anniversary of her birth. Her father, T. P. Howell, now dead, was a pioneer in the manufacture of patent leather in this country. She was a robust young woman, with jet black hair, rosy cheeks and large brown eyes. Although below the average height she was regarded as one of the most beautiful women in Newark and was welcomed at every entertainment in Newark's most exclusive social circles. She was a popular member of a set that held three cotillions during the winter at a private hall in the large building at 721 Broadstreet. At the last cotillion on Feb. 21, while she was dancing with Mr. Bryden Lamb, she tripped, or slipped, and fell heavily upon the polished floor, pulling Mr. Lamb down across her back. She did not complain of any injury at the time, and she continued to dance throughout the evening. Mr. Lamb is regarded as one of the best dancers in Newark, while Miss Howell seldom danced, and she could not be considered expert.

She felt no ill effects of her fall until Tuesday, March 1, when she complained of feeling ill, and refused to leave her bed in the morning. On the following Sunday she was attacked with paralysis, which fettered all her limbs, but left her mind perfectly clear. After that she continued entirely helpless, growing gradually worse all the time, but occasionally reviving slightly and giving her relatives encouragement to believe that she might recover. On Sunday last the symptoms changed for the worse, and she became unconscious. On Monday it was evident that the end was drawing near, and often her lethargy was mistaken for death. Yesterday morning she was just alive, and between 8 and 9 o'clock she passed away without a tremor or sign to mark the division between life and death.

A Man's Body in a Hay Bale.

From the Carson (Nev.) Appeal.

Last fall a young man named Anderson, who was working on a ranch in Carson Valley, suddenly disappeared, and although an exhaustive search was made for him, no trace of his whereabouts could be discovered. When last seen he was working near a hay-baler. He was first missed at the dinner table, but no special anxiety was felt, as it was supposed that he had lain down through sickness. His disappearance was a nine-days' talk, and it was finally surmised that he had left the country on account of a love affair. Day before yesterday, however, he turned up in Virginia City. William Mooney, the stableman, purchased a load of alfalfa hay in bales of the rancher on whose place Anderson had been missed. He went to open one of the bales, when he found inside the body of Anderson in a good state of preservation. It is now rumored that Anderson, who was working at the machine, fell in, and the helpers about the spot were too busy talking politics to notice him, and so he was tied up along with the balance of the hay. He evidently died of suffocation, and made no sign. Mr. Mooney has carefully examined the rest of