AMERICAN NEWS.

Mr. Blaine Gradually Sinking—The New Hawaiian Steamship Line—Jackson and Corbett.

Distress in New York—The Grievances of the Pearl Button Makers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Blaine's condition remains unchanged. Blaine passed a good night, sleeping the greater part of the time, but is much of the time in a state of unconsciousness. A relative of the family said that Blaine had not spoken a word to the members of the family for more than a month. They share the belief of the physician that the sick man can never recover, and are resigned to the inevitable.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—Although Peter Jackson has finally fallen into line with other pugilists of his class and adopted the stage as further means of making money, he is still a fighter and is still anxious to get at Corbett. For fear that his latest step might be construed as an attempt to avoid fighting, Jackson has had a clause inserted in his contract with Stockwell that his engagement may be declared off on two months' notice, and he will post a forfeit which is to stand until his engagement is over, in case Corbett should challenge him.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The appeal case, the Northern Pacific Railway company vs. Charles W. Cannon, was decided in the United States circuit court of appeals this morning. The line of road runs through Cannon's land, which he asserts was mineral land, and the railroad company claimed the ground on its government grant. The circuit court of Montana held that the land had been recognized as mineral land before the grant was issued and therefore the railroad had no right to it. The court of appeals upheld the lower court.

TACOMA, Jan. 24.—Word has been received by Manager Simpson, of the Puget Sound and Hawaiian Traffic Company, that the parties interested in an opposition company had introduced in the legislature a bill designed to divert the $500 monthly subsidy given by the government to Mr. Simpson's company for every trip made to the islands. The bill was introduced by C. W. Ashford, a noble, who represents the Spreckels' interests on the islands. By this bill the subsidy was to go to any other steamship company under certain conditions. Mr. Lycurgus, who has been trying to interest Puget Sound and Portland merchants in another steamship company was, it is understood, the instigator of the bill. After the usual first and second readings the bill was killed by being indefinitely postponed. The Puget Sound and Hawaiian Traffic Company will start its first steamer for Honolulu in February. It will carry the Hawaiian mails free.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Capt. Leutt, of the schooner Maneola, of Windsor, N. S., with his wife and five sailors was rescued at sea January 5 and brought to this port to-day by the ship S. D. Carleton. For three days and three nights they had been drifting about without provisions.

PANAMA, via Galveston, Jan. 24.—The artisans and laborers of Bogota united on Sunday in the streets and mobbed the offices of the newspapers which recently have criticised them severely. They destroyed the presses, pied the type, killed five compositors and mortally wounded two editors. The mob then tried to set fire to the offices, but was held at bay by the police until the national guard could be summoned. The militia and the police charged the rioters, and after a stubborn fight dispersed them. Several rioters were severely wounded and many arrested. The riots had no political significance.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The pearl button makers aired their grievances yesterday before the Central Labor Federation, and stated that they might soon have a strike on their hands. They had been brought over from Austria by manufacturers who now wanted to force them to accept a reduction of 3 cents per gross. The men were especially bitter against manufacturer Bohn of East Houston street, who, they declared, had taken 150 apprentices, paid the lowest wages, and made his hands work long hours and also on Sundays. The men will hold a mass meeting to-day. It was further declared that pearl buttons had been imported without holes as raw material, and that the importers had the holes drilled here at lower prices. Before the election the manufacturers told the men that if Cleveland were elected they would all have to return to Austria, as the pearl button industry would then be ruined.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The body of John Schultze, who died at No. 57 Moore street, Brooklyn, on Jan. 15, still lies in his bed because his widow cannot raise $13 to pay for burial. Schultze died suddenly, and Coroner Creamer gave the burial certificate. The house in which the family lives is a wretched tenement, and Mrs. Schultze has only two rooms. In these she and her six children have had to live for five days with a corpse. The dead body lay in the bed, and every night Mrs. Schultze had to tuck her children in the same bed while she sat up and brooded over her terrible condition. She went to an undertaker's, and he agreed to bury the body for $15, but insisted on being paid in advance. Mrs. Schultze had only $2.50 and she offered him that, but he refused to accept it. Two other undertakers declined to touch the body until they were paid in full. Yesterday she went to the police station, but was in such a dazed condition that she could not tell her story for a long time. She was sent to the department of charities, and arrangements were made to bury the body of her husband to-day.

WATFORD, Conn., Jan. 24.—Miss Effie Aldrich, of Manson, Mass., a young lady who disappeared from her home in Manson on Thursday, was captured here on Friday evening as she alighted from a train. Miss Aldrich, who is 16 years of age and very handsome, is considered one of the belles of Manson and her disappearance created a sensation. The only reason for her sudden departure from home is that she wanted to enter a convent. For some time she has wished to take this step. When caught she refused to say where she was going, but consented to return to her home.

DETROIT, Jan. 24.—A local paper says that Father Kolasinski has been in Washington City in obedience to a summons from Monsignor Satolli, the papal legate, for a conference on the troubles that led to his separation from St. Albertus Polish church six years ago and setting up an independent church of his own. It is accepted to mean that excommunication is to be extended to the Detroit Polish priest who defied orders of his bishop to withdraw from his charge, and who had been able to hold his large following of Catholic Poles, notwithstanding the warning that all who adhered to him would fall under the ban of the church.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Kellogg & Co. began to sell, yesterday, seventy-six horses from the ranch of Leland Stanford, of California. The representatives included the get of Electioneer, Gen. Benton, Piedmont, Azmoor, Whips, Alban, Electricity, Wildnut, Sport, Nephew, Anzi, Clayma, and other sires of the establishment. The sale will last three days. Besides the fashionable-bred young stallions and fillies, there are many speedy harness geldings.

SEATTLE, Jan. 24.—There is complaint coming from Eastern connections of the Northern Pacific regarding transcontinental business on lumber and shingles. It appears that numerous shippers in the district to which transcontinental rates apply, have been in the habit of sending their product East before having sold it. It is delivered by the Northern Pacific to the connecting lines and has lain a burden on their hands because of slowness in its disposal. The roads have threatened to annul the transcontinental rates unless the case is remedied. Shippers must hereafter find purchasers first. Instructions have been sent to Puget Sound agents of the Northern Pacific and shingle and lumbermen not to forward any more business in lumber and shingles that is not previously disposed of.

GALVESTON, Jan. 24.—A special from Rio Grande to the News says: "News was received here late last night from an authentic source that Lieut. Dickman, of Capt. Hunter's command, and Walker, of Capt. Chase's command, acting in concert with Sheriff Snely, of this county, and with the State rangers, captured Gen. Francisco Bonavides, chief in command of the remaining Garza forces, and Prudence Gonzales, next in command. The capture was made on the 21st near Julian Queerras' ranch in this county. Forty or more revolutionists were assembled at that place. It is known that Bonavides assembled his forces with the intention of sacking Camargo. Sheriff Snely will arrive here to-morrow and more will be learned about the matter.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 24.—The steamer San Jose arrived yesterday morning from Panama, bringing 38 men of the crew of the American bark Seabreeze, which was burned in the Gulf of California. The Seabreeze left San Francisco December 19 for the Gulf of California to secure wood before going on a whaling expedition to the Arctic. At Madre island she secured wood, but on January 10 fire broke out, and the bark was burned to the water's edge. Forty-three men on her escaped in small boats to the island, and were sent to San Blas by the governor. Five of the wrecked crew remained there, and the others came north. The Seabreeze was commanded by Capt. North, and was owned by James McKenna, of San Francisco.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 24.—At a meeting held last evening by the surviving members of the 306 delegates to the Republican national convention of 1880 who sought to secure a renomination of Gen. Grant, a resolution, introduced by Col. Power, of Philadelphia, on behalf of Governor Beaver, of Pennsylvania, was unanimously adopted. It provides for the organization of an association to be known as "The Old Guard," for the purpose of keeping alive the traditions of that event. At a meeting to-night twenty-two states were represented. Of those who formed the original band, 306, of Grant's supporters, some 256 are still living. A committee was appointed to make arrangements for a banquet to be given in Philadelphia April 27, the anniversary of Gen. Grant's birth.

OAKLAND, Jan. 24.—Miss Ray Frank, a talented Jewess, who has been a leading Sabbath school teacher in the First Hebrew congregation, is about to study for the pulpit. She will be the first woman since biblical days to stand up in a synagogue instructing her people. She already has a reputation as a writer and lecturer.

TACOMA, Jan. 24.—Two heavily loaded freight trains are reported to have come into collision near Hot Springs, last night, and it is said one brakeman was killed and both engineers and firemen badly scalded. The railroad officials are reticent and reports are meagre.

COLON, Jan. 22.—The survivors of the crew and passengers of the Spanish sloop Juan have been sent to the Spanish consul. For seven days they lived on puppies and whatever else they could find and fasted for twenty days. Two of those rescued admit eating the flesh of the eight who died out of twenty-three souls on board. Eleven passengers, the captain and three of the crew survived. Among the evidences of cannibalism was a woman's arm, broken off just below the elbow and picked almost to the bone. Among the survivors was one woman and a little boy.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 23.—A hunter saw a big seal make its way to shore and take up a position on Skate Rock. He took careful aim and succeeded in killing the animal with one shot. It is a splendid specimen, weighing over 250 pounds. Besides the animal's pelt it will yield about 25 gallons of valuable oil.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—Shipping agents have gone to Port Costa and other up-river points and offered every inducement to get sailors to desert their ships and come to San Francisco. A number of sailors have been gathered in this manner. The shipping owners and masters opened their office this morning for the shipping of non-union men; the place is protected by a large force of police, as an attack is expected upon it by members of the union within the next 24 hours.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Archbishop Corrigan has sent a letter relative to the collection for the Pope to be presented by him on the fiftieth anniversary of his espicopate to every priest in the diocese of New York. He says among other things: "Having immediate and universal episcopal jurisdiction, he (the Pope) necessarily has the right of sending representatives withersoever he will and our welfare may require. Whatever binds us more immediately to the centre of unity is an additional safeguard to our souls. Catholics will celebrate with joy the feast of their venerated father. This diocese in particular, which has ever been conspicuous for devotion to the See of Peter, will not allow this occasion to pass without testifying its fealty and attachment to the sovereign pontiff. I earnestly trust and pray that their generosity will be abundant."

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—An application has been made before Judge Grosscup in the United States circuit court to-day, for an order to prevent the Edison Electricity company from interfering with the Sunbeam Incandescent Light company in the purchase of incandescent electric lamps. They also ask that the Edison company be compelled to fill their orders, alleging that the Edison company refuses to fill them. Pending a conclusion of arguments, Judge Grosscup ordered the Edison company to sell the lamps.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Wallace Ross, the oarsman, arrived in town to-day from Montreal, and claimed the challenge cup emblematic of the sculling championship of the world. Ross claims that he was the first man to issue a challenge for the prize. He posted $1,000, and agreed to row any man in the world for not less than five miles.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—A special to the Times from Montreal, says: In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's financiering it may be mentioned that the late Baron de Reinach was a prominent member of the original Canadian Pacific syndicate.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The Grand View hotel, situated just beyond the limits of Fort Hamilton, Long Island, was burned at 2.30 o'clock this morning. The loss is probably $100,000.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Jan. 25.—Rojas Paul is still in La Guayra and is closely shadowed by political spies. Political clubs everywhere are proclaiming the candidacy of Crespo for president at the October elections. Pietri has completed the pacification of the Guzmanciates. He has secured an *entente* between them and Crespo, by which the latter agrees to appoint Dominici federal attorney-general and Gavaloc Ferdinandez governor of Silua.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Jan. 25.—Mayor Sanford has caused the arrest of ex-Mayor Gleason, charged with larceny in the second degree. Search warrants have also been issued for the recovery of books and papers taken from different departments. Warrants were also issued for the entire Gleason faction, of the board of education, and commissioner of public works, all charged with larceny in the second degree, in having removed books and public documents from a public department.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Last night Special Agent C. E. Lewis, of this city, and Special Inspector Geo. Carter, of New York, arrested I. J. Henry and C. J. Bend, colored porter and conductor of the sleeping car Salmon River, for opium smuggling. A quantity of the drug was found under one of the seats in the car on its arrival in this city. The car came from Toronto.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The second day's sale of the Palo Alto trotting stock, the property of Senator Stanford, did not open very propitiously this morning, Thalia, by Electioneer, out of the thoroughbred Tipper, would not even fetch a bid; this began to look bad. They slumped again, however, and prices, although good, were far below the average. The attendance was fair.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Josephine Whitlatch against the Fidelity and Casualty Insurance Co., of New York, has found that Mr. Whitlatch, who was once a wealthy mine speculator, and who was found dead in a cheap lodging house in San Francisco, with a pistol at his side, committed suicide while temporarily insane, and the policy for $10,000 on his life is therefore void.

SEATTLE, Jan. 24.—Capt. J. W. Troup, manager of the Kootenay Navigation Co., is in the city for a few days' visit. He reports prospects very bright for a good season's business up in the Kootenay country, as miners are crowding in there very rapidly, and it promises to be a very active year in the development of the mining resources of the country. Capt. Troup is going through to Portland.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 24.—Frank Henschel, a clerk in the commission house of Schreiner, Flack & Co., shot and probably fatally wounded his sweetheart, Miss Alice Bruce, to-night, at her home on McNair and Sidney streets. He afterwards blew out his own brains and his body was found in an alley near the house. The girl may recover. Henschell is supposed to have become temporarily deranged through the cigarette habit.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—There is no longer any doubt that A. J. Motion, a clerk of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal Co., was murdered Sunday in the Tolleston marshes. His body was frozen so badly that a post mortem examination was impossible until to-night, when it was found that his skull had been crushed in behind the ear with a blunt instrument. The police are now looking for three men who offered to guide him to the railway station at Miller, Ind. They have a good description of them and are confident of arresting them.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 24.—Umberti Piogtini, an Italian fresco artist of some note, and his step sister, Celeste Muegge, who was a resident of New Jersey, attempted to die together to-night for their love for each other. The girl was visiting her mother here, and Piogtini, who has a wife, fell in love with her. As they could not marry they concluded to die and took rooms at a hotel, where, locked in each other's arms, the man shot the woman and then himself. They left a letter giving the story of their unhappy fate. Both will probably die.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 24.—The Capital National Bank closed its doors this morning. State Bank Examiner Griffith is in charge of the concern, and the closing of the bank is the result of an examination made by him last night. A brief announcement was made this morning that such an event was anticipated, and it caused much surprise, as it was considered one of the strongest institutions in the country. It was capitalised for $350,000. No statement of the liabilities has been made, but it is variously estimated from $300,000 to $600,000. The bank has been for some time pressed for ready money, not being able to call in loans fast enough to meet the demands.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 24.—Robert F. Beatty was placed on trial in the Criminal court at 9:30 this morning charged with complicity in the Homestead poisoning. Judges Stowe and Slagle were on the bench and the court was crowded. Beatty was one of the men alleged to have been employed by District Master Workman Dempster to go to Homestead and work as a cook in the Carnegie steel works and carry out the design on the lives of the non-union workmen. Beatty was the first of the alleged prisoners to be captured. He is the man arrested in Louisville, Ky., having escaped from Pittsburg on a boat. Patrick Gallagher confessed and he and J. M. Davidson, two of the other defendants, will be called up immediately at the conclusion of Beatty's trial. It is expected they will plead guilty and throw themselves on the mercy of the court. The work of selecting a jury to try Beatty proved tedious and is yet in progress.

It is said that care killed the cat. One cannot use too much care in dealing with one's neighbor's favorite feline.—Alton Times.

A YOUTHFUL PLAYWRIGHT.

Glen Mac Donough, Author of "The Prodigal Father," Is a Busy Man Now.

May 23, 1892, was an important day for Glen Mac Donough, for it was then that his first play—"The Prodigal Father"—was produced in Pittsburg. It has since been seen in New York and admired by many thousands of critical theater goers. Mr. Mac Donough is the youngest playwright in the United States. He was born in 1870, and is the son of Laura Don and Thomas B. Mac Donough, both of whom did considerable dramatic writing, so that his talent is inherited.

GLEN MAC DONOUGH.

Before "The Prodigal Father" was produced Mr. Mac Donough was a newspaper man. In fact he had written a bright department for a New York Sunday paper from the time he was fifteen. J. M. Hill purchased from him several months ago the libretto of a comic opera which is intended as the successor of "The Fencing Master." Roland Reed has also accepted a comedy written by Mr. Mac Donough, who is now at work on another comic opera libretto for which Messrs. Klaw and Erlanger have contracted. If Mr. Mac Donough will refrain from prostituting his remarkable abilities to the prospect of immediate gain he will soon be recognized as one of the greatest American writers of light comedy.

THEATRICAL TATTLE.

Among the supers engaged at the recent performance of "Carmen" at Windsor castle there were sundry lights of the theatrical profession, including Charles Cartwright, Charles Warner, W. H. Abingdon and others of similar caliber.

The Digby Bell Opera company has been forced to the wall. So has Reist and Ballup's "The Midnight Special."

Edward Solomon has composed a new comic opera, and has asked his brother Fred, now with Koster & Bial, New York, to come to London and create a part in it.

In "Lysistrate," a comedy in four acts, produced at the Grand theater, Paris, Maurice Donnay has attempted to revive the Greek comedy of "Aristophanes" by modernizing the situation. The subject is still a strike of married women, and it is said that never has anything so improper and immoral been played upon the stage.

A. M. Palmer's stock company will take possession of their home theater, New York, Feb. 4, for the remainder of the season.

Gossipers abroad say that Sarah Bernhardt's reckless son, Maurice, has squandered all of his own fortune and not a little of Sarah's money at baccarat.

J. K. Emmet will produce his new play, "Fritz in Congress," at a Broadway theater in New York next October.

Joseph Haworth, who is now appearing in "The Crust of Society," will before long bring out a new play by his brother William entitled "The People's King."

Marie Wainwright's new play, "The Social Swim," will be produced in Pittsburg on Friday, Jan. 13. It is by Clyde Fitch, and Miss Wainwright of course expects to make the hit of her life in it, as the leading role is said to be admirably adapted to her charming personality and quiet artistic methods. William Ingersoll, Barton Hill, Nathaniel Hartwig, E. Y. Backus and Eleanor Carey will create the other roles in "The Social Swim."

Joseph Barrett, late business manager of "A Busy Day," and Nettie de Courcey, the soubrette of the company, were recently married.

How Brooklyn Young Men Learn Chess.

The young men in Brooklyn who have a mathematical turn of mind and who are ambitious to become Morphys and Laskers are given an excellent opportunity of grasping the fine points of chess by the instruction furnished by the Y. M. C. A. Chess and Checker club. This club is really a chess and checker school where novices are instructed in both games by experts who deliver lectures and make clear each point by diagrams on a blackboard. Handicap tournaments are held every year, the players being divided into classes according to their expertness or lack of skill, and favored or handicapped in accordance with each player's ability so that the contestants all stand on an equal footing at the start.

PRESIDENT FLINT.

Teams are also selected to play clubs from other cities, and interesting matches have been held with clubs from New York city, Sing Sing, N. Y., and Newark, N. J. The president of the club is Thomas Flint a well known Brooklyn educator and professor in the boys' high school. He is one of the best checker players in the City of Churches and has a deep insight into the intricacies of chess.

The Survival of the Fittest.

A decided reaction is setting in with reference to superbad melodrama, graveyard farce comedy and what is known as comic opera, but is really farce operetta. Digby Bell's company has gone to the wall; a dozen or more farce comedies which had nothing funny about them except their names have expired within the last few weeks; several musical comedies are in trouble; half a dozen of the worst melodramas have "closed to reorganize," which, being translated into everyday English, means that they are dead, dead, dead! At least two comic opera organizations outside of Digby Bell's are quite shaky, and, to cap it all, a certain particularly good manager of particularly bad melodrams, will soon "lay off" a couple of his companies until next season. All this is likely to have the effect of giving the more legitimate attractions a better chance for good bookings than they have hitherto had.

Around the World on Wheels.

W. L. Sachteleben, of Alton, Ills., and Thomas G. Allen, of Ferguson, Mo., who have just completed a trip around the world on their bicycles, left St. Louis in May, 1890. They had been students at Washington university, in that city, and made the tour for pleasure, health and to gain knowledge of the world by personally visiting many countries. One achievement of which they are proud was the ascent of Mounts Ararat, where they celebrated the Fourth of July with true American patriotism by waiving the stars and stripes and firing their revolvers.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

A Prima Facie Established Against the First Two of the Supposed Kidnappers.

Other Examinations in Progress—Thirty or Forty Persons Said to Be Implicated.

NANAIMO, Jan. 25.—When the cases of Juranson and Holtz were called this afternoon Superintendent Hussey addressed the court. He began by reviewing the circumstances of the capture of these two men, who, with others, had by threats and violence compelled the seamen to leave the Bawnmore. Unfortunately, he said, such occasions were not unusual; but the authorities were getting tired of such work, and if the police were to do their duty the prisoners identified must, without a doubt, be put in a position where they would not be likely to be a menace to society. On the part of the Crown he contended that the only duty of the present court was to ascertain if a prima facie case had been made out by the police, and if so, then they must be committed for trial. If attention was to be paid by the court to evidence brought forward in cases of this kind at the last moment by the Union, the result would be that all such cases would be strangled, for he hesitated not in saying that the Sailors' Union had been unscrupulous enough to bring forward false evidence. He continued:

"I might say for the benefit of all Union seamen and other present, that in future all such outrages will be sternly followed up by the police and the guilty parties will be prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the law, regardless of every expense. This kind of nonsense has to be stopped and the authorities have made up their minds to do it and it is high time, too, for it seems to be generally recognized that for some time these men have been raiding perfectly regardless of consequences. He concluding by again urging a committal. If the men were innocent, he said, they could take a speedy trial with little inconvenience. There the merits of the case would be gone into; but in the meantime no consideration should be paid to the alibi evidence now in.

Magistrate Planta maintained the right of the magistrates to take down evidence when tendered, but conceded that it should be entirely discarded. In this particular case, however, he would ask the prosecution if it would not be possible to call a halt, in view of all the alibi testimony. After some general remarks and a plea for the prisoners by Lawyer H. A. Simpson, who defended:

Magistrate Planta asked, "Is there any possibility, Mr. Hussey, of the Crown being magnanimous and wise and abandoning a prosecution which might likely result in nothing?"

Mr. Hussey replied: No, the Crown was not going to be defeated in its prosecution by alibi evidence given irregularly at the preliminary trial, and under such circumstances that it was impossible for the police to look into it. So strong and unscrupulous an organization as the Crown was fighting against in this case could manufacture any kind of lying evidence on which to prove an alibi, and long before the police could do anything the witnesses would be thousands of miles away. This organization could do this and were not above it, for they would stop at nothing, as had been shown by their numerous outrageous acts. This crime of kidnapping was the most serious one ever committed in the province except, perhaps, murder, and the police were going to put a stop to it.

The Court—Is there any use asking you if you will take a further remand, Mr. Hussey?

His answer was a polite but emphatic "No! I don't want a remand."

The prisoners were then committed in due form. They declined to make any statement.

The examination into the case of the other prisoners was commenced. Eric Arrhus and two other members of the Bawnmore's crew were examined. Their testimony was to the effect that the kidnappers had justified their action by accusing the crew of cutting down prices, and when remonstrated with they had struck one of the witnesses on the mouth. "One voyage at low wages is enough," one of the kidnappers said; "now we will take a hand." Threats of killing were freely used and revolvers were displayed. From the evidence so far it seems that thirty or more men were engaged in the raid. The case stands adjourned until 2 o'clock tomorrow.

OVERCROWDED SCHOOLS.

The Gymnasium to Be Converted Into Classrooms as a Temporary Expedient.

Four Additional Teachers to Be Appointed For the Boys and Girls.

A special meeting of the Board of School Trustees was held last night for the purpose of discussing the best means of relieving the present congested state of the schools. Chairman Hayward presided, and the other trustees present were, Messrs. Lovell, Yates, Marchant, Saunders and Richards. Architect Mallandaine was also in attendance.

The committee on school accommodation were called upon to report.

TRUSTEE YATES explained that the City Council having refused the use of the market house, they had tried to secure the old Methodist church on Broad street, but the objection to this was that the children would have no play ground. Mr. Mallandaine had accordingly been instructed to prepare a plan by which the present gymnasium at the High school could be converted into temporary school rooms. Mr. Mallandaine submitted his plan, according to which four school rooms, each 40 feet by 27 feet, could be provided. This the committee recommended as the best means of getting over the difficulty temporarily.

TRUSTEE LOVELL favored the adoption of the report.

Architect Mallandaine, in reply to Trustee Marchant, said that each of the four rooms would accommodate forty pupils.

TRUSTEE SAUNDERS favored the project as a temporary expedient.

THE CHAIRMAN said that the cost of the proposed work would be about $500.

The report was adopted on the motion of Trustee Saunders and referred back to the committee with power to act.

TRUSTEE MARCHANT expressed his opposition to the proposed scheme, on the ground that it deprived the children of very wholesome physical exercise. He rather favored the erection of temporary buildings on the school grounds, which would only cost $600 or $700 more than the remedy now contemplated.

THE CHAIRMAN—Now that these new school rooms are to be provided we will have to provide teachers. I should recommend that teachers be advertised for and the salaries fixed.

TRUSTEE RICHARDS asked what salaries were paid in Victoria West.

THE CHAIRMAN replied that the salaries are $90, $70, $50 and $40.

TRUSTEE RICHARDS did not favor the appointment of monitors, who worked as well as the teachers and ought to be paid equally well.

THE CHAIRMAN suggested that the salaries of the new teachers should be $75 for the principal and $60 each for the three others. The amount allowed for all was $255.

TRUSTEE MARCHANT thought the salaries of the teachers to be appointed should be the same as of those already in the service.

TRUSTEE RICHARDS favored promotion of the teachers now in the service, many of whom were very deserving of advancement.

TRUSTEE MARCHANT concurred.

TRUSTEE RICHARDS said that he had received a note from one of the teachers asking that they be allowed to close up school half an hour or so earlier to-morrow, that they might attend the opening of the Legislature.

The application was granted and the board adjourned until 4:30 on Friday, to consider the appointment of teachers for the new branch school, which will afford accommodation for boys and girls now in overcrowded divisions.

UNDER instructions of the managers of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, I hereby give notice that I will offer for sale by Public Auction on Monday, the 20th day of February, next, at noon, at my salesroom on Broad street, the lands and premises known as Victoria Town Lot number seventy-six (76); also all that piece of land commencing at a point formed by the corners of Gordon and Courtney streets, where they adjoin on the east, thence running northerly in a straight line along the easterly side of Gordon street one hundred and twenty (120) feet, thence at right angles easterly seventy-three (73) feet, thence at right angles southerly one hundred and twenty (120) feet to Courtney street, thence at right angles westerly along the northerly side of that street seventy-three (73) feet to the point of commencement, being Town Lot marked number five hundred and twenty-five (525) and the adjoining portion, consisting of twenty-four (24) feet in length along the said Gordon street by the total breadth, to wit: Seventy-three (73) feet of Town Lot marked number two hundred and thirty-seven (237) on the official map of Victoria aforesaid and the brick building thereon known as the old St. Andrew's (Presbyterian) Church. D. JOHNSON, Auctioneer.
Victoria, January 25, 1893. ja 6-wdt

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia at its next Session, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of erecting and operating at some convenient point within the Province the necessary blast furnaces, steel works, rolling mills, plant and machinery for extracting iron from the ores thereof, and for manufacturing the same into steel and iron of all descriptions, and for utilizing the product of said works in the building of iron or steel ships, steamers and other sea craft, and all description of machinery, and of all iron or steel manufactured articles; to hold land, own, operate, and work coal mines, iron mines, copper mines, nickel mines, timber limits, timber leases, charcoal ovens, coke ovens, and to build, own, and operate steamers, sailing vessels, barges, railways, wharves, etc., in connection with said works or otherwise, and generally to possess and exercise all such other powers as are necessary or incidental to the said purposes or any of them, and to provide a guarantee by the Province of 5 per cent. per annum for 2 years on $1,000,000 of the capital stock of said company, and for freedom from Government and Municipal taxation for a like period.
Dated the 11th day of November, 1892.
BODWELL & IRVING,
no30-2m Solicitors for applicants

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for a private bill to the end that the "British Columbia Southern Railway Company Act, 1888," by making provision for an alternative line from Cranbrook by the St. Mary's River to Pilot Bay, on Kootenay Lake, or to the Lardeau River; and also to further amend the said act by extending the time for the completion of the railway from the Summit of Crow's Nest in the International Boundary, and all branches thereof, for the period of one year beyond the time authorized by the said Act, and by extending the time for the completion of the railway from Cranbrook to Kootenay Lake, and all branches thereof, for the period of three years beyond the time authorized by the said Act; and also, to further amend the said act so as to authorize and empower the Company to erect and maintain all necessary works for the generation and transmission of electricity or power within the area of the operations of the said Company, and with power to the Company to work minerals, coal and petroleum, and to erect and operate saw mills.
Dated the 14th day of December, A.D. 1892.
BODWELL & IRVING,
dec24 Solicitors for the Applicants.

The Celebrated French Cure,
Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded
IS SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE
to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing-down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which, if neglected, often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
BEFORE AFTER
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
BOX 27, PORTLAND, OR.
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Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
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One or more Surgeons of
National Surgical Institute
NO. 319 BUSHST., SAN FRANCISCO,
WILL BE AT
Oriental Hotel, Victoria,
MAY 14 & 16,
To examine cases for treatment by this Institute, which is devoted to treating
Deformities of Children, Diseases of the Spine, Hip and Knee Joints, Paralysis, Piles, Fistula, Catarrh and Chronic Diseases.
REFERENCES—Governor E. P. Ferry, Olympia; John Leary, Ex. Associate Justice of Supreme Court, 602 Fourth St., Seattle; Wm. McKeon, Oriental Hotel, Victoria; Ben. K. Snipes, Banker, Seattle. my6

"W. H. KEELEY GOLD CURE COMPANY" (FOREIGN).
REGISTERED THE 16TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1892.
Certificate of Registration.
THIS is to certify that I have this day registered the "W. H. Keeley Gold Cure Company" (Foreign), under the "Companies' Act," Part IV, "Registration of Foreign Companies," and the "Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."
The objects for which the Company is established are:—
First.—The establishing and conducting of hospitals and institutes for the treatment of all persons addicted to the use of alcholic liquor, opium, tobacco and other narcotics and stimulants, and for the treatment and cure of nervous diseases:
Second.—The manufacture and sale of the Keeley Gold Cure, and the establishment of agencies and institutions for the sale and use thereof:
Third.—The carrying on and conducting of all business necessary or incidental to the objects before mentioned.
The amount of the Capital stock of the said Company is twenty-five thousand dollars, divided into one hundred shares of two hundred and fifty dollars each.
The term of the existence of the said Company is fifty years.
The place of business of the said Company is located at Victoria, Province of British Columbia.
In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand and affixed my seal of office this 16th day of December, 1892, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.
C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
ja6-w1mo

IN USE 100 YEARS.
THE
POOR MAN'S FRIEND
Dr. Roberts' OINTMENT
SKIN DISEASES. THE VALUABLE OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L. ROBERTS, M.D. is confidently recommended as an unfailing remedy for Wounds of every description, Chilblains, Scorbutic Eruptions, Burns, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Eczema, &c.
Dr. ROBERTS' ALTERATIVE PILLS FOR THE BLOOD and SKIN.
They are useful in Scrofula, Scrobutic Complaints, Glandular Swellings, particularly those of the neck; they are very effectual in the cure of that form of skin disease which shows itself in painful cracks in the skin of the hands and in all scaly diseases.
They may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.
Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors, Bridport, England. my30

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE
Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—*Times*, July 13, 1864.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, &c.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—The Right Hon. Earl RUSSELL communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—*See Lancet*, Dec. 31, 1864.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—*Medical Times*, Jan. 13, 1866.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics, &c.
CAUTION.—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne," on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell St., London. Sold at 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d. au12

PRIVATE BILL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next Session for a Private Bill:

1. To amend an act passed on April 6, 1889, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Canadian Western Central Railway Company," it being chapter 34 of the statutes of 1889, by striking out that portion of Section 11, requiring the majority of the Board of Directors of the Company by that Act incorporated to be British subjects.
2. To amend Section 12 by striking out that portion requiring the Provisional Directors named in the Act, to subscribe for one hundred shares of the Company's stock.
3. To repeal Section 18.
4. To amend Section 19 in conformity thereto.
5. To amend Section 2 of the above entitled Act, and also Section 2 of an amending Act entitled "An Act respecting the Canadian Western Central Railway Company, and the Canadian Northern Railway Company," passed on the 23rd April, 1892, as found in chapter 36 of the statutes of said year, so as to empower the Company to lay out, construct and equip the railway from a point on the main line of the railway herein named at or near the North Bend of the Fraser River in Cariboo, along Peavine Valley to the junction with the Peace River; thence east along the Peace River valley to the eastern boundary of British Columbia or an alternative route from such point through the Pine River Pass; thence along the Pine River to its junction with the Peace River; thence to the boundary of British Columbia. Also an additional line from the same point at or near the North Bend of the Fraser River in Cariboo westward along the telegraph trail through the Babine mountains to the head waters of the Skeena River; thence following generally said river to the coast at or near Fort Essington, and a line along the other branch of the Skeena River past Bear Lake, to the head waters of the Omineca River; thence generally following said river to the junction of the line before described following the Parsnip River.
6. To change the name of the Canadian Western Central Railway Company to the British Pacific Railway Company.
7. To amend sections 21, 38 and such other sections as refer to the application of the provisions of the Railway Act of Canada, and to substitute therefor such sections of the British Columbia Railway Act, as may be applicable to the undertaking.
8. To add such section or sections to the said Acts or either of them as may be necessary in order to revive and declare to be still subsisting and in full force and effect in law all the rights, powers, franchise and privileges granted to the said Company by said Acts or either of them.

Dated the 16th day of December, 1892.
BODWELL & IRVING,
dlt-w6t. Solicitors for the applicants.

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