The Charlottetown Herald.

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J. MELISAAC, R. E. MORAN,
J. M. SULLIVAN.

Calendar for May, 1893

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon, 1st day, 3h, 5.28m a. m. S
Last Quarter, 8th day, 7h. 22.8m.a. m., S.W
New Moon, 16th day, 10h. 22.0m.a.m., S.E.
First Quarter, 23rd day, 1h. 13.6m, a.m. W
Full Moon, 30th day, 7h. 10.6m., p. m. E.

D M.	Day of Week.	Sun rises	Sun Sets	The Moon Rises	The Moon Sets	High Water Ch'town
1	Lu.	5 43	23	7 8	6 2	10 46
2	Mon	42	25	8 15	6 19	11 17
3	Tues	40	27	9 23	6 34	11 47
4	Wed	39	28	10 30	6 53	aft. 15
5	Thur	38	29	11 35	7 18	0 52
6	Fri	36	31	morn	7 48	1 31
7	Sat	35	32	0 39	8 32	2 18
8	Sun	33	33	1 39	9 18	3 10
9	Mon	32	35	2 17	10 14	4 20
10	Tues	30	36	2 55	11 20	5 40
11	Wed	29	37	3 19	aft. 30	6 59
12	Thur	28	38	3 48	1 47	8 0
13	Fri	27	40	4 9	3 2	8 48
14	Sat	26	41	4 28	4 21	9 30
15	Sun	25	42	4 46	5 41	10 10
16	Mon	24	44	5 5	7 4	10 48
17	Tues	23	45	5 26	8 20	11 28
18	Wed	22	46	5 51	10 1	morn
19	Thur	21	48	6 20	11 10	0 11
20	Fri	20	49	7 20	morn	0 57
21	Sat	19	50	8 56	0 30	1 50
22	Sun	18	52	9 48	1 33	2 55
23	Mon	17	53	11 0	2 24	4 6
24	Tues	16	54	aft. 23	2 55	5 20
25	Wed	15	55	1 36	3 19	6 47
26	Thur	14	56	2 45	3 37	7 40
27	Fri	13	57	3 52	3 54	8 32
28	Sat	12	58	4 59	4 9	9 11
29	Sun	11	7 1	6 4	4 23	9 41
30	Mon	10	7 2	7 11	4 41	10 17

A SIMPLE WAY TO HELP POOR CATHOLIC MISSIONS.

Save all cancelled postage stamps of every kind and country and send them to Rev. P. M. Baval, Hammonton, New Jersey, U S. Give at once your address, and you will receive with the necessary explanation a nice Souvenir of Hammonton Missions.

mar 15, 1893—1yr.

To the Public.

JAMES MACLEOD & SON
[Late of the Firm of McLeod & McKenzie]
Gentlemen's Tailors & Outfitters,
Have leased the Shop in the
Cameron Block, Victoria Row,
Lately occupied by Mr. Horace Hazzard
And will open a Large and Select stock of the most Stylish and Fashionable Goods in
Scotch, English & Canadian Tweeds & Worsteds.
The public are guaranteed to receive in the future the same satisfaction that the members of the new Firm have always given in the past.
James McLeod & Son,
apl Cameron Block

No Failure
WHEN
Woodill's German Baking Powder
IS USED IN
THE HOUSEHOLD.

Blank books, bill heads and receipt forms in the neat style, printed at this office.

JAMES H. REDDIN,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW
Solicitor, Notary Public, &c.,
Office, Cameron Block,
(Head of Stairway,)
Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Collections carefully attended to. Money to loan at lowest rate of interest.

Aug. 13, 1890.—1y.

1881, Reddin Bros. 1893
THE POPULAR DRUG STORE
THE POPULAR DRUG STORE

Happy and Prosperous New Year to all.

WE ARE NOT in the presumed dispute, Doctors versus Druggists, Twelve years of honest dealing have made both Doctor and Patient our customers, and has earned for us the name of

THE POPULAR DRUG STORE

Our Stock of DRUGS is as large and well selected as any in the city, and our prices are always right. WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

REDDIN BROS.

FURNITURE.
THE CHEAPEST YET.

Call and Examine our Stock and Prices. Cash

THE CHEAPEST PLACE ON P. E. ISLAND.

DRAWING ROOM PARLOR SUITES, best value.
BEDROOM SUITES at low prices,
All kinds of UPHOLSTERED GOODS at Bargains,
PICTURE FRAMING, 125 varieties, very cheap and lobby LOOKING GLASSES,
The latest in WINDOW BLINDS, and all kinds of WINDOW FURNITURE and Fixings at cost.
No trouble to show goods. Can suit all tastes at NEWSON'S FURNITURE WAREROOMS, opposite the Post Office.

JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, Feb. 20, 1892.

Bronchitis
ACUTE or CHRONIC,
Can be cured by the use of
SCOTT'S EMULSION
of pure Cod Liver Oil, with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. A feeble stomach takes kindly to it, and its continued use adds flesh, and makes one feel strong and well.
"CAUTION."—Beware of substitution. Genuine prepared by Scott & Bowne, Belleville. Sold by all druggists. 50c. and $1.00.

Local and Special News

Hinard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

K. D. C. restores the stomach to healthy action.

West Indian people eat alligators' eggs. An example of one of the laws of notation is furnished when it is also considered that alligators eat West Indian people.

Hinard's Liniment, Lumberman's Friend.

R. D. Lewis, of St. John, was completely cured of biliousness, and constipation by Hawker's pills, and now always keeps a supply on hand.

Capt. Easton of Clarendon, Charlotte Co., said it was a pleasure to him to recommend Hawker's Tolu as a remedy for coughs and colds. He has proved its power in his own case.

The city of New York cares for 18,000 lepers at a cost of $625,000 a year

Hinard's Liniment is the Best.

Rev. Henry M. Spike, rector of Musquash, N B., advised Mrs. Wm. Thompson of that place to try Hawker's Tonic for Acute Dyspepsia. Read what they both say in another column as to the result.

In 1635 a tulip bulb was sold in Holland for $2,200. It weighed 200 grains.

PERFECT SATISFACTION.

GENTLEMEN,—I have found B. B. B. an excellent remedy, both as a blood purifier and general family medicine. I was for a long time troubled with sick headache and heartburn, and tried a bottle, which gave me such perfect satisfaction that I have since then used it as our family medicine.

E. W. BAILEY
North Bay, Ont.

IT HAS BEEN PROVED,

It has been proved over and over again that Burdock Blood Bitters cures dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, headache, scrofula, and all diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels. Try it. Every bottle is guaranteed to benefit or cure when taken according to directions.

Before singing the song of "The Letter That Never Came," the composer should look in her husband's overcoat pocket. He may have failed to deliver it as expected.

FOR FROST BITES.

SIR,—For chapped hands, sore throat and frost bites I find nothing excels Hagyard's Yellow Oil. I had my feet frozen three years ago and obtained no relief until I used Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which soon healed up the frozen part.

CHAS LONGMUIR
Alameda, N. W. T.

MY LITTLE BOY.

GENTLEMEN,—My little boy had a severe hacking cough and could not sleep at night I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam and it cured him very quickly.

MRS. J. HACKETT
Linwood, Ont.

The handsomest man in congress is Allan Cathcart Darborow, Jr., of Illinois.

A COMPLICATED CASE.

DEAR SIRS,—I was troubled with biliousness, headache and loss of appetite. I could not rest at night, and was very weak, but after using three bottles of B. B. B. my appetite is good and I am better than for years past. I would not now be without B. B. B., and am also giving it to my children.

MRS. WALTER BURNS
Maitland N. S.

There is not a lizard or snake north of the southern extremity of Hudson's bay.

SCRAPED WITH A RASP.

SIRS,—I had such a severe cough that my throat felt as if scraped with a rasp On taking Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup I found the first dose gave relief, and the bottle completely cured me.

MISS A. A. DOWNEY,
Magnetic, Ont.

"I don't know that you ever told me why you resigned from your club." "It was no place for a poor man. The members got to be mostly all plumbers and icemen."

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure diphtheria.

JOHN D. BOUTILIER
French Village.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure croup.

P. F. CUNNINGHAM
Cape Island

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT is best remedy on earth.

Handel used, when travelling, to order dinner for three, or, if hungry, for five and then eat the whole himself.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians

As Montreal workmen were digging a drain the other day near Dominion square, they unearthed a coffin with the breast plate marked, "Margaret Mulligan, aged 17; died 17 Jan'y, 1832." Strange to say the body retained its natural form.

Writing from St. John's Nfld., Lieut. Peary says the sealing steamer Falcon will be ready to sail by June 15. The same route will be taken as in 1891 on the Kite, going by way of Baffin's Bay into Smith's Sound and thence to McCormick Bay.

General News.

It would require 12,000 cholera microbes to form a procession an inch long.

A man of one idea, and that idea to be cured of Dyspepsia by the use of K. D. C. is the man who succeeds. Make this your idea and try K. D. C.

The petition against the return of Mr. Bain, conservative M. P. for Soulanges, Que., has been dismissed.

K. D. C. offers you an opportunity to enjoy your meals without after-suffering. Try it Free Sample, K. D. C. Company, Ltd., New Glasgow, N. S., Canada, or 127 State St., Boston, Mass.

A petition has been entered against the return of Mr. Harwood Liberal elected M P. for Vaudreuil, Quebec.

Buy an appetite. You will find it in a package sold by all druggists and marked K. D. C. Free Sample, K. D. C. Company, Ltd., New Glasgow, N. S., Canada, or 127 State St. Boston, Mass.

In Thuringir, Germany, there is a whole district which is depend nt for its support on the manufacture of glass eyes.

Are you troubled with sour stomach, nausea, nightmare? Take K. D. C., the King of Dyspepsia Cures. It is guaranteed to cure you.

J. W. Sandison, the "wheat king" of Brandon, Man., has decamped leaving, it is alleged, debts to the amount of $150,000.

When indigestion is cured cholera is prevented. K. D. C. the King of Dyspepsia Cures is the Greatest Cure of the Age. It cures the first and prevents the second.

At a meeting of the Berlin medical societies Prof. Virchow said the recurrence of cholera anywhere in Germany this year was improbable.

In observance of the pope's episcopal jubilee the Czar of Russia has presented him with two magnificent vases on mother of pearl pedestals.

Sir James Winter has been appointed judge of the supreme court of Newfoundland to succeed the late Judge Pinsent. Sir James was leader of the colonial opposition and ex-attorney general.

They have sentenced a mulatto girl down in Tennessee to jail for three months for marrying a white man; but as the law provides that she might have been sentenced for as many years for the offence, she gets of easy. Meanwhile her white husband is at large.

Boston has a street-railway horse forty years old, which for twenty-five years jogged along before a car running between Boston and Brookline. In that time he never lost a trip from sickness or disability, and actually travelled one hundred and twenty-five thousand miles. He is now on the retired list, and will never be required by the company to do any more work.

Says a Dublin, Ireland, despatch: While a train on the Tralee and Dingle railway was going down a steep grade the engineer lost control of the engine, as the brake would not work. The train ran at a high rate of speed half way across the viaduct on a curve, jumped the track and fell fifty feet. Five passengers were killed instantly and one wounded severely. The carriages and engine were completely wrecked.

During the past two weeks Miss O'Connor, teacher of the fourth ward separate school, Windsor, Ont., has been sick, and her place filled by Adolphe Girardt of Sandwich. Girardt, who is a medical student, noticed that two or three children had toothache, and examining their mouths he claimed to find decayed teeth. He decided to relieve the scholars of their bad teeth and at the same time get the benefit of the clinical experience. About fifty little boys and twenty-four little girls allowed him to pull any teeth which he thought needed pulling. When Girardt dismissed school for the day and went home he carried 125 teeth rolled up in a newspaper and exhibited them to his friends.

Chapels in City Homes.

PLACES OF WORSHIP IN SOME NEW YORK MANSIONS—MRS. HECKER'S FAMOUS ROOM.

The private chapels in New York formed the theme of an illustrated article in a recent issue of the New York Recorder, from which it is learned that there are now some twenty worthy of extended note—eleven in in the city and the others in country houses—up the Hudson, down the bay and among the Oranges.

The most famous private chapel in New York belongs to Mrs. Josephine Hecker, widow of George V. Hecker and sister-in-law of the distinguished Paulist, the late Rev. Isaac Hecker. Through a long and happy married life she had the love and devotion of two brothers whose acquaintance was considered an honor and an education. Mrs Hecker moved into her present home in 1868, and for years the brilliant and gifted radical lived with her family. When Mrs. Hecker's health became so delicate as to interrupt her church life she arranged to have a private chapel in the house, Father Hecker designed the little altar, collected the decorative furniture and secured from Pope Pius IX the right to solemnize church services in the little chapel, a privilege never before granted to a foreigner. During the five years that he lived in the Madison avenue house he sang Mass every morning that his health permitted.

SOME STRIKING FEATURES.

Guests and family friends frequently attended and occasionally there was a short address. Aside from a delightful personality, he had a glorious voice and his speech was music to the ear. His illness lasted eleven years after he left his brothers home to die in the Paulist rectory and although no services have been held since, the little chapel holds the tenderest memories for Mrs Hecker. The most striking feature is a large stained-glass window, representing St. George and St. Teresa—one the patron of Mrs. Hecker's childhood and the other selected because it was in the old church of St. Teresa, in Rogers street, that she was married. Catholic. The windows were bought in Munich, and Dr. Hecker superintended the jewel glass framing. The old painting of St. Catherine and St. Teresa he brought from Genoa, and the sculptured ivory crucifix from Rome. At the foot of the cross are figures of Mary Magdalen and St. John, also treasures of art. The brass altar candlesticks, picked up in Nuremberg, may have been the property of Albrecht Durer. They are gracefully and delicate in design, exquisitely painted and studded with mock gems. The history of the gold chalice is sacred. Draperies, vestments, a holy water receptacle of royal Dresden china and the five or six priedieu of maroon velvet were also gifts of "Ernest, the Truth Seeker," as he was called by Hawthorne and Ripley in Brook Farm, where he made such good bread and so many friends.

EXCEPTIONALLY HONORED.

Mrs. Joseph J. Donoghue is the only lady in New York who can have mass celebrated at home. Her health is very delicate, and when she does not feel like going to St. Patrick's Cathedral she can ring up the rectory or the Bishop's palace and a priest will be at her service. This privilege was granted by the Pope of Rome as a recognition of her great good work among the parish poor. Aside from Mass and Vespers, wedding, baptismal and communion services have been solemnized. When her younger son was married Mrs. O'Donohue was too ill to go to Chicago, although most desirous of attending his wedding. Miss Quan, the bride-elect, startled the windiest division of the Windy City by recalling her cards and changing the place from the Notre Dame Cathedral of Chicago to the chapel adjoining Mrs. O'Donohue's sitting room. It has accommodations, when the folded doors are thrown back, for two hundred.

The altar and fitments are black-walnut, the ornaments are souvenirs of travel or visiting clergymen, and the draperies and vestments, which are sufficient for ceremonious rites, were made in Paris. Before reaching New York they made the circuit of the globe, owing to the blunder of a French customs officer, who shipped them to "Mr. Donohue, of Japan."

One of the uptown magazine publishers spends annually for chapel services a sum that would pay the living expenses of some of his regular contributors. When he lived on the Hudson he supported a country church. A clergyman celebrated Mass and was employed during the day as tutor to one of the coming editors. There was a regular church programme on Sunday, attended by the entire household, and the floral decorations, always beautiful, were superb on the occasion of house parties, family birthdays, etc.

Literary Notes.

The complete novel in the June number of Lippincott's is "The Translation of a Savage," by Gilbert Parker, author of the "The Chief Factor," "Pierre and his People," "Mrs. Falchion," etc. It has an unusual subject, and tells how an Englishman of family and wealth married an Indian girl of Hudson's Bay and took her home, with results naturally mixed, but better than might have been expected. The fourth in the series of Lippincott's Notable Stories—"The Philosophers," by Geraldine Bonner—deals with an extraordinary wedding, in which the men concerned were philosophers indeed. It is illustrated. "Ambition," a play in one act, by Johanna Staats, has a double love-story. The Athletic Series is continued in an illustrated article on "Amateur Rowing," by John F. Huneker. In the Journalist Series, Theodore Stanton descants on "The Foreign Correspondent." John Burroughs gives "A Glance into Walt Whitman," and Frank A. Burr tells "How Men Write," with portraits of Captain King, J. G. Blain, Julian Hawthorne, Eugene Field, Joel Chandler Harris, J. W. Riley, Bill Nye, and Walt Whitman. W. S. Walsh supplies anecdotes illustrating the methods, now more honored in the breach than in the observance, of "The Practical Jester." Alfred Stoddart, in "An Actor's Art," contributes a brief study of Edward S. Willard. "A Colonial Vista," by F. H. W., is a notice of Miss Wharton's "Through Colonial Doorways." "When Doctors Differ," by F. M. B., is a comment on a recent deliverence of Mr. F. Marion Crawford. M. Crofton, in "Men of the Day," offers pen-pictures of Ambassador Bayard Millionaire Mackay, Composer Verdi, and Editor Burnand. The poetry of the number is unusually full, containing lyrics by Graham R. Tomson, the late Philip Bourke Marston, Lorimer, Stoddard, Bliss Carman, and Harrison S. Morris, besides quatrains by Frank Dempster Sherman, Clinton Scollard and Joel Benton.

If there is one subject more than another in which American girls and women are interested during the summer months it is lawn tennis, and no one more competent to discuss the subject can be found than Miss Mabel Esmonde Cahill, the lady champion of the United States, who contributes a valuable article on "The Art of Playing Good Tennis" to the June Ladies' Home Journal. Mr. Willard Spenser adds attractiveness to the number by an exquisite song, "A Dream of Love," the first composition which he has given to the public since his successful comic opera of "The Little Tycoon." Mr. Arthur Warren writes entertainingly of the Empress of Germany in her home, his article being profusely illustrated from original photographs. Three beautiful pages of "Needlework for Idle Summer Days" are followed by "The Story of the Roses," by H. H. Battles. Mr. Howells' charming study of girl-life, "The Coast of Bohemia," gains in interest as it proceeds, and Mr. Harben's interesting story, "Before two Altars" is brought to a dramatic conclusion. The Editor writes earnestly on the seriousness of leaving male members of the family alone in city houses during the summer season. The summer traveller and the Chicago Exposition receive attention in "If You go to the Fair," by Mrs. M. P. Handy; "Some Smart Travelling Suits," by Mrs. Mallon, and "The Art of Travelling Easily" by Ruth Ashmore. Women who are interested in equestrianism will appreciate the page devoted to their hobby, in which the leading article by Mr. H. C. Merwin, on "When Women Takes the Reins," is supplemented by some practical suggestions on "Dressing for the Ride." Palmer Cox contributes a page of fun and frolic, this time taking his "Brownies" through Italy. The description of decoration of "The Back of an Upright Piano," by James Thomson, will be found valuable, as will the page of "Household Hints for Summer" and Miss Parloa's "Care of Cutlery and Glass." Other articles are Miss Hooper's "Remodeling Last Year's Gowns," "The Summer's New Hats," by Mrs. Mallon, "Planning a Home Wedding," by Helen Jay, "Sketching From Nature," by Maude Haywood, and "Life in the Invalid's Room," by Elizabeth Robinson Scovil. Mrs. Lyman Abbott, Mrs. Bottome and Eben E. Rexford all add attractiveness to an issue which goes out to its hundreds of thousands of readers in a dainty cover, exquisitely illustrated by W. Hamilton Gibson. Published by The Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia for Ten Cents per number.

Donahoe's Magazine for June is as bright and cheery as the month of roses in which it comes forth. It is particularly rich in valuable and entertaining features and adds additional emphasis to its claims as a monthly periodical of the very highest rank. A striking paper in the number is one contributed by Professor N. S. Shaler of Harvard University, dealing with "The Undiscovered Mineral Werlth of the World," and the other striking features are: Excellent papers on "The Woman's Club Movement," by Estelle M. H. Merrill; "Catholicity in the Maritime Provinces (illustrated,) by John Boden; "Thirty Years of Ireland's Battle" (part II.) by Hon John F. Finerty; "Irish Writers in London," by Eugene Davis; "A Bit of Homespun," by Herbert M. Sylvester; "In American Studios," by Henry Austin; "The School of the Future," by Rev. V. Tracey, and "Where Columbus is Buried," (illustrated) by Richard H. Clake, L. L. D. The poetry of the number is contributed by James Jeffrey Roche, W. D. Kelley, J. C., and Charles S. O'Neill, while the regular departments are exceptionally bright, timely and interesting. It is a grand number of a grand publication. Donahoe's Magazine Co., Publishers, Boston, Mass.

CO-OPERATIVE DAIRYMEN.

St. John Sun.

Prof. Jas. W. Robertson, dairy commissioner, is in the city on his way to Ottawa from a business trip to P. E. Island and Nova Scotia.

The dairy business in the island province has made rapid progress since the dominion government initiated its work there by the visit of the dairy commissioner in 1890. In 1891 samples of seed Indian corn were distributed free to encourage the farmers to grow a cheap sort of fodder for stable use. Probably not more than ten farmers on the island had grown fodder corn for cattle feeding up to that time. During the present year considerable areas, from fifteen acres downwards, will be grown on over 1,500 different farms.

In 1892 one experimental dairy station was established at New Perth. A joint stock company of farmers provided a suitable building and the dominion department of agriculture put in the necessary apparatus and utensils. The result of the season's operations in making cheese were so satisfactory to the farmers that deputations came to New Perth from several other districts on the island to enquire whether cheese factories and creameries could be introduced into their neighborhoods.

Full information as to buildings and management was furnished by T. J. Dillon of the dairy commissioner's staff, who was stationed at New Perth during the summer. During the autumn the president and secretary of the New Perth Dairying company accompanied Mr. Dillon to public meetings and volunteered such information as was wanted by the farmers.

In three places in the vicinity of New Perth, the farmers decided to organize joint stock companies and to engage in co-operative dairying. Enquiries were made at the dairy commissioner's office at Ottawa for help to manage this new and promising business on the Island until the farmers acquired sufficient experience to conduct it themselves. The prospect was held out to them that if they erected suitable factories and equipped them with the necessary machinery, the dairy commissioner would be authorized to render them such assistance as was needed. The plan of the commissioner was to put a competent cheese maker in each factory, instruct Mr. Dillon (who is one of the best cheese makers from Ontario) to visit the factories regularly and to charge the farmers such a sum per pound of cheese for manufacturing as would almost, if not altogether, meet expenses. The net proceeds from sales of cheese, after deducting the manufacturing charge, were to be divided among the patrons in proportion to the quantities of milk supplied. The enthusiastic interest which had been awakened in the island, became so widespread that no less than eleven new companies were organized, nine new factories were erected, two old buildings are being put in order, and the dairy commissioner, has made agreements to manage the business at 12 different factories.

Over 1,500 farmers have agreed to send milk to the factories, and the outlook is very hopeful and encouraging for this new departure on the island. One co-operative creamery will also be run on the island, provided the services of a suitable butter maker can be secured.

In order to induce the farmers to maintain the deep interest with which they have started the factories, the dairy commissioner, as a personal matter, has offered a gold medal to the farmer who furnishes the largest supply of milk per cow to any of the factories during the season. He also offers a silver medal to the farmers who furnished the largest supply of milk per cow during the season to each of the eleven other factories. Each competitor must own at least three cows and the full number of milking cows on the farm of each competitor will be counted to him. One object of offering the medals is to obtain the data per cow from ten or twenty of the best patrons of every factory for the benefit of the others. Other important objects of the dairy commissioner. Object lessons of the results from good feeding close at home will be more influential than illustrations cited from a distant province. The Canadian brand will be put on all the Island cheese and they will be shipped to Great Britain. The output will likely be between $15,000 and $17,000 per month while the factories run. The cheese shipped from the New Perth station last season and sold by the dairy commissioner while in Great Britain last winter, gave such excellent satisfaction that several enquiries have already been received for more of similar quality. It is expected that butter making will be taken up at one of the stations for the winter after the close of the cheese making season.

At three of the dominion dairy stations in Ontario, butter was made last season from the end of November until the end of March; in the same premises where cheese-making had been carried on during the summer. Over 47,000 lbs of butter were made. Farmers find that it paid them handsomely, and winter butter making in factories will soon become general.

After leaving P. E. I., Prof. Robertson went to the Nappan branch of the experimental farm. An experimental dairy station for Nova Scotia is being started there. Local men are putting up a factory and the Dominion Government will put in the machinery, apparatus and fittings. The milk from over three hundred cows has been promised by farmers in the vicinity. Cheese will be made during June, July, August and probably September. Butter will be made afterwards.

This dairy station is intended to be a dairy school for the province, and young men who desire to learn both branches of the dairy trade—butter making and cheese making—will be received. A gold medal will also be given at this factory upon terms similar to those for P. E. I. J. E. Hopkins, of the dairy commission staff, will be in charge. He will also visit the cheese factories and creameries in the province during the summer, and give instructions.

To-day Prof. Robertson is to meet the dairy experts for New Brunswick at Fredericton, after which he will address a meeting of the patrons of the Kingsclear creamery in the evening, and make arrangements for the business there during the current year.

The "Robertson mixture for ensilage" has been a great success. Milking cows and fattening steers can be fed on it at from one half to one third of the cost required for a ration of hay roots and grain. It is composed of Indian corn, horse beans, and the heads of sunflowers. Over two hundred farmers in Canada are growing it this year under directions, in order to have a knowledge of it correctly, speedily and widely disseminated.

Yes, said Mr. Robertson, dairying is now the best business for the farmers of the maritime provinces, as it is for those of Ontario and Quebec; and the sooner they recognize it, the sooner will prosperity prevail within their own borders.

Cheese from the maritime provinces have been sent to the Chicago World's Fair. Some of them are placed on the Dairy Pyramid on the mammoth Canadian cheese.

You believe in your own business?

Certainly I do; it is all, only and wholly for the public good.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Gladstone and O'Connor.

AN INTERESTING SPECTACLE IN THE LOBBY OF THE HOUSE.

A correspondent writes: "An interesting spectacle was witnessed in the division lobby the other evening when Mr. Gladstone encountered for the first time Mr. James O'Connor, the ex-Fenian prisoner, who was returned in the new Parliament as member for Wicklow. The G.O.M. was resting himself on one of the benches in the lobby when, suddenly looking round, he recognized Mr. O'Connor, whom he greeted, at the same time asking him had he not been in jail for Fenianism.

"Mr. O'Connor said that he had spent about three years in Pentonville, nine months in Portland and eight months in Millbank, from which the Premier himself had released him. 'You mean' observed Mr. Gladstone, 'my Government,' and then asked if Mr. O'Connor had been in Portland when he visited it in 1890; but, as the member for Wicklow put in, in those days a prisoner knew very little about the visit of anyone to the jail, for he was confined to a dark cell for twenty-three hours out of the twenty-four.

"As the Premier and the ex-political prisoner walked along the lobby many eyes were cast upon them. Mr. Gladstone having expressed the opinion that Fenianism had been the outcome of the refusal of the Government to concede the demand of O'Connell for justice to Ireland, Mr. O'Connor observed that it was directly the offspring of the corruption and treachery of the Brass Band of Sadlier and Keogh.

"'And O'Flaherty,' quickly added the Premier, whose mind at once reverted to the period, for O'Flaherty's name is but little remembered in Ireland. Then shaking his head mournfully, he said: 'Yes that was the only Irish party that ever yielded to corruption in this House,' and so saying parted with the former political prisoner as they left the lobby. Mr. James O'Connor has been all his life a journalist, and was associated with Mr. William O'Brien, Member of Parliament, when the latter conducted *United Ireland*. When Mr. Parnell seized on that journal after the 'split,' Mr. O'Connor left and threw in his lot with the anti-Parnellites."

A Pretty Fast Boat.

BOSTON, Mass., May 23.—With forward torpedo tubes buried deep in the sea and the water pushed almost as high as her forecastle, the armored cruiser New York steamed across the line today, breaking the world's record and winning for her owners the largest premium ever paid in any country. When 21 knots was predicted as the speed for the new cruiser many hopes, but few believed, that her engines would ever be able to drive such an immense mass of steel through the water at this rate. When she crossed the line today, however, with a speed of 21.09 knots through the water, and some corrections yet to be added for tide, the enthusiasm on board was intense. To-day's performance off the Massachusetts coast will be reported from one end of Europe to the other, for it places the United States in the van among the navies of the world and gives her not only the most powerful, but the swiftest armored cruiser.

An Important Deputation.

Hon. Mr. Daly was waited upon on Saturday, says an Ottawa despatch, by an important deputation consisting of Rev. Robt. Rossell, chancellor of the Roman Catholic diocese of Salford, England, and chaplain of the Salford Catholic Protection and Rescue Society; Rev. T. Chronnell, rector of St. Peters', Salford, and Rev. R. D. St. John, secretary to the Roman Catholic Bishop of Southwark, London. These gentlemen are in Canada with a view to establishing an industrial home and farm for boys in the North west. In the last few year the Salford Protection and Rescue Society, which has several homes in England, has sent out to this country over 500 boys, who have been placed in good homes in the province of Quebec, with a few in Ontario. These boys are the pick of the homes and so far, Father Rossell says, have won the society credit. Father Rossell visits each boy yearly to watch his progress. But now it is proposed to establish an industrial farm in the Canadian North-west, where the boys can be given practical training in farming before being placed out with farmers. The society simply wants the Government to do the square thing in the way of aiding the scheme. The fathers have just returned from the North-west, where they selected a site, and are now on their way back to England. While in Ottawa they were the guests of Archbishop Duhamel.

FATAL RESULT OF DELAY.

Sickness generally follows in the path of neglect. Don't be reckless! but prudently take a few doses of Scott's Emulsion immediately following exposure to cold. It will save you many painful days and sleepless nights.

A gratifying success:—The demand for Boer Bros Dress goods Mantles and Millinery this spring is such that their large staff of 22 geniuses can scarcely keep pace with it.

For the cheapest Boots and Shoes in Charlottetown Go to the Dominion Boot & Shoe store.