whitish. Wing finely irrorated with black; a curved discal streak, two superposed dashes in the cell, a basal subcostal dash and one from base below median vein to opposite middle of cell, black; three triangularly placed short dashes before apex, an ill-defined subterminal and a terminal row of intravenular black dots. Fringes pale, slightly roseate. Expanse 25 to 30 mm.

Four specimens, New Brighton, Pa. (H. D. Merrick), March 20, 21 and 27, 1902.

U. S. Nat. Mus., type No. 6610.

S. megamicrella, n. sp.

Palpi as in the preceding. Fore wings whitish gray, slightly shaded with fuscous, especially beyond end of cell and with scattered brown scales; fine black scales along costal edge and a shaded spot above discal mark, which is curved and black, in one of the specimens (on one side only), broken into a pair of dots; two superposed dots before middle of cell; three subapical dots in a triangle continued as a submarginal row; a terminal row of dots. Hind wings silky gray, fringe pale. Expanse 18 to 25 mm.

Eight specimens, New Brighton, Pa. (H. D. Merrick), March 7, 10, 20, 21 and 24, 1902.

U. S. Nat. Mus., type No. 6611.

The smaller specimens were sent by Mr. Merrick under a different number, but, though the markings are somewhat confused and the colour a little darker, I do not find them specifically distinct.

S. inornata, Wals.

This is possibly only a varietal form of the preceding, but none of my specimens (of megamicrella) are anywhere nearly so large, while the discal mark is a curved streak except on one wing of a small specimen, where it is resolved into dots. There are no specimens of inornata in the National Museum.

S. Allenella, Wals.

This species looks like a *Depressaria* in its wing shape and markings. The National Museum has an old specimen, determined by Lord Walsingham and labelled "oak, Aug. 11, 1884"; also from New Brighton, Pa. (H. D. Merrick), May 12 and 22, 1902, and Centre Harbor, N. H. (H. G. Dyar), July 22, 1902.