

# ITALY TAKES OVER FORTY HUN SHIPS

## ITALY TAKES ALL INTERMED SHIPS OVER

The Italians Will Have About Forty German Vessels Placed at Disposal.

VESSLS REQUISITIONED AND NOT TO BE SEIZED

Some of the Larger Vessels Already Have Been Turned Into Hospital Ships.

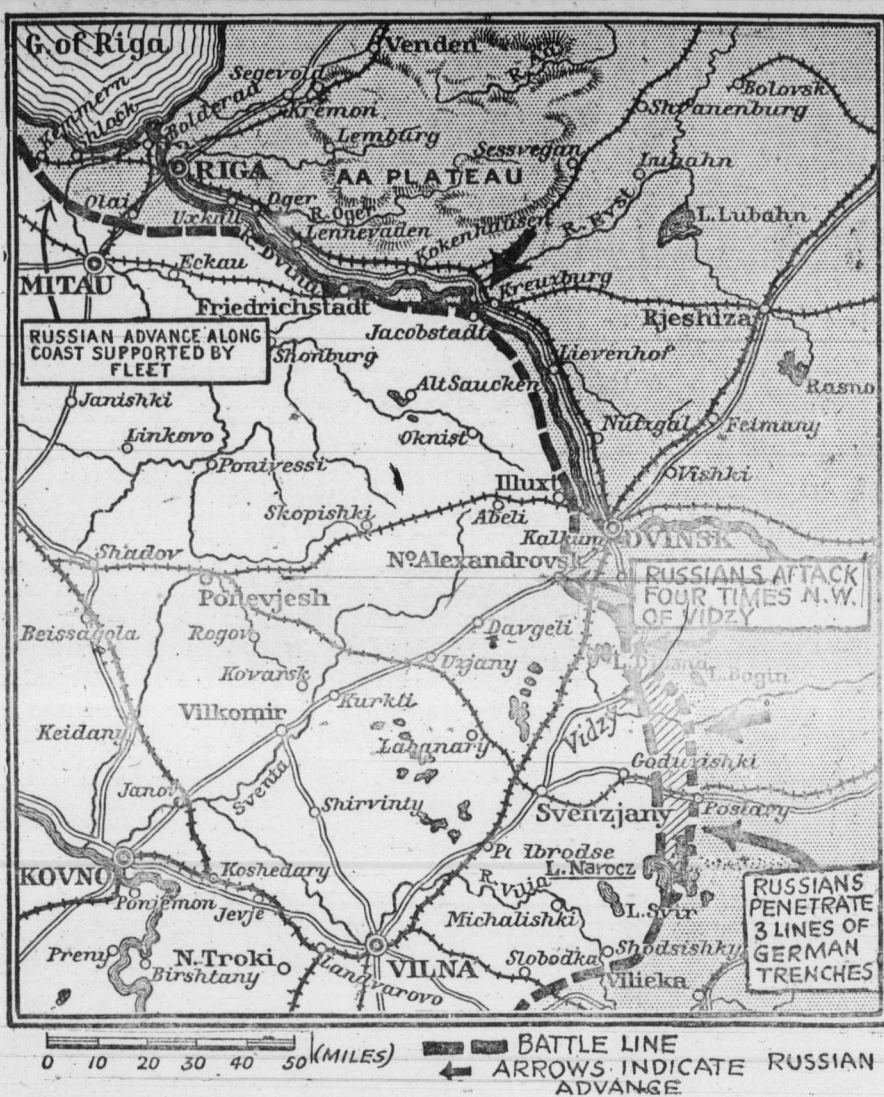
Rome (via Paris), March 27.—While no official report on the subject has been issued, it is understood that about forty German ships have been taken over by the Italian Government since the beginning of the war. In the taking over of the ships the distinction was made that they had been requisitioned and not seized.

The largest of the steamers, the Koenig Albert and Moltke, have been turned into hospital ships.

## LARGER TYPE OF HUN SUBMARINE

Copenhagen (via London), March 27.—A German submarine, says the Christiania correspondent of the Politiken, bigger and speedier than any submarine previously seen, and carrying a crew of eighty, has appeared off Utsire, on the southwest coast of Norway. The captain sent a wireless message that he had torpedoed the Norwegian bark Lindfeld on March 17, and had taken the crew of thirty-one on the submarine, where he kept them for four days and then transferred them to the Norwegian bark Silas.

## The Battle Line With Austrians Out of Czernowitz



## Cadorna Has Firm Belief in Victory

London, March 27.—Lieut. General Count Cadorna, the Italian commander-in-chief, who has been visiting England, on his departure telegraphed to Earl Kitchener, the British War Secretary, as follows: "During my short stay I have been able to appreciate the grand, the wonderful effort, the noble cause to which the Allies are devoting themselves. Your firm belief is also my own."

## RELIEF SHIP GOING AFTER EXPLORERS

London, March 27.—At a meeting held today in connection with the Shackleton Antarctic expedition, it was decided to take immediate steps for the organization of a relief expedition to rescue the explorers left at Ross Sea.

## Gen. Sir Sam Hughes Gives Wounded Soldiers First Place

Ready to Postpone Any Engagement to Receive Men Who Have Bled for Their Country—Gen. Hughes to Inspect Bramshot Camp Today.

London, March 27.—General Alderson, who was in London for decoration by King George Saturday, had a lengthy conference with Sir Sam Hughes, the Canadian Minister of Militia, today, and gave a favorable report of the general conditions of the health and discipline of the Canadians in France. Sir Clifford Sifton also conferred with Sir Sam Hughes on matters of importance to Canada.

The fish ration has now got in operation at the front. In fact this article of diet is so popular that the British and Colonial troops are agitating for similar privilege.

## PREMIER BORDEN GOES TO NEW YORK

Ottawa, March 27.—Sir Robert Borden leaves on Thursday for New York, where he will be tendered a banquet on Friday by the New York Law Association. He was recently created an honorary member of that association, an honor rarely conferred, and never before upon a foreigner. The only two other honorary members are W. H. Taft and Senator Root.

## Prohibition Ineffective Against Drunkenness

A person is considered drunk when he has taken so much intoxicants that he temporarily lost his reason and free will. If he gets DELIBERATELY drunk, he commits a mortal sin and is responsible also for all the evils he causes by his drunkenness as far as he can foresee them.

It is to be borne in mind that a person can get intoxicated not only on wine, cider, whisky, brandy, gin and rum, but also on opium, cocaine, morphine, and on some sixty "non-alcoholic" tonics, bitters and compounds which are on the market.

Distinction must be made between the occasional drunkard and the habitual or chronic drunkard. A person who gets intoxicated only occasionally, say two or three times a year, is called an occasional drunkard. A person who gets frequently intoxicated, contracts a habit and is called a habitual drunkard.

The prohibitionists maintain that prohibition is the only efficacious remedy for the evils of drunkenness and that, therefore, every city, province and country ought to be made as dry as the Sahara. We, on the other hand, maintain that prohibition is ineffective against both occasional and habitual drunkenness, and that, therefore, the manufacture, sale and use of alcoholic liquors ought to be allowed under strict regulation. Here is our reason:

Prohibition is merely a civil or police affair. It does not act upon man's reason and will. Drunkenness is the direct result of the abuse of intoxicants. The abuse of intoxicants is the direct result of the abuse of reason and free will. The abuse of reason and free will originates in THE BLINDNESS OF REASON and in THE WEAKNESS OF WILL.

BLINDNESS OF REASON, called ignorance, and WEAKNESS OF WILL ARE therefore, THE ULTIMATE CAUSE OF DRUNKENNESS AND OF ALL EVILS RESULTING THEREFROM.

Every remedy must strike at the root of the disease. It must have the power to remove the ultimate cause of the evil. Otherwise it will prove ineffective. On account of the natural connection that exists between cause and effect, the evil lasts as long as the cause lasts.

It is manifest that only a remedy which enlightens man's reason and strengthens his will, can prove effective against occasional drunkenness. In most cases of habitual drunkenness a medical treatment must be added to the enlightenment of reason and to the strengthening of the will. Education, moral suasion, and above all, co-operation with the actual grace of God are the means by which man's reason is enlightened and his will strengthened. The policeman's club never was and never will be an efficient teacher of morality. It may temporarily deter some people from going to excesses; but it leaves the ultimate causes of the evils untouched.

Prohibition furnishes neither enlightenment of reason, nor strengthening of the will, nor co-operation with God's grace. It fails to remove the ultimate cause of the evil. Hence IT NEITHER PREVENTS NOR CURES DRUNKENNESS.

We are confronted by four classes of people. The first class are those who have no craving for alcoholic beverages and never use any. These people don't need prohibition. They need, however, encouragement and moral suasion to proceed on the good and safe road, on which they are walking.

The second class are those who use alcoholic beverages in moderation. These people don't need and don't want prohibition. They should not be deprived of a God-given right and liberty. To force them by civil law on the water wagon is an execrable tyranny. Moral suasion and the co-operation with God's grace suffice to prevent these people from going to excess.

The third class consists of occasional drunkards. Education, moral suasion and the co-operation with God's grace are the only means by which these people may be cured. The mind of the occasional drunkard is blurred, his will weak. Everybody knows in a general way the evils of drunkenness. But this knowledge is in occasional drunkards hazy. People of this class do not fully realize the enormity of the evil of drunkenness and the appalling consequences. In sufficient knowledge and lack of co-operation with God's grace leave the will of the occasional drunkard in a state of fatal indifference.

The fourth class—the habitual drunkards—are hard to handle. They are sick in body and soul. Chronic drunkenness is temporary insanity which sometimes turns into permanent insanity. Since the habitual drunkard is physically and morally sick, he needs a physical and moral treatment. Moral suasion and co-operation with God's grace enlighten his mind and strengthen his will, but are usually too weak to cure him permanently. His reason and his will have been run down too low by the evil habit which has become almost his second nature. A medical treatment alone may cure him temporarily, but he is liable to fall back into his evil habit unless he listens also to moral suasion and use the means of divine grace.

—Advertisement.

## NEWCASTLE GIRL GOING TO FRANCE

Miss Eileen Creaghan Has Been Accepted as a Red Cross Nurse for Front.

Newcastle, N. B., March 28.—Miss Eileen Creaghan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Creaghan, leaves in the course of a few days for England en route to France, having been accepted as a Red Cross nurse with the British forces. Miss Creaghan is the third member of the family to serve the Empire, two brothers, Lieut. T. Cyril Creaghan, of the 55th Battalion, and Lieut. Gerald Creaghan, of the Royal Aerial Service, are both with the expeditionary forces, as well as a brother-in-law, Capt. D. King Hazen, also with the Canadian forces.

## WOODSTOCK GIFT TO A HOSPITAL

Colonel Murray MacLaren Has Sent Letter of Thanks from France.

Woodstock, N. B., March 28.—Dr. A. H. Prescott has received the following letter of appreciation from "Col. Murray MacLaren, officer commanding No. 1 Canadian General Hospital, acknowledging the receipt of \$50 to be used for hospital purposes in France:—

"I am in receipt of your letter announcing that you have sent cheque for fifty dollars, to the Bank of Montreal, London, to be used for the purchase of No. 1 Canadian General Hospital.

"I have also received a communication from the Bank of Montreal, stating that this amount had been placed to my credit.

"Will you please accept my best thanks for this generous gift. I shall have much pleasure in carrying out your wishes as regards its disposal. I think you would be greatly pleased and impressed with the medical facilities and the work that is done at the front. It is a great pleasure to work under such favorable circumstances as those under which we are fortunately placed.

"Again thanking you and with kindest regards,

"Yours very sincerely,

"MURRAY MACLAREN."

Chicago, March 27.—Efforts of the Canadian Government to obtain 30,000 farm hands in the United States have met with limited success, according to W. J. White, inspector of Canadian Government agencies in the United States.

## LOSS SUSTAINED IN GALLANT OFFICER

Feeling References Made in Newcastle Church to Death of Major W. H. Belyea.

Newcastle, N. B., March 27.—In the local churches yesterday feeling references were made regarding the late Major W. Herbert Belyea, who gave his life in the battle field of France last Monday. In the Baptist Church, of which the deceased was a valued member as well as secretary-treasurer, a public memorial service in honor of the dead hero will be held in the Baptist Church next Sunday afternoon. Major Belyea was the first Newcastle man to lose his life in the present conflict, although several from the nearby parishes have died for their King and country.

## JAPS AND GERMANS IN MEXICAN FORCES

Villa's Men Paid and Armed by Far Eastern Power, Says an Aviator.

Boston, March 27.—"I know that there are hundreds of Japanese and German soldiers serving as officers in the Villa army, and I know too, that there are more Japanese in Southern Mexico than there are in the entire standing army in this country," says Capt. William J. Mattery, until last summer an aviator in the Villa army.

## THE YARMOUTH BAND ENLISTED

Yarmouth, N. S., March 27.—The military sensation of the day in Yarmouth is the enlistment of Yarmouth Concert Band as a body in the 219th Battalion of Highlanders. The band, which had been one of the best in the province, has lost many of its members previously by enlistment, and at present only twelve active members are here, although the leader, Mel Grant, says he can make up a band of twenty. The offer was made to Major Van Horne, commanding the 219th, and he is submitting the offer to the authorities tonight.

**DUNLOP TIRES**

The Dunlop Patent Process is an exclusive Dunlop process. It keeps all wear on one side of the tire. You'll find them unequalled for general service.

**Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited**

Head Office and Factories: 100, QUEEN ST. W., TORONTO.

**The Table Salt without a fault**

**REGAL Table Salt**

FREE RUNNING

Flows Freely From Package and Shaker

MADE IN CANADA THE CANADIAN SALT CO., LIMITED

**COUGH NO MORE**

The mildest cough, when neglected can lead quickly to a fatal attack of pneumonia or bronchitis. Therefore it is your duty to take, as soon as the first symptoms of a cold appear

**TAROL**

A sovereign remedy for the relief and cure of all diseases caused by cold: coughs, colds, grippe, sore throat, pulmonary affections, bronchial troubles, etc.

ON SALE EVERYWHERE 25c

Suffer no longer from these ailments resulting from anemia, when you can cure yourself promptly with DR. ED. MORIN'S CARDINAL PILLS.

On Sale Everywhere 50c a box.

If your dealer does not stock our specialties, write directly to

**DR. ED. MORIN & CO., Limited, . . . QUEBEC, Canada.**