

counties or districts, or fishery districts, such offence may be prosecuted before any justice of the peace in either of such counties or districts, or before the fishery officer for either fishery district :

4. In the discharge of his duties any fishery officer, or other person or persons accompanying him or authorized to such effect, may enter upon and pass through or over private property without being liable for trespass ;

Right of fishery officer to pass over lands.

5. Disputes between persons relative to fishing limits or claims to fishery stations, or relative to the position and use of nets and other fishing apparatus, shall be settled by the local fishery officer :

Disputes as to boundaries.

6. Gurry grounds may be designated or defined by any fishery officer. :

Gurry grounds.

7. Any fishery officer, stipendiary magistrate, or commissioned officer of Her Majesty's navy, on board of any vessel belonging to or chartered by the Government of Canada, employed in the service of protecting fisheries, and every commissioned officer of Her Majesty's navy serving on board of any vessel cruising and being in the waters, harbours or ports of Canada, shall, for the purpose of affording protection to Her Majesty's subjects engaged in the fisheries, and of enforcing any laws relating to such fisheries, exercise the powers of a justice of the peace, without property qualification and without taking any oath of office, in all the waters, harbours or ports, and on all the coasts of Canada where, for the time being and for the purposes above described, they are so engaged :

Certain officers to have powers of a justice of the peace under this Act.

8. Property seized by any fishery officer, stipendiary magistrate or naval officer, acting as aforesaid, may be removed for disposal to the nearest or most convenient port where any revenue officer or other public officer empowered to deal with the matter resides :

Property seized, how dealt with.

9. Whenever it is impracticable for any fishery officer, stipendiary magistrate or naval officer, acting in such capacity, to cause any prisoner to be conveyed to, and committed to the nearest common gaol, he may detain him on board of the vessel, or transfer him to another vessel for conveyance to and delivery at the most convenient place, and with all convenient dispatch, where he can be duly committed into the custody of the sheriff or other officer of the county or district in which the common gaol is situated to which he is ordered to be committed ; and until such prisoner is so delivered into the immediate custody of any sheriff or gaoler the fishery officer, stipendiary magistrate or naval officer having him in charge, shall have, in all places through which it is necessary to convey such prisoner, the same authority and power in regard to such prisoner, and to command the aid of any of Her Majesty's subjects in preventing his escape, or in retaking him in case of escape, as any county or district sheriff or peace officer has while lawfully conveying a prisoner from one part of his own district to another :

Powers of officer, &c., as to detention of prisoners.

Conveyance of prisoners.