

THE "COMBINED" APPROACH OF COMMITMENT TO AIM TO ELABORATE POLICIES AND MEASURES AS WELL AS TO SET QUANTIFIED LIMITATION AND REDUCTION OBJECTIVES, II) DETERMINING ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE PROPOSALS ALREADY ON THE TABLE (E.G. AOSIS PROTOCOL, GERMAN ELEMENTS PAPER, ETC), III) EXAMINING EMISSION TRENDS, AND IV) STUDYING ALTERNATIVE INDICATORS OF SUCCESS. CANADA ALSO NOTED SOME IMPORTANT WORK UNDERWAY IN OTHER INTERNATIONAL FORA SUCH AS THE IPCC, IEA, AND OECD AND STRESSED THAT WE SHOULD LEAVE DOOR OPEN TO NEW WORK.

11. MANY DELEGATIONS NOTED THE IMPORTANCE OF AN ANALYSIS OF THE EXISTING PROPOSALS ON THE TABLE (PROPOSAL FROM THE ALLIANCE OF THE SMALL ISLAND STATES (AOSIS), AND THE GERMAN COMMENTARY ON THIS PAPER) AND THE KEY ROLE OF THE INTER GOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE (IPCC) IN CONDUCTING ANALYTICAL WORK. THE OECD/IEA PROJECT ON POLICIES AND MEASURES WAS RECOGNIZED BY SEVERAL DELEGATES AS A KEY INPUT TO THE AGBM PROCESS. CANADA HAS CHAIRED THIS PROJECT FROM THE ONSET AND WILL BE GIVING A PRESENTATION ON THE PROJECT ON THE FIRST DAY OF SBSTA MEETINGS SCHEDULED FOR AUGUST 28-30, 1995. SEVERAL DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, INCLUDING THE OPEC COUNTRIES STRESSED THAT THE ANALYSIS SHOULD NOT ONLY CONSIDER THE IMPACT OF THE VARIOUS SCENARIOS FOR THE ANNEX 1 PARTIES, BUT SHOULD ALSO EXAMINE POTENTIAL IMPACTS ON DEVELOPING ECONOMIES, OF ANNEX 1 COUNTRIES' ACTIONS TO ADDRESS CLIMATE CHANGE.

12. WITH RESPECT TO A&A AND INPUTS TO SUBSEQUENT SESSIONS OF THE AGBM, SOME OF THE KEY CONCLUSIONS WHICH WERE ADOPTED BY THE AGBM INCLUDE: I) THE PURPOSE OF A&A IS TO ASSIST, IN AN ITERATIVE MANNER, THE NEGOTIATION OF A PROTOCOL, II) A&A SHOULD BE COMPREHENSIVE, FOCUSED ON PRIORITIES, OPEN AND TRANSPARENT, III) INPUTS FROM PARTIES WILL CONSTITUTE THE BASIC DOCUMENTS FOR THE NEGOTIATIONS, HOWEVER, OTHER INPUTS CAN INFORM NEGOTIATIONS. IN THIS VEIN, SEVERAL SOURCES OF INPUTS ARE REFERENCED IN THE SECRETARIAT DOCUMENT. THE AGBM ALSO REQUESTED THE SECRETARIAT TO PREPARE A FEW SYNTHESIS DOCUMENTS FOR THE SECOND SESSION IN OCTOBER.

13. CANADA CHAIRED TWO MEETINGS OF THE COMMON INTEREST GROUP (OECD COUNTRIES) AND GIVEN THE COMMON SET OF COMMITMENTS FOR THE ANNEX 1 PARTIES, THE CIG COUNTRIES FELT THAT THE GROUP SHOULD BE WORKING MORE CLOSELY WITH THE NON-CIG ANNEX 1 PARTIES (I.E., ECONOMIES IN TRANSITION). IN THAT VEIN, THE COUNTRIES WITH ECONOMIES IN TRANSITION WERE ALSO INVITED TO THE SECOND CIG MEETING. SEVERAL DELEGATIONS REQUESTED THAT CIG MEETINGS BE HELD PRIOR TO SESSIONS OF THE AGBM AND THE SUBSIDIARY BODIES AND HAVE SPECIFIC AGENDA. RUSSIA STRESSED THE IMPORTANCE OF RECOGNIZING DIFFERENTIATED RESPONSIBILITIES. SWITZERLAND INDICATED ITS INTENTION TO