

to safeguard the boy's life, and course thunders through the streets summoning to the bedside of the wounded youth all the skilled physicians that could be found in Lisbon. The latest bulletin from the bedside of Prince Manuel stated that at present there is no danger of complications from the wounds. The greatest fear is of the possibility of blood poisoning later.

**Sensation in Rome**  
 Rome, Feb. 1.—The news of the assassination of King Carlos and the crown prince of Portugal at Lisbon created a tremendous sensation in Rome, both the Quirinal and the Vatican. King Victor Emmanuel at once telegraphed to the Queen of Portugal, who is his cousin, his most profound sorrow and expressed his warmest sympathy. The Vatican was informed of the assassination by the Papal Nuncio at Lisbon. The Pope had retired for the night and his holiness was not to be disturbed. Therefore, the news of the terrible tragedy will not be communicated to him until the morning.

**The News at Washington**  
 Washington, Feb. 1.—Official news of the assassination of King Carlos and the Crown Prince of Portugal was received here late tonight through a cablegram from Minister Bryan at Lisbon, which conveyed the simple announcement of the commission of the crime. President Roosevelt was at once notified by Acting Secretary of State Bacon and expressed his deep sorrow. He will tomorrow send his formal expressions of grief to the royal family. Government officials and members of the diplomatic corps were shocked at the news, and on every hand were heard words of sorrow over the tragic ending of the Portuguese monarch and the heir to the throne.

**The Late King**  
 King Carlos of Portugal acceded to the throne on the death of his father, King Luis, in Oct., 1889. At that time the relations between Great Britain and Portugal were strained over conflicting interests in East Africa. A month after the king's accession an ultimatum was delivered to Portugal by Lord Salisbury. The Portuguese were greatly incensed against the British, but, largely through the efforts of King Carlos, the latter was able to meet friendly relations with Great Britain at the opening of the cortes next year.

In the following year a financial crisis arose, and the king in 1892 made himself immensely popular by relieving one-fifth of the civil list of himself and the royal family, thus handing over to the public treasury £230,000 a year.

In 1895 the king visited England for the first time after his accession. He was met at Charing-Cross by the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha and entertained at Sandringham by the then Prince of Wales. He was made a Knight of the Garter by the Queen. Since that time the relations between Portugal and the ruling house of England have been most friendly.

In 1901 the king visited England to attend the funeral of the late Queen Victoria. While there he received a delegation from the Evangelical Alliance and promised toleration to all Protestants in his dominions.

In 1903 the king again visited Britain and the same year King Edward returned to the throne. King Carlos was made an admiral of the fleet.

King Carlos was a scientist of no mean order. For years he conducted researches into oceanography, and in 1887 an expedition which he headed was also an artist of high ability.

His queen, Marie Amelie, daughter of the Comte de Paris, he espoused in May, 1886. She was a woman of high tastes, being a qualified medical practitioner. His eldest son, Luiz Philippe, was born in March, 1887, and the second, Prince Manuel, in November, 1889.

The king and queen visited England last fall, and were present at the state banquet given at Windsor castle, when five reigning sovereigns of Europe were present.

In 1893 an attempt was made on King Carlos' life, as he was being driven through Lisbon.

**How Disorder Arose**  
 The trouble, which has culminated in this tragedy, has its origin in the inability of either of the two royalist parties in Portuguese politics to form an efficient government. For years there has been a struggle between the regenerators, or Conservatives, and the Progressists, or Liberals. Senhor Hintze Ribeiro was leader of the former, and Senhor de Castro of the latter. Neither of them was elected.

In 1901 Joao Franco came to the fore as leader of a coalition party, with a policy of social and economic reform and efficient party control of the administration. In May, 1906, Franco was chosen prime minister. At the elections in August he failed to obtain an absolute majority in the Chamber of Deputies, while four Republican members were elected. Obstruction was manifested directly he tried to carry out his policy, and continued into the early months of 1907. Then a students' riot broke out at the University of Coimbra, owing to the authorities' refusal to give a degree to a student on the ground of objections to his moral character.

The opposition in the Chamber of Deputies took up the matter, and after making some changes in the university, Premier Franco published a decree, on May 11, dissolving the chamber.

Franco was supported by the Kings, despite the protests of both parties, and of all the threatened interests, who declared that his action was illegal. He replied that he had been months of parliamentary strife he found it impossible to govern with a parliament and to carry out his legislative program. He said that public order demanded the dissolution of the chamber, but government by decree was only a transitory phase, and as all parties knew how to perform their duty, the chamber was re-opened. Meanwhile individual rights would be respected, the people's liberties would not be infringed, and the financial situation would be relieved.

The Lisbon municipal council was dissolved on June 6th by official decree, owing to administrative irregularities, and an administrative commission under Senhor de Melo Souza was substituted for it.

As a result of riots in Lisbon on June 18 a number of people were killed, the authorities having used armed force to repress a demonstration hostile to the premier on his return to the capital from Oporto. After that for a time all was quiet. The government took steps to repress the violence part of the press, and began to reorganize the public services and check

extravagance and abuses in all departments. Decrees were issued on August 24 promulgating a new decoration scheme, with the object of rendering the university independent of political parties and admitting more efficient professors and teachers. The police system was also reorganized. The administrative activity of the government further resulted during the year in a reduction of the house tax, an advance of pay for state servants, a weekly holiday, a national pension and insurance fund, a liquidation of the royal finances, and laws protecting the port wine and grain trades.

By the end of November Premier Franco had all parties—Conservatives, Liberals and Republicans—solidly arrayed against him, and there has since then been almost continual turmoil, with recurrent rioting. Public ill-will was directed against King Carlos by his refusal to terminate Franco's practical dictatorship.

**Formidable Plot**  
 Reports emanating from many parts of Portugal, and through Madrid, in Spain, within the last few months, have indicated that trouble was brewing for Portugal, and that revolutionary war had been put down, the police on January 23, came upon a widespread plot to overthrow the monarchy and proclaim Portugal a republic. The plot was organized by a small group of advanced republicans, and the original intention was to assassinate Premier Franco and depend upon the secret republican labor organizations, armed with bombs and revolvers, to complete the work of revolution in the streets. But the police raided the meeting of the conspirators and made a number of arrests, seizing quantities of bombs and other weapons, and since that other raids have been made in Lisbon, with the result that the police believed they had the revolutionaries well in hand. Each day, however, brought new evidences of the ramifications of the plot to remove the heads of the state and establish republicanism in the country.

A treaty with England, however, not only provides for assistance from that country in the event of foreign invasion of Portugal, but is also designed to safeguard the crown against any effort from revolution in the form of an attempt upon the monarchy itself.

Dom Miguel, of Braganza, head of the house of Braganza, who formerly reigned over Portugal, and pretender to the throne, is likely to come to the front again. He is the uncle of King Carlos and the Crown Prince. The father of Dom Miguel was the late King Miguel I. Duke of Braganza, who seized the throne from his niece, Queen Maria II, daughter of Emperor Pedro I, of Brazil, and was king of Portugal from 1832 to 1834, at which latter date Queen Maria was restored to the throne. There have been numerous rumors of rebellion with the object of placing Dom Miguel on the throne, but recently they have given serious consideration. Last June Dom Miguel, through the medium of the newspapers of Vienna, announced his readiness to fill any vacancy in the Portuguese throne arising from the constitutional dispute in that country.

It was long ago stated that the result of the political crisis in Portugal might not determine whether a new better order of government should prevail, but whether monarchical rule should not give way to a republican form of government. The republicans desired the Francoist exposing the practices of the monarchist parties, administered a blow to the prestige of the King and the monarchy, from which they could never recover and had made a republic a probability.

**Reorted to Repression**  
 Premier Franco had promised to hold elections at an early date if conditions in the country would permit, but his recent tactics of repression, the opposition led him within the last month to take repressive measures and to set aside, for the present at least, the thought of holding the elections. His life has been more than once threatened, and he was compelled to sleep in a different house each night, and go about protected by a guard.

In April, 1893, an attempt was made on King Carlos' life as he was being driven through Lisbon, but it met with complete failure.

On January 30, 1896, an anarchist made an attempt upon the King, who was returning from the palace in an open carriage, after a drive. The anarchist threw a heavy stone, which narrowly missed the King's head, but hit the aide-de-camp riding with him, injuring him severely.

**Warned by King Edward**  
 On her return from a visit to London early in December, Queen Amelie took back a letter to King Carlos from King Edward, in which the British King gave it as his opinion that the dictatorship endangered the crown and recommended a return to the constitution.

King Carlos was a notable figure among the princes of Europe. He was a bon vivant, and easily showed a literary and artistic bent of mind. He was fond of music and was skilled with the brush. Despite the fact that he was a monarch, the King was a noted athlete, being particularly skilled as a swimmer and known as one of the most remarkable swimmers of his time. He was fond of hunting, and devoted a great deal of his time to that sport at his estate at Villa Vicosa. The King was devoted to Queen Amelie, who was famous as the most beautiful queen in Europe.

Of the Crown Prince little is known, except that he appeared to be very different from his father in disposition. It recently was reported that the Crown Prince had had a disagreement with the King over the abdication of Carlos in favor of his son, and that the Crown Prince had been banished from Lisbon, but this was denied and shortly after the circulation of this report the two were seen in close companionship.

**On Narrow Charge**  
 Vancouver, Feb. 1.—J. N. Vigeant yesterday acquitted on the charge of having swindled the public in the matter of bogus fire insurance, for which offense his partner, J. C. Bourque was given twelve months, has been re-arrested on another charge. The time it is alleged Vigeant obtained money under false pretenses by representing himself as the agent of the Montreal Star. It is alleged that he had obtained a paper in different parts of the city, and raised upwards of \$50 in subscription money. The fact that the Montreal Star is a newspaper is believed by the police to be the reason why he acted at the game, which is alleged, he worked. He will come up for trial on Monday.

Eels have invaded the water mains supplying the east side of New York city, and the water is tainted at several places. The pipes have become choked.

**AGREEMENT REACHED AT COAL CREEK MINES**  
 Compromise in Regard to Company's New Rules For Timbering

Pernie, B. C., Feb. 1.—The strike at the Coal Creek coal mines, after three days' duration, has now ended. The miners interviewed the management yesterday and came to an amicable arrangement satisfactory in every way. The following report was issued today:

"The cause of the stoppage of work at Coal Creek is that the management has been forcing a new system of timbering at Nos. 2, 5 and 9 mines, thereby taking away the right of the miner to protect himself and make himself safe, the old system of timbering being that a man could put timber where and when he thought proper. The new system, enforced by the management, requires that before putting timber in had to wait to get instructions from the fire bosses. In the minds of the men this custom was against the mining act. They offered to continue working under the old system of timbering until Feb. 10, when the joint board of this district and the operators' association would sit to discuss the grievances of the miners and superintending being away, the general manager would not commit himself in any way whatever; therefore they all went out on strike. The superintendent arrived before they could get a proper understanding. The following understanding was reached:

"That each miner has to timber to keep himself safe and put in timber as he thinks fit as the local conditions require, but in case conditions warrant that timbers are not to be used to an excessive amount. If in the latter case timbers are put up, the management reserves the right to decline to pay for them, in which case the miner putting them up may refer the matter for settlement as provided for by the agreement of May 4, 1904."

**MANY SNEAK THIEVES**  
 Vancouver's Crime Epidemic—Attempt Made to Steal Two-Horse Power Motor

Vancouver, Feb. 1.—Sneak thieves are operating in different parts of the city. Complaints are coming into the police office of things being entered and articles taken.

One resident of the west end reported yesterday that while his wife was out for a few minutes some one entered the house and stole several articles of clothing as well as other things. There are a large number of suspicious characters around, and the police are maintaining a diligent lookout for them.

The robbery of chicken coops still continues, though during the past few weeks it has been confined mostly to the Chinese district. A number of the Chinese are under suspicion, and an order has been issued for the police to search two or three of the chicken coops in the Chinese section of the city. The Chinese keep their fowl either on the roof of the house or in the basement, and in the former instance the chickens are kept in a cage. The police, who were informed of the robbery, are trying to locate the thieves.

**Royal City Wedding**  
 New Westminster, Feb. 1.—A marriage ceremony took place at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Wednesday afternoon, the contracting parties being Miss Maud Agnes Moore, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Moore, and Gordon E. Corbould, eldest son of Gordon E. Corbould, K.C. The ceremony, which was performed in the presence of a number of relatives and friends, was an exceedingly pretty one. The church was lavishly decorated for the occasion. The pastor, Rev. A. S. S. S. officiated.

**Children Die of Injuries**  
 New Westminster, Feb. 1.—Nora, the 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. J., who was playing in an explosion of dynamite in the house of her father at Mount Lohman, died last night in St. Mary's hospital. The child was brought out for the 3-year-old child, Dorothy, who is also in the hospital. Dorothy is very low today and cannot survive more than a few days.

**Police Patrol Signals**  
 Vancouver, Feb. 1.—Chief of Police Chamberlain, in company with some of the city officials, went down to Everett this morning to inspect the Gamewell system of police patrol signals, which is being installed in the city. It was found that definite steps towards installing a system in Vancouver will be taken in a few days, and this visit to Everett, one of the best cities in the Gamewell system is favorably regarded by the police department.

**Japanese Killed**  
 Vancouver, Feb. 1.—One Jap was killed and another injured in a falling tree up the Lynn valley yesterday afternoon. The dead man was Nomura, who lives on Powell street in this city, and the injured one is Soniyama. The man was working in the general hospital, where his condition is regarded as serious. The man was working with a gang of men on the Hastings road, cutting timber in the Lynn valley about two miles above the dam and near the waterworks intake pipe for North Vancouver. While falling a large tree, something went wrong and it dropped in the wrong direction. Nomura was caught beneath it and his life was crushed out. Soniyama jumped to get clear, but was pinned down by some of the heavy branches. It was the fact that he jumped that saved his life.

**DISPUTED LAW POINT**  
 Contention That Lapse of Six Months Prevents Prosecution on Theft Charge

Vancouver, Feb. 1.—Arthur Henderson, a big tall colored man was the cause of one of the most interesting legal tangles that has occurred in the police court for some time. Henderson was charged with stealing a pair of gold cuff links from John D. D., of the Atlantic hotel, last July. The argument was carried on from point to point as to whether or not he could be prosecuted, the offence having been committed over six months ago.

**Druce Sues For Libel**  
 London, Feb. 1.—George Hollambay Druce, who was recently defeated in his efforts to make good his claim to the title and estates of the late Duke of Portland, has begun a libel suit against Lord Grey. Druce's publication today of a lengthy report of the case, which contains certain reflections on him, is the cause of the suit.

**TRAGEDY OCCURRED IN THIS PROVINCE**  
 Alleged Murderer From Peace River to be Tried at Clinton

Clinton, Feb. 1.—The exodus of women from the restricted district on Canton and Shanghai streets last evening was the result of a riotous closing up the dives, is proving effective and by Monday all will be deserted. The emigration officers are sending every day the alien and every day fresh detachments are sent across the border. Yesterday there were seven women before the magistrate, and they will be held in jail for six months. While only about seventy of the one hundred and twenty-two women of the restricted district had been in court, the police say that the riotous closing up of the dives is proving effective and by Monday all will be deserted. The emigration officers are sending every day the alien and every day fresh detachments are sent across the border. Yesterday there were seven women before the magistrate, and they will be held in jail for six months. While only about seventy of the one hundred and twenty-two women of the restricted district had been in court, the police say that the riotous closing up of the dives is proving effective and by Monday all will be deserted.

**Six Months For Begging**  
 Vancouver, Feb. 1.—For begging in the streets a young man of rather good appearance was taken in by the police yesterday afternoon. In court he pleaded that he was asking for ten cents to buy a drink, and that he had been drinking hard, and had gone through his money. The court gave him six months in jail, suggesting that it would be a good cure for him.

**Vancouver Library**  
 Vancouver, Feb. 1.—The annual report of the library board for last year was reached in the following: "The number of books purchased during the year was 72,893, an increase of about 3,000 over the previous year. The total number of books in the library is 12,075, the increase by purchase during the year being 1,322. The opening of the reading and sitting-room for the unemployed is mentioned in the report, and a further suggestion is made. Professor Odium, as chairman considering that the board might go still further and proposed that the basement of the library building be used for a reading room, and that the benefit of boys who otherwise would be found in the streets at night, and a resolution a committee was appointed to inquire into the matter. The report will be read at the annual meeting, and report at an early date."

**The Vagrancy Law**  
 Vancouver, Feb. 1.—Magistrate Alexander today stated that he was strongly inclined to convicting George Moore, a colored man who formed one of the three men who were charged in the St. Ermin case, for vagrancy. He wants to satisfy himself as to what the law really means when it says "no visible means of subsistence." The man has two or three dollars in his pocket, it cannot necessarily be said that he has means of subsistence. The man who appeared for Moore, declared that if he had two or three dollars in his pocket he could not be held as a vagrant. "I would rather see it for myself. I will look it up," said the magistrate. Albert Craig, keeper of the St. Ermin house, who was sent down for six months, has appealed. He has been admitted to bail.

**WORK OF THE MINES**  
 Ore Production in the Boundary and Kootenay Districts for the Past Week

Nelson, B. C., Feb. 1.—Following are the shipments from the various mining districts, and the receipts at smelters for the southeastern districts of British Columbia for the past week, and up to date: Boundary, week 28,011, 69,332. Rossland, 5,945 and 22,011. East of Columbia river, 3,052 and 14,418. Total, 41,008 and 112,062. Grand totals for week 22,011; 69,332. Trail, 6,011 and 26,419. Northport, 1,240 and 8,270. Marysville, 675 and 3,020. Totals, 29,937 and 101,051.

**WANTS IMMUNITY FOR MEMBERS OF UNIONS**  
 Object of Bill Introduced Into House Yesterday by Socialist Member

(From Friday's Daily)  
 To prevent discrimination against the members of trade unions and to prevent employers taking steps to find out into any agreement either oral or written by the terms of which any employee of such person, firm or corporation, or any persons about to enter into any such agreement, or any corporation as a condition for continuing or obtaining such employment shall promise or agree not to become or cease to continue to be a member of any labor organization or trade union. It shall be unlawful for any employer or employers of labor, or any person acting on their behalf, to ask any person seeking employment, or any person already employed, by such employer or employers any question or questions that would divulge or tend to divulge as to whether such employee or prospective employee was or was not a member of a labor organization.

**ELECTION OF BISHOP**  
 Change in Procedure to be Proposed at Meeting of New Westminster Synod

New Westminster, Feb. 1.—The manner of the election of a bishop for the new Westminster diocese will be considered by the synod of that diocese at the annual meeting of the synod, which will be held in this city on Wednesday and Thursday of next week. The subject of the election of a bishop has been the cause of considerable dissatisfaction among the clergy as well as the lay members of the diocese.

At present a half of the number of lay delegates constitute a quorum, and a mere majority of those present, may be considered sufficient to elect a bishop, provided the lay delegates also agree on a mere majority. W. Norman Bole has given notice of a motion to the effect that it should require two-thirds of the members to constitute a quorum, and a two-thirds majority of those present to elect an incumbent for the important office of bishop.

The canons of the constitution dealing with the election of the bishop are of this nature: "The election of a bishop shall be made by a majority of the members of the synod, and in the event of a tie, the election shall be made by a majority of the members of the synod." It is proposed to change this to: "The election of a bishop shall be made by a majority of the members of the synod, and in the event of a tie, the election shall be made by a majority of the members of the synod."

**Steps at Salt Lake**  
 Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 1.—At the same time that the petition in equity, seeking the dissolution of the so-called Harriman railroad system in the western part of the United States, was filed in the United States district court for Utah today, the attorney general for the government, represented in court by C. A. Severance, of St. Paul, special assistant to the attorney general, filed a petition for an injunction against the United States, prayed for a writ of habeas corpus, and a non-resident witnesses, a formal motion which was allowed by Judge John Marshall. Mr. Severance would venture his opinion that the so-called issues will be joined and the actual trial of the cases begun. The defendants, all but three of whom live in no other state than Utah, are entitled to 20 days from the date to file an answer. If they are served before March 1, the answer should be handed in no later than March 20. If served after that date, the answer should be handed in no later than March 30. If served before March 1, they will have until

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**ENGELHORN ROUGH**

She Is Buffeted About In the South Atlantic

RIGGING GOES AWAY. CREW IN THEIR LIVELIES

(From Friday's Daily)

The British bark Eng Olsen, with 3800 tons of Hamburg for Seattle and towed by the Esquimaux being by the tug Lorne, encountered a heavy storm in the Strait of Juan de Fuca, which caused some damage to the rigging and injured the crew.

The rigging was damaged and the crew was injured. The bark was towed by the tug Lorne, and encountered a heavy storm in the Strait of Juan de Fuca, which caused some damage to the rigging and injured the crew.

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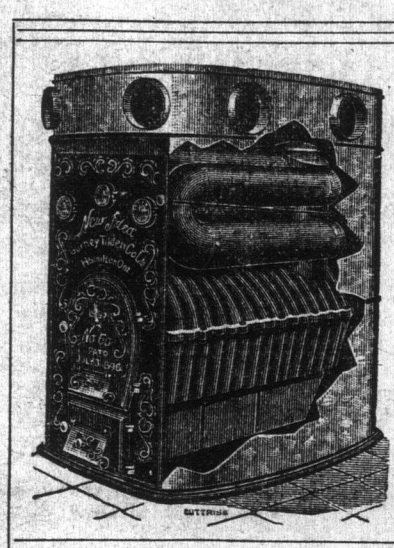
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**STEAMSHIP CONFERENCE**  
 Representatives of Atlantic Lines Endeavoring to Arrive at New Agreement

London, Feb. 1.—The conference of representatives of several trans-Atlantic steamship lines, which began yesterday, continued today. They were trying to arrive at a new agreement by which the long standing disputes over rates and other matters may be brought to an end, and they spent all day today seeking an understanding that would terminate the present rate cutting.

**FRENCH COMMENT**  
 President Roosevelt's Proposed Legislative Remedies Looked on With Doubt

Paris, Feb. 1.—The newspapers of this city publish President Roosevelt's latest message to the American congress in prominent positions. The French press is skeptical of the proposed legislative remedies, and looks upon them as a dangerous precedent.

**Brookville Schools Re-open**  
 Brookville, Ont., Feb. 1.—All schools closed on account of the influenza epidemic, have now re-opened on Monday, the disease having been practically wiped out.

**Another Bank Fails**  
 New York, Feb. 1.—The Home Bank of Brooklyn, an institution which a run was started yesterday, did not open for business today. The Home Bank is a small institution located in South Brooklyn. It has a capital stock of \$100,000 and a surplus and divided profit amounting to \$52,670. The deposits, which formerly averaged about \$50,000, have been reduced greatly since the October panic.

**Rev. Dr. Torrance Dead**  
 Guelph, Ont., Feb. 1.—Rev. Dr. Robert Torrance, D. D., one of the foremost Presbyterian ministers of Canada, died suddenly at his home here yesterday, aged 88 years.

**Banker Charged With Forgery**  
 Boise, Idaho, Feb. 1.—Horace E. Neal, cashier of the Capital State Bank, which failed last week, was arrested last night on the charge of forgery. It is stated that forged notes aggregating at least \$50,000 have come to light, and that they are turning up all over the state. Neal is a well-known banker, and his arrest has caused considerable excitement.

**Society Wedding**  
 London, Feb. 1.—There was a brilliant society wedding at St. Margaret's, Westminster, this afternoon, when Miss Florence Padelford, the daughter of Mrs. Ernest Cunard, was united in marriage to Robert Victor Grosvenor, eldest son of Lord Ebury. The gathering in the church was a notable one, and included many persons prominent in English society