

- He enters the Khoost territory 3 Jan.; defeats the Mangals near Matoun 7 Jan. 1879
- Candahar abandoned, 6 Jan.; entered by general Stewart unopposed 7 Jan. "
- Wali Mohamed, a relative of Shere Ali, joins the British 7 Jan. "
- The Alizais defeated in an attack 16 Feb. "
- Death of Shere Ali, the ameer (announced) 26 Feb. "
- About 46 of the 10th Hussars drowned by current while crossing the Cabul river, to Jan. 31 March, Gen. Gough, with the 10th Hussars and others, defeats about 5000 Khatiks near Fettehabad; gallant major Wigman badly killed 2 April, Yakoub Khan, son of the late ameer, arrives at Gandamak to negotiate, 8 May; recognised as ameer 9 May, "
- Treaty of peace signed at Gandamak; (the British to occupy Khyber pass, and the Kuram and Pishoon valleys; to have a Resident at Cabul; and to pay an annual subsidy of 500,000 to the ameer), 26 May; ratified 30 May; the British troops retire 3 June, "
- Sir Louis Cavagnari and escort honourably received in Cabul 24 July, "
- Thanks of the house of lords voted to the viceroy, officers, and men 1 Aug. "
- Several regiments of Afghan soldiers arrive in Cabul from Herat; about 13 Aug. aided by the populace they besiege the British residents, who after a brave resistance are massacred (including Sir L. Cavagnari, Mr. Jenkins, his secretary, Lieut. Hamilton, and Dr. Ambrose Kelly), with about 26 native cavalry and 50 infantry; a few natives escape 3-4 Sept. "
- Gen. Roberts marches towards Cabul 6 Sept. *et seq.* Mithun at Herat; military and civil governors killed 5 Sept. "
- Repulse of an attack on Baker's entrenchments at Shintargardan 19 Sept. "
- A British convoy attacked by Mongols, near Shintargardan; 8 Sepoys and 15 muleteers killed; mules taken 22 Sept. "
- Gen. Baker reaches Kushi 24 Sept.; receives the ameer Yakoub and his son, his general Daud, and suite 27 Sept. "
- Gen. Roberts arrives at Cabul, 28 Sept.; occupies Dikka 29 Sept. "
- Attack on British camp at Shintargardan repulsed 2 Oct. "
- Battle of Char-ashah; severe conflict with Afghans before Cabul; captain Young, Dr. Dineen, Lieut. Fergusson, and about 70 killed and wounded 6 Oct. "
- The enemy decamps; about 98 guns abandoned; pursued by cavalry; small parties only overtaken 8-9 Oct. "
- Gen. Roberts visits the abandoned Bala Hissar, 11 Oct.; enters Cabul, 12 Oct.; Jellalabad occupied by Gough 14 Oct. "
- Gen. Roberts' proclamation; heavy fine; martial law; gen. Mills to be military governor, with Ghulam Hussain Khan 14 Oct. "
- Great explosions (supposed treachery) in the Bala Hissar; destruction of much arms and ammunition; capt. Shatto and about 20 others missing 16 Oct. "
- Abolition of Yakoub Khan announced 19 Oct. "
- 5 prisoners (mullahs and others) hanged as murderers of major Cavagnari and others 20-24 Oct. "
- Sahib Jan, a freebooter, with a strong force of Tareki Ghilzais, defeated and killed by general Hughes at Shaligul, near Candahar 24 Oct. "
- Proclamation of gen. Roberts announcing British occupation of Cabul, &c. 30 Oct. "
- Defeat of columns of generals Macpherson and Bright at Katasung 6 Nov. "
- 163 Afghan munitiers, &c., tried; 87 executed as murderers; 76 released 10 Nov. "
- Combination of tribes under Mohammed Jan Wardak 11 Nov. "
- Continued severe fighting, with heavy loss on both sides 11-14 Dec. "
- Gen. Roberts concentrates his forces in the Sherpur cantonments 14 Dec. "
- Musa Khan, son of Yakoub, said to be proclaimed ameer 17 Dec. "
- Gen. Gough at Jugstulluk attacked; retreats into the fort, 16 Dec.; indecisive conflicts 18, 19 Dec. 1879
- The Afghans (25,000) defeated with great loss near Sherpur cantonments, by gens. Roberts and Gough 23 Dec. "
- Cabul left by the enemy, 24 Dec.; the city and Bala Hissar reoccupied by the British 26 Dec. "
- The enemy dispersed 26 Dec. "
- Attack of Afghan chiefs on col. Norman repulsed at Jugstulluk 29 Dec. "
- Ghuznee seized and held for Musa Khan as the new ameer, by Mohammed Jan 10 Jan. 1880
- Gen. Roberts proclaims an amnesty with few exceptions; the hill tribes generally subdued, about 6 Jan. "
- Mohammads and other tribes defeated in an attack near Daka 15 Jan. "
- Correspondence with Russia; papers found in Cabul (to be kept secret) 6 Feb. "
- Musa Khan and chiefs at Ghuznee submit 21 March, Mohammed Jan defeated and killed, fighting with Hazaris about 3 April, "
- A camp at Duwal attacked by Pathans; garrison killed 16 April, "
- Shere Ali, cousin of the late ameer, made wali or governor of Candahar by the British (see Candahar) 1 April, "
- Gen. sir Donald Stewart defeats a furious attack of Ghilzais at Ahmad Khel, 19 April; again near Ghuznee 23 April, "
- Col. Jenkins, at Char-ashah, attacked by 4000 Legris; resists till reinforced by gen. Macpherson; totally defeats them 25 April, "
- Sir D. Stewart takes chief command at Cabul, 2 May, Alleged defeats of Sallis and Ghuzis near Jellalabad 19, 22 May, "
- Gen. Burrows (with about 2400 men) sent from Bombay towards Candahar 1 July, "
- The troops of the inefficient wali of Candahar, Shere Ali, revolt and join Ayoub Khan, about 14 July, "
- Gen. Burrows at Maiwand, near Kusek-i-Nakhud (which see) 17 July, "
- Abdul-Rahman, or Abeh-Rahman, born 1715 (see above, 1863 *et seq.*), recognised as ameer at Cabul by the British (previously an exile at Samarcand) and proclaimed 22 July, "
- Ayoub Khan (son of the late ameer, Shere Ali), governor of Herat, marches upon Candahar with about 12,000 men and 20 guns; defeats the attack of gen. Burrows after severe conflicts; heavy loss on both sides; many officers of 66th regiment killed 27 July, "
- Candahar citadel held by British with about 4000 men 28 July, "
- Ayoub encamped at Kokaran 28 July, "
- Gen. sir P. Roberts with about 10,000 men, &c., marches from Cabul to relieve Candahar 9 Aug. "
- Sir P. Stewart, with all the troops, after an interview with the ameer Abdul-Rahman, withdraws from Cabul 11 Aug. "
- Attack of Pathans (hill tribes) on the post at Kuch Amadin firmly beaten off by Sepoys; 80 Pathans killed 16 Aug. "
- Indecisive sortie from Candahar, under gen. Primrose, against Del Kwaik village, with heavy loss on both sides; gen. Brooke, col. Newport, majors Vandeleur and French, capt. Cruickshank, Lieut. Marsh, and rev. Mr. Gordon, and 180 men killed 16 Aug. "
- Ayoub Khan's army (strengthened by Ghilzais) about 20,000, about 25 Aug.; he retires from Candahar about 30 Aug. "
- Gen. Roberts arrives at Candahar, 31 Aug.; declines Ayoub's terms; defeats and disperses his army at Mazra near the Argandah; and captures his camp at Baba Wali Kot (see Mazra) 1 Sept. "
- Ayoub Khan arrives in Herat; reported 10 Oct. "
- Tranquillity at Cabul, announced 10 Oct. "
- Shere Ali, wali of Candahar, resigns and retires to India Dec. "
- Alleged extension of the war, 1878-80, 23,494,420*l.*, of which 5,000,000*l.* paid by British-volunteer, Aug. 1881
- Russian correspondence with the ameer Shere Ali in 1878, published; explained by Russia as relating to probable war in the east 9, 10 Feb. "
- Thanks of parliament voted to gen. Roberts and the army in both houses 5 May, "