Face and Neck Covered with Inflamed Skin - Suffered Terribly -Mother Took Her to Doctors and Colleges to No Avail - Lost Faith in Medicines - Friend Suggested Cuticura Remedies and

CHILD IS NOW THE PICTURE OF HEALTH

"My baby's face and neck were covered with itching skin similar to eczema, and she suffered terribly for over a year. I took her to a number of doctors, and also to different colleges to no avail. Then Cutioura Remedies were recommended to me by Miss G—, who was telling me how they helped her. I did not use it at first, as I had tried so many other remedies without any favorable results. At last I tried Cuticura Scop. Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills, and to my surprise noticed an improvement. After using three boxes of the Cuticura Ointment, together with the Soap and Pills, I am pleased to say she is altogether a different child and the pioture of health, and now I have a firm belief in Cuticura Remedies and would not be without them in the house. I will stadly let you publish this testimonial as I would like others to have the same benefit that we did, and you may be suro I will recommend them strongly to everybody I know and to those I don't know, too. Mrs. A. C. Brestlin, 171 N. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 20 and 30, 1906,"

ONE NIGHT TREATMENT For Sore Hands and Feet with Cuticura.



Soak the hands or feet on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure. Wear on the hands during the night old, loose gloves, or bandage the feet lightly in old, soft cotton or linen.

ENGINEER ARRESTED.

Held Responsible For Two Deaths Near St. Thomas.

St. Thomas, May 30.—Murray Stevens, who was the engineer in charge of the Wabash theatrical special train ilast August that dashed into a C.P.R. last August that dashed into a C.P.R. passenger train, just on the city limits, and killed John MacKay, of Toronto, was arrested yesterday and lodged in the county jail. He will have to answer to the charge of causing MacKay's death.

The wreck caused the deaths of John MacKay, a C. P. R. engineer at Toronto Junction, and Alex. Wiley, a baggageman of St. Thomas, and injured several others.

In his evidence at the inquest, Stevens admitted he ran past the signal, and declared he had no intention of stopping for the crossing, this, he said, being contrary to the custom of the road.

train had the right of way, and the coroner's jury put the blame on the Wabash employes.

A WOMAN'S BACK

Under ordinary conditions it ought to be utrong and ready to bear the burdens of life.

B is hard to do housework with an aching back. Backache comes from sick kidneys, and what a lot of trouble sick kidneys cause.

BONDS OF PATRIOTISM

NATIONAL SORROW LEADS TO FEELING OF BROTHERHOOD.

FIGHTING FOR OUR PRINCIPLES

Story of the Captured Flags-A Statesman's Curse-Emblem of Many Heroic Deeds-Bravery of the Past -Love Is All-Conquering-Stronger Than the Sword-Union Is Strength.

Entered according to Act of Parliament of Canada, in the year 1907, by Frederick Diver, Toronto, at the Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 26.—In this sermon, appropriate to the time, the old, tender theme of a nation's sorrow and how it was healed receives new treatment, and the lesson is learned of a great people united in the bonds of a common patriotic brotherhood. The text is Isaiah xliii, 6, "I will say to the north, Give up, and to the south, Keep not back."

I sometimes think we make a mistake when we think of the civil war as ending at Appomattox. The wounds were too fresh then on both sides. We know that the war is ended now, and I think the beginning of the end dated about twenty years ago. The beginning of the end came in a letter which Adjutant General R. C. Drum on April 30, 1887, addressed to Hon. W. C. Endicott, Secretary of War in President Cleveland's Cabinet. In this letter he suggested the propriety of returning all the flags (Union and Confederate), which had been captured in the late civil war, to the authorities of the states in which the regiments which originally held them were organized.

No sooner did President Cleveland allow Secretary Endicott to approve the suggestion of his adjutant-general than a great howl of demunciation arose. By one of the leading newspapers of Minnesota. Cleveland was assailed with opprobrious epithets. The newspapers east and west excoriated him. Over the public banquet tables Gen. B. F. Butler, Gen. Lucius Fairchild, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic; Murat Halstead and others hurled their vituperation. The then governor of Ohio wrote a letter, which Senator John Sherman indorsed, in which he emphatically refused to surrender the flags, saying, "No rebel flags shall be returned while I am governor." Gen. Fairchild said: "May God palsy the hand that wrote the order. May God palsy the brain that conceived it, and may God palsy the tongue that dictated it." So overwhelming was the public bitterness at the thought of givin

states alone had the right to return them.

Oh, the sectional bitterness which was rankling in the human hearts north and south in 1887! But in spite of John MacKay, a C. P. R. engineer at Toronto Junction, and Alex. Wiley, a baggageman of St. Thomas, and injured several others.

In his evidence at the inquest, Stevens admitted he ran past the signal, and declared he had no intention of stopping for the crossing, this, he said, being contrary to the custom of the road.

The watchman declared the C. P. R. train had the right of way, and the coroner's jury put the blame on the Wabash employes.

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The watchman declared the C. P. R. train had the right of way, and the right of way, and the round the was the most eathwait and the confederate has been consequently as the war the sectional bitterness which was rankling in the human hearts north and south in 1887! But in spit of that fact that letter of R. C. Drum's proved to be the beginning of the earl way. In 1898 the very most anxious to see Major McKinley do what President Cleveland had failed to accomplish. On Feb. 24, 1898, Congress passed the bill authorizing the War Department to return all the Confederate false captured in battle Governor Foraker, who had fought the movement before, was then senator, and he was the most enthusiastic advocate of the bill. Yes, yes, at last the civil war was ended. At last by the voluntary return of the blood soaked battle flags were given back t them.

Oh, the sectional bitterness which

if he entered the Southern cause his property might be confiscated and his homestead demolished. Yet without hesitation he sacrificed an honorable position, land, family, homestead and money, and threw them all into the Southern cause. Then study the lifa of Robert E. Lee after the civil war. Even amid poverty, after his great pillared mansion had been exchanged for an old tumble down negro hut, not fit for an outhouse or a cattle pen, he was brave enough to refuse to take a position offering a great financial income, because he did not want to do another an injustice.

These flags were returned to the Southern States for another reasonnot only did the North realize that the Southerners were honest men, but they found that they were reconstructed men. The Southern leaders loyally and gracefully accepted the decision of the sword and regarded it as decided forever. They were willing to confess that under no conditions would they ever attempt to get their slaves back again. These great facts were the mighty means of welding the hearts of the American people togethed even more strongly than they were united before.

Now, let us impartially consider the slave question, which was indirectly

nearts of the American people togethed even more strongly than they were united before.

Now, let us impartially consider the slave question, which was indirectly the cause of that civil war. Way back in the time of Thomas Jefferson the Sage of Monticello advocated the emancipation of the negro slave. But, though Thomas Jefferson was in many ways the strongest statesman the South ever produced, all the planters rose up in arms. "Absurd! Absurd!" they cried. "You free the slaves and the cotton plantations will be ruined. We must have the slaves or die." This was the stand of the South. Most of the Southerners deprecated the holding of slaves, but they did not see how the plantations could be cultivated without them. Yet no sooner were the slaves emancipated than the planters rubbed their eyes and awoke to the fact that the plantations were better off with hired labor than when cultivated by slaves. They could make more money out of their cotton crops by hiring field hands than by owning them. The result was that whereas before the war ninety-nine southern men out of a hundred wanted slavery to exist to-day, if put to the Southern vote, ninety-nine men out of a hundred would refuse to take back their slaves even if they could. This is a sociological fact of the Southern labor problem with which every intelligent American student is well conversant.

Second fact: When the god of battles decided the civil strife the South-

intelligent American student is well conversant.

Second fact: When the god of battles decided the civil strife the Southerners almost to a man were ready to accept that decision. When Finland was conquered by the Russians in 1809 and Alsace and Lorraine were conquered by Germany in 1871 and Spain and Italy and Holland and Naples and Westphalia were conquered by France in the Napoleonic wars these people were compelled to bend the knee at the stroke of the sword, but they and their conquerors never became one. Finland to-day is no more Russian than it is Japanese. Alsace and Lorraine may pay their taxes to Germany, but their hearts are in the Tuileries. No sooner did Napoleon abdicate than the kings and queens whom he had deposed were gladly welcomed back by their people to their vacated thrones. Not thus was the ending of the civil war. The Southern people are not a subjugated people. They are not a people trembling at the sound of the cannon's explosion. They are a people who had an issue. They said, "Let us decide this issue once for all at the cannon's mouth." And when the god of battles decided against them these people said, "The issue is forever dead." The Northerner said: "Here, men of the south, here are your flags. We have no differences to-day. Take them back as heroic emblems of your glorious deeds on many battle fields. Take them and keep them for your children to look upon with reverence and awe. They are yours and not ours. We are all brothers, of one race and one nation." Oh, to-day thank God that these questions are all settled and that all the old heart burnings are over. The returning of the Southern flags proves it.

There was 'still another reason why those old flags were returned. No sooner was the war over than the Southern men began to work side by side with their Northern countrymen for the plowing machine. But they did more—they began to work for the benefit of the north as well as for the east. And as in the Spanish-American war U.S. Grant, Jr., served upon the staff of Fitz-Hugh Lee Second fact: When the god of bat-

which made Massachusetts and Illinois and Wisconsin and California.

But they eas? being the third was also and it a second to the second the second the second that they can stand it a second to the second that they are the second to the second to the second that they are the second to the secon

seventies did not have confidence in the loyalty of the new South, the Northern statesmen in Washington who came in touch with those South-ern statesmen learned to trust the

When such true leaders as Charles Summer, from Massachusetts, and Lucius Lamar, from Mississippi, and hundreds and thousands of men like them could strive as soon as the civil war was over to weld this broad country together, is it any wonder that after awhile the rank and file should fall into line and cry, "My countrymen, know one another and you will love one another?" Oh, yes, the return of the Confederate flags by the North was a natural sequence to such When such true leaders as Charles

fall into line and cry, "My countrymen, know one another and you will love one another?" Oh, yes, the return of the Confederate flags by the North was a natural sequence to such a patriotic love as that. No sooner was the Appomattox treaty signed than the true spirit of the North and the South started in to obliterate sectional strife.

Lastly, I remark that the North gave back the Confederate flags because the two sections of our country, by travel and intercommunication, got acquainted and learned to know each other. The Northerners traveled South, and they had a taste of Southern hospitality, including the hot breads and the johnnycakes, and they like them. And the Southerners braveled north and learned that there were chivalry and warm, loving hearts among the New England snows as well as among the Georgia flowers. And a new generation began to grow up which knew not Joseph. The college boys of the North would persist in falling in love with the bright eyed maidens from the South. The sons of the old Southern brigadier generals would persist in attacking the firesides of their fathers' old enemies and carrying away the Northern girls as willing captives in the old war called love. Cupid's darts were flying everywhither until at last the North awoke and said, "Why, those Southern boys are not born with horns and cloven feet." And the Southerners began saying, "Why, those Southern boys are not born with horns and cloven feet." And the Southerners began saying, "Why, those Southern boys are not born with horns and cloven feet." And the Southerners began saying, "Why, those bouthern heart until the same blood by the cradle was being pumped through the arteries of both. Had the North known the South and the South known the North in 1857 as they do in 1907 there would have been no civil war. That war for the most part was caused by the ignorance of the different sections of each other.

Thus, brave men of the North and brave men of the South, in the name of our reunited country before this approaching Memorial da

brave men of the South, in the name of our reunited country before this approaching Memorial day I salute you. You two classes of veterans have not only proved to the world that you are physical heroes, but greater than this; that you are moral and spiritual heroes. You have not only proved to the great wide world that you have courage and backbone enough to fight, but that you also have nobility of soul enough to torget and torgive past differences. In this beautiful land of ours for 364 days out of the year we only want one flag. That flag must be the stars and stripes. We want it waving from every home and every schoolhouse and every church and every legislative hall. But on the spring Memorial day we like to see the folds of the old Confederate flag for a little while wrapped about the folds of the stars and stripes, which once battled with it. That Confederate flag is the emblem of many a heroic deed of the true American heart, as the United States flag is also the emblem of many a true heroic deed.

Oh, the bravery of the past, when the great armies of the North and the South were in mortal conflict! Did not the two armies then respect the bravery and nobility of each other and bow in reverence to the heroism of their foes? At the siege of Vicksburg, May 22, 1863, the commanding general ordered the Ninety-minth regiment of Illinois volunteers to charge a redoubt occupied by the Second infantry of Texas. As the Northern regiment moved forward to the charge the colonel gave the command: "Boys, don't look back. Keep your faces toward the enemy and charge." On and on went the line. Under the withering fire of the enemy the Northern regiment broke and retreated. But the color bearer of that regiment, Thomas Higgins by name, was fleeter footed than the rest. He carried high the flag in the charge and hoved straight on. He did not know that his companions had turned back. He kept his face toward the enemy. And there he was, one Northern soldier, with the old flag flying high over his head, charging alone a thous

gray. Then there rose the cry from the Confederate ranks: "Don't shoot" and so Thomas Higgins, the color bearer, carrying the old flag of the Union, moved on until at last the Confederate soldiers opened their ranks and swallowed him up and then sent him back again a free man.

If the brave soldiers of old could be so merciful to each other, can we not be just as forgiving to-day? The Northerners have given back to the Southern states the Confederate flags. By that symbol we say, "The war of 1861 has forever passed away." But to-day let us enter into another compact. Let the South to-day bring out her old tattered flags. Let the Northern soldiers bring out to-day again their old tattered flags. And let the ragged folds of these old banners be wripped about each other as North and South class hands and say: "We are brothers. We have the same government. We have the same land. And as one nation we will always live, blessing the common heritage of the brave deeds of the boys in blue and the boys in gray." Thank God for the day when the Northern states returned the Confederate flags captured in battle. By that act they truly and forever captured the Southern hearts in love. Yes, at last the North and the South are truly united and are one.

"Good!" exclaimed a Welsh hotel proprietor as a departing guest prepared to photograph the establishment. "I rejoice to see that you take with you one little memento of your visit. It shows you have been happy here. Is it cot so?"

"Not exactly," was the morse answer. "I'm taking it to prevent any chance of my making a mistake and coming here again."

CIRCUS

CHA THAM TUESDAY JUNE 18th



Reserved Seats and Admission Tickets on sale on Show Day at the Central Drug Store, at same prices charged at Ticket Wagon on Show Grounds.

SPECIAL LOW RATE EXCURSIONS ON ALL RAILROADS

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WIPING RAGS FOR SALE. HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR IRON, RAGS, COPPER,

BRASS, &c. MACHINERY PARTS .- - We carry a large number of Second-hand

Machinery Parts, and may have just what you want.

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SAVINGS DEPARTMENT Interest allowed on all Deposits of One Dollar and Upwards, at Highest Current Rates, payable four times a year. Money may be withdrawn at any time without notice

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VETERINARY SURGEON.

DR. DECOW is prepared, as usual, to furnish first-class orchestra for someort and other entertainments at reasonable rates, any number of pieces furnished, also violin and cornet soloists. Pupils taken on violin, and all orchestral and band instruments. Studio, Centre St.

LODGES

PARTHENON LODGE, NO. 267, A. F & A. M., G. R. C., meets first Wednes day of every month in Masonic Temple King Street. Visiting brethren always J. M. PIKE, W.M. J. W. PLEWES, Sec'y

WELLINGTON LODGE, NO. 46, A. F. & A. M., G. R. C. meets on the first Monday of every month in the Masonic Hall, King Street East, at 7.30 p. m. ing brethren heartily welcomed. GEO. MUSSON, W.M.

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