

Mr. ARNOLD, of Ithaca, N. Y., heartily approved of the ideas and sentiments expressed by Mr. Phelan. Such a course could not fail to be productive of beneficial results. He referred also to the benefits which had arisen from a voluntary movement, on the principle above alluded to, amongst the dairymen of the first Association formed in Herkimer County, New York.

It was then moved by Mr. JANES, seconded by Mr. CRAIG, and resolved "That the suggestion of Mr. Phelan, in regard to the appointment of a competent cheese-maker to visit the various cheese factories, be referred to the Executive Committee, for further consideration."

A MEMBER—What is the proper time after "the cows coming in," in which it would be safe and advisable to send the milk to the factory?

It was suggested by some, that it depended to some extent on the quantity and quality of food the cow had. Mr. Arnold said, that the usual time was from three to five days, but, in some cases, it was not safe to send until after the expiration of three or four weeks.

A MEMBER—What is the proper temperature at which spring cheese should be cured?

Mr. ARNOLD—May cheese, the product of hay, should be cured at about 80 degrees—a much higher temperature than that necessary to cure cheese made from grass.

On motion, the question was then laid on the table.

The sixth question was then taken up and discussed.

6. How does the experience of the past few years warrant making dairying a speciality, to the exclusion of grain raising?

Mr. FARRINGTON, JR. of Yates Co., N.Y., opened the discussion. He felt a double interest in the Canadian Dairymen's Association. First, there was the natural interest that, as a dairyman, he felt for all associations of this kind; then he had a father and two brothers identified with the dairying interests of Canada. He referred to the great progress made in the cheese manufacture during the past few years, both in Canada and the United States, and alluded to the identity of interests which bound both countries together. The line which divides us socially is purely imaginary. He heartily congratulated the Canadian Association upon the success which had attended their efforts. He then read the following address

which he had prepared for the occasion.

DAIRY

The experience of the grain raiser as sufficient to cover or in other words produce to its subject of "milk" thinking portion.

The danger industry, as is quoted is being apprehended years recommended raise more grain each farmer or sufficient amount his herd in the amount of his dairyman for has quite generally hand, the grain with their respective dairymen were cases, both in

Factories within the past localities to the from not having well adapted ing been almost should be in having been against the regions, and into any business the result has

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