4 P.M. EDITION

London Advertiser

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41ST YEAR. NO. 17227 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1904. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE BIG ASSAULT HAS COMMENCED

Japanese Forces Are Now Attacking Port Arthur.

RUSS SHIPS AID IN DEFENSE

General Kuroki Assumes Offensive and Drives Enemy Back at Samatsza.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 9.—A special cable received by the News from its staff war correspondent says:

"Chee Foo, June 9. — The long-contemplated attack by the Japanese on Port Arthur begun early this morning. The Russian forces around the beleaguered city were reinforced by the troops which had garrisoned Dalny and Kin Chou. The Russian vessels in the harbor, with their great guns, aided the land forces in repelling the attack. The fighting still goes on."

RUSSIANS MOVING SOUTH.

Defeated in Battle Near Saimatze on June 7.

London, Friday, June 10. — Shanghai telegrams aver that the Japanese third army, under General Nogi, will assault Port Arthur, while the second army, under General Oku, will co-operate with General Kuroki.

The Daily Mail's correspondent at Tien Tsin learns that 10,000 Russian infantry, with several batteries of artillery, are entrenched in a strong position at Pochichia, twelve miles south of Kai Chau, and 25 miles from New Chwang. The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Fusan, telegraphing June 9, says the Russians, apparently taking the offensive, have reached Suihating, and are advancing along the railway. They are heavily reinforced."

A dispatch dated Russian headquarters, Liao Yang, June 9, says: "Two Russian battalions of infantry, a squadron of Cossacks and one battery of artillery, were engaged near Saimatze, June 7, against two Japanese regiments of infantry with artillery, but no cavalry. The Russian losses were 100."

LOST ONE HUNDRED.

St. Petersburg, June 9. — General Kuropatkin telegraphs to the Emperor under date of June 8: "A Japanese brigade attacked a Russian detachment occupying Saimatze on June 7. The Russians retired slowly, because of the enemy's superiority, towards Fen Chu Lin Pass. Our losses were two officers wounded and 100 soldiers killed or wounded."

BACK TO TAKU SHAN.

Che Foo, June 10.—Noon.—Chinese, who have arrived here from Takushan, say that the Japanese army of 20,000 men, who landed at Takushan last month and proceeded toward Feng Wang Cheng, presumably to reinforce General Kuroki, returned to Takushan, May 28. The Chinese believed that the Japanese had been defeated by the Russians, but it is regarded here as more likely that the advance toward Feng Wang Cheng and return to Takushan was simply a Japanese feint. The Chinese further report that a small body of bandits attacked the Japanese at Kin Chou, and that forty of the bandits were killed. It is also stated by the Chinese that a number of Russian officers have been court-martialed for diverting funds given them to pay Chinese for transport wagons.

JAPS FAILED.

Russian Headquarters, Liao Yang, Thursday, June 9, 3 p.m.—General Kuropatkin is expecting reinforcements, which, as soon as they arrive, will advance from Liao Yang, and important developments are expected.

Persistent reports are in circulation of a battle at Port Arthur, that place being attacked both by land and sea. Nothing definite is known, however, except that an attack made by the Japanese did not succeed.

DISLODGED THE RUSSIANS.

Fusan, Korea, June 10. — The first Japanese army has recently been engaged in most important operations. For two days past four columns have been reconnoitering the roads towards Liao Yang, Hai Cheng, Saimatsza and Siu Yen, and have occupied towns on those roads, dislodging the Russians, numbering several hundred from each, after sharp fighting. The Japanese casualties were 65 men killed or wounded.

WILL IMITATE CERVERA.

Paris, June 9. — The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Matin telegraphs that Admiral Wirenius says that if the Japanese capture Port Arthur from the land side, the fleet will make a sortie at full speed in the direction of Vladivostock, hoping that some, at any rate, of the ships will be saved. He said that would be more heroic than blowing them up in the harbor.

SHELLINGS AND SKIRMISHES.

St. Petersburg, June 10.—The Emperor has received this report from General Kuropatkin, dated June 8:

"A Japanese squadron of six vessels which was later reinforced by eleven others appeared on the west coast of Liao Tung Peninsula June 7, about 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Six of the ships were of the first class, the others of the second and third class and torpedo boats. The squadron cruised in sections, bombarding various points east of Kai Chau and Sen Yuchon, directing their fire on our posts and patrols wherever these appeared. The squadron ceased firing at 7 p.m. and steamed away southward. Our losses are none, nor did we suffer any material damage. Six ships reappeared south of Kwan Tsia Tung and lowered boats. Six other ships bombarded the coast near Sen Yu Chen and the town itself, but there was no landing.

"Japanese troops are concentrating southward with a front extending more than ten miles from Pulantien to Fang Tsia Tung, in the Valley of Tassakho. A Japanese force of two companies of infantry and a squadron of cavalry advanced June 7 northward from Feng Wang Cheng into the Ta Fang Hung district, driving in the Cossack outposts. A detachment of Chasseurs and a company of infantry hastened from Ulandi to aid the Cossacks. The Japanese abandoned their attack, having lost one officer and a non-commissioned officer captured, and several men killed. We had no casualties. Outposts of Cossacks on the main Liao Yang road were driven in on June 7, but reinforcements forced the Japanese to retire. Our loss during the fighting, which lasted until 7 p.m., was Captain Liatchko and two soldiers killed and five soldiers wounded."

RUSSIANS FEINTING.

Tokio, June 9. — The Daily Nippon does not attach much importance to the reports of Gen. Kuropatkin's alleged determination to sandwich a force between the armies of Gens. Kuroki and Oku, somewhere south of Liao Yang. However, it says, if the Russians safeguard their rear and provide against an attack by General Kuroki on their front, it might be possible to make an attempt to relieve Port Arthur by sending south a majority of the Siberian army. But that would be tantamount to giving the Japanese the choice of where to intercept the southern advance, and compel a decisive battle. The Nippon, quoting local military authorities, does not believe the Russians will risk more than a feint, in the hope of diverting the attention of the Japanese and inspiring the Port Arthur garrison.

KUROKI WINS AGAIN.

Washington, June 10. — The following cablegram has been received at the Japanese legation from Tokio, dated June 10:

General Kuroki reports that a detachment of our troops occupied Saim Chih on June 7. Our casualties were three killed and 24 men wounded. The enemy left on the battlefield 23 killed, besides two officers and five men who were made prisoners. Gen. Kuroki's army, co-operating with the forces that landed at Taku Shan, occupied Siuruen on June 8, driving the enemy toward Tomucheng and Kai Ping. The enemy consisted of 4,000 cavalry and six guns. Our casualties were three men killed, one lieutenant, one sub-lieutenant and 28 men slightly wounded.

A WOODSTOCK FATALITY

Mr. James Hays Falls Through Elevator Dying From Injuries.

Woodstock, Ont., June 10.—James Hays, aged 44, shipping clerk at the Bain Wagon Company, fell through an elevator shaft yesterday afternoon, receiving injuries from which he died during the night. He was a son-in-law to Mr. Harvey Flood.

THE PALMA TROPHY

English Shooters Think the Canadians Should Not Enter Contest.

London, June 10.—Canadian newspapers received yesterday contained paragraphs anent the proposal of Col. Sherwood, taking a team to Seagirt, to compete for the Palma trophy. The Canadian Associated Press showed the paragraph to several officials of the N. R. A., all of whom expressed much surprise at such being proposed. The consensus of prominent opinion is that a Canadian team, officially or unofficially, should not compete in the Palma competition at Seagirt.

STABBED TEN TIMES

Gallant Battle of Boy to Save Mother From Death.

Morristown, N. J., June 10. — Although stabbed ten times by her husband yesterday, Mrs. Rosie Chiodo is still alive in the hospital today, and the doctors say that she has a slight chance of recovery. The husband, Carmen Chiodo, has not been captured, and is thought to be making his way to New Britain, Conn., his home. Chiodo is 62 years old and his wife is about 45. Their son says that they lived unhappily in their home in New Britain, and that his mother ran away to Morristown, and that her husband followed her. The boy, who is 16 years old, came to Morristown yesterday to guard his mother.

When Chiodo stabbed his wife the son tried to protect his mother and struggled with the man, and his efforts probably saved the woman from being killed. Although he fought bravely to save his mother the boy escaped injury.

LIGHTNING BRANDS PHOTO ON FACE

Image of Tree Imprinted On Cheek by Fatal Bolt.

New York, June 10. — Branded on his face was a livid picture of a tree under which he was passing when Thomas Burke was struck dead by lightning last night at Jersey City.

The man's derby hat was torn into strips, but aside from the fatal mark on his cheek there was no visible sign to tell how he was killed. He was picked up by persons who saw him during the flash. A loud report accompanied the electrical display.

He was on his way home from his work in the Waldo avenue yards of the Pennsylvania Railroad when the storm was at its height. Burke, without raincoat or umbrella, had taken advantage of the shelter afforded by a row of shade trees on Summit avenue, and was within a block of his home when the shock came.

There was a brilliant flash of lightning which revealed the man's figure against a background of dense foliage as he hurried along.

Several persons rushed out of their dwellings to see what had happened. Among them was a doctor, who said that death had been instantaneous. He could offer no explanation of the mysterious death mark, the exact reproduction of the tree under which the body lay. The picture was two and a half inches long by an inch at the widest place.

TIBETANS REPULSED

Make Fierce Attack on British Camp But Are Driven Off.

Gyangtse, Tibet, June 9. — Eleven hundred Tibetans attacked the British post at Kanga, on the road to Lhassa, with great ferocity yesterday. They were repulsed, the British loss being one Sepoy killed and several wounded. The Tibetans bombard Gyangtse daily.

GIRDLE OF GUNS FOR PETERSBURG

Defenses of the Czar's Capital Being Strengthened.

CRONSTADT HARBOR MINED

All Water Approaches to the City Made Impassible to a Hostile Fleet.

St. Petersburg June 10, 1 p.m.—Remote as now appears the chance that the Japanese fleet will ever be in a position to venture up the Baltic and make a demonstration against the Russian capital, or that a European power will be drawn into the war, Russia evidently is taking nothing for granted. The possibility of the fall of Port Arthur or a disaster to the Baltic squadron after the latter sails for the far east have been considered, and no precaution will be omitted to protect St. Petersburg against attack.

The fortifications of Riga (in the southern part of the Gulf of Riga) and Reval (at the entrance of the Gulf of Finland) have been strengthened, some new guns of the latest patterns have been mounted in the fortress of Cronstadt, and a chain of water batteries, running out on either side of the shores of the Gulf of Finland, will guard the entrance to the mouth of the Neva. This system of fortifications was sufficient to discourage the attack planned by the British fleet during the Cremean war. In addition, however, shore batteries have been constructed near Ortnienbaum (on the Gulf of Cronstadt, 19 miles from St. Petersburg) and Sestroryetsk (one mile from the Gulf of Finland on the Sestra River and 17 miles from St. Petersburg), probably as a precaution against landings, as it is believed the forts are able to stop the advance of a hostile fleet.

The approaches to Cronstadt are also being mined and merchants are forbidden to enter the port without a pilot to conduct them through the mine fields. Owing to the extensive work in progress at Cronstadt the central basin, heretofore reserved for merchant ships, has been appropriated by the navy. Rigid regulations are forced against any one approaching the fortifications. The Grand Duke Vladimir (commander of the military district of St. Petersburg) has just completed an inspection of the shore batteries.

The Russian rules for the treatment of prisoners of war were promulgated today. They are of a most humane character, following the most advanced idea on the subject of the care of prisoners.

A war bureau for the collection and distribution of every possible kind of information concerning prisoners has been established by the Russian Red Cross Society, under the presidency of Professor Demartens (professor of international law at the University of St. Petersburg and recently president of The Hague court, which decided the fund claims). The Novoe Vremya editorially scouts the idea fostered by a section of the British press that the fall of Port Arthur will end the war. The Government is considering the question of increasing the scale of pensions for soldiers' and sailors' widows.

CHAMBERLAIN ONCE MORE

Will Fight to the End for Consolidation of Empire.

London, June 10.—Mr. Chamberlain, speaking at a dinner given in his honor by Col. Bryce, M. P., said we had as an empire greater opportunities than any other nation. Our great task was to consolidate the empire. The colonies were all anxious to meet us. With that object in view important facts would soon be issued by the commission showing how serious a calamity threatened the country unless a remedy was provided. The empire's continued existence depended upon a settlement of the question, for which he would fight to the end.

OFFERED TO SHIELDS

Can Have Management of Soo Co. If $15,000 a Year Suits Him.

Toronto, June 10.—It is understood that Mr. Cornelius Shields has been offered a salary of $15,000 to assume the general managership of the Lake Superior Company, and that he is at present considering whether he will accept it or not. In addition to this, however, the offer carries a scale of bonuses, which would bring the remuneration in case the works are successfully operated and dividends are paid, close up to the former mark of $30,000.

TANGIER KIDNAPPING

Final Terms Sent by the Sultan to Raisuli.

Paris, June 10. — 1:15 p.m. — The foreign office has received lengthy advices from the Frence minister at Tangier. He says Mohammed el Torres, the Sultan's representative at Tangier, has chosen his own son, who bears the same name as his father, to proceed to the mountain retreat of Raisuli, the bandit chief, and present the final terms to secure the release of Messrs. Perdicaris and Varley. The son already has departed on his mission. The journey will take a day or two. The officials expect a successful outcome.

The minister pays a high tribute to the cautious reserve and constant courtesy observed by both the British and American admirals, which is construed as indicating that there is no likelihood of a precipitate naval action.

ARRESTED A BAILIFF.

Montreal, June 10. — It is very seldom that the recipient of a writ has the pleasure of arresting the serving bailiff and pronouncing sentence upon him. That pleasure fell to Recorder Weir yesterday. Bailiff Lavalee walked into court, while the recorder was dispensing justice, stalked past the officers, and handed Mr. Weir a blue paper. The magistrate glanced at it, waved him away, called the attending officer and gave the bailiff into custody. He afterwards had him up in his own court on a charge of contempt, and dismissed him with a severe reprimand.

CONTROL OF LIQUOR TRAFFIC

Synod of Toronto Diocese in Favor of Government Ownership.

Toronto, June 10. — The Synod of Toronto Diocese held three sessions yesterday, and dispatched a large amount of business.

Rev. C. L. Ingles presented the report on temperance reform, which favored the removal of the element of private gain by the adoption of some system of government ownership, providing distinctly for the right of local option to the municipalities. Regret was expressed because druggists of Toronto are in many instances violators of the license law. The report was adopted.

RETURNED THE CUP

King's Yacht Too Old to Defend the Cape May Mug.

London, June 10. — The Cape May cup returns to its original home on board the American line steamer St. Louis, sailing from Southampton tomorrow. The Royal Yacht Squadron obtained the trophy from King Edward, and it is now consigned to the New York Yacht Club.

The Royal Yacht Squadron, as announced May 30, was obliged to decline the challenge for the Cape May cup of Commodore F. Plant, of the Larchmont Yacht Club, with his schooner yacht Ingomar, because King Edward's cutter Britannia, which held the cup, is too antiquated to defend it. It was therefore decided to return the trophy to the New York Yacht Club. The conditions of the cup require that it must be defended by the latest winner.

SWEARS HE WAS TOLD BRIBE STORY

Mutual Reserve Fund Case Before Senate Special Committee.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, June 10. — The special committee of the Senate appointed to deal with the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, met this morning to examine Mr. G. D. Eldridge, vice-president of the association, in reference to his sworn statement. Mr. J. D. Wells had told him that he (Wells) had to pay out good rounds sums of money to members and others in Ottawa to get his bill through in 1885, and that $10,000 had to be paid in this way. Mr. A. B. Aylesworth, K. C., asked the privilege to appear for Mr. Eldridge, but the committee refused the application on the ground that Mr. Eldridge was only a witness.

Mr. Eldridge, being examined by Mr. Coster, the lawyer for the committee, swore that Mr. Wells had made the statement attributed to him, and that he had done so would be proven by two witnesses, D. E. Cameron and R. B. Cannon, employes of the Mutual Reserve, who would be in Ottawa within an hour. Mr. Eldridge said he did not believe Mr. Wells when he made the statement, because he was satisfied that the Parliament of Canada was not then or is not now purchasable. The committee did not wait to hear the other witnesses, but adjourned until the 15th inst. to take up the main issue as to the insurance association.

THREW BABE TO PAVEMENT.

New York, June 10. — Frantic with fear at a fire in a six-story tenement house on Stanton street, Mrs. Benjamin Apfel threw her only child, a babe of four months, from a window of her apartment, to death, on the pavements, three stories below. Mrs. Apfel was prevented from leaping to the street after her child, by firemen, who had climbed to the third story on scaling ladders. More than a score of persons who occupied apartments on the three upper floors of the building, and who had been unable to escape through the flame-swept halls, were taken in safety from the fire escapes by means of scaling ladder. The financial loss is $500.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Friday, June 10.

Sun rises, 4:35 a.m. Moon rises, 2:42 a.m.
Sun sets, 7:58 p.m. Moon sets, 4:33 p.m.

Toronto, June 9, 8 p.m. — Fair weather has been general in Canada today, except in Manitoba, where rain has fallen, and in Alberta, where local thunderstorms have occurred. The outlook from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces is for fair weather.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 48-66; Port Simpson, 42-54; Westminster, 40-58; Kamloops, 48-66; Calgary, 42-70; Qu'Appelle, 40-70; Winnipeg, 52-66; Port Arthur, 42-68; Parry Sound, 50-80; Toronto, 52-68; Ottawa, 60-74; Montreal, 54-72; Quebec, 52-68; Halifax, 38-64.

Friday, June 10, 8 a.m.

FORECASTS.

Moderate easterly winds, fine and moderately warmer.

Saturday—Fine and warm.

Calgary	85	42	Fair
Winnipeg	64	60	Cloudy
Parry Sound	58	50	Fair
Toronto	54	50	Clear
Ottawa	62	54	Fair
Montreal	62	58	Fair
Quebec	58	44	Fair
Father Point	56	44	Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

Rain has fallen throughout the Northwest Territories and Manitoba, and in some localities has been very heavy. The weather is fine from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces with a tendency towards higher temperature.

Local temperatures: The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Thursday, June 9, 1904, were: Highest 71, lowest 55.

LORD DUNDONALD MUST STEP OUT

The G. O. C. Will Be Asked to Resign His Position.

HIS OFFENSE A SERIOUS ONE

Action He Criticises Taken by Mr. Fisher When Acting Minister of Militia.

Ottawa, June 10.—Lord Dundonald's resignation will be asked for. That appears, indeed, to be almost certain. His lordship has replied to Sir Frederick Borden's letter, and if report be true he to all intents and purposes adheres to what he said at the Montreal banquet; there is no repudiation and no apology. On the contrary his attitude is rather that of justification. So the point has been reached, where Lord Dundonald must tender his resignation or the Government will ask for his recall.

Some months ago his lordship caused an order to be drafted and proclaimed which set forth that every applicant for a commission must pass an examination and show that he is qualified. Not so very long afterward a gentleman was recommended for the command of a company in a non-combatant branch of the military service. When the recommendation reached Ottawa it was vetoed because of the general's recent order that applicants for commissions must be qualified. The gentleman in this case was willing to qualify later, but it did not avail. In the present instance Lord Dundonald desired to break the very rule that he himself had made in order to appoint to a position of great importance a gentleman of no military experience whatever. And this, not in a non-combatant branch of the service, but in a cavalry squadron. Lord Dundonald's attitude is all the stranger because at the time the cancellation of which he complains was made, Hon. Sydney Fisher was acting minister of militia. It was on or about the 19th of May last, and Sir Frederick Borden, having left town, commissioned Mr. Fisher to act for him as minister of militia. In criticising anything done at that time, therefore, Lord Dundonal is finding fault with his own minister and superior officer.

ESSEX COUNTY LOSE

Board of Eduction Granted $1,700 in School Case Suit.

Sandwich, Ont., June 10. — Justice Britton has awarded the Windsor Board of Education its full amount of $1,700 against the County of Essex for tuition fees of county pupils attending the Windsor Collegiate Institute in 1902. The case has attracted considerable attention.

The county claimed the fees had been already paid. If the county refuses to pay the judgment, the board of education will levy on the county's buildings here. If this is done the board will be compelled to feed and take care of the prisoners confined in the jail until the claim is settled.

RUSS MINISTER SHOT

Representative to Switzerland Attacked by Foreigner.

Berne, Switzerland, June 10. — The Russian minister here, M. V. V. Jadovski, was shot in a street here this afternoon and seriously injured in the head. His would-be assassin was arrested. The latter is believed to be a foreigner. His identity has not been ascertained.

M. Jadovski's assailant was a Russian named Ilnitzki. He had been in Berne for some weeks and complained that the Russian authorities had confiscated an estate belonging to him.

M. Jadovski's wound, although it at first appeared to be severe, is not dangerous.

CRIPPLE CREEK AND THE UNIONS

Excitement Subsiding and Mines Reopening—Attempt to Smash Federation.

Cripple Creek, Col. June 10.—The excitement throughout this district is gradually subsiding. Work was resumed today at mines employing non-union men which had been closed since Monday, the Stratton Independence being the first to reopen. The Portland mine remains closed by order of Gen. Bell, and its 500 employes will be compelled to abandon the union or leave the district.

Employers in all branches of business in this city without an exception, so far as known, have signed the agreement proposed by the Citizens' Alliance, "not to employ help of any kind that is in any way connected with the District Trades Assembly, or the State Federation of Labor, the American Labor Union or the Western Federation of Miners or any kindred organization." This agreement of the proprietors has caused consternation among the clerks and employes in shops and stores who are members of trade unions, as all will have to resign to hold their positions.

The present scale of wages will prevail and individual unions will be tolerated, it is conceded, if they do not give aid, directly or indirectly, to the Western Federation of Miners.

This war against unions is to be extended, the organizers of the movement say, to every city and town in the district.

The authorities now in control declare that there has not for months been a time when the life and property here were as safe as they are today. The streets are quiet and those of the lawless element who have not fled, have been imprisoned. No further disturbance is expected. The search for agitators and criminals, however, is still being prosecuted. Many prisoners arrested have been released after the military provost marshal or the citizens' court of investigation had given a word of warning.

FEAR THE SOCIALISTS

Russia Will Not Mobilize Troops in Manufacturing Districts.

London, June 10.—A Russian correspondent of the Times says: The Russian Government has decided that the orders for the mobilization of the troops of the central and southern provinces of the empire is not to apply to the manufacturing districts. The reason for exemption is the fear that the Socialists, who are numerous among Russian workmen, may take advantage of the absence of the troops to organize a revolutionary movement. The exemption applies among other districts to Moscow, Ekatarino and the whole of Russian Poland.

A GRATEFUL CZAR

Sends Gift to New York Brokers for Listing War Loan.

New York, June 10. — The World says the Czar of Russia has sent to the New York Stock Exchange a magnificent solid silver gift as a token of his imperial appreciation of the courtesy of the exchange in listing the recent war loan. A considerable part of the loan securities was floated in this country through the action of the stock exchange. The gift has already reached the city. It came in, was quickly passed by the customs officials, and was sent to the vault of one of the large trust companies.

The exact form of the Czar's gift has not yet been disclosed, although some idea of its size and value is afforded by the fact that three large cases are required to hold it.

Nicholas de Ladygavsky, the imperial Russian consul-general, said yesterday: "I cannot tell you until the gift is unveiled its precise design. I will arrange today with the chairman of the stock exchange the date of the presentation, which will not take place, I think, before next Monday."

BELANGER PAYS THE PENALTY

Hanged at St. Scholastique, Quebec, for the Murder of His Brother-in-Law.

St. Scholastique, Que., June 10. — Theophile Belanger was hanged in the jail yard here at 8 o'clock this morning for the murder of his brother-in-law, Antoine Sequin. The crime for which he forfeited his life was committed on Feb. 13, 1903. Sequin lived at the house of Belanger, who was a prosperous farmer, and the tragedy was the outcome of a long-standing family quarrel. Belanger's trial lasted for ten days, and the jury after a few minutes' deliberation rendered a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to the court for clemency. Repeated efforts were made by Berlanger's friends to have the sentence commuted to imprisonment for life, but the Government declined to interfere with the course of the law.

Everything was conducted quietly. There were 50 persons in the jail yard and about a hundred outside. The priest of the village held mass at a quarter to eight o'clock, and all the villagers went to it. Mass was in progress while the hanging took place. Radcliffe was hangman. Belanger died of a broken heart. The doctor said that as soon as he felt the trap fall fright caused a rupture of the heart. There was not even a pulse beat in Belanger's body after he fell. Belanger went to the gallows perfectly composed.

THE SYDNEY TIEUP

Intending Workmen Persuaded by Strikers Not to Work.

Sydney, N. S., June 9. — There is no change in the strike situation. Last night the steamer Trold, which has been here for a week, left for Androssan, Scotland, where her cargo of iron has been sold. The discharging of the steamer Priestfield is still going on. Superintendents, foremen, clerks, etc., are engaged in the work. This morning a number of strikers made a demonstration at the east entrance to the plant, when a number of men, chiefly Italians, were about to enter. The non-workers succeeded in prevailing upon several intending workmen not to go to work.

HUNGRY AND PENNILESS

19-Year-Old Toronto Boy Attempts Suicide at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 10. — Having gone without food forty-eight hours, and being too proud to beg, J. L. Willis, aged 19, residing in the east end of Toronto, last night attempted suicide by jumping into the Mississippi River from the second span of Eads bridge. He was prevented by Police Officer Darling, who had been watching him. He was taken to the city dispensary and afterwards sent to the city hospital to be held until aid can be received from his parents.

To the police Willis stated he had come to St. Louis about two weeks ago, with plenty of money, and a trunk full of clothes. He had left his father's home to make a mark for himself and decided to begin his career here. He wanted, he stated, to see the fair, and in order to accomplish this became a guest at the Christian Endeavor Hotel. Employment of a suitable nature, he stated, was hard to find, and in two weeks his money gave out, his personal effects being held for hotel expenses.

CUT THE RATES.

London, June 10.—The Dominion Line announces a reduction in steerage rate, £3 to Quebec, and 10 shillings extra to Montreal.

METHODIST MISSION FUND.

Toronto, Ont., June 10. — The Methodist Conference this morning again discussed the administration of the mission funs and concluded by unanimously passing a resolution expressing confidence in the board of missions and the general secretary, Dr. Sutherland.

ONE SEPOY TAKES TIBETAN RUSH

Stands His Ground Before Solid Masses of Enemy.

KILLS FIVE AND IS CUT DOWN

Ferocious Attack On the British Captain Repulsed After Heavy Fighting.

London, June 10.—A dispatch from Gyangtse, Tibet, gives the details of the Tibetan attack on Kangma post, in which one Sepoy killed and six wounded formed the total British loss. The dispatch describes the onslaught of the Tibetans at dawn, they descending a hill in two solid masses. A portion of the troops had already started to march from the post, but those outside the fortifications immediately ran back to cover, save one Sepoy. He refused to budge, and received the charge of the whole 700 Tibetans. After shooting five of them, he was cut down, despite a heavy fire from the post. The Tibetans reached the walls, and attempted to climb over, hacking at the men at the loopholes with their swords, and even seizing the muzzles of the protruding rifles. Meanwhile those behind kept up a furious fire with matchlocks and Lhassa rifles. The Tibetans kept up the attack for half an hour with the utmost ferocity. They then withdrew, the garrison pursuing them. The Tibetans bombarded the camp at Gyangtse Wednesday. Their fire was heavier than usual. One Sikh was killed.

HAND TO HAND FIGHT.

London, June 10.—The correspondent of the Times in the British camp at Chunglo, near Tibet, says: Yesterday while Colonel Younghusband was at Khangma, on his way to Chumbi, an attack was made on that post by a force of Tibetans. Immediately after reveille one party, under cover of some nullahs, attacked the Yaks with a Gurkha guard, which had just started on the day's journey. The Gurkhas behaved with great gallantry in what was necessarily a hand-to-hand fight, and were well supported by a few mounted infantry. Our losses were one Gurkha killed and six men wounded. The enemy suffered heavily. The Tibetans were totally unable to stand the fire from our men in the post, and their retreat was turned into a rout by the pursuit of the mounted infantry. The prisoners stated that they had marched from Lhassa thirteen days before, and it was by the merest accident they happened to find the commissioner at Khangma. Covered ways are being actively constructed here for the purpose of affording safe communication between Chunglo and the advanced posts. The prisoners work with the utmost eagerness and willingness, and the worst threat which can be held over them is the suggestion of their release. One Sepoy was killed today by the firing from the Jong.

HE IS HARD TO AWAKEN

So This Man's Wife Sues for Separate Maintenance.

Chicago, June 10.—These are the woes of Mabel L. Ferbuyt in separate maintenance proceedings against Henry J. Ferbuyt:

"He didn't like my mother's bread, and said he wouldn't eat it and threw it at me. I always was good to him except when I had to wake him. He is one of those men that sleep so soundly that you have to pound them and shake them to get them up. I had to lift him out of bed and put him on his feet, and he didn't like that.

"Before going to bed he would tell me to be sure and wake him up at a certain time. I would get him up as many as three times, but he would sass me and go back to bed."

EASTERN SECTION OF G. T. P

Hon. A. R. McLelland, Ex-Premier Greenway on the Commission.

Ottawa, Ont., June 10.—The statement is made today that the commission to build the eastern section of the Grand Trunk Pacific will be Hon. A. R. McLelland, former Governor of New Brunswick; ex-Premier Greenway, Manitoba, and Premier Parent, Quebec, with an Ontario man yet to be named.

DOWIE CAN'T GET HALL

Unable to Hold a Public Meeting in London.

London, June 10.—John Alexander Dowie's major-domo said yesterday that Dowie would arrive in town today. Dowie, he announced, will not speak to any reporter without a written guarantee from his editor that a proof of the interview shall be submitted to him before publication.

Dowie will probably leave for New York by the middle of next week. He will not speak publicly in London, because he is unable to secure a hall.

GREAT FIRE AT NOGALES.

Nogales, Ariz., June 10. — Fire has destroyed the federal custom house here, as well as the Southern Pacific and the Sonora Railroad depots. The Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express office was completely gutted and and many freight cars in the yards were burned. Estimated loss $100,000.

AGAINST SABBATH PARADES.

Toronto, June 10. — At the Anglican Synod today a discussion took place on Sunday military parades. The report of the Sabbath observance committee condemned the parades. An amendment was carried suggesting a conference with the militia officers to see if the evil could not be minimized.

SAW THE CIRCUS PARADE.

Chairman MacRobert, of the board of education, issued an order this morning, which made him the king of hearts in school affairs in London. As every person in London is well aware, today is circus day, and early this morning Mr. MacRobert sent a letter to the principal of each school instructing them that the teachers take their pupils to a place of safety on the route of the parade, so that the little ones might enjoy to the fullest the beauties of Ringlings' big show. The teachers did so, and the children, after the parade, were dismissed and enjoyed a half-holiday. The scholars of the separate schools were also given a half-holiday today to see the circus.