They All

other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most Back remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this great medicine keep up while others come and in a short time go out of sight entirely. "Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold." This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla

happiness through restoration to health than any other medicine.

has cured more sickness, and made more

Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills take, easy to operate. 250

Commercial.

Collapse of the Wheat Market in Chicago.

& Decline of Nearly Three Cents for May.

Local Market. by A M Hamilton & So

Reported by A. M. Hammton & Son.
London, Saturday, Dec. 5.
Wheat, per bu 81c to 84c
Oats, per bu14 1-4c to 20c
Peas, per bu 36c to 44c
Corn, per bu22 1-2c to 33 1-2c
Corn, per bu 25c to 34c
Buckwheat, per bu 24c to 290
Rye, per bu 28c to 30c
Barley, per bu20c to 290
Beans, per bu

Wheat receipts were quite large to day, and on ordinary grades the price was a little easier. No. 1 quality held steady. The prices ranged from \$1 35 40, average sales being made to \$1 38, and frequent sales at

brought from 45c to 60c per cwe the bulk of sales being made at New corn ranged from 40c to 50c, according to the sample.

Barley was steady. Peas firm, with no change in prices.

Beans and rye were dull, and little Butter and eggs held steady at 15c per doz, and 14c to 15c per 1b, in wholesale lots. There was a good demand. Chickens, ducks and turkeys were in good demand, the only change noticeable being 1-2c advance in the latter; to 10 1-4c; part skims, 3 1-2c to 7c; full sales at 7 1-2c to 8c.

Beef was steady, selling mostly at 3 1-2c for fronts and 5c for hinds. Dressed hogs were very low, selling at \$4 to \$4 50 per cwt. Hay was scarcer, but the supply was apparently quite equal to the demand, sales being slow. General quotations for today were

as tollows:			
GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, ver 1001bs	138	to	14
Wheat. red per 100 1be	1 35	to	14
Wheat, spring per 100 lbs	1 35	to	14
Oats. per 100 lbs	45	ta	(
Peas per 100 lbs	60	to	
Corn per 100 1bs	40	to	(
Barley, per 100 lbs	40	10	(
Rye. per 100 los	50	to	
Beans, bu	50	to	
Buckwheat.per 100 lbs	40	to	
PROVISIONS.			
Honey	8	to	
Cheese, per lb	9	to	
Honey	8	to	
Eggs single dozen	16	to	
liggs fresh, basket, per doz	15	to	4
Eggs, fresh, store lots, per doz	12	to	
Butter single rolls per lb	15	to	
Butter, perlo. 1 lb rolls. baskets.	14	to	
Butter per lb. large rolls or			
crocks	14	to	
Butter, per lb. tubs or firkins	9	to	
Lara, per lb	9	to	
MEAT. HIDES, ETO.			
Beef, quarters, per lb	31	to	
Mutton quarters, per lb	6	to	
Veal, quarters, per lb	3	to	
Lamb, quarter	7	to	Service Co.
Dre sed hogs, 100 lb		to	4
Live hogs		to	3
Hides. No. 1, per 1b	5	to	
Hides. No. 2, per lb	4	to	
Hides, No. 3, per lb	3	to	
Calfskins, green		to	
Calfskins dry, each	25	to	
Sheepskins. each	50	to	
Lambshins, each	50	te	
Wool, per lb	18	to	
Tallow. rendered, per 1b	3	to	
Tallow, rough, per lb	11	to	
HAY AND SEED			37.2
Har non ton	7 50	+-	

STEVEN'S BREAKFAST FOOD.

The nicest yet, Try it. Orders promptly attended to. Family trade our specialty.

JUST ARRIVED

A. M. Hamilton & Son S73 Talbot St., Opp. Market Square Phone 662.

English Markets.

(Beerbohm's Report by Cable.)

AVERPOOL, Dec. 5.—1:30 p.m. Wheat—Spot quiet: demand poor: No. 2 red spring, 6s 1146; No. 1 Cai., 7s 5d; intures opened arm. with near and distant positions unchanged; business heaviest on middle positions; Dec., 6s 10d; Jan. and Feb., 6s 10dd; March, 6s 10dd; April. nominal; May, 6s 10d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, new, 2s 112d; futures closed firm with near and distant positions unchanged; business about distant positions un hanged; business about equally distributed; Dec., 2s 114d; Jan., Feb.,

Resemblance

is no guarantee of equal merit. Hence a funcior's anger and disappointment. He blamed his bird's illness to COTTAM'S Seed but found he had been deceived with an im-

RE SURE "Barr, Cottam & Co., London," is on each label, and patent Bird Bread, patent B. B. and Santiary Forch Holder, with Beak Sharpener inside. Sold everywhere, He. Read Cottam's new illustrated "Book on Birds," post free, 36, and this ad. [30]

Melton vs. Beaver.

We have the best value on earth. They are excellent. Let us make an overcoat for you. Will not ask you again for a few seasons, as they wear well.

A.SLATER WIN

Merchant lallor, Corner Richmond and Carling Streets, For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

winter. 9s 3d.

Peas—Canadian, 4s 6d.

Bacon—Steady: demand moderate: Cumberland cut, 2s to 30 lbs. 29s 6d; snort ribs. 20 to 24 lbs. 29s; long clear Hight. 25 to 30 lbs. 29s 6d; long clear heavy. 40 to 45 lbs. 28s; short clear backs, light, 18 lbs. 28s 6d; short clear middles, heavy. 45 to 50 lbs. 26s; clear bellies, 14 to 16

os. 29s.
Shoulders—Square. 12 to 18 ins. 30s.
Hams—Short cut. 14 to 16 ibs. 43s.
Tallow—Fine North American, 17s 9d.
Beef—Extra India mess, 57s 6d; prime mess, Pork—Prime mess, fine western, 48s 9d; medium western, 41s 3d.

Larg—Steady: Drime western, 21s; refined

in pails, 24s.
Cheese – Dull: demand poor; finest American white (Sept.) 61s: finest American colored (Sept.), 61s.
Butter—Finest United States (Sept.) 60s.

colored (Sept.), 51s.

Butter—Finest United States, 95s; good, 60s.

Turpentine spirits—20s 6d.

Ros:n common—5s 9d.

Cotton seed oil—Liverpool refined, 15s 9d.

Linseed oil—16s.

Petroleum—Refined, 6jd.

Refrigerator beef—Forequarter, 3jd; hindquarter. 54d.

Bleaching powder—Hardwood, f. o. b., Liver

pool, £7. Hops—At London (Pacific Coast), £3 10s. The Oil Market. Petrolea, Dec. 5.—Oil opened and closed at

American Produce Markets. CHICAGO.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The wheat was in a condition of collapse today. The weakness was continuous from the start until the close, and the last half hour presented the most hopeless demoralization. Yesterday's advance entirely disappeared when trade began. Long wheat selling will be the important feature of the business, and sceing the state the market was in the bears were encouraged to put considerable on the short side. Liverpool declined, and that fact was the leading factor in determining the course of American markets. Closing Paris cables were higher, Berlin and Antwerp lower. May wheat opened from 83 to 42 ic, declined to 80 to, closing at 80 to 81 to 42 ic, declined to 80 to, closing at 80 to 81 to 42 ic, declined to 80 to, closing at 80 to 81 to 42 ic, declined to 80 to, closing at 80 to 81 to 81

July, 75ic. Corn—No. 2 Dec., 23c; Jan., 23ic; May, 26io to Oats—No. 2 Dec., 181c; May, 211c to 211c. Mess pork—Dec., \$6 90; Jan., \$7 60; May,

Mess pork—Dec., \$6 90; Jan., \$7 60; May, \$7 924.

Lard.—Dec., \$3 75; Jan., \$3 90; May, \$4 10.

Short ribs—Dec., \$3 82½; Jan., \$3 87½; May, \$4.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour easy; No. 2 spring wheat, 78½ to 80½c; No. 3 spring wheat, 79c; No. 2 red, 90c to 92c; No. 2 corn, 23½ to 23½c; No. 2 oats, 18½ to 18½c; No. 2 rye, 40c to 41c; No. 2 barley, 36c; No. 1 flaxseed, 76c to 79c; prime timothy seed, \$2 50; mess pork, \$6 90 to \$6 95: lard, \$3 80 to \$3 82½; short rib sides, \$3 75 to \$3 95; dry salted shoulders, \$4 25 to \$4 50; short clear sides, \$4 to \$4 12½.

1	to \$4 129.	
.	Receipts— 7,000 Corn	
1	Flour 7,000	Wheat 12.00
3	Corn	Oats236.00
	Куе 6,000	Barley 59,00
-	Shipments—	
	Flour 17,000	Wheat121.00
	Com 25 000	Oota 133 00
5	Rye	Barley 21,00

The Dairy Markets. MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 4.-Cheese, 9 1-2c to 10c. Butter-Townships, 14c to 16c; western, 11c to 13c.

LIVERPOOL. Liverpool, Dec. 4.-Cheese dull; depoor; finest American white and colored, September, 51s. Butter—Finest U. S., 98s; good, 60s. NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 4.—Butter firm; State dairy, 11c to 20c; do, creamery, 15c to 24c; do, factory, 7c to 12 1-2c; skims, 2 1-2c to 3c.

Remarkable Sea Storu

Message from the Long Lost Ship explain, seeing that Canada is one of Mohawk.

The Vessel Sailed From Quebec Sixteen Years Ago.

chonicled in recent years.

A bottle was picked up near Cape actual cost in the United States. Kidnapper, New Zealand, just before the Canadian liner left Sydney, conficient protection for the manufacturtaining an unsealed message to the effect that the ship Mohawk sprang aleak in latitude 42.21 south, and longi-dispute should be laid. Two or three tude 160.24 west, and that the crew druggists from Ottawa would be suitwas taking to the boats as a last hope. able men. Under the present regula-The message, which was yellow with age, concluded: "God help us. (Signed) duty, but university students could im-

The Mohawk (John Franklin, mate) was lost with all hands sixteen years be more equitable, if the duty were ago on a voyage frm Quebec to Troon, made free all around. Atomizers in Ayrshire and this was buffeted should be all under one heading to message is the first word that has been had as to how she met her doom.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.-Distresson account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the on crude drugs they did not complain urinary passages in male or female. It about. relieves retention of water and pain

The value of the British ships and cargoes lost every year at sea is about How to Cure Skin Diseases.

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment."
No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. your druggist for "Swayne's Oint-ment." Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

The anabas scandems or climbing perch is a Brazilian fish that will cross great stretches of dry land or climb any tree that comes in its way. As an emergency medicine, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral takes the lead of all other remedies. For the relief and

cure of croup, whooping cough, sore throat, and the dangerous pulmonary troubles to which the young are so liable, it is invaluable, being prompt to act, sure to cure. Wells says that the annual dew fall of Great Britain is equal to 22,161,337,-

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the

risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing, and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis,

Ask your grocer for



What Business Men Want Done With the Duties.

Importers Denounce Many Fea-

Asked For.

The Commission Finish Their Lon don Sitting.

Many Branches of Trade Represented Manufacturers and Importers Differ on Specific Duties-Interesting Testimony.

(Continued from page 9.)

The tariff commission resumed its sittings this morning at 10 o'clock. The session was chiefly devoted to importers, who presented many complaints against the present tariff. THE DRUGGISTS.

The druggists were the first to be leard, being represented by W. E. Saunders, T. L. Lawrence (Cairneross & Lawrence), James Mattinson (London Drug Company), and E. G. Swift (Parke-Davis & Co., Walkerville).

Mr. Mattinson complained of the inequalities of the present tariff, and chiefly of the serious burden of the duty on alcohol, which affected 1,000 dealers alone in Ontario. There was hardly a single prescription for the sick that did not contain alcohol. The import duty was over 250 per cent of the original cost. The price per proof gallon in Canada was \$1 15, and in the United States it could be purchased for from 25 to 35 cents.

DISTILLERS' ENORMOUS PROFITS Mr. Paterson-How do you account for the extraordinary difference between these prices?

Mr. Mattinson—I can only account for it by the fact that the extra price goes into the Canadian manufacturers' pockets. No alcohol was imported, he said, because of the tremendous duty, which allowed the Canadian manufacturer the big margin. Mr. Mattinson asked that the makers of alcohol be given 20 per cent protection, the excise duty of \$1 17 per gallon to remain the same. This could not lessen the revenue in the least: Mr. Mattinson also asked that the law requiring alcohol to be kept in bond two years be repealed, as it was entirely unnecessary for druggists' purposes. It was not done in England.

Mr. Saunders seconded Mr. Mattinson's requests, and complained of the excessive duty on whisky. Mr. Swift did not think the druggists were so much affected by the duty on whisky as on alcohol.

Sir Richard suggested that the deputation try to discover and submit some reason for the extraordinary difference between Canadian and American prices of alcohol. Perhaps the distillers had some explanation. Mr. Mattinson-No doubt they have some arguments: but it seems hard to

the best grain-growing countries in the world. Mr. Mattinson had also other alleged injustices to complain of. Nitrous ether should be placed in the same class as chloroform and other drugs, Victoria, B. C., Dec. 5.—The Australian steamer Warrimo, which arrived costing 6 cents per pound in Germany, paid a duty of 5 cents per pound. This paid a duty of 5 cents per pound. This paid a duty of 220 per cent above the tions, microscopes paid 25 per cent port them free. The druggists thought it would be no great loss, and would

medicines imported should be furnished to the Government to prevent ing Kidney and Bladder Diseases re-lieved in six hours by the "South American Kidney Cure." This new Mr. Swift suggested that a revenue remedy is a great surprise and delight stamp should be imposed on all patent

Mr. Mattinson held that the present in passing it almost immediately. If duty of 50 per cent on crude drugs you want quick relief and cure this should be maintained, as it compelled Americans to make their medicines in Canada.

Mr. Paterson pointed out that this deprived the newspapers of a great deal of valuable advertising. Mr. Mattinson said the patent medicine makers would advertise anyway,

whether their goods were made at home or abroad. HARDWARE MEN'S GRIEVANCES.

The hardware interests were represented by John Bowman, of Bowman, Kennedy & Co.; James Reid, of James Reid & Co.; John Bland, of John Wright & Co.; James Kerrigan, of the Hobbs Hardware Company, and A. Westman.

plained that the present hardware duties were very much mixed, ranging from 20 to 35 per cent. For instance, the duty on machine to instance, the duty of the duty Mr. Bowman, the spokesman, comthe duty on mechanics' tools was 35 per cent; on builders' hardware, 32 1-2 per cent, on tapes 25 per cent, on picks 35 per cent; on sledges and crowbars 30 per cent, and on hatchets and axes 35 per cent. All these should be classified under general hardware. Cutlery ran from 25 to 35 per cent. For instance, a steel paid 35 per cent, knife and fork 32 1-2 per cent, and the case stance, a steel paid 35 per cent, knife and fork 32 1-2 per cent, and the case 30 per cent ad valorem, and 5 cents specific duty. "It would take a the tariff as it stands is that "large finance minister to form out take a

(Laughter.) Mr. Kerrigan also sub-mitted the following representations: Cordage—Should be an ad valorem

Cotton twines—Present duty 15 per cent when imported for general use, and free when for fisheries. The trade wished a uniform rate, to prevent fraud and equalize matters.

Building paper—Now under three classifications; should be under one.

Clothes' wringers—Alt present under both specific and ad valorem duties; should be purely ad valorem. ERS DIFFER.
"That isn't what the clothes' wring-

er manufacturers ask," put in Sir Richard. "We find a great difference of opinion between importers and manufacturers on the question of spe-

A General Reduction All Around

Mr. Kerrigan further asked that plated ware should come under the same heading as cutlery, and that duty should be collected on the net cost of goods after deducting the freight. Mr. Fielding-Canadian manufactur ers represent to us that American manufacturers reduce their invoices to Canadian buyers in order to slaughter their goods here. What is your judgment?

MANUFACTURERS CONTRADICTED
Mr. Kerrigan—That it is not so,
Mr. Fielding. We have proved time and again that the Americans sell just as cheaply to home customers as to Canadians.

Mr. Kerrigan produced a letter from an American maker, denying the statement of a customs house appraiser in this city, who alleged that their invoice had been undervalued by 10 per cent. Mr. Kerrigan said that the local appraiser had refused to give his company these goods.

Mr. Bland complained that iron pipes, which; when imported for oil or other wells, received tariff favors, were often used as general stock, to the disadvantage of those who paid the full duty.

THE DOCTORS. The Medical Association was repre-sented by Drs. Meek, Cl. T. Campbell, English and Gardiner. Dr. Meek said surgical instruments should be imported free. At present the country was flooded with chear surgical instruments, which were dancould not afford the use of the best ones, because of the high cost, caused struments to break during a surgica operation.

In reply to Sir Richard, Dr. Meel said the average cost of a mixed practitioner's outfit was \$200, but the better sets would run as high as \$500. A specialist's outfit ran from \$700 to

Mr. Fielding stated that 15 per cent did not seem extremely high on such costly articles.

Dr. Meek said at was heavy, because surgeons had to be importing new instruments all the time.

Dr. Gardiner submitted that bac-

teriological products, such as antitoxine, tuberculine, and Pasteur's injections should be put on the free list, so that they could be secured from the customs without impediment. Surgical books should be duty free to all, and not merely to schools and universities; or, at least, the duty should be equal for all.

Dr. Campbell called the commission's altention to the sanitary interests of the country. People were taking more interest in sanitary matters, and should have every encouragement, in applying sanitary science. The best sewer pipe was of American make, yet there was a duty of 35 per cent on it. On enameled iron baths there was a duty of 27 1-2 per cent. He did not think they were made in Canada. The doctor also complained of excessive duties on fron, lead and other pipes, which were not manufactured at their best in Canada. On the best closet appliance, only one inferior imitation of which was made here, 35 per cent duty was imposed. The doctor said he spoke in the interests of the pub-

bic at large.

Dr. Campbell then referred to the homeopathic medicines, the prices of which, he said, were five times as high as allopathic medicines. Drugs manufactured by the homeopathic pharmacists cost five times as much as the same medicines, on the ground that the process of manufacturing is more careful. He asked that the taxes be taken off homeopathic medicines manufactured by homeopathic pharmacists. There is no homeopathic fac-

ory in Canada. Mr. Fielding was of the opinion that to put homeopathic medicines in a special class would cause jealousy on the part of the allopaths. Dr. Campbell said he thought not, in view of the increased cost of their

MANUFACTURING JEWELRY.

Mr. F. C. Trebilicock, manufacturing

jeweler, asked that the duties be reduced on clocks. On watch cases the duty is 35 per cent, and this Mr. Trebilcock objected to. His special line was gold rings, and in these he would prefer free trade, and shoped to see the time when general free trade would be brought about. "But," said he, "why should the watch case company have a protection of 35 per cent, and we have only 25 per cent?" He wanted the duty reduced on both lines, and equalized. There are lines which he has to import, because better made abroad. Mr. Trebilcock thought it an injustice that diamonds should be on the free list, and colored stones taxed 10 per cent. He asked that the colored stones, such as rubies, garnets, etc., be placed on the free list with diamonds. As a representative of the Canada Smelting Works, Mr. Trebilcock asked that mining and smelting machinery be admitted free of duty. There were some mines in Ontario which would be opened in the spring, and would require a lot of machinery.

Mr. Fielding said there were manufacturers in this country who claimed to be able to make mining machinery, and, if so, they would want "protection."
Speaking of watch cases, Mr. Trebilcock said that in this country they did not make as good a line as in the United States. They did not have to, as they hadn't the opposition. In conclusion, he asked that a public as-sayer's office be established in Canada, so. If one purchases a ring from a jeweler, it may be 13 karat, and it may be 12 karat. There is nothing but the salesman's word for it. He thought it would be better if the Government would establish a Government assayer's office.

CORSETS.

specific duty. "It would take a finance minister to figure out such an invoice," said Mr. Bowman, amid laughter.

Mr. Kerrigam complained of the specific duty on cut tacks. Very often the appraiser had to count the tacks. (Laughter.) Mr. Kerrigam also submitted the following respectation.

(Continued on page 6.) Steamship Arrivals.

Dec. 4.	At	Fr
Kensington	Antwerp	New
Werkendam	Rotterdam	New
Zaandam	Amsterdam	New
Etruria	Queenstown.	New
Lake Ontario	Liverpool	Mon
Warwick	Glasgow	Mon
ASSAVE	London	Mon
Dec. 5.	At.	Fre
New York	New York	., Southan
* No.		

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORT- Big Discounts on ERS DIFFER.



BOOTS and SHOES.....

We have just made up our minds to sell a great many pairs of Shoes before Christmas. We know that customers want good stock at reasonable prices, therefore we have decided to offer such inducements as will bring the purchasing public right to us past everyone else.

RELIABLE SKATING BOOTS.

NELIMBLE	OLV		550.0.	
Worth \$1 75, at	.\$1 25	Worth \$2 2	5, at	\$1 75
Worth \$2 00, at	.\$1 45	Worth \$1 3	, at	
Do not require breaking in.	All read	ly to be w	orn at once.	We can't
describe them here. But the	y are sty	lish, durab	ole and easy.	A pair of
Skating Boots makes a useful	and ine	xpensive g	ift for Christm	.28

STYLISH FOOTWEAR.

Worth \$2 50, at Worth \$2 00, at..... \$1 50 Worth \$3 50, at\$2 75 Worth \$1 35, at.....\$1 00 These are all buttoned, very fine Kid, stylish toes, all natty, and you can see they are good value by the prices. But their worth has not

en half told. See them.	
RUBBERS.	OVERSHOES.
Rubbers at38c	\$1 50 Felt Overshoes at
Rubbers at25e	\$2 50 Jersey, fine, at\$1 7

The above are for ladies. But we have Overshoes and Rubbers for girls, boys and babies.

For those who suffer from cold feet around the house COMFORT we have decided to offer our 85c Felt Slippers for 60c, and our \$1.25 Felt House Boot for 90c. Our \$1.35 AS WELL Fur-Bound Felt Slipper has been marked at \$1. These low prices should attract many new customers. We feel safe in counting on our regular patrons. This popular department is reached

BY TAKING THE ELEVATOR. Make your Christmas selections early. You know we have every-

thing that ladies like to wear.

Smallman & Ingram,

LONDON'S GREAT STORE. 149 AND 151 DUNDAS STREET.

WOOD'S FAIR.

A Scene of Splendor

Today our store will present the finest appearance of any store in London. All our latest purchases, consisting of European, American and home manufactured goods, have been laid out on our counters. This alone ought to be sufficient to bring everyone to our store, but when we announce that

PROF. E. J. DUFOUR,

the Venetian Glass Blower and Crystal Worker, will be actively engaged all day at his art in our Fair, we feel certain that everyone will attend this Saturday Sale. The professor will manufacture sparkling glass novelties

IN THE MORNING AND AFTERNOON AT THE CENTER OF OUR STORE, AND IN THE EVENING IN OUR IM-MENSE WEST WINDOW.

A Lovely Souvenir, Glass or Crystal, Will Be Given to Each Purchaser.

The Down Grade of Prices

Makes the stream of customers coming to our store grow bigger. No one knows this fact better than ourselves, and to make the stream go faster and grow still bigger, we have determined to sell Two Hundred Bibles at prices that will put them all in use in the churches tomorrow. Don't delay a moment; we have only sufficient for today's

95 of those \$1 25 Gilt Edged, Morocco Covered Teacher's Bibles, wit maps, references and psalms, will be sold at 75c. At two thirds the price, until they are gone, we will sell 28 Large Print Bibles, with strong half Morocco backs, for \$1.

We have 26 Excellent Teachers' Bibles, they have all the latest improvements and none of the nonsense, which we will sell at \$1, instead of the \$1 75 we expected to receive for them. Those large Oxford Bibles, made with East India paper, will be sold, not at \$3, the former price, but at \$1 50. The lot is somewhat broken -the price is broken worse.

Only two of those Large Print Gilt-Edged Bibles are left; they go at \$250. 90 Teachers' Bibles, with maps, references and psalms, will go at \$1 50.

This allows you to save two-thirds of the price. Full line of Morocco-Covered English and Catholic Prayer Books.

176 and 178 DUNDAS STREET.

HOW IT HAPPENED. "Did I ever tell you how I got licked

dozen of us boys arranged to jump on the teacher at a given signal, and—"
"You were the only one that jumped?" "Exactly!"

LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs, and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try

Use Kur-a-Kof for coughs and colds. nave regained in the sound of the

NO MORE DANGER. "Have you heard the latest from Brooklyn? "No; what is it?"

Suffered Without Help-Eighteen Years Getting Worse-Cured by Doda's Kidney Pills.

Bridgewater, N. S., Nov. 30.-There cians. A neighbor advised me to try is no man in this town better known Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, stating that than J. S. Morgan, tinsmith, who for his wife had used it for a throat eighteen years had been going from trouble with the best results. Acting bad to worse without help until at last on this advice, I procured the medine got hold of the right treatment, cine, and less than half a bottle cured He says: "It began with backache, me; I certainly believe it saved my pains in the limbs, and finally settled life. It was with reluctance that I down as rheamatism. I was a cripple, consented to a trial, as I was reduced and after I ran down greatly in weight power of any remedy to do me any About a year and a half ago I quit good. everything else and took Dodd's Kidney Pills. Have taken 23 boxes and have regained my weight, health, and