## ETATISTICAL SUMMANY OF BUSINISS TRANSACTED BY PROVINCIAL COMPANIES Fire Insurance in Ontario, 1912

(Compiled by The Chronicle.)

	Admitted	Liabilities excluding Capital Stock	Paid-up Capital Stock	Amount	Gross Premiums 1912	Total Income 1912	Amount pald for Losses 1912	Propont.on to Premiums 1912	Manage- ment Expenses 1912	Proportion to Premiums 1912	Total Expendi- ture 1912
	*	*	ø.	*	**	*	40		**		66
Joint Stock Companies (6)	841,692	328,157	1,901,400	58,044,604	502,275	621,187	205,683	40.95	173,245	34 49	632,940
Cash Mutual Companies without Joint Stock Capital (4)	2,896,174	404,700		104,006,246	706,402+	839,602	306,617	43.41	209,180	29.61	982,839
Cash Mutual Companies with Joint Stock Capital (9)	958,336	414,942	288,809	58,201,827	577,581‡	723,318	303,884	52 61	159,660	27.64	667,635
Purely Mutual Companies (69)	8,714,406	20,344		255,573,925	557,391*	628,296	408.326		112,708		553 915
Totals	13,410,608	1,168,143	2,190,209	475,826,602	2,043,649	2,812,403	1 224,510		654,793		2,517,826
+ Fixed navments of 1919 plus memiums on eash system	sula 9191 Jos	nreminms (	n cash sys	stem.	* Fixed	payments o	f 1912 plus	* Fixed payments of 1912 plus assessments.			

payments of 1912 Fixed system cash

## FIRE INSURANCE IN ONTARIO, 1912.

The issue by the Ontario Superintendent of Insurance (Mr. A. R. Boswell), of his abstract report for 1912, enables The Chronicle to compile and publish again this week the annual statistical summary of the operations of the fire companies who come under the ægis of this provincial department. Their number is unchanged from 1911. Eighty-eight fire companies report to the Ontario Superintendent of Insurance, sixty-nine of these being of the purelymutual type, thirteen cash mutuals (of which four are without joint stock capital) and six joint stock companies. These last, while the same in number as in 1911, differ in personnel, the Traders of Toronto having dropped out of the return while the British Dominions, an English company, appears for the first time.

The ratios of losses to gross premiums in respect of the different classes of companies for 1912, and also the two previous years are as follows:-

Joint Stock Companies	1912. 40.95	$1911. \\ 49.82$	1910. 43.66
Cash Mutuals without Joint Stock Capital	43.41	40.01	46.17
Canital	52.61	46.09	50.67

The joint stock companies, it will be seen, did better last year than in either of the two previous years, while the cash mutuals' ratios are less favorable than in 1911, though better than in 1910. The joint stock companies show a considerable falling-off in gross premiums which last year were practically \$60,000 lower than in 1911 at \$502,275. This drop in premium income may have some relation to the fall in loss ratio, owing to a more careful selection of risks and the weeding-out of undesirables. Unfortunately, the fall in loss ratio is in part offset by a rise in management expenses, which last year were 34.49 per cent, of gross premiums against 32.16 per cent. in 1911. While the four cash mutual companies without joint stock capital report an increase of some \$26,000 in gross premiums last year, the nine with joint stock capital show a shrinkage of some \$50,000. The expense ratios of both classes of companies are practically the same as in 1911.

Regarding the purely mutual companies, it may be said that while their gross premiums were some \$24,000 larger last year than in 1911, they paid out in losses over \$61,000 less than in the previous year. In fact, the losses paid were actually less than in 1910, when these purely-mutual companies had at risk \$23,000,000 less than in 1912. So that the year was apparently a favorable one for their operations, owing, in part, no doubt to the wet summer, which would have a tendency to minimise farm risks.

In regard to the difference between the amount paid out for losses plus the management expenses and the total expenses, it may be pointed out that the latter includes such items as re-insurance premiums, dividends, the repayment of borrowed money, etc., and additionally, in the case of the cash mutual companies, returned premiums and refunds to members