

N. B. ENGINEERS GRADUATES AND PRIZE WINNERS

Frederick, N. B., May 12.—The annual exercises of the N. B. will be held tomorrow afternoon. The graduating class numbers twenty-eight, here will be eight degrees conferred in the arts, fifteen in civil engineering, two in electrical engineering and four in forestry.

12TH BATTALION LEFT ENGLAND FOR FRONT AS UNIT ON APRIL 25

Definite news of the departure of the 12th Battalion, under command of Lieut.-Col. H. F. McLeod, with other New Brunswick officers, including Capt. R. A. McAvity, quarter-master, to the front as a unit is given in Canada, an illustrated English weekly magazine, under date of April 27. A correspondent writes from Shorncliffe of a garden-party given by Lieut.-Col. McLeod and his officers and states that orders for moving to France came directly after. The description of the garden-party follows:

"On Saturday afternoon last (April 24) Lieut.-Col. H. F. McLeod, M.P., and the officers of the 12th Infantry Battalion entertained their many friends at a garden-party at their quarters in the St. Martin's Place Camp, Shorncliffe. They were favored with bright, sunny weather, although the northeasterly wind was a little keen, and spared no expense in providing for the comfort and enjoyment of those who were fortunate in receiving an invitation for this, the first function of its kind arranged by the Canadian troops in England.

Hospitality of every conceivable nature was dispensed from a marquee outside the officers' mess hall, and the band of the 12th Battalion performed the following programme, under the able direction of Bandmaster-Sergeant J. R. White:

Part 1: March, "The Allies' Parade"; T. Bigwood's overture, "Au Printemps"; J. C. Arnold; valse, "Smiles, then Kisses"; Chas. Ancliff; baritone solo, "Rosa Polka"; Chas. Frederick (Bandmaster E. Beatty); march, "The New Colonists"; R. B. Hall. Part 2: March, "Entry of the Gladiators"; J. Fuchs; song and dance, "Katy and Caroline"; E. W. Bennett; cornet solo, "Little Pearl"; Wm. Humphrey (Bandmaster J. Brewer); valse, "A Love Story"; C. E. Morris; galop, "Paginta Galop"; C. W. Bennett; "God Save the King."

A QUICK CHANGE

"The officers of the other Canadian battalions quartered at Shorncliffe were present in goodly numbers, as also were many of the civilian friends of the 12th officers residing in the district. Among the latter were several ladies from the Belgian community now living at Folkestone. Mrs. Cowan (wife of Lieut.-Col. H. J. Cowan, 32nd Battalion), Mrs. McAvity (wife of Capt. R. A. McAvity, of the 12th Battalion), and other Canadian officers' wives resident in Folkestone accompanied their husbands. This party had something of the sentiment of the famous Brussels ball on the eve of Waterloo attached to it, for an hour or so after the guests departed news began to trickle through concerning the great achievement of the Canadian Division in Belgium; the next day warnings were issued to officers and men throughout the camp to hold themselves in readiness for the call for reinforcements, and within a few hours afterwards, responding to an urgent call, the 12th Battalion, together with men from every other Canadian battalion in the camp, had landed on the other side of the Channel, and joined their comrades at the front."

RECEPTION BY MAYOR

Another most enjoyable function at Shorncliffe was the reception given by the mayor of Folkestone to the Canadian troops, of which Canada says: A measure of Folkestone's gratification was shown this afternoon, when the Mayor and Mayoress (Sir Stephen and Lady Penfold) were "At Home" at the Hotel Metropole to the thousand guests they had invited to meet Major-General J. M. Babinette, C. B., C. M. G., Brigadier-General J. C. MacDougall, G. O. C. Canadians, and British and Canadian officers now stationed at Folkestone and Shorncliffe. From the appended list of those invited it will be seen how very much the Mayor and Mayoress have done to bring the residents of Folkestone and their military visitors into closer touch the one with the other. The Mayor has a very warm spot in his heart for Canada and everything Canadian. When the Canadians first reached the camp at Shorncliffe he said that Folkestone would do its best to give them a good time. It goes without saying that the Canadians have the warmest affection for Folkestone, and appreciate to the full the warm-hearted reception they are meeting with here. As the "First Citizen" and representative of this charming town, the Mayor, on behalf of everyone resident here, has generously shown the Canadians how warmly welcome they are, and how very much they all appreciate the honor and pleasure of having in their midst the comrades of those gallant fellows of the first Canadian division who so nobly "saved the situation" a few days ago, and sacrificing something like one-third to one-half of their strength in doing so. No less do they appreciate and honor the way in which Canada has responded to the call of the Motherland.

AMONG THE INVITED GUESTS AT THE RECEPTION WERE:

Canadian Headquarters Staff—Brigadier-General J. C. MacDougall (commanding Canadian forces in England); Colonel Victor A. S. Williams, Colonel Skinner, Lieutenant-Colonel P. E. Thacker, Lieutenant-Colonel F. L. Vaux, Lieutenant-Colonel F. A. Reid, Major A. B. Snow, Major Thorne, Major Pitts, Captain F. S. Morrison, Captain C. B. Coan, Captain G. N. Weeks, Captain J. Chakoff, Captain J. MacAuliffe, Captain T. T. Kinley, Captain H. B. Veret, Lieutenant R. Murdie, Lieutenant J. C. MacIsaac, Lieutenant E. A. Finn, Lieutenant W. B. Lawton. 12th Canadian Battalion—Lieutenant-Colonel H. F. McLeod, M. P.; Captain C. K. Fraser, Captain R. A. McAvity, Lieutenant D. C. Jennings. 17th (Nova Scotia) Battalion—Lieutenant-Colonel E. B. Worthington, Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Hopkins, Captain D. C. Sheppard, Captain L. R. Cullen. DEDICATION OF Y. M. C. A. HUT.

Officers of the 12th Battalion were also in attendance at the dedication of a Y. M. C. A. hut at Shorncliffe, donated by the Bank of England.

LA CHANGED ATTITUDE

After the dedication prayer by the Rev. J. C. Cariffe, Lieutenant-Colonel H. F. McLeod, M. P., in proposing a vote of thanks to the Y. M. C. A. for the splendid work they are doing among the troops, said that they who came from "Sprucefield" at the call of the Motherland had had to modify many of their opinions since they had been in England. He himself had to modify pretty considerably his former opinion of the Y. M. C. A., so much so that in the future he was determined to support and help the association by every means in his power. The Y. M. C. A. was playing the real game. Their attitude towards the soldiers touched him very much. It was a cry of real men to real men. After votes of thanks to the chairman, Mr. Sandeman, and General Babinette, the proceedings terminated, and the company adjourned to the tea table.

SOLDIERS' BALLOTS SAFE IN ENGLAND

Ottawa, May 12.—The soldiers' ballots are in England, where they arrived safely on the steamship Hesperian yesterday. The government received the news today. They are being delivered at the office of the Canadian high commissioner, where they will be held until a cable message goes from Canada announcing that a federal election is to take place. Then they will be turned over to the chief paymaster of Canadian overseas forces to be distributed among the corps at the front.

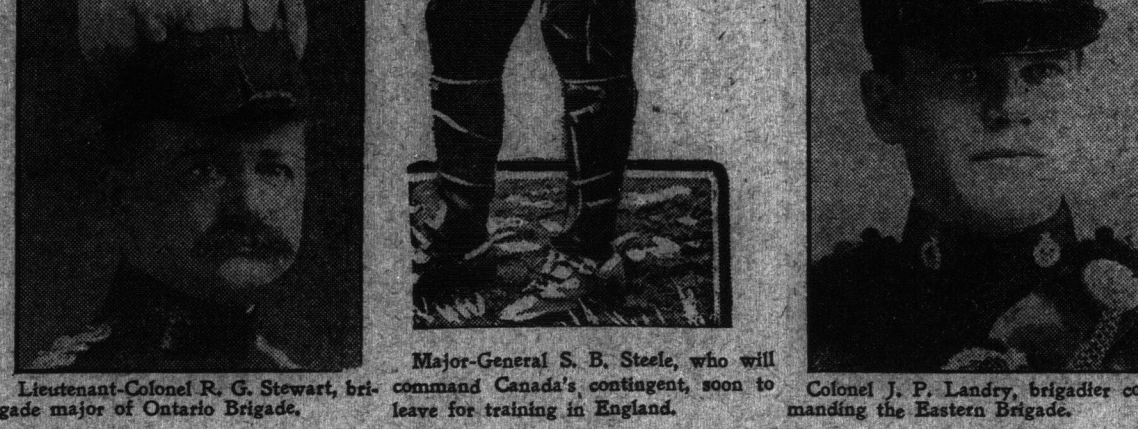
RHEUMATISM, A SNEAKING DISEASE, HAS AT LAST MET ITS CONQUEROR

Throbbing Muscles and Swollen Joints Made Well RUB ON NERVILINE Old age knows no foe more subtle, more unrelenting than rheumatism. At first only a grumbling pain is felt. But, alas, it settles in the joints and muscles, and finally tortures its victims. Today the disease may be in the muscles of the back, thigh, shoulder or neck. Tomorrow in the joints of the hand, knee or legs it may work with redoubled fury. Because other remedies have failed, don't be discouraged. Nerviline has cured the worst of cases. It has brought health to those in the deepest despair, has ended years of awful suffering for those who never hoped to be well again. There is a marvellous healing power in Nerviline which it derives from the extracts and juices of certain rare herbs and roots. It always almost magically the awful pain that only rheumatism can describe. Convulsion is drawn out of the muscles, stiffened joints are eased and limbered up, the old time feeling of depression is cast off, and once again Nerviline brings good health. Every home needs good old Nerviline, needs it for cramps, toothache, headache, neuralgia, lumbago, sciatica, stiff neck, chest colds and sore throat. Whenever there is pain, congestion or inflammation, Nerviline will cure it. Large family size, bottle 50c; trial size 25c, all dealers, or the Catarhous Co., Kingston, Canada.

LEADERS OF CANADA'S SECOND CONTINGENT



Lieutenant-Colonel J. L. McAvity, officer commanding the 26th battalion of the Eastern Brigade.



Major-General S. B. Steze, who will command Canada's contingent, soon to leave for training in England.

CANADA'S DAY APRIL 28, 1915.

Dense was the smoky cloud Charged with Death's poison-fume, Crown'd with yellow shroud French who had met their doom. Back from the Hun-made hell Drew France's brave war host, Saw where their heroes fell, Choked while they held their post.

Lost were the guns and all, Left in the deadly zone, "Sauve qui peut," was the call Heard above cry and groan. Back went the stricken French, Till they could breathe God's air, Form a line, dig a trench, Wait for their foemen there.

Stalwarts from Canada Flank'd their right firing line, Men who had come from far Eager to cross the Rhine. Cabs by the Lion bred True sons of Britain's blood, Scorning the Prussian dread, Stemming their fiery flood.

Sudden the bugles' sound, Slowly they left their trench, Bending their line around Joining at last the French. Four of their biggest guns, Lent to their brave ally, Fell to the trench-rous Huns, "Win them back, lads, or die!"

Bayonets flashed in air, On the grim foe they ran, Found were the guns, and there Reborn from German ban. Bravo, young Canada! Cheers, for their living brave, Pride, for their dead that are Sleeping in honored grave.

—G. J. S., in Canada, London, Eng.

America's Note to Germany

Washington, May 12.—The United States, in a note to be sent to Germany tomorrow, demands a guarantee that there will be no further attacks by submarines on merchant ships carrying non-combatants. It serves notice also that full reparation will be sought for the loss of more than 100 American lives in the sinking of the Lusitania, and for other violations of American rights in the seasons of war.

While no indication is given of the steps to be taken by the United States in the event of an unfavorable reply, the note informs the German government that the American government will leave nothing undone, either in diplomatic representation or other action, to obtain a compliance with its requirements. No changes were made in the essentials of the communication as formulated Sunday by the president and approved by the cabinet yesterday.

The United States points out that it never admitted Germany's right in the submarine war zone declaration, and warned the imperial government that it would be held to a "strict accountability" for attacks on American vessels or lives. A strict accounting, therefore, is now asked from Germany. The usual financial reparation will be sought, although Germany is in effect reminded that no reparation can restore the lives of those sacrificed in the sinking of the Lusitania and other ships. Expressions of regret may comply with the legal precedents, but they are valueless unless accompanied by a cessation of the practices endangering the lives of non-combatants. The right of neutrals to travel any point of the high seas, on neutral or belligerent merchantmen, is asserted. In the name of humanity and international law, the United States demands a guarantee that these rights will be respected and that there be no repetition of attacks on merchantmen carrying non-combatants. The point is made that notice of an intention to do an unlawful act neither justified nor legalized it. The suggestion is conveyed that the German government, of course, could not have intended to destroy innocent lives, and that consequently the German submarine commanders must have misunderstood their instructions. The American government indicates its hope that this will be found to be

GERMANS CHECKED BY THE BRITISH

Stirring Account of Saturday and Sunday Effort to Break the Khaki Lines—Official Eye Witness' Report

London, May 12, 9:30 p. m.—The official British eye-witness under date of May 11 gives an account of the German attempts on Saturday and Sunday last to break the British lines around Ypres, and the commencement of the Anglo-French offensive north of Arras. He says:

"The calm that prevailed Thursday and Friday proved to be only the lull before the storm. Early Saturday morning it became apparent that the Germans were preparing an attack in strength against our line running east and northeast from Ypres, for they were concentrating under cover of a violent artillery fire, and at about 10 o'clock the battle began in earnest. At that hour, the Germans attacked our line from the Ypres-Poelcappelle road to within a short distance of the Menin high road, it being evident that their intention, while engaging us closely on the whole of this sector, was to break our front in the vicinity of the Ypres-Roulers railway to the north and to the south of which their strongest and most determined assaults were delivered.

"Under this pressure our front was penetrated at some points around Frezenberg, and at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon we made a counter-attack between the Zonnebeke road and the railway in order to recover the lost ground. Our offensive was conducted most gallantly but was checked before long by the fire of machine guns.

"Meanwhile the enemy launched another attack through the woods south of the Menin road, and at the same time threatened our left to the north of Ypres. Most desperate fighting ensued, the German infantry coming on again and again, and gradually forcing our troops back, though only for a short distance, in spite of repeated counter-attacks.

"During the night the fighting continued to rage with ever-increasing fury. It is impossible to say exactly what hour our line was broken at different points, but it is certain that at one time the enemy's infantry poured through along the Poelcappelle road, and even got as far as Wijtelle at 9 p. m.

"There was also a considerable gap in our front about Frezenberg, where hostile detachments had penetrated. At both points counter-attacks were organized without delay. To the east of the salient the Germans first were driven back to Frezenberg, but they made a resolute stand and under pressure of fresh reinforcements we fell back again toward Verlorenhoek.

VILLAGE REGAINED AT FRIGHTFUL LOSS TO ENEMY

"Northwest of the salient a counter-attack carried out by us about 11 a. m. was more successful. Our troops swept the enemy out of Wijtelle at the bayonet's point, leaving the captured village with German dead, and, pushing on, regained most of the ground to the north of that point.

"As so the light surged to and fro throughout the night. All around the scene of the conflict the sky was lit up by the flashes of the guns and the light of the burning steeple of Frezenberg, against this background of smoke and flame, looking out in the murky light over the crumbling ruins of the old town, the towers and spires of Cloth Hall.

"At one point, north of the town, 500 of the enemy advanced from the wood and it is said by those present that not a single man of them escaped.

"On the eastern face, at 6:30 p. m. an endeavor was made to storm the grounds of the Chateau Hooge, a little north of the Menin road, but the force which was sent to attack fell back under the hail of shrapnel poured upon them by our guns. It was on this side, where they had to face the concentrated fire of guns, machine guns, and aeroplanes, in their efforts to break their way through, that the Germans incurred their heaviest losses, and the ground was literally heaped with dead.

"They evidently, for the time being at least, were unable to renew their efforts, and as night came on the fury of their offense gradually slackened, the hours of darkness passing in quietness.

"During the day our troops saw some of the most brilliant fighting in stripping the British dead in our abandoned trenches, east of the Chateau Hooge, and several Germans afterwards were noticed dressed in black.

SUCCESSFUL DAY, ONE OF 'PURE KILLING'

"So far as the Ypres region is concerned this day was a most successful day. Our losses were comparatively slight, and, owing to the targets presented by the enemy, the action showed itself on our part to be pure killing.

"At 5 o'clock the bombardment began, slowly and then growing in volume until the whole air quivered with the rush of the larger shells, and the earth shook with the concussion of guns. In a few minutes the whole distant landscape disappeared in smoke and dust, which hung for a while in the air, and then drifted slowly across the line of battle.

"Shortly before 6 o'clock our infantry advanced along our front between the Bois Grenier and Festubert. On the left, north of Focelles, we stormed the German first line trenches. Hand-to-hand fighting went on for a time, with bayonet, rifle and hand grenades, but we continued to hold on to this position throughout the day, and caused the enemy very heavy losses.

"On the right, to the north of Festubert, our advance met with considerable opposition and was not pressed. The reason for this very determined effort to crush our left on the part of the Germans is not far to seek. It is probable that for some days previously they had been in possession of information which led them to suppose that we intended to apply pressure on the right of our line, and that their great attack upon Ypres on the 7th, 8th and 9th was undertaken with a view to diverting us from our purpose.

"The failure of their effort was due to the splendid endurance of our troops, who held the line around the salient under a fire which again and again blotted out whole lengths of the defences and killed the defenders by scores. Time after time, along those parts of the front selected for assault, were the parapsats destroyed, and the thinning band of survivors held them up again and await the next onslaught as steadily as before.

"The services rendered by our troops in this quarter cannot at present be estimated, for their full significance will

The following having enlisted for active service will be candidates for commissions in the following regiments: B. Sc. in civil engineering—Herbert Ilyn Devesher, George B. M. Fraser, Louis Joseph Lockery, Thomas James Roman, William John Lawson, the winners of the Royal Military College, Kingston last year.

TWO HALIFAX SOLDIERS WOUNDED; STILL MISSING AND ONE A PRISONER

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—Relatives here are today offering prayers for their sons being wounded or missing as a result of the recent fighting in Flanders. Lieut. Cecil V. Strong, of the Royal Engineers, was slightly wounded. He is being treated at the Royal Military Hospital, Kingston last year. A. B. Mitchell, whose son Ernest is attached to the 12th Battalion, Lieutenant has received word that he was wounded. Sergeant Howard Wolfe, attached to the 11th Battalion, is reported to be missing. Captain Robert V. Cory, of 15th Battalion, reported missing, is a prisoner in Germany according to a cable received here today from London.

MRS. CARMAN FREED OF MURDER CHARGE ON SECOND TRIAL

Mineola, L. I., May 8.—Mrs. Florence Carman was acquitted this afternoon of the murder of Mrs. Lulu D. Bailey in the first trial taken by the jury. The jury was out an hour and ten minutes, but it did not take that long for the twelve men to make up their minds that the remarkable woman whose life has been the feature of a trial, which lasted a week, was innocent. The jury began its deliberations at 4:30, and at 5 o'clock it was generally known that the court house that a verdict of acquittal would be returned at 5:30.

THE COOL OF NIGHT

(By Egmont H. Arens, in Collier's). The summer night is stirring languidly; the lazy crescent moon is pillowed deep clouds, while candle stars go glimmering from out. The west a gentle wind is come to fan away the smell of sun-steamed fields, and lay cooling hand upon the fevered pulse of earth. The drowsy grasses nod their heads; the great trees stretch their achingly limbs, and sigh drowsy content.

To Women Who Dread Motherhood

Information How They May Give Birth to a Happy, Healthy, Children Absolutely Without Pain or Suffering. No woman need any longer dread the pangs of childbirth. Dr. J. H. Young's new method of relieving the sorrows of women. He has proven that the pain of childbirth is not necessary, and that women can be freed from all pain and suffering by his method. He will gladly tell you how it may be done absolutely free of charge, and you may name any of the following: Medical Institute, Canadian branch, Dept. 1, St. Mary's, Ont., and we will send you a pamphlet, his wonderful book which tells you how to give birth to happy, healthy children, absolutely without fear of pain, also how to become a mother. Do not delay but write TO-DAY.

Sore Absolutely Painless Corns No cutting, no plasters or caustics. Putnam's Corn Extractor makes the corn go without pain. Take two drops on the sore over-night. Never fails—leaves no scar. Get a 25c. bottle of Putnam's Corn Extractor today.

Your Liver is Clogged up That's Why You're Tired—Out of Socks—Have No Appetite. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will get you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Indigestion, and Sick Headache. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine with Signature.

HAWK BICYCLES An up-to-date High Grade Bicycle. New Departure Center Brake. High-grade equipment, including 3-speed gears, fenders, fenders, fenders, fenders. \$22.50. Send FREE 1915 Catalogue, 10 pages of Bicycles, Sanders, and other interesting material. You can buy your bicycle from us at Wholesale prices. T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 Notre Dame St. West, Montreal.