BAD



Be: lin's Complaint.

Germany's latest complaint that the American army is not playing fair and is violating the Hague convention rules challenges admiration for her single track audacity. Her wail is that the Yankees use shotguns and buckshot, which cause "unnecessary suffering." Her great respect for Hague rules at this late date is hard to appreciate, says the Boston Post. No regret is expressed for her own introduction, of poison gas, crucifixion of prisoners, pollution of water, U-boat murders and ill-treatment of non-combatants. She has taken a page from the book of her ally, Baja, the Turk bandit, who criticised his rival Hamid, the Arab, for inhumanity on raids. "He isn't decent." said Baja; 'he cut their ears off. I stab them in the back."

Berlin Cet. 3rd (Vin London) Lens was evacuated by the Germans).

WOMAN WORKS

Marvelous Story of Woman's Change from Weakness to Strength by Taking Druggist's Advice.

British Losses In September Under 100,000



Germany and Austria Request Immediate Conclusion of an Armistice by Belligerents.

Chancello, Maximilian and Baron Burian Propose Cessation of Hostilities for urpose of Negotiating Terms of Peace to be Based Upon President Wilson's Programme, as Announced by him to Congress in January.

London, Oct. 6th.—Prince Maximilian of Baden, the German Imperial Chancellor, announced in the Reichstag yesterday that he had sent a note through the Swiss Government to President Wilson, in which Mr. Wilson was requested to take up the bringing about of peace and to communicate upon the subject with the other belligerents.

The German Note

Amsterdam, Oct. 6-The text of the note follows. "The German Government requests the President of the United States to take in hand the restoration of peace, acquaint all the belligerent States of this request and in-vite them to send plenipotentiaries for the purpose of

opening negotiations. It accepts the programme set forth by the President of the United States in his message to Congress on January 8th., and in his later pronouncements, especially his speech

of September 27, as a basis for peace negotiations.

With a view to avoiding further bloodshed, the German Government requests the immediate conclusion of an armistice on land and water and in the air."

Berlin, Oct. 3rd.—(Via London)—Lens was evacuated by the Germans on Tuesday night, the war office announced today. Armentieres was evacuated the same evening.

British Headquarters in France, Oct. 3—(By the Associated Press)—Field Marshal. Haig's forces are reported to have captured Ramiscourt; Gouy, Le Catelet and Sequehart. This has not been officially confirmed. More than two thousand Germans have been taken prisoner today by the

Allies Take Over 133,000 Prisoners Sept. 10th., to 30th.

During Fighting in France and Belgium; Huge Quantity of Guns and Other War Material.

Paris, Oct 3rd.—During the period from Sept. 10th., to Sept. 30th., the Aliced armies in France and Belgium have captured 2,844 officers, 130,192 men, 1,690 camon and more than 6,000 machine guns, according to an official statement issued last night. Since July 15th., and up till Sept. 30th. the Alhes have captured 5,518 officers, 248,494 men, 3,669 cannon; more than 23,000 machine guns and hundreds of mine throwers, the statement says.

Proposal Scorned by Press of France and United States.

Germany Must First Proffer Her Sword to Allied Commander-in-Chief in Token of Unconditional Surrender, is the Demand Voiced by the Newspapers of Paris and New York.

Paris, Oct. 6—The Paris newspapers are unanimous in their demand for complete victory. The present peace move is succeed at A demand is made for the entire submission of Germany and that the Germans be dis-

Unconditional Surrender

London, Oct.1—Casualties among the British forces reported during the month of September totalled 94,937 officers and men, divided as follows: Killed or died of wounds, officers 1,899; men, 14,914. Wounded or missing, officers 5,573, men 72,551.

Unconditional Surrender

Paris, Oct. 6—Unconditional surrender character zes the general comment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris on the demand for peace sent by the Central Powers to ment in Paris of the Maria of the President Wilson's plant in Paris of the Maria of the Paris of the Maria of the Paris of the Maria of the Par

that although they have stated that they are willing to talk peace on President Wilson's plans, they have not shown submission, such as was forced upon Bulgaria.

Unanimous and Forceful

New York, October 6—In unequivocable and forceful terms, the peace proposals of Prince Maximilean are rejected unanimously by the press of the United States. From all sections of the country from Maine to California the nation's newspapers tomorrow morning will voice the demand that no peace terms shall be considered by the allied nations until Germany profilers her sword to the allied comman ler-in-chief as token of unconditional surrender.

The statement says:

In Palestine, troops of an Australian mounted division entered Damascus Monday night. At six a. m. Oct. 1st., the city was occupied by the British forces and by a portion of the Arab army of King Hussein. Over seven that no peace terms shall be considered by the allied nations until Germany profilers her sword to the allied comman ler-in-chief as token of unconditional surrender.



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Don't Forget

Remember-There are no others!

HEAR THESE RECORDS AT A Complete List in Stock

Damascus is Now in the Prossession of the British.

Over 7,000 Turks Were Captured When Troops Under General Allenby's Command Occupied the City.

London, Oct. 3rd.-More than seven thousand Turks were taken prisoners when General Allenby's forces occu-pied Damascus, the war office announced last night.

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