THORNE BROS

**Holiday Gifts.**

In Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's

**FURS!**

WE have just finished for Christmas trade a fine lot of S. SEAL GOODS—Caps, with and without bands; Muffs, Boas, Gloves, Gauntlets, together with Ladies' and Children's Small Furs in every description. THORNE BROTHERS,
dec 22 Hat and Fur Store, 93 King street.

**Weekly Herald.**

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN. 5.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

Ex-Queen Isabella, of Spain, is said to be insane.

The total Russian loss up to December 20th, is placed at 20,412 men.

The marriage of the King of Spain will take place on January 23rd.

The French papers say that Mgr. Dupanloup is about to be made a Cardinal.

The Prussian students residing at Strasburg, propose raising a monument in that city to Goethe, the great German poet.

Not less then 40,000 Catholics worshipped in one church alone in New York City on Christmas morning, the first mass being celebrated at half-past four a. m., and others at short intervals up to noon.

The latest journalistic venture is the *Penny Dip*, which appeared on Saturday last. The new paper is issued from the office of Messrs. Bowes and Perley and has our best wishes for its success.

The venerable chiefs Marter and Marshall, were conspicuous figures at the fire on Saturday morning. Both had canes, which they managed with much skill and ability. Why are St. John people so fond of having aged, easy-going chiefs.

The death is announced of Mr. T. W. Marshall, a distinguished English Convert, author of "My Clerical Friends," "Protestant Journalism," "Christian Missions," works widely known and highly prized.

A lecture lately delivered at St. Malachi's Cathedral, Toronto, by His Grace, Archbishop Lynch, for the benefit of the St. Nicholas Home for working boys in that city, realized the handsome sum of four hundred dollars.

A correspondent requests us to ask why the Chairman of the Police Committee sent to New York for vault doors, when the same could be purchased in this City as cheap, if not cheaper, from Mr. R. Flaherty.

The *Golos*, a Russian journal, proposes to exact an indemnity of five milliards from Turkey, when finally conquered. This is refreshing. Such a demand made to a country now unable to meet half the interest on loans in Europe is preposterous.

It is given as a reason why the Queen has entirely ignored the marriage of the Duke of Norfolk and Lady Flora Hastings that while Her Majesty has no antipathy to Roman Catholics generally she has a decided prejudice against converts to that faith.

There has been a large decrease in the number of immigrants to the Dominion during the last year as well as to the United States. At Toronto alone there is a difference of nearly five thousand. The figures are: 1876, 7,125; and for 1877, 2,700.

*The London (Ont.) Advertiser* speaks of a hopeful minister, who says that the time is coming when the members of a church choir will behave as well as other folks. We hope that much-desired day is not in the far future. Such hopefulness is, however, a healthy sign of the times.

"The City of St. John on Fire," is the title of a Poem, by Mr. A. O. Pritchard, of New Glasgow, N. S., printed at the HERALD JOB ROOMS for the author. It can be procured at several of the book stores in this City. The poem possesses considerable merit and is worthy of perusal.

Among other annoying typographical errors occurring in last week's HERALD, we direct the attention of our readers to one in particular, which occurred in our note on the Reform Club. The types made us say that tickets of admission had been taken out by about eighty members. It should have been eight hundred.

The Boston *Pilot* says that "Mark Twain's speech at the Whittier banquet, was jarringly distasteful and disrespectful." The writer, who is doubtless John Boyle O'Reilly, the distinguished *litterateur* and Editor of the *Pilot*, adds that Mr. [illegible] from him and is sorry for his utterance on the occasion.

[illegible] Minister of the Crown, Mr. Vail, of Kings, Mr. Moffat, M. P. for Restigouche, [illegible] of her province, and Mr. Jones, M. P. [illegible] Rex and [illegible] in the Dominion Parliament yet—and [illegible], inadvertantly, set the Indemnity Act of Parliament at defiance. [illegible] members are particularly unfor[illegible] But Who will be the next.

The prospectus of a new paper, "The Legal News," to be published at Montreal by T. & R. White, who are also announced as editors, appears in the Montreal papers. The *Legal News* will be under the management of James Kirby, L. L. D. C. L., Barrister, who formerly edited the *Law Journal*. The new journal, which will be published weekly, will doubtless be favorably received by the legal fraternity.

The new St. Malachi's Hall will be ready for the grand Soiree with which it is to be opened on the 21st inst. Doubtless the attendance on that occasion will be very large, as besides the attractiveness of the festival now being organized, many will go to see the interior of the beautiful new building, the exterior of which is so imposing, and such a credit to the Roman Catholics of the City. The lottery tickets are selling rapidly.

Very Rev. T. S. Preston, V. G., New York, brother of Dr. Preston of this City, has just had issued from the press a new work entitled "The failure of Protestantism as a system of Faith." The new book will be looked for with much interest, particularly as it is the work of such a distinguished convert to the Roman Catholic Church, as the learned and eloquent Vicar General of the New York diocese.

His Eminence Cardinal Manning has collected in book-form his discourses recently delivered, entitled, "*The Independence of the Holy See.*" He affirms in this work, which is destined to produce much thought and controversy, the necessity of sovereign rights by the Roman Pontiff as a safe guard to his independence and that of Roman Catholic consciences. This publication is an indirect response to the writings recently published by the famous Jesuit, Father Curci, on the same subject.

We learn from Fredericton that the lecture delivered in that city on Wednesday evening, under the auspices of St. Dunstan's T. A. Society, on "American Antiquities," by Philip Cox, B. A., was most successful. Mr. Cox's reputation as a speaker is so well established in St. John that his many friends here felt very confident that he would succeed in pleasing even the critical audience the celestials generally form. Doubtless Mr. Cox will be prevailed on to deliver his highly interesting lecture before St. John audiences during the winter months.

It is expected that Cleopatra's Needle will be towed from Ferrol, Spain, to England about the 10th inst., as the litigation as to salvage has been satisfactorily settled. Have our St. George friends got the case for the needle yet finished? It was rumored some time ago that tenders were asked for such work. Should the St. George Granite Company succeed in putting their beautiful marble under this world-renowned monument that thriving and ambitious town will have done much to make New Brunswick famous throughout the whole world.

Very Rev. Thos. Connolly, V. G., Carleton, will open the lecture course of the St. Aloysius Association, in St. Peter's Hall, Portland, to-morrow evening. The members of St. Aloysius Association are particularly fortunate in procuring the services of Father Connolly for their opening lecture. The mere announcement that the Very Rev. gentleman is to speak, will be sure to fill St. Peter's Hall, as it was never filled before with the temperance men of the City and Portland. The lecture will commence at half-past seven o'clock. We would advise all who desire to hear a really good address to go early, as the Hall will be crowded long before the lecture begins.

The Duke of Manchester, who is spoken of as the next Gov. General of the Dominion, and whose country seat is at Kimbolton Castle, St. Neots, Huntingdonshire, was born October 15th, 1823. His lineage is traced by Burke as far back as the Conquest. He was a Captain in the Grenadier Guards. He married on July 22nd, 1852, the Countess Louisa Frederick-Auguste, daughter of the Count D'Alten. Although the Duke of Manchester has not made his mark as a statesman, it is given as a reason why his name is mentioned in connection with the Governorship of such a powerful dependency, of the British Crown of the Dominion, that Disraeli prides himself on his insight into character, and delights bringing forward new men in whom he has discerned the seeds of future greatness.

We call the attention of our readers to the beautiful poem of "My Picture," by that gifted and true poet Adelaide Proctor, the daughter of "Barry Cornwall" (Proctor), the friend of Dickens. Miss Proctor was one of the most distinguished of the intellectual and learned band of converts, who in recent years have joined the Roman Catholic Church. We re-produce "My Picture" in the columns of the HERALD at the request of some ardent admirers of Adelaide Proctor, who were much pained at finding this sweet, womanly, passionate poem, in a mutilated form, in one of our city contemporaries re[illegible] It is very painful to see some [illegible] productions of the English [illegible] market, and the unity of idea and beauty entirely lost by leaving out portions of the very best and most suggestive portions of such writings.

The HERALD has from time to time as occasion offered, referred to the doings of the Police Force of the city and Portland, and censured them when we thought they were to blame. An incident came under our observation last Sunday evening of a totally different character—the like of which we would be pleased to record often. Late Sunday evening, a cry, which passers by thought must be occasioned by some one being murdered or badly beaten, was heard on Mill street. Hardly had the cries begun when two policemen, Ring and Harvey, were seen running swiftly in the direction of the supposed trouble. Happily, the noise was nothing more than the dismal shouting of an intoxicated individual on his way to Lower Cove. All who saw the promptitude with which the police acted on this occasion are very loud in their praise of the two men, Ring and Harvey.

A United States paper says that according to recent statistics, there are in that country 600,000 drunkards; 100,000 are sent to prison each year for drunkenness; 70,000 die yearly from excessive use of ardent spirits; 300 murders and 400 suicides result from drinking; drunkards leave annually 200,000 orphans to the charity of the country; out of ten crimes nine are committed by drunken men; of eight persons reduced to beggary, seven are so ruined by drink, and finally the paupers lodged and fed by Government cost the country $60,000,000.

The following order has been issued by the Cardinal Vicar at Rome: "Although the Holy Father is in a condition to occupy himself with affairs regarding the government of the entire Church, he is obliged to remain in bed by a wound at present preventing the use of his legs. To implore, therefore, from the Divine Majesty his speedy and complete recovery we order the Collect 'Pio Papa' to be said until further notice, in all patriarchal churches, basilicas, collegiate, and other churches in Rome; and exhort all the faithful, and especially the religious communities, to pray for the same object."

We were under the impression that there was a clause in the leases of shops in the City Market, which forbids the sale of liquors of all kinds in this portion of the Corporation property. Citizens generally are under that impression. If such be the case it appears a pity that the Market Committee have recently leased one of the stores to a gentleman whose business renders it necessary for him to engage in the liquor traffic to a certain extent. What action will the Market Committee take in this matter? All parties wishing to rent stores in the Market building should be treated alike. A bad precedent will be established if the case in question is allowed to pass unnoticed, and may lead to more serious abuses.

Whoever sounded the alarm on Thursday evening when the fire rekindled and blazed up among the ruins on Waterloo street, was guilty of a very grave mistake. Had the person giving the alarm took the trouble of walking [illegible] only a few steps from the box from which the alarm was sounded, the hose-cart might have been sent down quietly to the scene of the little blaze without arousing the whole city. These repeated alarms are the cause of much misery to parties who have already suffered by the recent fires. The sooner a stop is put to unnecessary and mischievous alarms of this kind the better it will be for all concerned. Parties sounding such uncalled-for alarms should be punished.

An esteemed correspondent writes us from St. Stephen that the *Courier* might have been a little more liberal in mentioning the names of prominent Irishmen in that town, and that creed should not be allowed to stand in the way of justice to all. We think our correspondent's remarks are to the point. Among the many who might have been mentioned as very successful Irishmen in St. Stephen, are the names of William Johnstone, Sr., William Owens and Isaac McElroy. We are much pleased that our St. Stephen correspondent has called our attention to the matter. On reading the *Courier's* remarks, we felt that, perhaps, undue prominence was being given to Irishmen of one particular form of belief, a circumstance which was, we then thought, to be regretted. Our readers will always find the HERALD disposed to do full justice to all classes and creeds without distinction.

The Dominion Parliament will have a very delicate constitutional point to decide next session before proceeding to any other business. Mr. Anglin, who is now a new member in a parliamentary point of view, was, as is well known, Speaker of the House, and in that capacity would preside at the introduction of all new members to the House. As he is himself a new member and has to be introduced to the House it is difficult to determine how the point will be decided. It has always been the practice to introduce new members with the Speaker in the chair. If Mr. Anglin should decide, as we hope he will, on taking his place on the floor of the House, where he will be the right man in the right place, there will be no breach of parliamentary practice, but should he not do so, and wish to continue as Speaker, a difficulty that has had, as far as we know, no parallel will occur.

Will the Portland Town Council do something towards improving the appearance of the Town in some other fashion than that which was in vogue in the middle ages? The condition of Sheriff Street, Sawdust Road and other localities is a disgrace to the Town. The oil lamps are a miserable failure, and the sooner they are removed and give place to gas the better. Another matter to which we call the attention of the Town Council is the dangerous sidewalk at the corner of Moore street, Fort Howe, where there is a platform eight or ten feet from the corner level without a railing. As there is only a lamp post, with no lamp, at this place a serious accident may happen any night and cost the Town more than a railing or lamp would. The railing on the road leading from Main street to Fort Howe is rapidly going to pieces. There is another dangerous locality on the Straight House, near the old Maher property, which needs looking after. The tax-payers talk of holding an indignation meeting soon.

## COLONIZATION.

We direct the particular attention of the readers of the HERALD to the able letter of our respected correspondent, "Monquart," dealing with the question of colonization, a question which in our opinion is second to none which can engage the attention of our public men. The letter we publish to-day is written by a gentleman, whose long experience in all relating to colonization, extending over a period of more than twenty years, and is, therefore, particularly valuable, renders all that was written or may in future write authoritative and in the highest degree instructive.

W are much pleased with the tone of our correspondent's letter. It has the ring of true manliness about it. We entirely agree with "Monquart," that the question of creed or race has not to any great extent entered into the land question in New Brunswick at any time; but we fear that sometimes, through the neglect or apathy of the parties most deeply interested in the matter of settling our new lands, golden opportunities, opportunities which comes only once in the history of a country, were allowed to pass unimproved. If such be the case, and our correspondent's letter strengthens that impression, is it fair, or honest, or honorable for those who, perhaps, themselves are greatly to blame in the matter to raise the cry of persecution. In this country, where every man has, of can have, the power of the ballot in his hand, it is useless to talk of persecution. "Monquart" clearly and plainy shows that the Government under which the land in the Catholic settlement of Johnville was established, was not niggardly in the amount of encouragement it gave that settlement.

The success of a new colony depends more on the courage, energy and perseverance of the settlers themselves than on any merely extrinsic favors bestowed on them by any government. It would appear from our correspondent's letter that settlements which have been the least favored by government have been amongst the most successful. However, paradoxical this may appear at first sight, there is underlying it a great law which has given rise to many of the acts of which our common humanity is fondest. It has been and ever will be true that men who depend most on their own interest, strength or power or courage, will attain grander results than those who are continually looking for the helping-hand of another to enable them to overcome every difficulty. As an evidence of this law governing every condition and phase of human life, "Monquart" points to the older settlers in the parishes of Woodstock, etc., who depended on their own unaided efforts to overcome the difficulties always to be met with in the first few years of life in the wilderness. The very contrarities of their position helped to make of them men of greater courage, self-reliance and greater force of character than if they had been dependent on the good offers of others to help them to overcome the first obstacles to success. A government in the matter of settling our forest may sometimes do too much as well as too little. The golden mean should always be sought in this as well as in other things.

It is gratifying to learn that one who saw Johnville when it was part of the forest primeval and who has followed the Johnville settlers step by step as the new colony advanced in its *teens*, speaks so hopefully of the future, so proudly of the past successes. If the man who causes two blades of grass to grow where only one was produced may with justice be looked upon as a public benefactor, what shall we say of those who, like "Monquart," were instrumental in founding colonies like Johnville, Glassville and hundreds of others throughout the Province, which space alone prevents us noticing. We sincerely hope that this question of colonization will not be allowed to drop out of public view so quietly that no practicable plan for future work in the field of colonization will be settled upon. We look for a more favorable result. In this city alone there are hundreds of men wearing out their lives at almost slave-like labor around our wharves, in the public sewers of the city and other death-breeding work, who, if they would only labor half as hard on the land, would soon be in possession of valuable farms, where they might live decently, honorably, the slave of no man, but in honor and honesty and manly independence, the equal of all. It is to be hoped that something practical will result from the recent public attention brought to bear on the settling of our still unoccupied lands. Of one thing we feel assured, the letter which we publish to-day will tend to develop a greater interest in the colonization of these lands, and the promise of a sketch of the settlement and progress of Johnville made by Monquart is one which we hope soon to see fulfilled in these columns. Our respected correspondent could [illegible] to us more tangibly the interest he takes in the future success of the HERALD than by chasing it as a channel of communication with the public.

The St. Croix *Courier* says of Miss Nannary's book:—

"Memoirs of the life of Rev. E. J. Murphy, by M. A. Nannary." This is the title of an interesting little book, neatly printed at the WEEKLY HERALD JOB ROOMS, St. John, N. B. It is the record of a truly good and useful Christian gentleman and a good Priest, who although greatly devoted to his own denomination, was liberal in his sentiments towards others. He was the most genial and courteous of men, and the places where he laboured can testify to his many good works. His memory will be revered by his many friends among all denominations."

## THE LATE FIRE.

We have to record this week another disastrous conflagration in this City, which occurred at an early hour on Saturday morning last. This fire, starting in a locality filled with old, inflammable buildings was not, we are happy to state, as destructive as it might have been under any other circumstances than those which so greatly favored its extinction. The citizens of St. John should mark and bear in mind that it was not in any way owing to the energy of individual members of the Fire Department, although in some cases that leaves nothing to be desired, nor to the ability of the Chief, nor to condition of the Department as a whole, that the fire which began on Waterloo street last Saturday morning did not sweep away the whole remaining portion of the City which escaped destruction on the terrible 20th of June. The chief and only cause of our escape from another overwheleming calamity, was due solely and entirely to the fact that the morning was calm, hardly a breath of wind blowing. Had this not been the case, a fire which would only have been equalled by that which swept away the best part of our City would have to be recorded. All the elements of destruction as complete were in existance: the fire had made considerable progress before the alarm was given; the engines got tardily to work; hose was called for and called for in vain when wanted; signs of disunion among the firemen were rife; orders were given by an engineer, a councillor or alderman, only to be counter-manded by some one else; ladders were at certain points sought for in vain when sorely needed, and many precious moments were lost. The Chief of the Fire Department, a venerable old gentleman encased in much oil-cloth, carrying a lantern and a walking-stick, who was evidently suffering from rheumatism, appeared to be about the last one to whom any one interested would give charge of a threatening fire. The water supply is said to be all-sufficient, but from the frantic efforts of some firemen in a back yard off Brussels street, to throw a stream to the top of an old shed not very high, we can hardly credit this statement. From this statement of facts, which came under our own observation, and which we therefore give not on mere hearsay, our readers will readily agree with us that we have very little reason to thank the Fire Department for preserving us from the threatened destruction of Saturday last.

If we thought it possible that the citizens of St. John possessed sufficient interest to cause them to take the least concern in such a very important branch of the civic service as the Fire Department and Water Supply, we might point out the utter necessity there is for a change in the management. But recent events, particularly the result of the public meeting called to consider these matters, prove to us that even the entire destruction of our City would not prevent them from pursuing their usual free-and-easy policy in this regard. No one who saw the way the late fire was managed, can for a moment be satisfied with the present management of fires in this city. The Chief of the Department is a gentleman so advanced in years that it is a positive cruelty to force him from his comfortable couch on a night in December to fight the fiery fiend. A younger and more energetic chief is needed. Every alderman and councillor in the City who may attend a fire should not be allowed to issue conflicting orders to men, who are often only too much bewildered without thus adding to their confusion. If the present inefficient Chief be kept in an office for which his years unfit him, and if there is not a radical change in the discipline of the whole corps, greater disasters than that of Saturday morning will be the result.

Since the above was in type the Common Council at a meeting held last evening, accepted a report signed by a majority of the Fire Department Committee, which recommended the appointment of Mr. A. Chipman Smith as Chief Engineer of that department instead of Mr. Marter, who is to be provided for by creating another and a hitherto unheard of office; not that it is at all necessary, but as Alderman Kerr stated, to keep the latter gentleman from starving. Mr. Smith's salary is to be $1,500 and Mr. Marter's $600 a year. Of the many unjustifiable acts ever committed by our Common Council, we have no hesitation in saying this is the worst. Although a change in the head of the Fire Department was necessary, we do not believe the citizens of this city should be called upon to pay so dearly to have it accomplished.

Mr. Smith may, as every man at the Council seemed to admit, be just the man for the position, but it is our opinion there are several gentlemen in this City equally as competent, any one of whom would gladly perform the work that both Mr. Smith and Mr. Marter will be called upon to discharge for $1,000 a year, the original amount received by Mr. Marter. Our space to day will not permit of us treating this matter as we would desire. We cannot, however, allow this opportunity to pass without asserting our belief that this City is governed by a few members of the Common Council, who, by the successful accomplishment of several questionable schemes, have come to the conclusion that they can do—and consequently are doing—just as they like.

WE ARE much pleased to hear that Mr. William Crimmen, of Chatham, is competing with much promise of success for the gold medal at McGill's College, Montreal. Mr. Crimmen is a young gentleman of extraordinary talent and much industry, who is sure to make his mark as a brilliant barrister in the near future.

## THAT REAL IRISH GRIEVANCE.

Having stated our willingness to publish any information on this subject sent us that would be of sufficient importance to make public, we insert the following letter received last evening from a gentleman in St. Andrews:—

In reference to those bones and skulls referred to by the *Courier*, the following are a few of the facts: A young man in search of bones of any and every description gathered a basket full and disposed of them to a man in St. Andrews, who buys and sells such merchandize. It appears that while the bland and diligent St. Andrews reporter of the *Courier* was making his periodical search for items, he came across the skull of a human being in the bone vender's pile. The skull is supposed by many to have been washed out from one of the graves of those unfortunate immigrants who found, what was then considered, a final resting place. The storms and gales of forty years, and the beating of the angry surf, upon the shores of what was then the quarantine, have worn away the approach, so that since ('69) the year of the Saxby gale the remains of many of those who, through misrule and famine, left Ireland to seek our shores, have been laying bare to the mercy of the rude storm, with not even a political champion to raise his voice against the wrong. Be they Swedes or Danes or Turks, let us respect the dead. If amongst the list of political omissions, which are ascribed to the late Macdonald administration, this one is to be ranged, then why in the name of common sense, justice and humanity, have not the present government accorded to this standing disgrace the slightest attention or consideration? Was it because they were Irish bones and skulls that the timid member from Charlotte could not, if necessary, have had them covered at his own expense, rather than know that the remains of those immigrants from that land to which he, while in "certain company," will so feelingly and fraternally refer, were lying as in a bone-yard in motley piles. If, as it has been asserted, "Mr. Gillmor is not the man to shirk this or any other duty," who is the party that has been guilty of shirking? Are we right in saying that Mr. Gillmor brought the attention of the Minister of Marine to the matter and that the latter referred it to the Minister of Agriculture? Thus it remains and would remain until the end of time, did not some friend to humanity make it known. This vacillating, timid and shirking policy, ill becomes a party of Reform, and, in all probability, the electors of Charlotte, at least those who experience the remotest affection for the remains of their departed countrymen, will have a "bone to pick" with the Hon. A. H. Gillmor.

## LETTER FROM JOHNVILLE.

[To the Editor of the HERALD.]

*Dear Sir*,—Some of the papers, lately have been drawing the attention of the public to the new settlements, in different parts of this Province, and the manner of the Government towards them. Johnville is generally introduced as a sort of step-child that has felt a step-mother's breath, rather more than is good for its health, and all that on account of country and creed.

We cannot say that the Government of the day pays us much attention, or that they take much interest in our affairs, but it may be as much our own fault as others, as we never ask for anything; but it never came into our minds to think we were slighted because we are Irishmen and Catholics. If we have any fault to find it is with our County members, but I will pay my respects to them in due time. We are a happy, contented and by no means a fault-finding or envious people. Very few outside of Johnville know much about us, or our young and thriving settlement. We are comparatively prosperous and do not look for unreasonable notice from the Government, but rather depend on our own exertions. We who are here from the commencement consider, as we always did, that the Government of *that day* (which many of us think, foolishly perhaps, was the very best New Brunswick ever saw) did for us all they promised to do.

Thirty six thousand acres of gold land was surveyed in one block, and reserved for years for Catholic applicants only. If some of it remains to this day unoccupied the fault is not with the Government. Roads were *bushed out*, the lots numbered, front and base lines marked, but the side lines we got run out at our own expense. For several years, applications were received at the Crown Land office, the survey money not being exacted. The priest had discretionary power to locate settlers, and no application would be received at the Crown Land office unless through him. It is true we built our own houses and made most of the roads, but in doing this we were paying for our land, whilst making roads to our own doors.

Johnville is now pretty well up in its *teens*. Its age is about sixteen years, and is promising and strong for that age. In its infancy it had its struggles and its trying periods common to all young settlements. Some landed here with but little means and less experience, and would certainly have failed and been discouraged had they not been instructed, aided and encouraged by the priest; by him they were supported and sustained until they learned to be self-sustaining and could stand alone.

It was not considered wisdom to look for help from any government, especially having the example of River de Chute before our eyes. There, the people, long, long ago, got free grants on the banks of the St. John River, provisions for two years, and all necessary farming utensils, now, they are perhaps, the poorest class of farmers in this County.

In the Parishes of Simonds, Wakefield, Richmond and Woodstock we met with numbers of well-to-do farmers, who, when they settled in the forest had no assistance, only what strong arms and a strong resolution gave them, and when we compare the hardships, privations and toil of these successful pioneers with our own, we of Johnville feel ashamed of ourselves. We are only feather bed soldiers in comparison.

Perhaps I have said enough for the present. If you do not object, I may continue the subject,—the early history and progress of Johnville.

I am etc., etc.,

MONQUART.

## A TRIP TO THE NORTH SHORE.

[To the Editor of the WEEKLY HERALD.]

*Dear Sir*,—Wishing to take advantage of the holiday excursion we decided to go up North and see the country. While away we visited the principal points of interest in the North Shore; and on our return spent a few days at Chatham,—an account of which will, no doubt, be read with pleasure by your Chatham readers. We had hardly arrived when we were met by a friend from St. John, who took us in charge, and invited us to see St. Michael's College and other points of interest in and about Chatham. The College is pleasantly situated on a hill overlooking the town; from the front, one of the finest views in the country is had—embracing a large extent of territory on both sides of the Miramichi; while from behind, the open country extends to an indefinite point. Inside, the College is furnished with all the requisite improvements intended to facilitate the objects of the Institution. The rooms are large and well ventilated; the furniture is of the best white ash, with walnut finish; and the dormitories, with their rows of beds, are models of neatness, and, more than anything else, speak volumes for the care and attention of the Brothers in charge. The Institution is presided over by Rev. Brother Joseph, Principal, whose kindness and attention, while visiting the College, we shall always remember with feelings of the greatest pleasure. There are at present in the College about fifty boarders—an increase of twenty-five over last year—which speaks well for the Institution.

While in Chatham, a grand supper and entertainment was given to the pupils, at which about seventy persons sat down, including his Lordship Bishop Rodgers and the priests of the diocese. After supper the following programme was carried out by the pupils:—

Opening—Benedictus—Choir.
Recitation—The Dilatory Scholar—Angus McEachen.
" —Christmas in olden Times—Patk Gaynor.
Song—Christmas Carol—Choir.
Dialogue—Jack Frost and Tom Ruddy—Jos. Fitzpatrick and Jos. Doucett.
Recitation—An Old Years' Song—Thomas Bardon.
Dialogue—The Boy who could say No—Henry Hall, Jno. Rice, and Jos. Mills.
Recitation—Fuss at Fires—P. Noonan.
" —The Two Squirrels—Henry Hall.
Declamation—The Irish Disturbance Bill—F. Doyle.
Song—Christmas Carol—Choir.
Recitation—The Glad New Year—Henry Hall.
" —Joe and Bill—Jas. Delaney.
Scene from William Tell.

When the programme was concluded, a venerable figure made its appearance, arrayed as the typical "Santa Claus," who distributed presents from an immense Christmas Tree, to the great delight of the audience. The hour being late, we proceeded home, highly pleased with our visit to St. Michael's College. BARON.

## INTELLECTUAL NUTS.

Long have I been forlorn and all for thee.
—*Shakespeare.*

New Brunswick to Nova Scotia.

Side by side, as becomes the reposing brave.
—*Moore.*

His Honor Gov. Tilley and Hon. P. Mitchell.

Do me some service ere I come to thee.
—*Shakespeare.*

D. Banks McKenzie to Dorchester.

Oh! breathe not his name, let it sleep in the shade. —*Moore.*

Opposition press on Cauchon.

Weep on, weep on, your hour is past.
—*Moore.*

Hon. A. Mackenzie to Sir John.

A thing devised by the enemy.
—*Shakespeare.*

*Freeman* on the *Courier's* "Irish Grievance."

## TEMPERANCE.

At the annual meeting of the St. Malachi's Society, held on Sunday evening, the following officers and committees were elected for the ensuing year:

Rev. Jas. McDevitt, Spiritual Director;
Patrick Moran, President;
Timothy Murphy, Sr. Vice do.;
Robt. Coleman, Jr. do. do.:
P. Gleeson, J. P., Secretary;
M. J. Daley, Assistant do.;
Thos. B. Foley, Financial do.;
Jas. McManus, Assistant do;
John McCarthy, Treasurer;
Michael Cullinan, Sergeant-at-Arms.

*Ward Committees.*—Kings, Jeremiah McCarthy and Daniel Lamy. Queens, Michael Donovan and Daniel O'Rourke. Dukes, Daniel Keenan and Dennis Moriarty. Sydney, Hugh Hanlon and James McManus. Wellington, Daniel Bryson and Michael Cullinan. Prince, Joseph McDonald and Daniel Sullivan. Special, Patrick McMinnamin and William Dunn. Gas Committee, the President and Secretary.

At a regular meeting of St. Dunstan's Society, Fredericton, held on Tuesday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

Jeremiah Meagher, President;
T. L. Martin, 1st Vice President;
John Ward, 2nd do.
John McCarthy, Rec. Sec.;
John E. Perks, Fin. Sec.;
J. E. O'Leary, Treas.;
E. H. Elliot, Librarian;
P. Gallagher, Sergeant-at-Arms.

On Sunday evening, St. Peter's Society, Portland, elected officers as follows:—

Rev. Jos. Murray, President;
Thos. McElroy, jr., 1st Vice-Pres.;
B. Callahan, 2nd Vice-Pres.;
M. Boden, Fin. Sec.;
J. O'Reilly, Rec. Sec'y.;
M. Allen, Cor. Sec'y.;
M. Durick, Treasurer;
D. McMonagle, Ass't. Treasurer.
D. McColgan, Librarian;
J. George, Ass't. Librarian;
J. Duross, Sergeant-at-Arms.

*Committee of Management.*—Ward No. 1, Martin Duffy, Lawrence McGowan; Ward No. 2, C. Shea, M. Cain; Ward No. 3, T. Callaghan, J. Mullaney; Ward No. 4, A. Rogers, N. Callahan; City, D. Rooney, M. Gallivanter.

M McLEOD, 65 CHARLOTTE STREET, keeps a fine assortment of Tobacconists' Fancy Goods, Virginia and Canadian Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Havana Cigars, etc. His "Queen" Cigars, "" for a quarter" are the genuine [illegible]G, Virginia Shag and Gold Leaf Smoking Tobaccos a specialty. [illegible]NDED TO.

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The Society hav
Their Building,
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Commencing
POSITIVELY NO
8,000 Tickets o
Giving every Ticket holder Two Adm
1 GRAND CASH GIFT,
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10 " 50 "
25 " 20 "
200 " 10 "
1050 " 5 "
1299 GIFTS, aggregating
11 TICK
All tickets will be numbered and registered
All receipts from the sale of tickets will be
special fund, subject only to the joint
public and the Business Manager.
Should the enterprise not succeed, the Ma
ticket holders.
The distribution of Cash Gifts will be solely
from among themselves, assisted by leading cit
Each ticket sold will be good for two admiss
GRAND OPE
HUGH McCA
JOHN C. FERGUSON, M. W. MAHER, F. McCA
COMMITT
Simeon Jones, of S. Jones & Co., Bankers;
Chipman Smith, Thomas
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DUDSEE BREE
All Letters, Post Office Orders and Comm
Responsible and first-class Agents wanted
CARD TO
The Irish Friendly Society having entrusted
form the public that the same care and watch
Music scheme, managed by myself and Mr. O
me results.
Business Office in J. C. Ferguson's Store
M. HARRISON,
BOOT AND SHOE DEALE
Can be found at the Store [illegible] of Dr.
rison,
MAIN ST., PORTLAND
(Low St. Luke's Church,)
HOICE ASSORTMENT OF
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