

ITALIANS AND FRENCH START SWEEPING MOVE IN BANIA; 1,000 PRISONERS ARE TAKEN

Successful Operation Under Way To Clean Out Enemy Between Coast and Tamorica Valley—Diaz Improves Position at Monte Grappa.

Rome, July 8.—Italian and French troops in Albania on July 6 began an operation between the coast and the Tamorica Valley, the Italian war office announced today. The operation still is in full and satisfactory development, the statement adds. More than a thousand prisoners so far have been taken by the Entente Allied forces.

GAIN GROUND AT GRAPPA.
Rome, July 8.—Italian troops yesterday advanced their front line in the region of Col La Pribile, the Italian war office announced today. In the Monte Grappa region the Italians gained further ground northward of Massik on Saturday. Eight enemy airplanes were destroyed yesterday in air battles.

SPAIN IS NERVOUS OVER FAILURE TO BACK RIGHT HORSE IN WORLD CONTEST

Friendliness to Central Powers Now Being Recognized as Mistake.

Barcelona, July 8.—Signs are not wanting in certain sections of the Spanish press of uneasiness over the verdict of the history may be on Spain's attitude during the war. In spite of a well organized propaganda in the form of a constant deluge of false information throughout the country by means of subsidized newspapers, and in spite of the undoubted German sentiment of the army and a similar sentiment in the quarters of the Spanish government, the country is slowly bringing home to the average Spaniard a realization of the fact that the country's interests would, after all, not have been better served by neutrality frankly friendly to the Allies.

German Spies Busy.
The machinations of the German espionage system have in several instances been glaringly exposed. One of the Madrid daily newspapers, although it has several times been suppressed by the military censorship, succeeded in bringing to light activities by the German embassy in connection with the labor troubles in Spain last year, while within the last few weeks one of the chiefs of the Barcelona police was accused of being in league with the German consulate spy bureau for the purpose of assisting submarines along the coast. It is currently reported that the discovery of the police officials' complicity was made in the course of his professional activities, came into possession of a German agent, and that the agent, after recognizing the value of the documents, and sold them to the editor of a Socialist newspaper, who lost no time in publishing them and in bringing grave charges against the police in aiding German submarines to sink Spanish merchant vessels. After some delay the police official was arrested and investigated to bring interesting information to light. The case at present is in the hands of the judicial authorities.

ONTARIO UNITS ON CITY OF VIENNA

Ottawa, July 8.—The troops aboard the S.S. City of Vienna, which went ashore on the U. S. coast consisted of railway operating and railway construction units from Ontario, Royal Canadian Engineers and infantry reinforcements from Ontario, Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

REV. DR. POLLOCK DEAD

Eminent Divine of Presbyterian Church Dies in 85th Year.
Halifax, N. S., July 8.—Rev. Dr. Allan Pollock, D.D., LL.D., the venerable and honored minister of the Presbyterian Church in this city, died at the college residence, Pine Hill, last night. The end came after a few days' illness. On Sunday last week he attended service at St. Matthew's Church, where for more than forty years he worshipped. About the middle of the week he was taken ill and since then he gradually grew worse until last night when he passed peacefully away. He was in his 85th year.

EMPEROR KARL GAVE PLANS TO THE ITALIANS?

European Rumors of Traitorous Conduct of Austrian Royal Couple.

London, July 8.—No light has yet been shed on the mysterious rumors concerning Emperor Charles and Empress Zita of Austria, which Dr. von Seydler, the prominent, recently found it necessary to deny when his attention was called to them by a group of Austrian deputies. "The rumors are purely base and absolutely senseless," he declared, "and that anyone caught spreading the rumors would be punished severely."

One report circulated among certain continental papers is that the royal couple is charged with revealing the plans of the recent battle along the Italian front to the Italians. Another report is that the emperor and empress planned to flee from Austria. The rumors are not given but a theory advanced is that the Austrian public is indignant at Emperor Charles' peace overtures through Prince Sixtus of Bourbon, which caused a sensation in diplomatic circles of the central empires.

APPLICANTS WANTED FOR WAR PURCHASING BOARD AT OTTAWA

Civil Services Commission Has Three Positions To Fill.

Ottawa, July 8.—An indication of the intention of the Government to have a board of important posts in the civil service commission under the authority conferred upon it by the War Purchasing Board, the session is the calling by the commission for applications for three positions. The new officials required are three assistant directors, who will receive an initial salary of \$3,000 per year. The duties of the directors will be to examine tenders and to make recommendations in connection with the awarding of contracts. They may be required in bringing to light activities by the German embassy in connection with the labor troubles in Spain last year, while within the last few weeks one of the chiefs of the Barcelona police was accused of being in league with the German consulate spy bureau for the purpose of assisting submarines along the coast. It is currently reported that the discovery of the police officials' complicity was made in the course of his professional activities, came into possession of a German agent, and that the agent, after recognizing the value of the documents, and sold them to the editor of a Socialist newspaper, who lost no time in publishing them and in bringing grave charges against the police in aiding German submarines to sink Spanish merchant vessels. After some delay the police official was arrested and investigated to bring interesting information to light. The case at present is in the hands of the judicial authorities.

Bulgar and Ottoman Still Growing Over The Spoils of War

Constantinople Thinks Sofia Will Not Agree to Central Powers' Divisions.

Amsterdam, July 8.—The Turco-Bulgarian dispute over the division of territory taken from Rumania through the peace agreement with the Central Powers is still to the forefront in Constantinople, according to a Constantinople telegram to the Rheinische Westfälische Zeitung of Westphalen. This German newspaper quotes the Turkish journal Sabah as declaring that the apparent swinging round of opinion in Constantinople regarding the division of the spoils of war, has made an unfavorable impression in Turkey, but that this had disappeared when Dr. von Kuehlmann, the German foreign secretary, had publicly voiced his approval of the Turkish standpoint. "But how will the declarations of the secretary of state be received in Sofia?" will Bulgaria also restrict her insatiable appetite? Unhappily there is little hope of this.

UNCLE SAM TO SELL OFF ALIEN-OWNED PROPERTY

Washington, D. C., July 8.—Alien-owned property valued at millions of dollars soon is to be put on the market at a series of public sales now being arranged by officials in the office of the alien property custodian. The first sale will be that of the property of the German-owned firm of Kopp, Kopp & Co., of Pittsburgh, which was incorporated in the United States. The property, which is situated in the United States, is being sold at public auction. The first sale will be that of the property of the German-owned firm of Kopp, Kopp & Co., of Pittsburgh, which was incorporated in the United States. The property, which is situated in the United States, is being sold at public auction.

KAISER ORDERS GOVT. TO BREAK WITH RUSSIANS

London, July 8.—As soon as Emperor William heard of the assassination of Count von Mirbach, the German ambassador to Russia, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam, he ordered Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann to break off negotiations with the Russian delegates in Berlin.

SLAYING OF MIRBACH MAY HELP ALLIES

Germany Likely To Require a Vast Army in Russia.

London, July 8.—The assassination of Count von Mirbach, the German ambassador to Russia, is seen as an event of great importance, which may have far-reaching results, by the newspapers here. The Daily Mail and Daily Express agree that the assassination may have momentous consequences, and compare it to the murder of Archduke Francis Ferdinand at Sarajevo four years ago. The Express adds: "German influence (in Russia) can only be established on a solid basis by the maintenance of a great army of occupation. Russia may once more play a part in the war."

GOVT. IS MUDDLED AS TO POSTIES' BONUSES

Treasury Board Not Clear as to Appropriation.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, July 8.—The treasury board is struggling over the interpretation of the appropriation made for the purpose of granting bonuses to postal employees and letter-carriers, and pending a decision on the matter the bonuses will be withheld. The bonuses range from \$100 to \$150 per year, reference being made to bonuses granted last year. It would appear that the treasury board is placed upon the terms of the appropriation certain classes of postal employees will be worse off than they were last year. That this was not the intention is pretty well admitted. But the treasury board has ruled on the point.

NO INFANTRY AFFAIRS ALONG MARNE FRONT

Paris, July 8.—There was some activity last night by the artillery on the western side of the Marne salient, but no infantry engagements were reported. No infantry engagements were reported.

SPANISH GRIPPE HAS REACHED SWITZERLAND

Berne, July 8.—An epidemic of Spanish Grippe has invaded Switzerland and is spreading rapidly, attacking particularly persons under forty years of age. Several deaths have occurred among interned British prisoners at Chateau de Vaud, and a military doctor at Solothurn has died from the grippe.

JAPANESE WILL PERFECT THE NATIONAL DEFENCE

London, July 8.—Measures for perfecting the national defenses of Japan were decided upon and a plan of cooperation between the army and navy was adopted by the council of field marshals and admirals held recently in Japan, says a dispatch to the Times from Tokyo under date of July 1. The army, it is said, will comprise 21 corps, with 2 divisions to the corps, and three divisions to the division. The changes will not necessarily be effective immediately. The measures computed that the new measure will double the strength of the Japanese army.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FAIR AND COOL.
Toronto, July 8.—A. m. Fair, low, 50. Wind, S. by E. 10 to 15. Rain, 0.10. Fog, 0.10. Clouds, 0.10. Temperature, 50 to 60. Wind, S. by E. 10 to 15. Rain, 0.10. Fog, 0.10. Clouds, 0.10. Temperature, 50 to 60.

AND STILL THE HONORS FALL ON "BILLY" BISHOP



Advertiser Illustration.
Britain's foremost aviator has just been awarded a special medal indicating his leadership among Canadian flyers. The photograph is one hitherto unpublished. His book, "Winged Warfare," is having a great sale in this city.

ALL SET FOR SMASH, CLEMENCEAU REPORTS

Paris, July 8.—Havas Agency—Premier Clemenceau has returned to Paris after two busy days at the front, with confidence in the future unshaken. The premier went into the advanced trenches, talked to generals, other officers and soldiers, and found them all ready to meet the enemy everywhere. "Our two boys were retaken, along with the five Australians, and the corporal was surprised at night by a boche officer. In the meantime, twelve men were taken prisoner."

LUDENDORFF IS PLANNING NEW BLOW AGAINST ITALIAN FRONT

Paris, July 8.—A new offensive is impending on the Trentino front. Gen. Ludendorff, says a dispatch to the Matin from reliable sources in Switzerland, personally has visited the Austrian headquarters there, and has hastened preparations for another blow against the Italians. Considerable reinforcements, it is added, are being concentrated at Innsbruck and Trento.

U.S. Govt. To Ration Consumers of Coal To Prevent Famine

Householders Must Keep Temperature Not Higher Than 68.

Washington, D. C., July 8.—Domestic consumers of coal will be put on strict rations under plans being put into operation today by the fuel administration to prevent a repetition next winter of the fuel famine which caused suffering over the country during the last cold season. Householders will be allowed only the amount of coal necessary to heat their homes to a temperature of 68 degrees, and it is announced that those who fail to observe conservation rules and eliminate waste will have only themselves to blame if they are without fuel before the cold season sets in. Consumers who obtain coal in excess of their allotments and who knowingly violate rules and regulations of the fuel administration will be prosecuted.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, July 8.—Today's list of 95 casualties reports 3 Canadian soldiers killed in action, 1 died of wounds, 6 died, 1 missing, 1 prisoner of war, 2 prisoners of war escaped, 74 wounded, 2 gassed and 6 ill. The list for Western Ontario follows: Killed in Action—80855 N. H. Campbell. Wounded—36787 J. E. Johnson, Leamington; 31817 F. L. Lovagrove, Amherstburg; 53998 W. G. Hart, not stated; 75755 W. L. Whiting, Delhi. Medical Services. Wounded—57357 S. Agnew, Owen Sound. Artillery. Wounded—91062 A. Bevan, Galt; 341555 W. Crooks, Fort McNicoll.

REL TROOPS AND SOCIALISTS WAGE WAR AT MOSCOW

DASHING ANZACS MAKE NEW LEAP ON SOMME LINE

Advance Their Positions On a Front of 3,000 Yards.

TEAMING WITH SAMMY

Brilliant Co-operation Between the American and Australian Forces.

With the British Army in France, July 7.—In the course of the night Australian troops attacked and carried their line forward astride the Somme River to a depth of 3,000 yards on a front of 3,000 yards. The operation moved the defenses on the river ahead to correspond with the push made by the Australians and the Americans in their fourth of July attack just south of the river.

London, July 8.—Australian troops last night advanced their line astride the Somme slightly on a front of 3,000 yards, says the official report from Field Marshal Haig today. Several prisoners were taken.

With the British Army in France, July 7.—In the German counter-attack against the new positions gained by the Australians and Americans around Hamel, two American and one Australian were captured by the enemy. Volunteers were called for, and an American party brought back the captured men and a German officer, while twelve Australians held the number of German prisoners to 50. The story of this incident, as told by an American officer who took part in the fighting follows: "The boches did not bother us until Thursday night, when they made a counter-attack, which was repulsed. They did succeed in capturing a few of our men, but we captured two Americans and five Australians, whom they carried back with them."

POLES WHIP GERMANS, CAPTURING 3,000

London, July 8.—Polish forces are fighting the Germans in co-operation with the Czechoslovaks, according to the Matin's correspondent at Copenhagen. He quotes Polish newspapers as saying that the Polish corps, under Gen. Myslinski, is engaged against the Germans. The Polish corps, under Gen. Myslinski, is engaged against the Germans. The Polish corps, under Gen. Myslinski, is engaged against the Germans.

FEDERATED RAILWAYS TRADE GETTING POWER TO SUMMON A STRIKE

Montreal, July 8.—Representatives of the Federated Trades of the Mechanical and Car Departments of the Dominion Railways have wired to all unions asking for power to call a strike if the Canadian Railway War Board, with which they have been negotiating for substantial wage increases, continue to refuse to grant their demands. Replies were coming in today, and union officials announced that it was practically certain that by tomorrow they would be invested with the power to send out a strike order.

TWO COLORED SOLDIERS ROUT FORTY GERMANS

With the American Army in France, Sunday, June 7.—By the Associated Press.—Henry Johnson and Robert Robinson, colored soldiers from New York, have been cited for bravery while fighting with their units in a sector of the French front. They were cited for their gallant conduct in the flight in No. Man's Land a party of Germans estimated at 40. The citation comes from the French command.

Assassination of German Ambassador Launches Counter-Revolution at the Russian Capital, Bolsheviks Battling With Social Revolutionists.

London, July 8.—A serious counter-revolution has broken out in Moscow, according to a semi-official Wolff Bureau telegram dated Sunday from Moscow and transmitted to London by the Exchange Telegraph Company's correspondent at Copenhagen.

Fighting of great severity is taking place in the streets between the Bolshevik troops and Social Revolutionists. A message received in London today from the Russian Wireless Service, dated Sunday evening at Moscow, says that a counter-revolution was started in the Russian capital, but that it has been suppressed.

Several hundred Russians, including the Social-Revolutionary leader, Alexandrovitch, have been arrested at Moscow.

WASHINGTON HEARS OF IT

Washington, D. C., July 8.—Fighting took place in Moscow between Bolshevik forces and Revolutionary Socialists, following the assassination of Count von Mirbach, the German ambassador, according to an official dispatch today from Switzerland.

On leaving the German embassy, the dispatch says, the assassins took refuge in a house occupied by the Revolutionary Socialists. This building was defended by machine guns. Details of the fighting have not been received.

BERLIN FEARS REPRISALS

London, July 8.—A strong guard has been placed before the house of the Bolshevik ambassador in Berlin as it is feared the populace of the capital will inaugurate anti-Russian demonstrations.

All the German newspapers declare the murder of Count Mirbach must inevitably have a great influence on Russo-German relations.

LENINE INVESTIGATING

Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik premier, is endeavoring to placate the Germans by appointing an "extraordinary commission of investigation" to probe the death of Count von Mirbach. The commission is headed by "Comrade PETERS."

ENEMY BRIBED IRISH PRISONERS WITH OFFER OF INDEPENDENCE WHEN GREAT BRITAIN BEATEN

London, July 8.—The trial by court-martial opened here today of Joseph Dowling, who landed on the Irish coast in a German collapsible boat two months ago, and who since has been a prisoner in the Tower of London.

Corp. Dowling, in civilian clothes, was brought to the court in an ambulance, handcuffed to a British soldier, and accompanied by a non-commissioned officer armed with a revolver. Lord Chylesmore presided over the court.

Corp. Dowling, who is slim in build, of medium height, and of a wide-awake appearance, pleaded not guilty to the formal charges, which are under three heads: First, that while in the hands of the enemy he joined a hostile force; second, that he endeavored to induce others to do the same; and third, that he participated in an attempt to land a hostile force in Ireland.

Sir Archibald Bodkin, the prosecutor, described at great length the German plot hatched at the end of 1914 for the formation of an "Irish Brigade" from among the Irish-taken prisoners on the British front. The scheme, Sir Archibald said, was repudiated by most of the prisoners, but Dowling and a few others joined the brigade and acted as recruiting agents.

The prosecutor described the means used by the Germans to induce Irishmen to join, and in particular the German propaganda which was carried on in the hands of the prisoners, and the use of the "Irish Brigade" to fight solely for the cause of Ireland, with the moral and material assistance of the German Government.

THE TAKING OF DOWLING

The story told by Prosecutor Bodkin of the arrival of Corp. Dowling in Ireland follows: "On April 12, fishermen going out from a harbor on the coast of the new island half a mile from shore. He said he had been washed ashore from the torpedoed ship Mississippi during the night. He paid the fishermen five shillings to land him at Ballyvaughan pier, where he gave his name as James O'Brien and described the torpedoed ship as the Mississippi, with great detail, stating that the ship came from Baltimore. "Later in the day his captives boat of undoubted German manufacture, was washed ashore. Dowling had 270 of English money. He said he had come from the United States to see Irish friends before joining the American army."