

tions given to them by the said inspector. In case the owner refuses or neglects to furnish the necessary assistance, the inspector may employ men at the cost of the shipper, which shall be paid to the inspector before a clean bill of health is given.

26. In order to prevent the danger of contagion or infection resulting from the overcrowding or overlading of animals on board ships in any port in Canada, the inspector shall not permit cattle or other animals to be laden on board any ship in such port, until he shall be satisfied that suitable space and provision has been made for the number of cattle or other animals to be shipped on board such vessel, and that a greater number of animals shall not be shipped than such ship can safely and properly carry, and such inspector shall not grant a clean bill of health to such ship until all such provisions as aforesaid shall be made to his satisfaction.

27. The collector of customs of any port where such inspection as aforesaid is adopted and required, shall not give a clearance to any ship having cattle or any other animals on board for exportation without being shown a clean bill signed by the inspector to the effect that the measures provided by the said act and the present regulations have been obeyed and carried out.

*General Disposition.*

28. Collectors of customs throughout Canada shall see that the various exigencies and requirements of the present order are fulfilled, before granting any permit which requires, before it is given, any act to be performed, or any inspection or other proceeding to be made or taken, and they shall see that the prohibitions prescribed, and rules established by this order and the instructions which may be issued by the minister of agriculture are obeyed, and in case of any infraction of the provisions of the present order, or any of them, taking place, they shall report at once to the minister of agriculture the nature and extent of such infraction.

Certified.

J. O. COTÉ,

*Clerk of the Privy Council.*

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

MONDAY, the 3rd day of May, 1880.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the honourable the minister of agriculture and of the honourable the minister of customs, and under the provisions of the act passed in the session of the parliament of Canada held in the 42nd year of her majesty's reign, chapter 29, and intituled "An Act to provide against Infectious or Contagious Diseases affecting Animals," and under the authority given and conferred by the 59th section of the act 40 Victoria, chapter 10, intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"

His excellency the governor general in council has been pleased to make and prescribe the following regulations for slaughtering and curing imported swine in bond; The "Health of Animals Order," passed on the 23rd day of April last, remaining in force except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the present order.

1. Swine may be imported into Canada, for the purpose of being slaughtered; the importer shall enter the same for warehouse upon the usual form of such entries, stating upon its face the number, live weight and value of the herd, and the rate and amount of duty as prescribed by the tariff in force at the time of making such entry. Such importer shall then execute a bond to the queen, with two sufficient sureties to the satisfaction of the collector of customs at the port where such carcasses are imported or warehoused, in double the amount of such duty; the condition of such bond shall be that upon due exportation within one year of the products of the swine so imported, slaughtered and cured in the form of pork, bacon, hams,