sired to see this question out of the way. What was the real position of affairs? He was in the judgment of the house and country when he said that the government had persistently from the commencement endeavored to do everything in their power to advance public business. After the fullest and most deliberate discussion that any question has ever obtained in this house a division took place, and with what result? With the result that the government was sustained by a majority of its own supporters in the house, and that that majority was largely swollen by a large contingent of gentlemen from the opposition side of the house. Notwithstanding the fact that a number of gentlemen supporting the government, warm and determined supporters of the government, among whom I do not include the hon. member for East Grey (Dr. Sproule), because no person could have listened to that hon. gentleman's speech without seeing that his object in common with some gentlemen with whom he was allying himself, was for the purpose of breaking down and destroying the government of which he was a supporter. If further evidence of the position of that hon. gentleman is required, it is to be found in his attempt at obstruction to-day by attacking the government of which—Dr. Sproule rose to a point of order. The hon. gentleman had no right to charge him with obstruction. He had simply done his duty. The deputy speaker ruled the word obstruction out of the order. Mr. McNeil—Is there any member of this house who is above rules of the house. (Liberal Cheers). Sir Charles Tupper withdrew the word obstruction, as applied to Dr. Sproule. Continuing, he said that notwithstanding the withdrawal of the support from this bill of a number of gentlemen who usually supported the, government the second reading had been carried by a substantial majority. Under the circumstances, there was an absolute end to parlimentaiy government if the solemn decision of the house was to be met, day by day, by obstructive tactics. This obstruction was palpable to every man in the house and the country would see there was a determined attempt to defeat the government in their effort to settld this unhappy question. Mr. Davies rose to a point of order. The leader of the house had again used the word obstruction. The chairman said the word as applied to a single member would be unparlimentary, but applied generally it would not be so. (Government cheers). Sir Charles Tupper, continuing, said it was evident that there was a determination to prevent the progress of this bill. In his judgment it was of vital moment that the measure should pass, it was essential to the peace, tranquility, happiness and well-being of the country. (Loud cheers.) He put it to the opposition. Were they going to be responsible for the defeat of a measure which a substantial majority in the house had declared in favor of? Were they going to prevent the passage of estimates and entail thereby the holding of another session at a cost to the country of half a million dollars? The government was determined to press this measure through by every means at their command. They would exhaust at the risk of health and life, it might be, all efforts to secure the passage of the measure. (Cheers). At his age he did not shrink from the ordeal, and when the time came to appeal to the country on this question they would do so with confidence. Dr. Sproule—Why don't you go now, then? Mr. Belley—you shut up. Sir Charles Tupper continued by warning the house that unfortunately it might be necessary to adopt the closure rule as in England if public business was impeded as it had been. Mr. Laurier retorted that the government and not the opposition was responsible for the obstruction that prevented the bill being discussed between the 2nd of January and the 1st of March. He held there was no desire on the part of the opposition to obstruct. He was anxious the bill should go through, for the opposition would go before the country on the merits of the bill itself. Dr. Sproule asserted his right to differ from either the government or the opposition on any policy he thought might be against the feelings of the country. Seven-tenths of the ratepayers of Ontario were against this bill—(Cries of "No, no.")—and it was all very well for the leader of the house, like Micawber after a sleep of five years—(roars of laughter)—to come to this house and try to force an unpopular measure upon this house and country. He went on to say that the vote on the second reading showed by 81 to 67, that Quebec and Ontario, the two provinces which had separate schools, were against this bill.

Mr. Lariviere—Does the hon. gentleman understand that the members from Quebec who voted against the bill were opposed to separate schools? Dr. Sproule replied that the amendment for a six months' hoist was a distinct stand against the measure. He would dare the Minister of Railways or Secretary of State to meet him in East Grey. He would resign to-morrow and run against either of them. He concluded by declaring that Sir Charles Tupper had made a great deal of noise in the country, but had effected very little. Mr. Patterson contended that the Secretary of State was not justified in intimating that the negotiations at Winnipeg had probably failed, seeing that they were still in progress, if the newspapers were to be depended upon. Mr. McNeill held it was unfair to accuse the members of obstruction who wished to discuss the clauses of the bill. Sir Charles Tupper—It is not the members who are desirous of discussing the clauses of the bill, but the members who were trying to prevent the discussion of the clauses who were guilty of obstruction. In the course of his further remarks, Mr. McNeill severely censured the Leader of the House, declaring that he and Dr. Sproule were quite as good conservatives as the Secretary of State, and he himself would not be read out of the party by Sir Charles Tupper. After some observations from Mr. Fraser, Dr. Weldon said he had not realized until to-day that it was the government's intention to push forward the bill at high pressure. He thought it better to let the bill stand over until next session in order that the country might pronounce upon it. This parliament had no mandate to deal with this question and an appeal to the people upon it would test whether the measure was wanted by the country or not. No undue amount of time had been given to the discussion of the bill. If there was only a limited time now for the consideration of the measure whose fault was that? Surely the government should have had their bill ready when parliament met. It was too late in the day now to drive the parliament at the point of the bayonet. (Cheers.) The threat to sit all night and all day should not be made in a free parliament. (Hear, hear.) Free speech had not yet been stifled in the Canadian parliament by the use of the closure. He held the administration was not justified in attempting to coerce a free parliament. He proceeded to speak on the operation of Nova Scotia school law, explaining that by practice all religious denominations there were allowed to teach their religious doctrines, provided that there was no interference with secular teaching. Mr. Cameron of Inverness—Would you be prepared to legalize that? Dr. Weldon replied that he certainly would. The system had worked well in Nova Scotia. Mr. Cameron of Inverness—that is all we want under this bill. (Loud cries of "No.") Dr. Weldon, continuing, said the true solution of this question in Manitoba was to adopt the middle course, which prevailed in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and P. E. Island, in Victoria, at the Cape and in other of the great colonies. At midnight Mr. Casey withdrew his motion for the committee to rise. Then Clark Wallace rose and spoke for over an hour, in the course of which he had several sharp passages at arms with different members. He appealed to the government to let this legislation stand over until the next session. He urged them to pause in their mad career. Mr. Fairburn said as a friend of many years standing of Mr. Wallace, he must resent his statement that the members on the government side of the house had been coerced into voting for the bill. He (Fairburn) believed in fair play. He had been an Orangeman since 1855 and believing the Catholics of Manitoba had a grievance, he had to support the measure of redress. (Cheers.) It came with bad grace from Mr. Wallace now to join hands with men who a few years ago were endeavoring to take his political life. (Cheers.) Mr. Ingram made a vigorous speech in support of the bill, in which he was severely criticised by Mr. Wallace. Mr. Casey's motion was then put and declared lost. The discussion was continued on the first clause by Messrs. Mills, Daly, Ives, Weldon, Ouimet and several of the Quebec members. The first and second clauses were passed, and the discussion with the second clause was kept up till nearly four o'clock in the morning. The obstructive tactics were continued till Saturday night, when the committee had only reached clause 4.

Provincial Legislature

MONDAY, March 30.

House met at 8 o'clock in the evening Mr. Warburton presented a petition from himself and others asking for the incorporation of a company to be called the Charlottetown Electric Company, having for its object the construction and running of an electric railway or tramway in the City, Common and Royalty of Charlottetown, and the county of Queen's County, and for the supplying of electric energy or power and coal or other gases, for lighting heating, motor and other useful purposes. Mr. Warburton explained that the object of the bill was to secure the right to operate a railway over the city and common, as well as throughout Queen's County. He thought the time was not far distant when the last part of the measure would become operative, and he believed, further, that it would be the means of solving the vexed question of communication with other parts of the Province. Some time ago he had given a member of the City Council a rough draft of the bill for submission to that body. Since that time, however, he had gone over the bill more carefully and had made some changes, which he would fully explain to the Mayor and Council. He asked that the bill be read a first time now, and before it came up for a second reading, the bill, as introduced, could be carefully considered by the City Council and the members of the House. The petition was received and read, and a bill in accordance therewith submitted. Hon. Mr. Farquharson hoped the Company would not be asking for too much, as he was opposed to monopolies of every description. Hon. Mr. Peters thought that in view of the importance of the measure it should be dealt with in an especial manner. He therefore moved that it be referred to a special committee of five to investigate. The motion was put and carried, and the following committee was appointed: Warburton, H. C. McDonald, Prowse and James E. McDonald. The House then adjourned until 3 o'clock next day.

TUESDAY, March 31.

House met at 3 o'clock. Hon. Mr. Laird presented a petition from Robert McC. Stavert, Martin W. Taylor and James Milligan, with respect to the Summerside schools. It was referred to a committee of three to report upon. Mr. Warburton presented a petition from Thomas Reid, President, and Walter Simpson, Secretary, of the Stanley Bridge Dairying Company, asking that the Act of Incorporation of the said Company be amended by striking out "the third day of January" and inserting in lieu thereof "the second Tuesday in March" for the annual meeting. A bill in accordance with the petition was introduced, and referred to the Private Bills Committee. Mr. Gallant introduced a bill providing for the vesting of certain lands in Princetown Royalty, which was referred to the Private Bills Committee. Mr. Shaw asked the Commissioner of Public Works if it was the intention of the Government to repair Brudenell Wharf North, in order to render it fit for shipping purposes the coming season. Hon. Mr. McLean said the matter had been brought to the notice of the Government before, and would be investigated at the first opportunity.

WEDNESDAY, April 1st.

Mr. H. C. Macdonald introduced a bill amending the Act incorporating the Central Mutual Fire Insurance Company, which was referred to the Private Bills Committee. Mr. Gordon asked the Provincial Treasurer to lay on the table of the House a statement showing the amounts due by the Government of this Province to the Merchants Bank of P. E. Island and also to the Merchants Bank of Halifax respectively on the 31st December, 1895. Hon. Mr. Peters tabled the statement asked for. Mr. Blanchard asked the Commissioner of Public Works if it is the intention of the Government to build a wharf at or near Michael McLellan's shore, Mill River, Lot 5, as prayed for by petitions forwarded to the Government some time ago. Also if it is the intention of the Government to extend Duvar Road west of railway crossing. Hon. Mr. McLean said he had visited the locality for which the wharf was asked, but no definite action had been taken. During the summer a survey would be made and the work proceeded with if deemed advisable. The other matter would also be investigated and if deemed in the public interest proceeded with. A message was read from His Honor the Lieutenant Governor asking that when the House adjourns on Thursday that it stand adjourned until Tuesday next. Mr. Bell introduced a bill entitled "An Act relating to the separate property and the rights of property of married women." It was read a first time and ordered to be read a second time next day. Hon. Mr. Peters introduced a bill incorporating the Teachers Association of Prince Edward Island, which was read a first time and referred to the Private Bills Committee. House adjourned.

THURSDAY, April 2.

Mr. Godkin presented a petition from the Chairman and members of the Town Council of the Town of Summerside, asking that an Act be passed authorizing the issue of debentures by the said Town Council. Also to amend section sixty-three of "An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts incorporating the Town of Summerside, 49 Vic., Cap. II, by inserting after the words, 'two sufficient sureties' in the said section the words, 'or a sufficient guarantee Company doing business in Canada.'" After the petition was read a bill in accordance therewith was introduced, and ordered to be read a second time on Tuesday. Hon. Mr. Gordon asked when the Public Works Report would be submitted. Hon. Mr. Peters said the report would be submitted as soon as it could be obtained from the printer. On motion of Mr. Rogers (Alberton) the bill vesting certain lands in the trustees of the Princetown Royalty Church, was read a second time in committee, with Mr. Robertson in the chair. Reported agreed to, with certain amendments and ordered to be read a third time on Tuesday. The Act amending the Act incorporating the Stanley Bridge Dairying Company was read a second time in committee, with Mr. Robertson in the chair. Reported agreed to, and made the order of the day for a third reading on Tuesday. House adjourned till yesterday afternoon.

We have Cheap Goods for you,

We have Good Goods for you,

We have New Spring Goods for you,

We have Bargains for you.

The place to spend your money wisely and well is at

BEER BROS.

For the last three months whilst the storms of winter have been howling around you, and the icy breath of old Boreas made you think that the balmy days of spring were away in the future

We have been persistently searching the markets all over the continent to procure for you

- Every useful and pretty novelty,
- Every desirable fabric,
- Every bang up bargain,

and we have found

and have now in stock one of the finest assortments of Dry Goods for the spring trade you have ever had shown to you.

We will sell you Roller Toweling for 3 cents,
And a much better line for 5 cents,
A good honest Flannelette for 5 cents,
And a 27-8 inch line for 7 cents.
A wide width good shirting Gingham for 6 cents,
And a dandy Oxford Shirting for 10 cents.
We will sell you a heavy White Cotton for 6 cents,
And a striped Bed Ticking for 8 cents.
The Corsets we are selling for 30 cents are very good,
And our Rival Corset at 40 cents is a beauty,
Our 65 cent Corinne Corset is fit to be married in,
We have a few pieces of Red and White Table Damask 54 inches wide and good quality for 35 cents, and thousands of other bargains waiting for you, but our space prevents us enumerating them.

BEER BROS.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

DIED.

At Aliasry, Mount Stewart, on March 31st, John McDonald, Esq., son of the late Angus and Penelope McDonald, and brother of the late Bishop McDonald, in the 96th year of his age. Deceased enjoyed good health till within a short time of his death, and retained the use of his excellent memory almost till the last. During his long life he had the love and respect not only of a large circle of relatives and friends, but of all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, and his death is mourned by the whole community. He leaves one sister, one son and one daughter in whose memories are enshrined the virtues of a loving brother and an exemplary and affectionate father. His funeral to St. Andrew's took place on Thursday afternoon, 2nd inst., and was very largely attended. The funeral services were performed by Very Rev. Mgr. McDonald, P. P. After the last sad rites the mortal remains of the respected dead were laid to rest in the adjoining cemetery. May his soul rest in peace.

At the Charlottetown Hospital, on Thursday, 2nd inst., of consumption, James Doyle, son of the late Peter Doyle, of this city. R. I. P.

At Peake's Station, March 28th, after a lingering illness, John O'Brien, aged 31 years, leaving a sorrowing mother, two sisters and a large number of friends to mourn their loss. R. I. P.

At St. Peter's Road, Lot 53, March 31st, after a brief illness of inflammation of the lungs, Mary Ann Sutherland, the beloved wife of Thomas Sigsworth, in the 49th year of her age, leaving a sorrowing husband and five children to mourn their irreparable loss. May her soul rest in peace.

At North Rustico, on March 31st, Clara J. Fleming, in the 21st year of her age. She had a severe attack of inflammation of the lungs in November last from which she never completely recovered, and died consoled by the last rites of the Catholic Church. She leaves a widowed mother, three sisters and four brothers, to mourn their loss. May her soul rest in peace.

At Tracadie Cross, Lot 36, on Saturday, April 4th, 1896, after a brief illness of inflammation, Mathew McInnis, in the 77th year of his age, leaving four sons and four daughters to mourn their loss. May his soul rest in peace.

At Souris East, on the 21st ult., John, eldest son of Thomas and Sarah Conway, in the 17th year of his age. Deceased was dearly beloved for his genial disposition and moral habits, and his demise at such an early age is a source of much regret to his parents, who looked upon him as the idol of their household.

THE contract for the erection of the new Catholic Cathedral in this city has been awarded to Messrs. Paquet and Godbout, of St Hyacinthe, P. Q. This contract is for the completion of the exterior of the building with towers, and the laying of the floors, and is for the sum of $38,995. It is expected that work will commence in about three weeks time, and the contract is to be completed by the autumn of 1897.

unfortunate

Cod-liver oil suggests consumption, which is almost unfortunate.

Its best use is before you fear consumption; when you begin to get thin, weak, run down; then is the prudent time to begin to take care, and the best way to take care is to supply the system with needed fat and strength. **Scott's Emulsion** of cod-liver oil, with hypophosphites, will bring back plumpness to those who have lost it, and make strength where raw cod-liver oil would be a burden.

A substitute only imitates the original.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont. 50c. and $1.00

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The Stanley is making return trips between Georgetown and Pictou. The mails were transferred to her on Monday.

TWENTY valuable horses were burned to death by the burning of stables at a driving park, at Buffalo, N. Y., on Monday last.

WHY do Goff Bros. do such a big business? Simply by giving a little more and taking a little less than anybody else. apl 1 6i.

THE Easter market on Saturday last was well attended, and the display of beef and other meets was grand, apparently surpassing any similar showing in past years.

A FIRE in Halifax on Saturday evening destroyed Baristedd and Sutherland's dry goods stores, loss about $35,000. Cragg Bros. and Schseffer also lost considerable.

IT is reported that Mr. Ronald McDonald of Souris caught several lobsters off that place on Thursday last. This is probably the earliest catch of lobsters for this Province.

A C. P. R. train from Toronto when near Bathurst, five miles west of Toronto, was thrown from the track on Sunday last by unknown parties drawing the bolts from the fishplates. No one was hurt.

GRAHAM P. LOGAN, of Truro, was killed by the train carrying the English mail as it passed Truro Sunday. Logan was deaf and dumb, and was on his way to attend service at the first Presbyterian church, when he met his death.

A MAN named Dellahunt met with a terrible and instantaneous death last Wednesday in Taylor's rotary saw mill at Canaan, near Parrsboro, N. S. His coat becoming caught in the machinery, he was carried round the the shaft three times.

EDWARD BLAKE, the Canadian statesman, was suddenly seized with illness in the lobby of the British House of Commons on Thursday night last, and fell down. His face was ghastly pale, and he was attacked with such a violent fit of coughing that he appeared to be choking. The Irish members and officials searched for doctors, but none were in the House. After a glass of water Mr. Blake recovered and said he was subject to like attacks. But he left the building looking ill, much to the alarm of the Irish members. The illness is probably a recurrence of a throat trouble which attacked Mr. Blake on his way from Australia.

WE would call the special attention of our readers to the advertisement of the lecture on the "Destiny of Canada," to be delivered by Hon. David Laird, under the auspices of Branch 216 C. M. B. A., in St. Patrick's Hall, on Monday evening, 20th inst. We all naturally feel deeply interested in the future of our great country; Mr. Laird has had rare opportunities for studying this question, and in this lecture he gives the public the benefit of his matured convictions. Those who have heard the lecture speak of it in the highest terms. We would, therefore, recommend to our readers that they make no other engagement for the evening of the 20th; but that they all come to the lecture; for we feel sure they will be amply repaid by the rich intellectual treat that is in store for them.

THE concert in aid of the new Cathedral, held in the Opera House on Monday evening last, was doubtless the grandest success of anything in this line ever presented to a Charlottetown audience. The programme was splendid in matter and excellent in arrangement. The vocal and instrumental music, as well as the literary parts all exhibited excellence in a high degree, and each number was greeted with enthusiastic applause. But if the music and the recitations were splendid, the different groups of living statuary were simply superb. Certainly nothing approaching these representations in excellence has ever been seen here. No brief account of the concert could convey any adequate idea of its superiority in every particular, nothing less than one's presence there could convey to him a proper conception of what took place. The house was packed, even standing room was at a premium. Those charged with the management, as well as all who took part deserve the highest praise for the success that has crowned their efforts. The gross proceeds amounted to $382.52; the expenses were $50. Net proceeds $332.52.

THE solemn ceremonies of Holy Week were excellently carried out in St. Dunstan's Cathedral, by His Lordship, the Bishop, assisted by the clergy of the Palace and of St. Dunstan's College. On the evenings of Wednesday, Holy Thursday and Good Friday the Bishop and clergy were assisted in the recitation of *Tenebræ* by the members of the Cathedral Choir and the students of the College. The sermon on Good Friday morning was preached by Father Ignatius McDonald, of the College. On Easter Sunday Solemn Pontifical Mass was celebrated by His Lordship, the Bishop assisted by Rev. Father Curran as arch-priest; Revs. Dr. Morrison and Ignatius McDonald as deacons of honor; Revs. Father McDougall and Arsenault as deacon and subdeacon of office, respectively. The sermon, on the resurrection, was preached by Father Curran. In the evening Pontifical Vespers were given followed by Solemn Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, His Lordship officiating assisted by the same clergymen as at the Mass. The high altar was charmingly adorned with lights and flowers, and the choir, reinforced by an orchestra, rendered grand music, both at Mass and Vespers.

C. M. B. A.

LECTURE

Hon. David Laird will deliver his great lecture on the

"Destiny of Canada,"

under the auspices of Branch 216 C. M. B. A., in

St. Patrick's Hall

—ON—

Monday Evening,

20th instant.

Doors open at 7.30. Lecture commences at 8. Tickets 10 cents.

April 8—2i

THE People's Store!

MOTTO

"We Can't be Beat."

Now is the Day!

and

Now is the Hour!

These immortal words of the great Scottish chieftain should not be lost sight of in the grand opportunity that

NOW

presents itself to economical housewives to provide daily wants at bargain prices.

4,000 yards heavy Fleecy Cotton, - - 7c. up
4,000 yards good Bed Tickings, - - - 10c. up
20,000 yards strong Gingham Shirtings, - 6c. up
50,000 yards Grey and White Cottons, - - 3c. up

ANOTHER BROADSIDE

of special opportunities thrown across your path by the People's Store.

1,000 yards Pillow Cottons, 12c. up
2,000 yards Grey and White Sheetings - 16c. up
2,500 yards New Flannelettes, - - 5c. up
15,000 yards Mat Canvas, 5c. up
1,500 yards best Cashmere, for 5oc

We are selling these goods

CHEAP!

CHEAP!

CHEAP!

to make a clearance for the

Big Spring Stock

Now on the way.

TRY THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Hundreds of new Felt Hats, Shirts, Collars, Braces, Gloves, Ties, Scarfs, Boas and underwear of every quality.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail.

Mail Contracts.

TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa, until noon on Friday, the 15th May, 1896, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's mails on the following proposed routes, from the 1st July, 1896, viz:—

Armadale and Railway Station, tri-weekly.
Bangor and Morell Station, semi-weekly.
Cardigan Bridge and Railway Station, twice daily.
Caledonia and Orwell, daily.
Caledonia and Orwell, tri-weekly
Cardigan Bridge and Lot 56, daily.
Cardigan Bridge and Lot 56, tri-weekly.
Elmira and South Lake, tri-weekly.
Flat River and Selkirk Road, semi-weekly.
Georgetown and Murray Harbor North, tri-weekly.
Johnstons River and Southport, semi-weekly.
Kensington and Sea view, tri-weekly
Kinross and Orwell, tri-weekly.
Little Tignish and Tignish, semi-weekly.
Mill Cove and Railway Station, semi-weekly.
Morell Station and Railway Station, twice daily.
Mount Herbert and Southport, semi-weekly.
Mount Stewart and Savage Harbor, semi-weekly.
Murray Harbor South and White Sands, tri-weekly.
Pisquid and Webster's Corner, tri-weekly.
St. Mary's Road and St. Mary's Road East, semi-weekly.
Suffolk Station and Railway Station, semi-weekly.
West St. Peters and Railway Station, semi-weekly.

Printed notices containing full information as to conditions of proposed contracts may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices at which the services commence and terminate, and at the office of the subscriber, Charlottetown.

F. DE ST. C. BRECKEN,
Asst. P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island, March 18th, 1896.

March 25, 1896.—3i.

Prepare for Spring.

When you want to buy a New Suit of Clothes for spring and summer, you will please remember we are now receiving large quantities of New Clothing for men and boys at lowest prices ever offered in this old city.

Our New Felt Hats and Cloth Caps are the very latest English and American production. You will not be disappointed when you will see them, either in the style or price. Be sure and come and see.

J. B. McDONALD & Co.

To the Clergy

—OF—

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

We have a fine assortment of Soutane Goods, which we will make up in good style at short notice. We guarantee a er fect fit and finish in every case. Prices ranging from

$13 to $20.

MOST OF

OUR SPRING CLOTHS

—IN—

Suitings, Trouserings & Overcoatings,

Have arrived, and have struck within the circle of popular favor.

Shrewd buyers are investing with us. Our prices are right. We guarantee the best values in the market. Call and examine our stock.

John MacLeod & Co.

March 4, 1896.

Mortgage Sale.

TO be sold by Public Auction on Wednesday the sixth day of May, A. D. 1896, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the fifteenth day of October A. D. 1892, and made between Angus D. Campbell of Mitchell River, Lot or Township Number Fifty-four in King's County in Prince Edward Island, farmer, of the one part and Credit Foncier Franco-Canadien of the other part.

All that tract piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on Lot or Township Number Fifty-four, aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows that is to say:—Commencing on the north side of the Launching Road at a point nine chains eastfrom the east side of the Loyalist Road; thence running west along the north side of the said Launching Road to the east side of the Loyalist Road; thence north along the east side of the said Loyalist Road to the south boundary of land now or formerly in possession of Farquhar Campbell; thence east along the south boundary of same four and one-half chains; thence north to the south boundary of land now or formerly belonging to Mercer Campbell, thence east four and one-half chains; thence south to the place of commencement, containing one hundred and seventy acres of land, a little more or less, excepting thereout and therefrom all that tract of land containing five acres or thereabouts and now occupied by the Saint George's Dairying Company, having been purchased by them and released from the said Mortgage.

If the said property is not sold at the time and place aforesaid, the same will thereafter be sold by private sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of Æneas A. McDonald, Solicitor, Charlottetown.

Dated this thirty-first day of March A. D. 1896.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN, Mortgagees.

April 1 '96.—5i.

Mortgage Sale.

TO be sold by Public Auction on Wednesday the sixth day of May, A. D. 1896, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-seventh day of January A. D. 1892, and made between Alexander McGillivary, Angus McGillivary and Joseph McGillivary of Head of Souris River, Lot or Township Number Forty-four in King's County in Prince Edward Island, farmers, of the one part and Lelia M. MacKieson of Charlottetown of the other part.

All that tract piece or parcel of land situatelying and being on Township Number Forty-four, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows:—Commencing at the southern edge of Grant's Road at the eastern boundary of land held by Lazar White and running thence along the eastern boundary thereof to the head of the creek; thence southwardly along the eastern side of the said creek and southeastwardly along the shore of Souris River to the northwestern boundary of land held by Thomas Mullaly; thence along said boundary forty-six chains and sixty links; thence north seventy-nine degrees east to Grant's Road, aforesaid, and thence west along said Grant's Road to the place of commencement, containing seventy acres of land exclusive of the main road passing through the same

For further particulars apply at the office of Æneas A. McDonald, Solicitor, Charlottetown.

If said property is not sold at the time and place aforesaid, the same will thereafter be sold by private sale.

Dated this thirty-first day of March A. D. 1896.

L. M. MACKIESON, Mortgagee.

April 1, '96.—5i.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.—COFFINS, CASKETS, AND ALL FUNERAL GOODS.