

QUEEN PLAYED PART SWINGING IN RUMANIANS

King Ferdinand's Beautiful Consort Long an Ardent Pro-Ally.

HALF ENGLISH BY BIRTH

Impressed Upon Her Husband Necessity of Combating the Teutons.

[Canadian Press.]
New York, Aug. 28.—An officer of the medical corps of the British army, who has been in Russia and Rumania as a member of the British Red Cross commission, and who left Rumania only a few weeks ago, told last night of the part that the Rumanian queen has played in swinging her country in line as an ally of the entente powers. Owing to his official position this officer asked that his name be not used.

"If a woman," he said, "has had a powerful influence with respect to the position of Greece in the war, it may be said that a woman has exercised not a little influence as regards the Rumanian position. The queen of Rumania is enthusiastically pro-ally in her sympathies, which have been at no pains to conceal, for she is of a very outspoken disposition. While her husband is a Hohenzollern prince, he is far from sharing the strongly militaristic tendencies of the house of Hohenzollern. The queen is the daughter of an English prince by a Russian princess. Her father was the late Duke of Edinburgh, brother of King Edward, and uncle of the present King George, and her mother was the daughter of the Czar Nicholas I.

"The queen of Rumania is a beautiful and brilliant woman, to whom her husband, himself a man of marked ability, is devotedly attached. She is somewhat impulsive and unconventional and is greatly beloved by the people. Interesting herself in a number of philanthropic movements, since the outbreak of the war she has kept herself in touch with her English and Russian relations, and has been able to enlighten her husband with respect to certain facts which might not possibly have been otherwise duly impressed upon him."

KING CONSTANTINE IS AGAIN UNDER KNIFE

Greek Ruler Has Second Operation Since Losing Part of Rib.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—2:45 a.m.—King Constantine of Greece underwent a slight operation Sunday, according to Reuters Athens correspondent. The correspondent adds that the king recently has been indisposed, suffering from inflammation from the wound caused by the lost operation. King Constantine in June of 1915 suffered a relapse from an attack of pleurisy, which necessitated the removal of part of his tenth rib.



The Delight of Children

The self-developed, inner-flavor of New Post Toasties has a unique attraction for the kiddies—they even like them dry from the package for their lunches. A box of Toasties provides "eats" that will delight the children.

New Post Toasties are usually served with cream or good milk, in which form the flavor is more pronounced and the flakes more delicious. These New Post Toasties do not "chaff" or crumble in the package and they don't mush down when the milk or cream is added—both common defects of old-fashioned "corn flakes."

Then, too, notice the tiny "bubbles" on the flakes, produced by the quick, intense heat of a new patented process of making which imparts delightful crispness and a substantial body to the flakes.

New Post Toasties are a vast improvement over any old-style "corn flakes."

For tomorrow's breakfast

New Post Toasties

Made in Canada.

Sold by Grocers.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

RUMANIA FRANKLY SIDES WITH POWERS BELIEVES STRONGEST

Confident the Entente Nations Will Win.

CAN HELP SHORTEN WAR

Points Out That Italy Was Obligated To Leave the Alliance.

[Canadian Press.]
Paris, Aug. 28.—4 p.m.—La Liberté has received from Geneva a summary of the Rumanian declaration of war, as telegraphed from Vienna. It is a long document, in which Rumania sets forth her grievances. The persecutions of Rumanians by Austro-Hungarian officials is alleged, and it is charged that agreements which existed between Rumania and the former members of the Triple Alliance have been broken in letter and spirit from the time Germany and Austria entered on the war.

Italy, the declaration says, was obliged to detach herself from Austria and Germany. In conclusion, the communication sets forth as follows the motives in compelling Rumania to enter the war.

First—The Rumanian population in Austrian territories is exposed to the hazards of war and invasion.

Second—Rumania believes that by intervening she can shorten the war.

Third—Rumania places herself on the side of those powers which she believes can assist her most efficaciously in realizing her national ideal.

The note, after defining the purposes of the Triple Alliance, as constituted prior to the war, and after declaring that this alliance no longer existed after Italy declared war upon Austria-Hungary, read as follows:

"Rumania remained in the peace group of states, seeking to work in an effort to secure peace and conserve the situation, de facto and de jure, created by treaties. Rumania then found herself in the presence of powers making war for the sole purpose of transforming from top to bottom the old arrangements which had served as a basis for her treaty of alliance. These changes were for Rumania proof that the object she pursued in joining the Triple Alliance no longer could be attained, and that she must direct her efforts in new paths, especially as the work undertaken by Austria-Hungary threatened the interests of Rumania and her national aspirations. Consequently Rumania resumed her policy of action."

"The neutrality which Rumania imposed upon itself in consequence of a declaration of war made independently of its will, and contrary to its interests, had been adopted as the result of the assurances that Austria-Hungary, in declaring war against Serbia, was not inspired by a spirit of conquest or of territorial gains. These assurances have not been realized.

"Today we are confronted by a situation de facto threatening great territorial transformations and political changes, of a nature constituting a grave menace to the future of Rumania. The work of peace which Rumania attempted to accomplish in a spirit of faithfulness to the Triple Alliance, thus was rendered barren by the very powers called upon to defend it.

"In adhering, in 1882, to the group of central powers, Rumania was far from forgetting the bonds of blood constituting between them a pledge for her domestic tranquility, as well as for the improvement of the lot of the Rumanians of Austro-Hungary. In fact, Germany and Italy, who recognized the rights of the Rumanian population of their states on the basis of principle of nationality, could not but recognize the legitimacy of the foundation upon which their own existence rested.

"As for Austria-Hungary she found in the friendly relations established between her and Rumania, assurances of tranquility both in her interior and on our common frontiers, for she was bound to know to what extent the discontent of her Rumanian population had become a menace to her own good relations.

"For a period of 30 years the Rumanians of Austria-Hungary not only never saw a reform introduced but, instead, were treated as a foreign race and condemned to suffer the oppression of a foreign element which constitutes only a minority amongst the diverse nationalities constituting the Austro-Hungarian states.

Continual Animosity.
"All the injustices our brothers there were made to suffer maintained between her and Rumania, assurances of tranquility and the monarchy a continual state of animosity. At the outbreak of the war, Austria-Hungary made no effort to ameliorate those conditions. After two years of the war, Austria-Hungary showed herself as prompt to sacrifice her people as powerless to defend them. The war in which almost the whole of Europe was participating, raised the gravest problems affecting the national equilibrium and very existence of the states.

"Rumania, from a desire to hasten the end of the conflict and to safeguard her national interests, sees herself forced to enter into line by the side of those who are able to assure her realization of her national unity. For those reasons, Rumania, considers herself, from this moment on, in a state of war with Austria-Hungary."

INVASION OF HUNGARY BEGUN



Hermannstadt and Kronstadt, toward which Rumanians are driving, are shown just north of frontier.

Rumania Can Muster 900,000 Men

PARIS, Aug. 28.—2:30 p.m.—It is estimated that the effective strength of the army which can be mobilized by Rumania is about 900,000 men, including ten regiments of the Red Hussars and ten of the Black Hussars, and with an artillery aggregating four hundred and eighty 75-millimeter guns, 160 field guns belonging to the reserve and an unknown number of heavy guns.

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TRIPLE ALLIANCE ONLY DEFENSIVE, RUMANIA EXPLAINS

Non-Existent After Italy Entered the War.

NOTE TO COUNT CZERNIN

Disappointed With Attitude of Vienna in the Second Balkan War.

BUCHAREST, Aug. 28.—Via Petrograd and London, Aug. 28.—5:20 a.m.—The following is the text of the note handed to Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian minister to Rumania, at the conclusion of the meeting of the Rumanian crown council, which preceded the Rumanian declaration of war:

"The alliance concluded between Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy, according to the statements of these governments, had only a conservative and defensive character. Its principal object was to guarantee the allied countries against attack from the outside, and to consolidate the state of affairs created by previous treaties. It was in accordance with these peaceful tendencies that Rumania joined this alliance.

"Devoted to the development of her internal affairs and faithful to her resolution to remain as an element of order and equilibrium on the Lower Danube, Rumania never has ceased her devotion to the maintenance of peace in the Balkans. The last Balkan war, which destroyed the status quo, imposed upon her a heavy burden of conduct, but her intervention gave peace and re-established the equilibrium.

Disappointed With Vienna.
"For herself she was satisfied with the rectification of her borders which she had secured against aggression, and repaired certain injustices of the congress of Berlin. But in pursuit of this aim, Rumania was disappointed by the failure of the Vienna cabinet to take the attitude Rumania was entitled to expect.

"When the present war broke out, Rumania, like Italy, declined to associate herself with the declaration of war by Austro-Hungary, of which she had not been notified by the Vienna cabinet.

"In the spring of 1915 Italy declared war against Austro-Hungary. The Triple Alliance no longer existed and the reasons which determined Rumania's adherence to this political system disappeared."

Ontario Cabinet May Change Mind in Kitchener Issue

May Veto Proclamation or Permit an Injunction.

KITCHENER, Ont., Aug. 28.—It was learned tonight from a leader in political circles that there was still a chance of the Ontario Government vetoing the proclamation or allowing the anti-union injunction preventing the going into effect of the name Kitchener going into effect on Sept. 1st.

Tribute to Silence.
At a special meeting of the city council tonight, it was decided by the passing of the following resolution not to hold a demonstration on Friday next. The motion was made by Ald. Clegg and carried.

"That this city council, in special session is of the opinion that no greater tribute should be paid by the residents of this city to the memory of the late secretary of war, Earl Kitchener, than by foregoing the proposed celebration of the event and allow the new name of the city to take the place of Berlin in silence in view of the recent tragic and heroic death of Britain's great soldier and statesman off the Orkneys."

\$1,000.00 Reward Forfeited if Remedy Fails.

We hope this notice will reach the eyes of people who are troubled with constipation and bowel trouble. Dr. Hamilton's Pills have been guaranteed to cure any case within three days, and the above reward will be paid for any case resisting this great test of all remedies.

No prescription ever written could surpass Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. For years they have been curing the most obstinate cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches and sour stomach. Here is your chance to test Dr. Hamilton's Pills. If they fail—your money back for the asking. Be sure you get the yellow box, and insist on being supplied with only Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. 25c. at all dealers.

POINCARÉ SENDS CORDIAL WORDS TO RUMANIANS

Warm Welcome Into Entente Camp For the New Ally.

BERLIN IS VERY BITTER

Calls Rumania Ungrateful For Past Favors From Germans.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, Aug. 28.—President Poincaré has sent congratulatory telegrams to the kings of Rumania and Italy upon the recent declarations of war issued by those two countries. Premier Briand sent similar telegrams to Premier Brătianu of Rumania, Premier Boselli and Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy. President Poincaré's telegram to King Ferdinand reads as follows:

"At the time when the Rumanian people are answering the appeal of their oppressed brothers, and entering resolutely upon a glorious war in which they find assurance of realizing their national aspirations, I beg your majesty to accept for himself and for his noble country, France's most cordial wishes."

Premier Briand's message to Premier Brătianu reads:

"The entire French nation applauds the decision by which Rumania takes its place among the defenders of the cause of right and of civilization. I am happy to send you, in the name of the nation and of the Government of the republic, my heartfelt congratulations."

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, Aug. 28.—Midnight, via London, Aug. 28.—The people of Berlin received with remarkable calmness and resignation the announcement of Rumania's declaration of war against Austria-Hungary, and the German Government's step in recalling its states to Bucharest and declaring that a state of war existed between the two countries.

The situation was discussed there in all the cafes with the feeling that one more or less makes no difference. The Rumanian declaration was greeted with satisfaction, some of the evening papers called the central powers were not sleeping as the public might have thought.

Rumanian Minister Missing.
Monsieur Berlin has a little Rumanian mystery of its own. Thus far it has been impossible to locate Dr. Beldiman, the Rumanian minister. It was stated yesterday that he was at his home in a waiting room, but a inquiry showed that he was not there and had not been there. At the Rumanian minister would be in evidence tomorrow morning. Since early morning the Rumanian consulate and legation have been besieged by Rumanian residents of Berlin, who are waiting for the declaration of war to come. A bomb out of the sky, no warning of any sort having been given, Rumanians crowding the legation and waiting for the declaration of war to come. The intentions of the Rumanian Government.

Relief at Vienna?
Despatches from Vienna indicate that Rumania's decision caused no particular excitement, and almost everywhere in a sigh of relief that the worst now is known.

Rumania's declaration of war against Austria-Hungary, which was held at a meeting of the Federal Council, held at 10 o'clock this afternoon to consider the situation created by Austria-Hungary. The chancellor, Dr. von Hofmann, held a conference this morning with many political leaders, among them Dr. Kaas, the minister of the interior. Soon after the meeting a council was held at the chancellery's palace.

The afternoon newspapers devote much space to the discussion of the declaration of war by Italy and Rumania. The action of Italy is discussed generally with regard to the fact that it does not affect the situation, except that Italy might be expected to aid France with troops, which, for the time being, is regarded as unlikely.

Von Reventlow's View.
Bulgaria undoubtedly will follow the lead of Germany in declaring war on Rumania, in the opinion of Count Ernst von Reventlow, the minister of the Reichstag. Commenting on the action of Rumania, von Reventlow said:

"It may be assumed with certainty that Germany and her allies had counted upon Rumania's participation in advance. In view of the geographical situation, the presumption is inevitable that military developments would be permanent partial disability, and about 25 per cent are death cases," declares the board.

FOREST FIRES RAGING IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Hot Weather Is Cause of Several Bad Outbreaks.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 28.—The forestry department has received word of several forest fires as a result of the hot weather.

At Myrtle Point, Powell River, on lot 1,351, a serious fire is raging, and the fire-fighters are working day and night.

Additional fires are reported from Desolation Sound, Surge Narrows and Green Point Rapids as well as in District No. 5, of the Fraser River territory. No details have been received of any of these fires.

CONCESSION TO NEUTRALS

Those Born in England Can Declare for Citizenship When 21.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Aug. 28.—A cable to the Tribune from London says:

"The British Consul-General Skinner has announced that children born in Great Britain will be given to the age of 21 years and 2 months before being obliged to declare which country citizenship they wish to adopt, the war office made a concession affecting several thousand neutrals in this country.

"According to international practice, such individuals must make election when they attain the age of 21, but since the introduction of compulsory military service in Great Britain they have all been regarded as British subjects, to automatically become soldiers on their 18th birthday.

"The reply to Consul-General Skinner's query will likely prevent numerous cases of hardship due to uncertainty."

THREE FIRE VICTIMS BURIED AT WINGHAM

[Special to The Advertiser.]

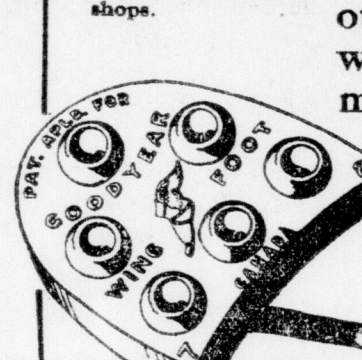
WINGHAM, Aug. 28.—The funeral of the three fire victims, Mr. and Mrs. Woodwell and Mrs. Woodwell's daughter, Miss Gertrude Woodwell, who lost their lives in New Liskard last week, was held at the Methodist church, where the services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Love of Wroxeter.

Some of the flowers used were from the town, and the funeral was a very simple one. The father and mother at one time conducted a grocery store in Wingham, and left for New Ontario some time ago. The daughter was private clerk to Dr. Bruce in Toronto, and was also a nurse, graduated from the nursing school at Wingham. Her brother Fletcher, who was a farmer not far from his parents, saw the place in flames, but could give no assistance owing to the intense heat. The next day, with the help of other people, recovered the remains of his relatives. Mrs. Woodwell was twice married. Her first husband's name was William. She was survived by children: Mrs. Fletcher, of Wingham, and Mrs. Thompson, of Wingham. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Greer, Fry, Graham, Thompson, Reid and Cruickshanks.

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Cost a little more than other heels—worth far more.



We guarantee Goodyear Wingfoot Air Heels to out-wear any other rubber heels you have ever worn, or any others you can now buy. Should they not meet this guarantee, return them to us at Toronto, or to any Goodyear Branch, and get a new pair free.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

CIRCLE OF IRON ABOUT THE ENEMY IS NOW COMPLETE

Bulgaria Is Between Upper and Nether Millstones.

VIEWS OF LONDON PAPERS

The Balance of Man Power in the Southeast Is Now Changed.

[Canadian Press Cable.]

LONDON, Aug. 28.—All the London morning papers devote the major part of their editorial space to the discussion of Rumania's entry into the war, emphasizing the economic, political and moral, as well as the military effects of this intervention.

With reference to the military significance of Rumania's action the papers all assert that the entry of Rumania alters the whole balance of man power in the struggle in the eastern and southern theatres, brings Bulgaria between the upper and nether millstones, and offers Russia a route to the heart of the enemy's country, a route, the defense of which involves a large extension of the enemy's line and an enormous increase in the enemy's responsibility.

The Daily News says: "It is the envelopment of the central powers which Rumania success would complete that is the capital fact of the situation. Economically the importance of Rumania's step is the loss to the central powers of the supplies they have been drawing from the big Balkan state."

The Express says: "Germany has been receiving cattle, wheat and petroleum from Rumania in great quantities. This supply is now cut off when the demand is more urgent than ever."

Will Have Effect on Greece.
Politically, the London papers believe that Rumania's entry is likely to have its most immediate effect in Greece, strengthening the hands of Venizelos and the pro-Entente party.

The Morning Post says: "For her invasion and weakness Greece is now suffering heavily, but there are signs that under the teaching of bitter experience the Greek people are coming to their senses. They will be wise to look to it that their repentance does not come too late."

The Daily Chronicle says: "Can the masses in the enemy's country continue to believe the legend of victory when they see this verdict passed by neutral statesmanship?"

The Daily Telegraph says: "Germany awakes after an orgy of hysterical delight over the safe return of a submarine from America to hear that the strongest armed European neutral is ranged against her, ready for instant action at the point of greatest peril to her defensive scheme."

\$22,000 WEEKLY PAID IN WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

Ontario Board Issues an Average of \$50 Checks.

TORONTO, Aug. 28.—The Ontario workmen's board, in a statement issued today, states that an average of 270 new claims are being allowed weekly. In addition to more than twice this number of continuances and pension payments, making a total of about 500 compensation checks in all issued each week. The average weekly amount of compensation being paid is about \$22,000.

"About 55 per cent of the accidents involve temporary disability only; about 12 per cent involve more or less permanent partial disability, and about 25 per cent are death cases," declares the board.

CAPT. JOHN ASTOR WEDS LORD NAIRNE'S WIDOW

Bride, Daughter of Lord Minto, Beamed Early in War.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—5:30 p.m.—Capt. John Astor of the 1st Life Guards was married this afternoon to Lady Charles Mercer Nairne at Christ Church, Cathedral of Holy Trinity, formerly of New York.

The bride is the widow of Lord Nairne, second son of the Marquis of Lansdowne, who was killed early in the war in France. She is a daughter of the late Lord Minto, who was formerly viceroy of India, and is 27 years old.

The bride and groom were accompanied by Mrs. George Nairne, formerly Lady Charles, and her two sons, Mr. John Duff, Kinross, and Mr. E. Colclough, Winnipeg, are daughters. The bride's father, Lord Minto, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Miners, Kinross, are sons. The funeral will take place to Kinross cemetery, Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. F. Bond Dead.
The death occurred suddenly this morning of Mrs. Fred Bond, Kinross. Mrs. Bond was 36 years of age. She leaves a husband, one child, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Miners, Kinross. The funeral will take place Wednesday to Kinross cemetery.

Death of Frank Walker.
The death occurred on Saturday of Frank Walker at Los Angeles, aged 74 years. Mr. Walker was a brother-in-law of E. Miller, mayor of Kinross. He left here over a quarter of a century ago, but had paid numerous brief visits to the town at various times since leaving here. He was well-known and highly esteemed, having been a contractor here in the early days.

The Lights of 65 Years Ago

ARE STILL DOING DUTY IN THE SHAPE OF

EDDY'S MATCHES

SIXTY-FIVE YEARS AGO THE FIRST CANADIAN MADE MATCHES WERE MADE AT HULL BY EDDY AND SINCE THAT TIME FOR MATERIALS AND STRIKING QUALITIES, EDDY'S HAVE BEEN THE ACKNOWLEDGED BEST.

WHEN BUYING MATCHES SPECIFY

EDDY'S

ON DEFENSIVE AT ALL POINTS

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, Aug. 28.—"On the Somme as at Verdun," we are leading in the offensive and dominating the adversary," says an official note reviewing last week's operations on the French front. "There is not a point in the general theatre of operations where the enemy is not actually reduced to the defensive, continues the note. 'Actions which we have undertaken continue despite the resistance or reaction of the enemy.'"

TWO WAYS OF ATTACK OPEN TO RUMANIANS, SAYS TIMES EXPERT

Can Invade Transylvania or Make an Advance Toward Sofia.

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The Times military correspondent, discussing the probable next step by Rumania, says:

"The strategic situation points to a combination of Rumania with the present Russian offensive. This line of attack will lead the Rumanian army into Transylvania, where a majority of the population favor the invaders. At the same time the passage of the Danube, an advance on Sofia and the breaking down of the Bulgarian power in co-operation with the allied forces at Salonika, has its attractions."

The Petrograd correspondent of the Morning Post says:

"Rumania's task obviously will not be confined to the Bulgarian front, where a decision would be merely of secondary consequence. Russia has ready commandable forces for use in the Balkans, composed of former Austro-Hungarian subjects, fully armed and officered partly by Austro-Hungarians and partly by Serbians. These forces have taken the oath of allegiance to the Emperor of Russia, and will fight under the Russian flag."

BRITISH GUNS GET RANGE OF ENEMY FAR IN THE FRONT

Successfully Attack Troops West of Bapaume.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Unfavorable weather is still interfering somewhat with operations in France, but tonight's official statement shows that the British continue counting gains, having captured 137 prisoners during the past 24 hours.

British guns have successfully fired on enemy troops between Bapaume and Miraumont, which indicates a range of little over three miles. Tonight's statement reads:

"Today our long range guns successfully fired on troops, and traffic in different places between Bapaume and Miraumont. The enemy's artillery shelled our front intermittently during the day, more especially between Pozieres and the Thiépval wood."

"On the other parts of the front our artillery and trench mortars have been active, especially opposite Calonne, Neuve Chapelle, between Auchy and Hazebrouck, and also west of Wittschaete. One hundred and thirty-seven prisoners have been captured by us during the past 24 hours."

"On the evening of the 26th a heavy storm overtook eight of our aeroplanes. Five of them have not returned."

DEATH OF WINDSOR NURSE SUBJECT OF INQUIRY

Detroit Physician Reports Case—Ex-pires In Doctor's Office.

DETROIT, Aug. 28.—Searching investigation will be made into the causes leading up to the death of Miss Reta Chesterfield, 25 years old, a nurse, who died in the office of a Gratiot avenue physician Sunday, while under an anesthetic.

Dr. Richard Leiman, the physician, notified prosecuting attorney and the coroner's office Sunday, and an autopsy has been ordered, but this evening had not been performed. Miss Chesterfield was well-known in Windsor when she trained at the Hotel Dieu up to last fall, when she graduated.

According to the story of the physician, Miss Chesterfield had attempted unsuccessfully to perform an operation upon herself and had come to Dr. Leiman for further treatment.

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