The Toronto World.

FOURTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1883. PRICE ONE CENT

ROYALTY ON THE RUSH.

A BUSY DAY FOR LORNE, LOUISE AND GEORGE.

Visits to Charitable Institutions—Farewell Address From the City at Queen's Park—His Excellency's Reply—Notes.

Yesterday morning the Marquis of Lorne, accompanied by the Princess, Col. De Winton and others, visited the General hospital. The party left the Queen's at 11 o'clock, and were met by Dr. O'Reilly at the hospital, and were by him conducted through the various wards of the building. They then visited the Infants' home, and after inspecting the place were driven to the House of Providence. Here they were met by Lieut.-Governor Robinson, Archbishop Lynch, Bishop O'Mahony, the Mother Superior and Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Hughes, Miss Hughes, Mr. P. D. Hughes. The children in this place were all assembled together and sang a chorus of welcome as the party entered. A little girl then read an address from "the orphans of the House of Providence" to the Princess, which was replied to in fitting terms by the Marquis. After a thorough tour of the building the visitors returned to the hotel for lunch, pleased and delighted with their trip.

Prince George of Wales, in company with Capt. Durrant, R. N., took a cruise round the bay yesterday morning on the steam launch Esperanza. Being himself a sailor, the young prince enjoyed the trip thoroughly and was delighted with the morning's sail.

By order of the city council yesterday afternoon was declared a civic holiday to allow the citizens to be present to hear the farewell address to the princess and marquis. The weather proved as unpleasant as rain could make it, and there was a constant downpour all the afternoon. At 2.15 o'clock the princess and marquis with Prince George left the Queen's hotel, accompanied by the Governor-General's Body Guard. They proceeded along Simcoe and Queen streets to College avenue. In spite of the rain there were fully seven thousand people assembled in the park, and Queen street avenue was lined with spectators.

At the head of the avenue the vice-regal party was received by guards of honor from the Queen's Own Rifles, under command of Captain Hamilton, and Lieutenants Pellatt and Green, and from the 10th Royal Grenadiers under command of Captain Mason and Lieutenants Howard and Keeling. After several salutes had been fired the bands played God Save the Queen. A large platform handsomely carpeted had been erected backed by a high perpendicular screen covered with scarlet. On the platform there was a dais covered by a large canopy with seats for his excellency and the princess. There were present on the platform besides the mayor and aldermen, the lieutenant-governor, Mrs. and the Misses Robinson, Hon. Ed. Blake, Hon. Alex. Morris, Hon. A. S. Hardy, Hon. T. B. Pardee, Hon. Oliver Mowat, Judge Boyd, Archbishop Lynch, Vicar-Generals Rooney and Laurent, Rev. Dr. Scadding, Rev. Wm. Wallace, Rev. Hugh Johnston and Col. Denison.

On the arrival of their excellencies upon the platform the Philharmonic society sang one verse of God Save the Queen and prolonged cheering burst from the enthusiastic crowd. The mayor then presented the following address:

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir John Douglas Sutherland Campbell, Marquis of Lorne, K. T., G. C. M. G., P. C., &c., &c., Governor-General of Canada

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, the mayor and corporation of the city of Toronto, on behalf of our fellow citizens, beg to tender to your excellency our very hearty acknowledgements for the favor you have shown our city in honoring her with a farewell visit before your withdrawal from the vice-regal dignity of governor-general of Canada, and the gracious presence of H. R. H. the Princess Louise, calls for a respectful and warm recognition of this further proof of her kindness and benevolence. We also desire to extend to his royal highness Prince George a hearty welcome on this his first visit to Toronto.

We rejoice that the occasion enables you to be present at our annual industrial and agricultural exhibition, which has become by zealous management a permanent institution for the encouragement of those varied industries which tend to promote the advancement and welfare of the country.

It is not without a feeling of regret, we are aware, that this year terminates those official relations with Canada, which have been so heartily appreciated by her people, and we trust we are not asking too much in praying you to present at the foot of throne, on your return to the mother land, the loyal and affectionate homage of the citizens of Toronto.

In conclusion we pray that health and happiness may ever be the portion of your excellency and her royal highness.

(L.S.) A. R. BOSWELL, Mayor.
ROBERT RODDY, City Clerk

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Toronto, Sept. 13, 1883.

The pattering of the rain upon the umbrellas and the bustle of the assembled thousands made it difficult to hear his excellency's reply, although delivered slowly and distinctly. His address was as follows:

Mr. Mayor and Citizens of Toronto:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN OF THIS CITY AND PROVINCE—I have the honor again to thank you for the loyal address to ourselves which also bears your loving reverence to her majesty, the queen. Already some of the queen's children have visited Canada and on this occasion you have been welcoming kindly and cordially the grandson of her majesty. On all occasions on which any of the queen's family have visited this country they have met with a welcome which proves that you are heart and soul with the great empire of which Canada is the greatest part. I thank you sir for what you have said with regard to my term of office. You have had the good fortune to have experienced five years of great prosperity. Your expression regarding my personal conduct as governor-general shows that you appreciate the value and wish to maintain the dignity of the great office which I have held for the past five years. I confess I am not jealous of any personal popularity, but I am extremely jealous of the dignity of that great office. I need not tell you now the value of constitutional government, and what its functions are. They who would despise it would be the first to cry out against it if its powers were used in excess of the constitution. It is sufficient that the ministers both of the last government and the present have regarded it as invaluable and wish for its continuance. There is, however, one point in connection with it which I would wish to impress upon the citizens of Toronto—I believe that in some quarters, although such is not the general opinion of Canadian the belief is current that the presence of the governor-general implies also the presence at court. I wish to say that from my experience in Canada this is not at all correct. Etiquette may be necessary in Canada, where the self-respect of the people guarantees good manners. We have no etiquette in court. We have prohibited any single word to be spoken at government house in disparagement of Canada, and this is our etiquette. Now, ladies and gentlemen, you may ask me why it is I am so enthusiastic a Canadian, for I am perhaps more Canadian than many of the Canadians themselves. I ascribe it to the fact that I have seen more of your country than very many amongst you. I know what your great possessions are. I know that great forest world out of which the provinces have been carved. I know that great central region of glorious prairie land from which shall be carved future provinces even more glorious, still greater than those of which we now so proudly boast. I know also that great country beyond the Rocky Mountains, with its great mineral wealth, in the territory of British Columbia. All the sections of your great country I know, and you have possessions which must in time make you a nation foremost, not only among the nations of this continent, but of the world. (Applause.) It is because I have seen so much of you and your customs that I am enthusiastic in your praise. (Loud cheers.) I pray God, who has given you this great country, that He may in His own good time make of you a great people.

The Philharmonic Society sang Auld Lang Syne, and the bands played God Save the Queen. After giving these party cheers for their excellencies, and Prince George the immense crowd dispersed. The vice-regal party then proceeded along Yonge street avenue, stopping for a few minutes at the hospital for sick children. H. R. H. called at the warerooms of Messrs. Mason & Risch, and expressed much admiration for the portrait of Franz Liszt, which was presented to them by the distinguished composer. Prince George also called at the warehouse of Ogilvy & Co. to see a friend whom he had known at Balmoral. The party then returned to the Queen's hotel.

The vice-regal party leave the city for Ottawa this morning, stopping off at Kingston for a few hours.

STILL WRAPT IN MYSTERY.

The Murder of Rose Ambler without a Clue—A Gloomy Crime.

Up to the present there are absolutely no clues to the murder of Rose Ambler, who came to her end in a most remarkable and mysterious manner. As mentioned before, the victim had recently been divorced from her husband, and at the time in question was receiving the attentions of a second lover. On the night of her murder she was returning from a visit to this man, to whom she was engaged. The murder was committed on a gloomy country road probably about 10 o'clock in the evening of an extremely dark night. It was not a bloody crime. The victim was suddenly strangled to death. The murderer could escape easily under the cover of the intense darkness, and would bear away no stains of blood or other tell-tale traces of his crime. All possibility of finding his footprints was destroyed by the persons who first approached the body on the morning it was discovered. "No effort was made," says our correspondent, "to keep people from treading over the ground. They came in scores, obliterating possible clues and littering the field." In this way it was also made impossible to ascertain whether the bits of paper, remnants of cigarettes, and other objects indicating the presence of some person at the place where the body was found had been left there by the murderer in his flight or were thrown there by the curious bystanders who came to the spot.

Of the five persons thus far suspected every one seems to have satisfied the Connecticut authorities that at the time the murder must have been committed he could not possibly have been at the place where Rose Ambler was killed. And, indeed, without other implicating circumstances, the mere fact that a man was out alone that night in that neighborhood would not justify any one in suspecting him. There must have been scores of persons who were out at that time in that part of Connecticut, who can furnish no other evidence of their whereabouts than their own statements on the subject, and yet who are not the objects of the slightest suspicion.

Up to this time the detectives appear to have been thoroughly baffled. Perhaps the increased reward of $1000 may stimulate their faculties and lead to some real discovery pointing to the perpetrator of this remarkable murder. It is emphatically a case, however, in which the lapse of time vastly augments the difficulty of detection.

THE NEGRO AND THE SOUTH.

He is Indolent and Thriftless—What Should be Done for Him.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—Before the senate labor committee to-day John C. Calhoun of South Carolina, a grandson of the famous statesman, stated that since 1869 he has been engaged in cotton raising in Arkansas. The laborers in the Mississippi Valley were entirely agricultural. Few white men were employed as they soon became either landowners or tenants. The condition of negroes was good compared with a few years ago. Negroes are so indolent they fail to take advantage of the opportunities offered them. They will only devote so much time to work as will enable them to procure the necessities of life. The interests of laborers in the south would be subserved by the establishment by states of industrial schools and by the total elimination from federal politics of the so called negro question and by leaving its solution to time and the reduction of taxation.

Gould in the South.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The Times says the differences that have arisen between Gould and the men who control the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway system have given rise to negotiations which, it is thought, will put Gould in control of the Louisville and Nashville road and Central road of Georgia. The Central system of Georgia is the only rival of the Richmond and Danville system. It embraces about 730 miles of road and is operated in connection with the Ocean Steamship company of Savannah. If Gould could succeed in obtaining possession of this system it will give him a seaboard outlet for his Great Southwestern and Wabash system

Indians v. Miners.

BOISE, Idaho, Sept. 13—A party of prospectors had one of their horses stolen, and traced him to the Bannock encampment. The Indians refused to give up the horse, and the leader of the party knocked one of the bucks down. The Indians then opened fire, which was instantly returned. One Indian was killed and three wounded, and three miners were wounded, probably fatally. Trouble is feared.

A Collapse in the Air.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 13.—This afternoon a balloon with Prof. Warner collapsed 8000 feet above the earth. Warner got hold of the ropes of the balloon, which descended so slowly as to land him uninjured.

The Place to Buy.

The city is full of visitors all anxious to see the sights. One of Toronto's best and most interesting features is her stores, which are well worth a visit. Foremost among these stands the house of Petley & Petley, 128 to 132 King street east. Their spacious premises are fitted up in the finest style, and are stocked with dry goods of every description, which they are in a position to sell on the most liberal terms. The Golden Griffin is not a store of yesterday. It is one of the land marks of Toronto's trade, and has a reputation throughout the city and country second to no other house in existence. The public should therefore patronize it. The store is easily found, and the goods are as represented.

DOMINION DASHES.

The Latest and Best News Found in Our Canadian Exchanges.

A Galt firm has received an order from Glasgow for two sets of harness.

At the annual meeting of the Moncton Sugar refining company a dividend of six per cent. was declared.

A new orange lodge is to be established at Petrolia. The warrant was taken out in the name of Mr. B. F. Holmes.

It is reported at Kingston that the Canadian Pacific has leased the Kingston and Pembroke railway for a long period.

The recent disorder and dissension in the Kingston police force has led to the dismissal of two men and resignation of one.

Hon. Alex. Mackenzie's health has been indeed greatly benefitted, and he hopes to be able to do his share of parliamentary work next year.

William Betteridge, a former resident of Avon, was killed at Ypsilanti, Mich., last week. He was employed as brakeman on the Michigan Central.

The politicians of Lennox say that when the petition against Sir John's election comes up early next month there will be quite a racket in Napanee.

Fore quarters of venison can be had at Victoria, B.C., for 25 cents; hind quarters are sold by the pound at eight cents. Grouse are from $1 to $1.25 per pair.

Private information to friends in Quebec states that ex-Lieut.-Governor Cauchon is dangerously ill at Winnipeg, and received the last rites of the church last week.

Napanee is heavily taxed. The council requires $20,301 to carry on the muncipal machine. To raise this amount a rate of two cents on the dollar has been imposed.

According to the Nouvelliste the recent death of a young physician living down the St. Lawrence river is to be attributed to the use of too great a quantity of morphine.

The total receipts from the New Brunswick crown land sales of last week amounted to $38,974. Last year the receipts were $31,080. The sales this year, however, include the right to renew, for the next nine years at $4 per square mile.

Mr. Caldwell, the well-known lumberman and mill owner of Carleton Place, has 800,000 logs lying on the Upper Mississippi river and its tributaries. He cannot get them down on account of the decision in the McLaren-Caldwell case, and his mill is it at present idle for want of stuff to cut.

A Cleveland syndicate with a capital of $2,000,000, has purchased an immense mining property north of Trenton. On the completion of the Central Ontario railway it is expected that the output will in the first year aggregate 100,000 tons of iron ore, which is of the finest quality for producing Bessemer steel.

John Kendrick of London swore out a warrant against his grandson, a boy 11 years of age, whom he accuses of taking $150 in money. The lad admitted having taken the wealth some three weeks since, and stated how it had been spent. Nearly every day he and a chum went to a livery stable and procured a horse and rig, with which they drove round the city. Large quantities of candies, melons, pears, etc., were consumed.

Robert McCutcheon, a farmer living two miles east of Burtch's Corners, was on Monday last attacked by a bull and horribly gored. The unfortunate man was pitched high in the air and came down on the ground where he laid for a time stunned. When he recovered his senses he thought it best to lay quiet in the hope that the infuriated animal would not attack him, but in this he was mistaken. The ferocious brute looked at him for a few moments its eyes fairly bulging out of their sockets, when it again rushed upon him, caught him up on its horns and again tossed him up in the air. This it repeated several times until the life was nearly shook out of the man. The cries of Mr. McCutcheon brought his hired man to his rescue, who drove away the bull. The bull was destroyed.

HAMILTON HAPPENINGS.

Dissatisfied Cabmen—A Girl Gone Wrong—Mineral Waters.

HAMILTON, Sept. 13.—At a meeting of the cabmen of the city last night the new cab bylaw was unanimously condemned. The most objectionable clauses in it were thought to be the one making it compulsory on a cabman to fulfil an engagement at any time within twenty-fours hours after the time it is made, and the one which provides that lamps shall be lit in cabs on all nights, whether dark or moonlight.

The girl Bridget Elliber, charged with vagrancy, was tried this morning at the police court. The girl's brother James repeated that he could do nothing with her, as she defied his authority and that of his wife. The magistrate sent the prisoner to the industrial refuge at Toronto for an indefinite period.

John Handrie of Hendrie & Douglas shipped some very fine horses to Toronto exhibition this morning.

Several gentlemen have formed a company for the manufacture of mineral waters in Hamilton, and have already secured very extensive premises, which are eminently adapted for the purpose.

The United Methodist Church

BELLEVILLE, Sept. 13.—In the methodist church general conference to-day it was decided that the Guardian and the Wesleyan shall be the official organs of the church. The hymn book recently compiled by the methodist church of Canada shall be the recognized hymn book of the church, but the congregations of the smaller bodies will be allowed to use the hymn books now in use until such time as they may deem prudent to adopt the other. Respecting education it was deemed necessary to form one grand university when practicable in Ontario, such university to be established in Toronto or elsewhere. A large commission was appointed to look after the matter. There are at present six or seven educational institutions having 101 professors and more than 5000 pupils. The endowments exceed $400,000.

Steamer Burned at Chatham.

CHATHAM, Sept. 13.—The steamer Queen Victoria was burned to the water's edge early this morning. The crew barely escaped with their lives. The fireman was severely burned. The crew suffer much personal loss. Capt. Stamour loses $200 in cash and a gold watch and chain. The steamer was insured for $10,000.

Stabbing Case at Cobourg.

COBOURG, Sept. 13.—About 8 o'clock this evening a carpenter named Hugh McDowell was found in a hall on King street east fatally stabbed in the neck and abdomen. He has been drinking considerable lately. The affair is a mystery and very little can be learned of it at present.

WALL PAPER MAKING.

THE DOMINION PAPER MAKING AND STAINING CO., LIMITED.

A New Start in Yorkville Manufacturing Interests—A Large Concern to Increase Their Manufacturing Facilities—A Five Years' Good Showing.

Our Yorkville citizens are considerable elated over the expected increase in the manufacturing prospects of the new, or rather old, wall paper making concern of M. Staunton & Co. The business of this firm commenced over 27 years ago and has gradually grown from the small affair started at that time to the present concern which has amalgamated with several capitalists under the name of The Dominion Paper Making and Staining company, limited. This addition of manufacturing capital is absolutely necessary, in consequence of the increased demand for wall paper in this country, which has for so long drawn the bulk of its supplies from Europe or the United States. Under the now protective tariff of thirty per cent it becomes a question whether or not this company cannot with the immense power invested in them by the allowances of their charter regulate prices and control the wall paper market in this country, for there are no competitors save a very small one near Montreal now existing in the dominion. To them will be a monopoly of this profitable business.

Not only does the company intend to print and stain its own paper, but if it becomes necessary they can by the powers vested in their charter commence at any time and manufacture the necessary paper used by them, as well as sell various grades to others which will naturally save a middle profit and greatly increase the value of their works, as well as swell the receipts of the company. In addition to the selling of wall paper to Canadian dealers, this enterprising company proposes to cross the border and sell their goods in the western and southern states, for they now claim that they can manufacture at such low rates that allowing 25 per cent. duty to be paid the United States revenue (against a protective dominion rate of 30 per cent) they then can sell at lower prices than our neighbors across the border, and especially does this apply to the lines of very fine grades of goods which the firm proposes to manufacture. In order that the object of the company may be more definitely understood a few notes copied from their circular and examination sheet will explain itself.

The concern is a joint stock company with capital of $300,000 or 3000 shares of $100 each.

It is proposed to acquire the premises, stock in trade, machinery, patterns, plant and good-will of the manufacturing and wholesale business of M. Staunton & Co., known as the dominion paper staining factory and to carry on throughout the different provinces of Canada and elsewhere, the business of the manufacture, purchase and sale of all kinds of paper, paper hangings, wall decorations and kindred materials, and to acquire, purchase, construct, lease, own, mortgage and dispose of all lands, buildings, machinery, patent rights, trade marks, patterns and such other property as may be or become necessary or desirable in connection with the carrying on of such business and to act as agents for other companies and firms manufacturing or dealing in paper, paper hangings, wall decorations and kindred materials, and if necessary, as mentioned before, to manufacture paper as well.

The price to be paid for this purchase is $100,000, payable one half in $50,000 in stock of the concern. Not only does the company purchase Mr. Staunton's entire interest, but it also binds them not to set up a rival concern or engage in the same business for the long term of 15 years. The agreement is a very stringent one indeed, and can be seen at the office of the company's financial agents in Toronto.

To the here it would be well to tabulate the report of Messrs. Kerr and Anderson as to the annual sales and profits of M. Staunton & Co. for the past five years. These returns show a very fine profit indeed, and with the increase of different branches of the business a still finer showing can be made.

THE STATEMENT IS AS FOLLOWS.

For the year ending 31st May,	1879, ..	$70,600 00
" " " "	1879, ..	62,000 00
" " " "	1880, ..	70,000 00
" " " "	1881, ..	95,000 00
" " " "	1882, ..	100,000 00

And the profits as stated in the same report for the last four years are as follows:

For the year ending 31st May,	1879, ..	$20,478 81
" " " "	1880,	20,467 74
" " " "	1881, ..	26,867 33
" " " "	1882, ..	26,873 39

These profits allow for all wear and tear of machinery, and is clear profit upon the business.

These receipts cannot but attract the business eye, and when it is taken into consideration that from a surplus of about 27 to 28 per cent a good dividend can be paid as well as a sinking fund created to guard against emergencies of loss, etc., it becomes a thinking matter among investors whether or not this stock is not a good line for investment.

The situation of the company's works near the Ontario and Quebec railroad give first-class facilities to the company for shipping their goods direct from the factory. The factory as it now stands is 40 feet wide by 300 feet long, especially designed for the business, but the large acreage of land rapidly increasing in value by the rise of real estate adjoining the railroad will allow ample facilities for the immense increase of floorage room which it is proposed to build for accommodating the large business they intend to push forward.

HANDS EMPLOYED.

Wallpaper making, handled as it is by so much improved machinery, necessitates the employment of fewer hands than almost any other branch of business, therefore the employment of seventy-five to eighty persons around this establishment as in the present instance supplied, shows what a constant demand is continually being made for the home made article. The wages of these employed are in some instances quite large, the pay roll showing an average of $40,000 per year. This is quite an amount for one firm to distribute at the northern end of Yonge street.

One of the most pertinent questions naturally arrise as to the personnel of the board and who is to manage the concern; for some very large institutions with fine prospects have often died, through want of the right men in the right place, or men entirely conversant with the business; they undertake to manage. In this instance it can hardly be seen where any fault can be found in the list here presented, for three out of the six names appearing on the board as directors are old and well-known paper manufacturers, and the remaining gentlemen are well known and successful business men of this city, whilst the manager of the new firm is Mr. Albert A. Staunton of the old firm of M. Staunton & Co. The following is the list of gentlemen comprising the board of directors:

JOHN J. WITHROW, Esq., president Toronto Industrial exhibition.

JOHN R. BARBER, Esq., paper maker, Georgetown, president Toronto Paper Manufacturing company.

JOHN F. TAYLOR, Esq., of Taylor Bros., paper manufacturers, Toronto.

EGMUND GUNTHER, Esq., merchant, Toronto.

ALBERT A. STAUNTON, Esq., of M. Staunton & Co., Toronto.

THOMAS HOYES MCCAUL, Esq., of Toronto, builder and valuator.

Mr. A. A. Staunton, the manager, has been connected with the business for nearly twenty years, and will have a large interest in the company as a shareholder. This alone ought to ensure a correct management of a firm that has stood the test of many years under this same gentleman's direction.

The stock of the new concern has been placed upon the market for sale, and a large amount has already been subscribed for. With the increased manufacturing facilities attached to the works and the erection of other factories contemplated, we shall soon have the northern part of the city productive enough in mills to gladden the heart of the Ontario and Quebec freight department.

Police Court Yesterday.

Mr. Denison presided at the police court yesterday. John W. Bell, John Menway, Jane Carr, Sarah Richards, John B. Thompson, Henry Purchase, Wm. Watson of Stratford, and Timothy O'Riley of Algoma, all charged with being drunk were discharged. Jennie Douglas, Micheal Doheny and Michael McKinner, alias Patrick Healy were fined $1 and costs or thirty days for the same offence as the above. Frank Bruce from Mass., for being disorderly on York street, fined $1 and costs. Eliza Sweeny, charged with committing an aggravated assault upon her husband, was remanded till the 20th September, in order to give her a chance to retain her character in the meantime. Alfred Gallow was brought forward to answer the charge of having stolen a silver watch from one John McDermott. The case was adjourned till the 20th September, and the prisoner was let out on his own bail for $200. The following persons were charged with being vagrants, and having no lawful means for supporting themselves: John E Smith, Minnie Brown, T. H. Hall and Samuel Pillow. Smith, who claimed to hail from Algoma was allowed to depart and his case was adjourned till to-day. Minnie Brown was remanded till tee 21st September. Hall was discharged and Samuel Pillow's case was held over till September 21st. The case against William Pinkham for breech of the liquor law was dismissed.

House of Ill-Fame Raided.

Yesterday morning a man named David Finlaston notified the police authorities that he had been robbed off $50 at 42 Centre street on Tuesday night. A posse from No. 2 searched the house last night and arrested the inmates. The police found one man and two women in the house. The man gave his name as Malcom Macdonald. A woman named Jenny Shea is charged with being the keeper of the house. The other woman, whose name is Kate Devine, is charged with being a habitual frequenter. Besides these charges there is the charge of larceny against all three. As the officer was searching for the money he saw through a large mirror, Macdonald stoop down and throw something quickly under a sofa. The officer thought it was the money, but on searching found a revolver.

A Domestic Jar.

Eliza and George Sweeney, two tough-looking characters, appeared before the police court yesterday, the former charged with committing an aggravated assault on the latter, who is her husband. The woman had both her eyes blackened and the man had his head bandaged up in consequence of having been struck by his wife with a bottle. Sweeney did not wish to prosecute and was willing that his wife should be let off, as he said they were both very anxious to sign the pledge. They were allowed to depart and the case was adjourned till Sept. 20, and if they live sober and peaceful lives in the meantime they will be discharged.

Grand Orange Lodges.

A movement is on foot to rearrange the boundaries between the grand orange lodges of Quebec, Ontario east and west. Quebec contains only 75 lodges, Ontario east 400, and Ontario west 600. It is proposed to add to Quebec the counties of Prescott, Russell, Carleton and Renfrew; these would greatly increase the representatives in that jurisdiction and enhance the interest taken in the grand lodge of that province. In return for this the counties of Ontario, north and south, Muskoka and Parry Sound are to be taken from Ontario west and given to Ontario east.

A Mysterious Burning.

A young man named Joseph Patterson, residing on the Kingston road, went to Stouffville with some little nephews of his. When he returned his mother observed a burn on his thumb and required the cause. He said he did not know. When she was preparing to dress it with salve he exclaimed, "Mother! you are hurting my arm." This led to an examination when it was seen that the left arm, side and legs were black. Dr. Carroll was sent for and found all of his left side burnt to a crisp. He says the young man will not likely recover.

Holman Opera House.

Manager Conner says the strangers have found out this new and commodious house (late Adelaide street rink) and that he had the best audience of the season last night. The company presented the Lakes of Killarney in fine style. Miss Sallie Holman filled the part of Kate Kearney very acceptably and the support and scenery were up to the mark. The Mascot is announced for to-night and the remainder of the week. The company has this lively opera down fine.

The Fair Yesterday.

The fair grounds were deserted yesterday afternoon, owing no doubt to the rain and the counter attraction at the park.

All the events were postponed. The departments are now completed in the manufacturing exhibits, and the display is admitted to be the best ever shown in the dominion. The city is beginning to fill up, and all the hotels are already crowded. The Toronto public would do well to visit the exhibition as soon as possible, so as to avoid the crowds of later weeks. The management of the various lines and excursion trains has so far done everything that could be desired.

A HIGH CLASS CONCERT.

Some Fine Singing at the Gardens Last Night—The Vice-Regal Party Present.

The announcement that the Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise would attend the concert given in the gardens last night, failed to attract as large an audience as was expected. A guard of honor from the Queen's Own Rifles was on hand when the royal party arrived at the pavilion about 8.20, and by kind permission took seats surrounding the royal party. The concert was opened by the band of the Royal Grenadiers playing the national anthem. At the close of the anthem Signor Brignoli who had shortly before been notified in his dressing room, was by request of the princess conducted to the royal box by Col. Gzowski, and there presented first to the Marquis of Lorne and then to Princess Louise, who in turn presented the celebrated artist to Prince George. After the presentation the duett tree 1st part of the 1st number Addo by Donizetti, was rendered by Miss Mason and Sig. Poggi in a pleasing manner, Signor Adamouski played his various solos with good effects, but in his first number was quite unnerved by two of his violin strings breaking. Instead of playing Fantassie Caprice by Vienstemps, as was on the program, he gave Chopin's second Nocturne, and received an encore for which he rendered the Fantasie he was billed for, but unfortunately breaking another string during the execution. Sig. Poggi's solos were beautifully rendered, his voice being fresh and powerfully. Upon the third number of the second part a serenade written and dedicated by Sig. Brignoli to her royal highness the Princess Louise the celebrated tenor was cheered heartily and in this piece displayed the wonderful power of his strong voice, showing very distinctly in his rendition of M'Appari (Masta) in the most difficult parts, the songs M'Appari and Love Once Again. The mezzo soprano of Miss C. Mason was well received. Undoubtedly one of the greatest successes of the evening strongly marred by the non-appearance of a soprano, was the magnificent piano playing of Mme. Theresa Carreno, who performed Liszt's Rhapsodie Hongrois' number 6, which was vociferously encored to which she responded by playing Chopin's immortal Berceuse in the most charming manner possible In the second part of the program she performed Handel's Harmonious Blacksmith" with variations and Liszt's Campanella. Both of these works were executed in the most perfect style, showing out the delicate nuanses and various tone colorings at one moment and in the next thundering forth in bravura passages with superb effect. Madame Carreno is sure to receive a "bumper" house should she again visit Toronto. There were two concert grand pianos used at the concert—one by Weber of New York for solo purposes, and the other by Steinway of New York merely for the accompanist, Mr. Pratt, who is a well-known and brilliant pianist. The royal party occupied seats in the end gallery and it is to be regretted that the weather did not permit a better house. Carriages were ordered at 10.15 p.m.

The government house holds its own at the Grand. People never tire of Baker & Farron. They are as good as ever. Go and see them. The engagement closes to-morrow night.

While riding a street car horse on George street yesterday a lad named Thompson collided with a buggy driven by Mr. Stoddard, who was thrown to the ground and sustained a severe shaking

HARD ON THE GALLANT A. D. C.

Galt Reformer: While we have no particular desire to apologize for the dominion government's treatment of the militia, we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that this playing at war is a pretty expensive business, and that there is a good deal of humbug connected with it. There are always in every community a number of gentry who imagine themselves heaven-born soldiers, or who, like Col. Gzowski, crave for distinction in some walk of life, and join the militia in the belief that there is less competition in that than in any of the other avenues of fame. The pastime is harmless enough in its way, but it is a little too expensive to be popular with the taxpayers. The officers of the force are forever making complaint that the government and the public do not show them that deference and consideration to which their importance entitles them. The whole truth of the matter is that we Canadians are not a warlike race; sensible people look upon the "force," with its self-satisfied officers, as more ornamental than useful, and believe that public money could be put to better use than catering to the whims of Colonel Gzowski and other tuft-hunters who appear to think that the chief end of man is to rub shoulders with royalty.

SCORE ONE FOR THE WORLD.

Brockville Times: The Guelph opera house lottery has gone down under the turdy blows of The Toronto World. Three trustees have resigned, the manager is in a funk, and Hon. Oliver Mowat yet continues to take the matter under consideration. Score one or The World and a blank for the christian premier.

WHAT THEY ARE SAYING.

Yester was a mean day.—Everybody.

And yet we marched splendidly along King street.—The Queen's Own and Grenadiers.

And better still when you returned half drowned.—The Public.

We turned out well ourselves yesterday.—The Umbrellas.

We must live.—The Pickpockets.

Didn't we sing loyally at the park address.—The Conductor.

We never fail when you are before us.—The Chorus.

I was larger than usual last night—the princess smiled on me.—Henry Pellatt.

The Toronto World, reform, has the following.—Berlin News.

The bright and newsy little World.—Quebec Chronicle.

THE WORLD WOULD LIKE TO KNOW

If the princess isn't charming.

If there will be a rush to the auction sale at the Fernery on the 18th.

Where the little prince got those turn-down-corner collars.

If the junior bank clerks will take to them.

Who pays for all the guards, body and guards of honor.

Where Charley Brown got the Melton box coat.

And Bobbie the pelisse waterproof.

If the artillery caused the rain of yesterday by their heavy firing.

LIGHT WINDS AND FAIR WEATHER

TORONTO, Sept. 14, 1 a.m.—*For the lakes: Light, variable winds; fair weather; stationary or higher temperature.*

SAFE OVER THE SEA.

Date.	Steamship.	Reported at	From
Sept. 13—	Canada.....	New York	Havre
Sept. 13—	Bolivia.....	New York	Glasgow
Sept. 13—	City of Rome	New York	Liverpool
Sept. 13—	Fulda.....	Southampton	New York
Sept. 13—	Wisconsin.....	Queenstown ...	New York
Sept. 13—	Gallia.....	Queenstown ..	New York
Sept. 13—	Suevia.....	Hamburg	

THE NEWS OF THE NIGHT.

FRANCE AND CHINA WANT AN AMICABLE SETTLEMENT.

Friendly Negotiations in Progress—An Ugly Outlook in Croatia—Waste Land in the United Kingdom—Old World Notes.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—It is asserted that the negotiations relative to the Tonquin question are being conducted on both sides with a sincere desire of arriving at an amicable solution. The English and American diplomatic representatives confirm the above. The French foreign minister will shortly take furlough, probably till October. Prime Minister Ferry will assume his functions.

The Debats thinks the basis of the present negotiations is less favorable to France than the treaty made at Pekin. The Chinese should be given to understand that the desire of France for peace has certain limits.

Figaro states that the British ambassador at Paris had a long interview with the French foreign minister yesterday, and urged the danger to European commercial interests should a war result.

CANTON, Sept. 13.—Business has been resumed. There are only a few foreign merchants in trade here, the tea traffic having drifted to other localities. The inhabitants here have the reputation of being especially turbulent.

THE CONFLICT IN CROATIA.

Mad Notables—The Disturbance Assuming a Serious Character.

AGRAM, Sept. 13.—It is stated that the Hungarian premier had a stormy interview yesterday with several Croatian notables. The notables after excitedly detailing the wrongs under which Crostia had suffered, promised to fulfil certain conditions proposed by the Hungarian government. The disturbances in the interior are more frequent and conflicts with troops are assuming a serious character.

PESTH, Sept. 23.—The prime minister's organ fears that the outbreak in Crostia is well organized, and to suppress it effectually troops will have to be forwarded.

The Father of the Reformation.

WITTENBERG, Sept. 18.—The celebration of the quarter centenary of Martin Luther's birth was a great success. Portraits of Luther and mottoes from his sayings and writings were displayed in many windows. The number of visitors is estimated at 50,000. At Schloss Kirche the crown prince placed a splendid laurel wreath upon Luther's grave. "The crown prince said: May this festival serve as a holy exhortation to uphold the great benefits of the reformation, and strengthen our resolution to be ready always to defend the evangelical creed of liberty conscience and religious toleration. May Luther's anniversary help to strengthen the protestant feeling. May it preserve the German evangelical church from disunion, and lay the foundation of everlasting peace.

Waste Land in the United Kingdom.

BIRMINGHAM, Sept. 13.—At the trades' unions congress to-day, Joseph Arch offered a resolution that considering the large amount of waste land in the kingdom capable of cultivation, radical changes in the land system of the country are required, that the land may be put under productive cultivation for the benefit of the community, thereby offering a check to excessive emigration. The resolution was adopted with an amendment calling upon the government to declare such land government property.

A Bad Day for Italian Vessels.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The Italian bark Serena, from New York for Bilboa, has been totally wrecked at the latter port.

FREEPORT, L. I., Sept. 13.—The Italian steamship Independent was driven on the shore at Jones' Inlet this morning during a fog, loaded with 1000 tons of sulphur and 1000 boxes of lemons and oranges. The 160 passengers and crew were saved.

The Trial of O'Donnell.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—A number of important witnesses in the O'Donnell case have already arrived. A number of Irish detectives and several witnesses from America are here. English detectives have just returned from America with valuable information concerning the extent of the fenian conspiracy.

THE OLD WORLD IN BRIEF.

The troubles at Agram are increasing.

The bank of England has advanced its rate of discount 3½ per cent.

A serious change for the worst has occurred in Bismarck's condition.

The emperor of Austria and King Alfonso laid the last stone on the new town hall at Vienna yesterday.

The North German Gazette denies that the powers are irritated against Russia because of recent events in Bulgaria.

An unknown Norwegian vessel was sunk in the English channel yesterday by a collision, twelve persons being drowned.

Admiral Sir Richard Colinson is dead. He commanded the Enterprise expedition which left in 1850 in search of Franklin.

The health of the members of the Stanley expedition is very bad. In the face of this, Stanley asks for more European volunteers.

LATEST SPORTING NEWS.

The Peds.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 13.—Score of walking match at midnight: Hart 319, Ellison 287, Panchot 299.

Fox Proposes a Fight.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—R. K. Fox announces as there is no probability of a prize fight between Mitchell and Slade coming off he will offer $5000 to be fought by them under the new rules of the London prize ring, with small gloves, the fight to take place the first week in November.

Racing at Sheepshead Bay.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, Sept. 13.—First race, mile, Dan K won, Lytton 2d, Elwina 3d; time 1.47. Second race, mile and a furlong, Aranza won, Farewell 2d, Duplex 3d; time 1.59. Third race, mile and a half, Miss Woodford won, Referee 2d, All Hands 3d; time 2.42. Fourth race, 1¾ miles, Apollo won, Hartford 2d, Nimblefoot 3d; time 1.19½. Steeplechase inside course, Disturbance won, Abraham 2d, Pasha 3d.