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Official Telegram from the Tsung Li Yamen ready reported and giving the total of Says the Ministers Were Safe on that Date.

No Word from the Relief Force — Ten Thousand Native Christians Reported Massacred in a Town Near Pekin-Emperor William Talks Again.

DR. MORRISON'S DESPATCH.

LONDON, Aug. 2.-At last Dr. Geo.

Ernest Morrison, the famous Pekin

correspondent of the Times, has been

heard from direct. The Times this

morning prints the following despatch

"There has been a cessation of hos-

tilities here (Pekin) since July 18, but

for fear of treachery there has been

nese soldiers continue to strengthen

the barricades around the besieged

area and also the batteries on top of

the imperial city wall, but in the

meantime they have discontinued fir-

ing, probably because they are short

"The main bodies of the imperial

soldiers have left Pekin in order to

meet the relief forces. Supplies are

beginning to come in and the condi-

sed through the hospital.

tion of the besieged is improving. The

ister, which was attributed to the ac-

ren cooped up in the legation com-

"There is still no news of Pei Tang

cathedral. The wounded number 138,

from him, dated July 21:

of ammunition.

LONDON, Aug. 2, 4 a. m.—At last Tsun, where strong entrenchments have been thrown up to bar the advance of the allies. Morrison, in today's Times, holds up the Chinese government before the world as guilty, and to a degree of infamy and duplicity that exceeds the surmise of its worst detractors. In the same despatch he gives a more

hopeful view of the prospects of the

besieged than has been expressed by

any of the others who have been heard the Belgian charge d'affaires at Shanghai, an official statement that no relaxation of vigilance. The Chithe allies are expected to reach Pekin in about a week, they being eighteen

miles from Tien Tsin yesterday. Another letter has been received at Tien Tsin from the British minister, Sir Claude MacDonald, dated July 24. "We are surrounded by imperial troops," he writes, "who are firing on us continually. The enemy is enterprising, but cowardly. We have provisions for about a fortnight and are eating our ponies.

"The Chinese government, if there be one, has done nothing whatever to help us. If the Chinese do not press the attack we can hold out for say ten No time should be lost if a terrible massacre is to be avoided." Yet a Shanghai special says Li Hung Chang has received a decree, dated July 28, commanding him to inform the consuls that the ministers were safe on that date. Evidently Sir Claude MacDonald was over pessimistic, as Dr. Morrison, under date of

July 21, announces the arrival of supplies in. In view of this, it is quite within reason that the edict announcing the safety of the ministers on the 28th is correct.

up to July 21 not to government protection, but to scarcity of Chinese ammunition and to the fear which the Tien Tsin victories inspired. When it is remembered how great reliance is placed upon Dr. Morrison in England, the importance of his exposure of the Chinese government can scarcely be overestimated. It seems tify. to banish all hopes entertained by Lord Salisbury that the Chinese government might yet be proved not directly responsible for the outrage and Fuh Siang, whose gallantry is apit may result in an entire cessation of plauded in imperial decrees, although

matists if not in an open declaration month defenceless women and childof war on the part of the powers. Gen. Sr Alfred Caselee is quoted as pound, using shell, shrapnel, round saying on July 28 that he was ready shot and expanding bullets. The to advance, although lacking in artil- Chinese throughout acted with characlery. Col. Daggett, commanding the teristic treachery, posing procla-Americans at Tien Tsin, is also cred-mations assuring us of protection, and ited with a similar statement on the the same night they made a general same date, although utterly without atta k in the hope of surprising us. transportation, not even having a

Reinforcements are reported to have Including the American surgeon Lipbeen sent to the Chinese at Yang pitt, severely wounded, and Captain

the legations and their families are in good health. The general health of the community is excellent, and we are contentedly awaiting relief." After enumerating the casualties al-

deaths, including Americans, as fifty-six, Mr. Morrison proceeds as follows: "The Chinese undermined the French legation, which is now a ruin; but the French minister (M. Pichon) was not present, having fled for protection to the British legation on the first day the British legation on the first day

of the siege.
"The greatest peril we suffered during the siege was from fire, the Chinese in a determination to destroy the British legation by burning the adjoining Han Lin Yuen (national college), one of the most sacred buildings in China, sacrificing the unique library."

UNQUALIFIED FALSEHOODS.

says:
"It is beyond doubt that the frequent assertions of the different Chinese reresentatives that for a month past the legations have been enjoying the protection of the throne, are, one and the whole affair has been throughout under the control and direction of the Chinese government.

"It now rests with the powers to make the Chinese government understand that it will be held fully responsible for whatever happens in Pekin."

MARCHING ON PEKIN. BRUSSELS, Aug. 1.-M. De Favereau, minister of foreign affairs, has received the following despatch, dated Shanghai, Aug. 1, from M. De Cartiere de Marchienne, secretary of the Belgian legation, now acting as charge d'affaires of Belgium at Shanghai :

"The allies are marching on Pekin. They are eighteen miles from Tien Tsin and should reach Pekin in eight "All the Europeans have taken re-

wounded are doing well. Our hospital arrar gements are admirable and fuge in the inner inclosure of the imone hundred and fifty cases have pasperial city." VIRTUAL REIGN OF TERROR.

"The Tsung Li Yamen forwarded LONDON, Aug. 1.-A letter from to Sir Claude MacDonald a copy of a Hong Kong, dated July 2, which was despatch telegraphed by the emperor received here today, represents that to Queen Victoria, attributing all Li Hung Chang was preserving order deeds of violence to bandits and re- in Canton by a virtual reign of terror, questing her majesty's assistance to rendering him well hated by the disextricate the Chinese governmnt from orderly elements. He had ruthlessly its difficulties. The Queen's reply is prevented anything in the nature of a not stated, but the Chinese minister public meeting and thus effectually in Washington telegraphs that United prevented any of the various parties, States government would gladly as- all of them animated by hatred of forsist the Chinese authorities. This de- eigners, coming together to plan a spatch to the Queen was sent to the rising. During one week he had ex-Tsung Li Yamen by the grand council ecuted by strangling or beheading, 70.

one month after the occurrence, an to reach Pekin.

allusion was made to the death of "'We did not take prisoners,' said he, Baron Von Ketteler, the German min- 'as far as the capture of prisoners is concerned. This was an impossibility tion of the local brigands, although as the Chinese are not civilized for there is no doubt that it was premedthat kind of warfare.'

itated and that the assassination was "When asked about a German statecommitted by an imperial officer, as ment that the Russians dispatched the he survivor, Herr Cordes, can teswounded Chinese with the butts of their rifles, the lieutenant said it was "The force besieging the legation not quite so bad as that, but added the allies had been and probably would consists of the imperial troops under General Tung Lu and General Tung in the future be compelled to bayonet wounded Chinese prisoners. In the beginning they sent wounded prisoners to the hospitals in Tien Tsin, but they soon found that as long as a man was able to do so, he would try to stab the foreigner. The allies soon gave orders, he said, to kill every Chinaman

on between the ministers and the imperial government."

According to the Daily Express, however, cablegrams from Che Foo announce that the imperial troops, advancing to oppose the relief force. have completely wiped out a Christian town near Pekin, killing five foreign priests and 10,000 native Christians. Gen. Gaselee, says this correspondent, was strongly opposed to an immediate advance, but he was overruled by the other commander; and influenced by Washington's order to Gen. Chaffee to "proceed with-

out an instant's delay." From Shanghai, the Daily Express has received confirmation of the reported murder of fifty missionaries in the province of Shan Si, with the additional information that eight English women were dragged out of the mission buildings by a Chinese mob, who beheaded them in the streets of

occupied Mong Tozo, in the province mond park, London, which was given The Tien Tsin correspondent of the

ceived from the Japanese legation, dated July 22, stating that the casu- Advertisements in THE SUN pay.

allies number sixty per cent, that my twenty-five cartridges per man are left, with rations sufficient for five and that it is feared the lega-Mr. Broderick's statement in the bouse of commons yesterday, placing Great Britain on record as unalterably opposed to the partition of Chiva, is well received by all the morning papers, which, for lack of other news, chiefly devote their comments on Dr. Morrison's remarkable message to the Times cubied vester. message to the Times, cabled yester-dry to the United States.

Berlin correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, who reports Emperor William's extraordinary sermon on Monday on board the Hohenzollern says that some of the most striking sentences attributed to the kaiser are the following:

. "Once again has the heathen spirit of the Amalekites been raised in distant Asia, with great power and much cunning. With destruction and mur LONDON, Aug. 2.—Commenting up-on Dr. Morrison's despatch, the Times says:

"It is hevend doubt that the Treasure of Christian Christian faith." "And again is heard God's command

Choose us out men and go out to right with Amalek.' A hot and sanguinary struggle has begun. Already a numall, unqualified falsehoods. The cumu-lative evidence is overwhelming that under fire. Many more are travelling along hostile coasts.

"You have seen them, the thousands who to the call of volunteers to the front who will guard the empire, have assembled themselves to battle with victorious banners. We who remain at home are bound by other sacred duties. Woe unto us if we remain slothful and sluggish while they are engaged in their difficult and bloody work and if, from our place of security we only curiously look on while they wrestle in battle.

"Not only should we mobilize battalions of troops, but we should also and shall, set in motion an army of trained people to beg and entreat for our brethren that they may strike into the wild chaos with sword in hand. May they strike for our most sacred ssessions. We would pray that God the Lord, may make heroes of our men and lead those heroes to victory and that then, with laurels on their helmets and orders on their breast, he may lead them home to the land of their fathers.

"Our fight will not be finished in one day; but let not our hands grow weary or sick until victory is secured Let our prayers be as a wall of fire around the camp of our brethren. Eternity will reveal the fulfilment of an old promise: 'Call upon me in trouble and I will deliver thee.' Therefore, pray continuously."

THE WASHINGTON VIEW.

Sir Claude Macleand's latest letter, while a strong indictment of the Chinese government, is not nearly so much so as Dr. Morrison's despatch. That correspondent, with the imperial edict had been issued calling on the Boxers to render loyal and patriotic services in exterminating the christians. The edict also commands and patriotic services in exterminating the Christians and compet them to remove their "loyal and patriotic services in exterminating the Christians and compet them to remove their "loyal and patriotic services in exterminating the Christians."

He explains those marvelous changes in the Chinese attitude which have so puzzled the world. It appears that all the appeals for intervention and all the protestations of friendship have been due entirely, to the victories of the allies of Tien Tsin. The ministers in Pekin owed their safety up to July 21 not to government to relate the correspondent of the persons, and it is asserted that durt on less than 2,000 were executed. All suspects, innocent and guilty alike, were thrown into principly to Libux, which in a maded viceroys and governors to expel all missionaries from China and to arrest an externinating the christians. The edict also commands of indicating the devicery is able to secure the lost of the users and the suspects, innocent and guilty alike, were thrown into principly to it were executed. All suspects, innocent and guilty alike, were thrown into principly to the correspondent of the persons, and it is asserted that durt during the correspond to the persons, and it is asserted that durt during the corresponding to the persons, and it is asserted that durt during the corresponding to the persons, and it is asserted that durt durin

will accept our terms, and some such action is looked for very soon. Possibly a battle, not more, it is believed, than one at the most, will be required to bring the imperial government to the point of acceptance, though in that case it is questionable when the critical conditions would be regard. though in that case it is questionable whether the original conditions would be regarded as still open to acceptance. If the Chinese government now accepts, however, the United States government will be face to face with one of the most delicate and momentous diplomatic tasks ever undertaken. It must attempt to redeem its promise to use its good offices in favor of China, and in the present temper of some of the European powers the greatest difficulties may be expected to arise in the prosecution of the attempt. It is the confident expectation of the efficials here, however, that if the Chinese government actually and in good faith meets all of the four conditions laid down by the president in his reply to the Chinese Emperor's appeal for aid, that at least a major ity of the powers now represented in China mentous diplomatic tasks ever undertaken ity of the powers now represented in China will accept that as a proper base upon which to cease present hostilistics and open nego-tiations for a settlement. The decision of who would stand. Lieut. Von Kron said the Chinese decapitate and mutilate every foreigner who falls into their hands."

LONDON, Aug. 3, 3.45 a. m.—No word comes this morning regarding the fortunes of the comparatively small body of troops believed to be forging their way towards Pekin. The silence is probably due to diligent tiations for a settlement. The decision of the majority in such a case without doubt would receive the acquiescence of the minority, else an interminable entanglement mught arise. Secretary Root said this aftermoon there had been no developments which would necessitate any changes in the instructions to General Chaffee, or which would change the intentions of the government in the least. A cipher cable message was sent to Gen. Chaffee by Secretary Root today, which contained additional information and facts which have developed since the last message was sent him at Nagasaki. The message contained no additional in

silence is probably due to diligent censorship rather than to any lack of developments.

A Shanghai special announces the receipt of an official telegram from the Tsung Li Yamen asserting that the ministers were all well on July 30, and that vegetables, fruits and other supplies had been sent to the legations on several occasions.

"Friendly intercourse," the official telegram says, "is now being carried on between the ministers and the im-

DEMAND TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICA-TION.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—The Chinese minister, Yang Lu, on behalf of the other Chinese ministers at European capitals, has cabled the governor of Shan Tung a demand that the members of the legations be permitted free telegraphic communication with their governments, and be sent to Tien Tsin under a Chinese escort.

Advices received by the Russian general staff from Tien Tsin estimate that there are 50,000 trained Chinese troops in Pekin, in addition to a large force of Boxers, whose strength is not yet broken.

In the opinion of the general staff the march on Pekin before the end of the rainy season will be risky, the climate being changeable.

EMPRESS FREDERICK ILL.

LONDON, July 28 .- Empress Frederick of Germany is mertally ill with an internal complaint. She is at the developments may be expected short-Castle of Cronberg, near Homburg. The empress had arranged to pass French troops are reported to have the autmun at White Lodge, Richto her by Queen Victoria, after the death of the Duke of Teck. But it is feared there would be family dissen-"A heartrending letter has been re- sions if she came to England while ill. as after the relief of Mafeking Bad-

Does Your Baking Powder Contain Alum?

Prof. Geo. F. Barker, M.D., University of Penn.: "All the constituents of alum remain (from alum baking powders) in the bread, and the alum itself is reproduced to all intents and purposes when the bread is dissolved by the gastric juice in the process of digestion. I regard the use of alum as highly injurious."

Dr. Alonzo Clark: "A substance (alum) which can derange the stomach should not be tolerated in baking powder."

Prof. W. G. Tucker, New York State Chemist: "I believe it (alum) to be decidedly injurious when used as a constituent of food articles."

Prof. S. W. Johnson, Yale College: "I regard their (alum and soluble alumina salts) introduction into baking powders as most dangerous to health."

In view of such testimony as this. every care must be exercised by the housewife to exclude the over and over condemned cheap, alum baking powders from the food.

Baking powders made from cream of tartar, which is highly refined grape acid, are promotive of health, and more efficient. No other kind should be used in leavening food. Royal Baking Powder is the highest example of a pure cream of tartar powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

BOTHA WEAKENING.

Asks Lord Roberts for Confirmation of the Report of Prinsloo's Surrender

Also Permission to Communicate With General Christian De Wett - C Battery, R. C. F. A. Probably With Baden-Powell.

LONDON, July 31.—A despatch received at the war office today from Lord Roberts materially modifies vesterday's statement of the surrender of 5,000 federals under Gen. Prinsloo. It now appears that Generals Prinsloo, Villiers and Crowther surrendered with 986 men, 1,432 horses, 955 rifles and a Krupp nine-pounder. Some of the leaders in more distant parts of the hills hesitate to come in, on the plea that they are independent of General Prinsloo. Lord Roberts adds that he has directed Gen. Hunter to resume hostilities forthwith and to listen to no excuses.

LONDON, Aug. 1 .- The Lourenzo Marques correspondent of the Daily Express says: "The Boers are preparing to retreat from Watervalboven. Frank Pettigrew, son of the United States Senator Pettigrew, has arrived there and has joined Commandant General Botha's staff."

LOURENZO MARQUEZ, Aug. 1.-The Boers have evacuated Machadodorp and it is reported are preparing to retreat to Lydenburg, to which place munication.

LONDON, Aug. 1 .-- A correspondent with Gen. Hunter's force at Slapkranz, says:

"The Winburg and Senekal commandoes are now arriving, about 600 men. Gen. Roux has arrived and also the commandant of the Wepener commando. It will take days to get all in. There is a continuous stream of wagons for seven miles up the valley road. All the leaders have surrend-The prisoners include foreign artillerists."

LONDON, Aug. 2.-The Daily Telegraph, on the authority of its Cape Town correspondent, asserts today that documents of the highest importance, emanating from England, have been discovered in Pretoria, implicating members of the house of commons and other prominent persons in England who have agitated in favor of the Boers. It says that startling

KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 2.—It is believed here that C Battery, R. C. F. A., in command of Major Hudon of Kingston, is at Rustenburg, where Major General Baden-Powell is besieged by the Boer general Delarcy, en-Powell told Major Hudon he wished C Battery to be with him.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing Wednesday, says: "Commandant General Botha is

weakening. He has sent a messenger to Lord Roberts asking for confirmation of the report of the surrender of General Prirsloo and requesting permission to communicate with General Christian De Wet." MONTREAL, Aug. 2 .-- The Star's

special cable from London says: The

office official bulletin today contains

the names of the following Canadians: Died of enteric fever at Netley hospital, July 24, 486, W. E. Price, of "E" Battery, formerly of 15th Field Battery. Arrived at Shorncliffe hospital. 7.918. Pte. Crandall Creighton, of "G" Company, formerly of 74th Batt.; 8.062, Pte. S. Brown, "H" Company, late of 93rd Cumberland Batt.; 8,073, Sergt. F. Dooley, "H" Company, late of 66th Princess Louise Fusiliers; 7,398, Pte.W. J. Vandewater, of "C" Company, late of Queen's Own, wounded at Paardeberg; 7,657, Pte. E. Kelly, "E" Company, late of 2nd Canadian Artillery; 321, Pte. John T. Wood, "B" Squadron, 1st Battalion Canadian Mounted Rifles, late of Manitoba Dragoons; 7,999, Pte. Herbert Leslie Wannamaker, of "F" Campany, late of 74th Battalion; 7,175, Pte. W. S. Chapman, of "B" Co., late of 7th Fusiliers; 7,248, Pte. A. W. Woodward, of "B" Co., late of 26th Middlesex Light Infantry: 154. Pte. A. G. Willoughby, "A" Squadron, 1st Battalion Canadian Mounted Rifles, late of 3rd P. W. C. D.; 7,697, Pte. A. P. Thomas, of "E" Co., late of Duke of York's Royal Canadian Hussars. At Stationary hospital, Edinburgh: 7,334, Pte. J. Davidson, of "C" Co.,

late of 12th York Rangers. Arrived in England, disposal mentioned: 6,320, Pte. F. MacDonald, of "D" Co., late of R. C. R. I.; 7,664, Pte. A. Martin, of "E" Co., late of 2nd Canadian Artillery; 7,852, Pte. H. Proulx of "E" Co., late of 65th Mount Royal Rifles; 7,454, Pte. R. Burns, of D Co., late of Governor General's Food Guards, wounded at Israels Poort; 7,782, Pte, O. Matheson, of "F" Co., late of 12th Field Battery, wounded at Cronje's laager; 7,822, Pte. Chas. Harrison, of "E" Co., late of 2nd Canadian Artillery, wounded at Cronje's laager; 7,833, Pte. J. W. Raymond, of "F" Co., late of 62nd St.John Fusiliers, wounded at Black Mountain; 7,462, Pte. J. L. H. Bradshaw, of "D" Co., late of 16th Prince Edward Battalion, wounded at Paardeberg.

At Woolwich hospital: 7,464, Pte. P. Clunie, of "D" Co.; 7,365, Pte. F. McCosh, of "C" Co., late of 35th Simcoe Foresters; 137, Pte. William Hertcog, of 2nd Battalion Canadian Mounted Rifles, late of Northwest Mounted Police; 86, Sergt. W. T. Smith, of "A" Squadron, 1st Battalion Canadian Mounted Rifles, late of Royal Canadian Dragoons.

Miss Horne, Canadian nurse, who has been dangerously ill at Bloemfontein with enteric fever, was still in hospital on July 20, but much improved. Miss Horne has been in hospital since May 10th and at one time her case was extremely critical.

HAYING TOOLS

the negotiations with Chinese diplo. it has consisted in bombarding for one

For this season we have Waterville Mfg. Co's celebrated Hay Forks, with the very finest selected ash handles. 12 different styles of Hay Rakes, with the very finest ash handles.

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Waterville Mfg. Co.'s - American Clipper " - Double Beaded Dunn Edge Tool Co.'s - - - Clipper

These Scythes have been very carefully selected and we can confidently recommend them as the very best in the world.

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