

shores of this beautiful body of water are many summer resorts and summer camps. At the beginning of the lake one can easily see the two colors of water as yet unmixed by color blending. The dark, muddy water is from the Ottawa river which enters the St. Lawrence here at the left of the vessel.

Here too we can see Mount Royal, the extinct volcano which forms the island of Montreal. We are as yet too far away to distinguish any points of interest in the city, but we can see the mountain which forms the centre of the island city of Montreal.

### LACHINE

We cross Lake St. Louis in about one hour and fifteen minutes and at the foot of the lake the river divides two very interesting towns. The town on the left is Lachine, so called by Lasalle, a French explorer. In his search for China he had crossed the Atlantic and, not knowing that America lay between him and his goal, believed that he had China when he sailed up the St. Lawrence. He called the place La Chine, which is the French word for China.

### CAUGHNAWAGA

Opposite Lachine is the Indian reservation of Caughnawaga, a quaint Indian village deriving its name from Indian converts who were called "praying Indians," or "Caughnawaga." There are about four thousand inhabitants in the village, and they are almost all Iroquois, once forming part of the ferocious tribe of the Six Nations. One can see that there is no definite street order in the town and that the