The yuture covermos or movi scorta. We are indepted to mome Kind friend
aeross the water for a late number of the across the water for a late number of the
London Daily Telegrapit, containing an the heroic condact of General Willtame -and suggesting to the British Govern ment, the propriety of conferring upon our
gallant eountryman, when Sir Gaspard's gallant eopuntryman, when Sir Gaspard't
period of service 'shall expire, the Governperiod of service shall expire, the Govern-
orship of this Native Councar. The follows:
It is seldom that Her Majesty's Ministers avail cremselves of any opportunity to give Golonies. Many due to to our British hey are allowed to pass by unheeded an ncared for. We have ever maintaine it as a golden rule, that the empire of Ennations of the earth, must retain her mag aificent colonial possessions. They are the bulwarks which protect the mother country, and they form the virgin soil from whence we can recruit our future strength. Once let these possessions slip from ou to the examples of the inevitable course of events that are to be found in the history of the great nations of the earth; she wil follow in her fate ancient Rome, whose firs
symptoms of deeay are to be dated from the symptoms of decay are to be dated from the period of her willing rel
During the second Pun
destring in of the wanic after the which once possessed innumerable Colonies, and above 300 African cities, extending for above 2,000 miles along the sea coas
from the Syrtis Major to the Pillars of from the Syrtis Major to the Pillars
Hercules, Hercules, embracing Sardinia, Malta, Majorea, Minorca, along the coasts of Senegal and Gambia, Rome rose into position as, great colonial empire, and estab lished above sixty colonies extending ove
Gaul, Germany, Spain, England, and va Gaul, Germany, Spain, England, and va-
rious parts of Asia and Africa. It is comrious parts of Asia and Africa. It is con
puted that, from the establishment of the city to the death of Augusivs, above 16 Clavbius her colonies contained 126,000 , 000 people. But Rome ceased to colonise and looked upon her Colonies with coldnese and Rome fell. Spain, which once threatend who poesessed the greater portion of and who possessed the greater portion of Montezusa, let her Colonies, one one, slip from her grasp; and where is now Spain, and what position does she hol in the scale or aations? A way then, we say with the dangerous doctrine inculcated be better without the Colonics. When this country relinquishes her possessions
she will have made her first retrograde ste towards becomeing a second-rate power But to possess and to retain hose Colonies we must regard them as integral portions n
the British Empire-not as insignificant of shoots of the parent stock. We must delight to honour their great men, and glory in their achievements. Fail to do this much longer, and the Colonies will spurn the
power who refuses to recognise merit and power who refuses to recognise merit and
valour, because embodied in the persoh valour, becau
of a Colonest.
votes of thanks of Parliment, last week deservedly conferred upon General WIL hams, as an officer pre-eminently distinguished for that military genius which the British army so lamenably lacks. But the unover of those votes in the House of to mention the important faet, that the hero of Kars was a Colonist, a native of British North America, and one who, as a Nova Sistis, und conferred upon the land of his birth, an honour our Government ghoul mewn to the trorld Tore Pad make in the Cominons, did justice, however, to Iusion:- $\operatorname{cif}$ I) anative of Nova-Scotia; and it must there-

Thie Duke of Kent was formerily Com-aander-ia-Chief of Nova Scotis, and while
tationed at Halifax became aequainted with the parents of young Wilhagus, Hi secured his admission into the Royal Military Academy as a cadet. The after career of General Wriliums is now recorded upon the page of history, but let not Nova Scotia
be forgotton in the seroll which will entwine that name amongst the great and the brave. Engiand, ia her ne caivalr lant neil aifiord, from amid served her well an aithfully, to spare one niche for the country -Colony though it be-which has added a Williasse to the illostrious roll of thos ho have adorned the ranks of her army
Nova Scotian has proved himself, in the Novae Scotian has proved himself, in of icer who, in point of genius and skill ha As General Sir W Wised himeral-
As General Sir W. Williams has nuw cached the highest rank of profession referment in our service-for, as an Ar nand-in Chief, in accordance with the aburd regulation of the Britisharmy, framed total forgetfulness of the fact, that the reat Napolson himself was an Artillery तicer-it would be a suitable step on the art of our Government towards the indiColony, here most acceptable one to than of such tried ability ad proved administ rative genius, appoint d Governor of his native Province, Nov cotia. According to several of the Hali x journals, the Acadian Recorder, amongst hers, the present Lieutenant ,Governo ir Gaspard Le Marchant, is by no mean
[Here follows an extract from our con-
emporary of the 5 th of May :] Let our Governm May :]
and confer upon General Williams, when Sir Gasparin's period of service shall ex pire, an appointment he is so pre-eminently
auited to hold, with credit to himself and advantage to his native country. The prin Colonies, as Lieutenant Governors, of the be andopted whenever opportunity occurs There were other British North Ameri cans besides General Williams who offered o sholder the riffe and meet the Russian upon their own soil, but in the plentitude of Ministerial wisdom the service of these men were refused, and an opportunity was los to show what a few native Colonial regi-
ments and Canadian officers could have done, side by side, with General Williame at their head- General Williams, as British officer, has been honoured; but other officers and gentlemen, also British North Americans, have never receivec
from the mother country even the approach from the mother country even the approach we have yet to learn that others but Can dians offered, at their own expense," to organise reg
Out Government preferred Foreig n Le
gions elandestinely recrui'ed in the United States, to the gallant services of her CanStates, to the gallant services of her Can-
adian loyalists; and we now reap the fruits of our preference for Foregin Legions who England, are only prevented from ope
mutiny by drumhead
court-martials and ibral distribution of the cat-o'nine-tails, a was the case last week at Plymouth. W can promote a German, who pocketed abou wenty thousand pounds in he shape or reneral in the British army, but our Govern ment hesitates to acknowledge or rewar the services of Canadians, countrymen of General Williams, who offered to equip Rifle Regiments at their own expense, not opocket thousande of pounds in the shape from German Barone but from loyal British Colonists, and henee the loyalty of Canada emains to the present hour, unrecognised anrewarded, and uneared for
The gallant schievements oisir Willian Fenwick Williams, of Kars, may perhaps, now direct the attention of the Governament
to ithe elaims of others of his provineia to the elaims of others of his provineia
countrymen, and Canada inay eecure a re ony of Nove Scotia, when her pminous elements now hovering around our British

## to treat as beneath notice the sefvice of the provincials. No spot dontains more loyal ment than British North Amerie, and

 oo nation has ever more thoroughly ignored ritian.In the confusion, of the exigeneies, and the ancertainty at the commencement of the ate war with Russia, some allowance must whade to the Government for those things hich they left undone. Our military de ecretary at war and the Secretary of War had not settled down into their respective offices ; and hence one offer of a thousand en from Canada was kicked about from the Horse Guards to Whitehall Gardens, like foot-ball, for six weary months, no one hould break the seal and another offer of Riffe Regiment, to be recruited, drilled and equipped free of all expense to the Government, made by another Canadian, ound its way into the Home Office, was duly received, the offer acknowledged, and
promptly declined, because " the troops of the Sultan, and Her Majesty's regular rmy, then embarked, were quite sufficient o cope with the legions of the Czar, without he aid of volunteer regiments. Mark, this was before our army had broken ground
from Varna? Well we suppose the $\because$ Home romi Varna ? Well we suppose the
Office, thought they were wise in their own genee, thation, and the were witry in consequence ost the service of two volunteer regiments wards, we raised our, Foreign Legione a an enormous expense, and actually went to the United States, in open defiance on recruits, formed a depot at Halitax to re ceive these worthies, whose services were bought upat an enormous expense, and yet offers of reg refused to accept the free many of whom had served as officers in the British army. We raised German,
Italian, and Swiss Legions of mercenaries and gave tens of thonsends in the shape of bounty to our German Barons, and promo ted them to be Brigadier-generals, but al this while Canada and her offers were for gotzon! As we before intimated the Govern ment, while they may clainn some excus
for inexperience at the commencement the war, can offer no excuse for not recognising the claims of those who patriotically offered their services as volunteers to figh
side by side, with their gallant countryman side by side, with their gallant co
The Fishery Commission and their as 27th inst., and would immediately pro ed to examine the Rivers between Cape May and York River in Maine. During themselves in the Colonial Rivers-and in Autumn will work from New York to the Southwest. The British and America Governments, it is said, are about to en fit vessel for this service in fulure years -Halifax Times.

Hugh Miller Lecturing on Temper-ANCE.-On Saturday night (says a late Edinburgh paper) Professor Miller delivered the concluding lecture of the course which has been given under the
auspices of the Half-Holiday Associaauspices of the Half-Holiday Associa-
tion, in John Knox's church. Bailie tion, in John Knox's church. Bailie
Hill oceupied the chair. The lecturer chose for his subject, "Ahstinence, it Place and Power," and delivered one o hese powerfnl and fascinating difcourse defining with admirable exactitude and at the same time in a highly felicitous and popular manner, the position that great questions of the day, and the rela tious and the harmony which subsist between it and the gospel. It is hardily necessary to say, that this lecture wai
well received by a large audience. Bailie Clark moved a vote of thanke, Baili
lecturer at the close, and, in doing so. re marked that, nine,tenth, in of oing so, re-
that came before the Police Court arose from drunkenness.
 tho sel Iay, 1806
Sononms op ruis 43e, yoth and 83e
Old Bighand Brigade! with whow I paesed he early and perilose pats of thiswar, pacsed
 and fhall not bo ealled to serve pay more, and nothing will remain to me but the Momory of ny Campaigne, and of the endepring, hardy nasogiated! whose name and gom Iory will long be
kept alive in the hearts of our countrymen kept alive in the hearts of our countrymen !
When you go home as you gradually falin your
term of gorviee ench to When you go home as you gradually fulily your
term of sorviee each, to his family and his
cottage, you will toll the story of your immorcottage, you will tell the story of your immor-
tal adranee in that vietorious echellon sp the leighte of Almas and of the old Brigadier, who
lou and loved you 80 well ! Your ehildten and your childrens obsildren, will repent the
tole to other generatione, when only a low lines of history will remain to reeord the diseipline Iy to the end of this war ! ourne you so otout
will never forget lind Will never forget the name of the Highive hand
gade ; and in some future war, that gade ; and in some future war, that nation
will call for another one to equal this, (which wir can never surpass; althoung I be gone, the
thought of jou will go with me wbereever I thought of you will go with mee wberever I
may be, and ouheer myod age with a gorioue endured! A pipe will never sound near me without carrying me baok to thous bright daye
When I was at your head, and wore the ponne When I was at your head, and wore the Bonne
you gained for me, and the honorable deoga you gained for me, and the honorable decora-
tions on my breast, many of which I owo to
your conduet. Buvs Soubrse ! Kwx Coulyour conduet. Brave Soldiske! Kind
RADES ! PAREWA!
$\qquad$ Major-General

Anaryat or Tre Painge or Prossia - His Prossia arrived at Dover at midnight of Taestay The 20ith, and the following morning started by 2pecial train for Portemouth, and arrived there a 1230 . The Fairy, teuder, having on buard the
Queen, Prince Albert, and Ihe Royal Family, had nexpeetediy entered The harbour at 11 45 rinee Albert landed, and proceeded in the roya arriage to the nilway station, to weleome the ar-
ival of Prince Willian. In a few minutes their
 Co barge, the Prustian atandand wasing hoisted, and Quen Prise apeedily got on board the Fairy. The
quend Princess Royal itimediately salated Queen and Princess Royal inmmediately salated ruen up ast the masis. The Prusesinn at the fore, and jack at the mizen. A double royal salute evmmencerd from the shore batteries and ships of war The Preved, thaving the Prussian flag at the yandin. The Prince io an exceedingly fine-looking young
man, in height about five feet nine incheo, and apparently iwenty years of age. His deportment exeeedingly dignified and graceful. He aeknowledged the compliments paid titum by frequently
bowing and takiog of his hat. He has a slight

Steanisas fon Russia.-During the past fortwith the view of purchasing tug seeanere to be,
emplayed at Cruntadt, and the Baltie. Eight mpluyed at Crusstadt, and the Baltie. Eight team vessels have been disposed of by the Tyne awoere tor the purpose; and the Royal Albert,
the Wallaee, the Powerful, the Volga, and the
Alexander, have sailed. The North of Europe Alexander, have sailed. The North of Europe
Company are aiso building iron veasels of lifht They will be propelied by pressure enginee, and will be fitted up with Be, Pitie's patent propeller. hese vessels are built with the view of navigat-
Dag shallow water. During the past few days ng shailow water. Dunag the past few days,
very large nutaber of foreign vessels
have vech al thr Tyar from varinus parts of the Baitic; couside rabie nuunber of targe Atmerieas vesing in cusols.

German, journals report that a large iece of wood has bean discovered at Mayence, by some workmen digging a
new cellar in their mansoncalled Znm ungen, "the first printing house of Gutnberg. The beam seems to have formed he head of the press, and to contain the The lettere J. G. and the date 1441 are cut in one part of it.

A novel instrument has lately been inented by a gentleman of Spartensburg, addles" It is is the "Father of the fifty shells, or viols, with tringe similar a vioin, the sound being produced
deawing \& hatir bow veross them. It contains four octaves and is playjed with keys like a piano.

