Crescent Road
$30 per foot cash for immediate sale
see plans at office.
H. H. WILLIAMS & Co.
26 VICTORIA STREET.

The Toronto World.

C. A. RISK
DENTIST
Yonge and Richmond Sts
HOURS—9 to 9

TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR — EIGHTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING APRIL 7 1906—EIGHTEEN PAGES — ONE CENT

University Commission Report

Finally Presented to the Legislature

Covers a Very Broad Field

Defects of Present System Due to Unsatisfactory Manner in Which Crown Has Exercised Its Powers—Nine Outstanding Recommendations for Future Government.

OUTLINE OF SUGGESTED RECONSTRUCTION.

1. The powers of the crown in respect to the control and management of the university should be vested in a board of governors, chosen by the lieutenant-governor-in-council, and subject by the method of appointment and by the regulation of their proceedings, to the perpetual authority of the state.
2. The senate, with its legislative and executive powers and based upon the principle of representation of the federated and affiliated institutions and the faculties and graduates, should direct the academic interests of the university.
3. The School of Practical Science should be united with the university as its faculty op applied science and engineering, and the same intimate connection should, as far as practicable, apply to the relations of the faculty of medicine to the university.
4. University College should continue as now constituted, with a principal, faculty council and registrar of its own, its administration being under the direction of its faculty council, subject to the control of the governors, and appointments to the staff being made on the recommendation of the president of the university.
5. There should be created a council of the faculty of arts composed of the faculties of all the arts colleges and representatives of the federated colleges, and a council for each faculty.
6. There should be created a caput or advisory committee, having authority in certain matters of university discipline, which may act as advisory to the president.
7. The office of chancellor should be retained, its occupant to be elected by the graduates and to preside over convocation and confer degrees.
8. The office of vice-chancellor should no longer exist, its functions and duties being transferred, in certain respects, to the president.
9. The office of president should be clothed with additional powers, making its occupant in fact as well as in name the chief executive officer of the university.

The report of the royal commission appointed by the Ontario government on Oct. 3, 1905, to enquire into the present condition and needs of Toronto University was laid on the table of the legislature by the provincial secretary yesterday. It is a comprehensive document, comprising sixty printed pages. In addition to the report, a draft bill, embodying suggested improvements in the system of university management has been handed to the government, and if the report meets with the approval of the cabinet the bill will be given to the house in the shape of a government measure. The commission issued in October last authorized J. W. Flavelle, Dr. Goldwin Smith, Sir W. R. Meredith, B. E. Walker, Rev. Canon Cody, Rev. D. B. Macdonald and A. H. U. Colquhoun (secretary) to report upon:

A scheme for the management and government of the university; a scheme for the management and government of University College; the advisability of the incorporation of the School of Practical Science with the University of Toronto; such changes as should be brought about in the relations between the said University of Toronto and the several colleges affiliated or federated therewith, having regard to the provisions of the Federation Act; such suggestions and recommendations arising out of any of the subjects thus indicated.

Defects of System.

The commission deals with the defects found in the university system and makes nine recommendations. This is what the commission says of the defects in the present system:

"The situation with which the commission is appointed to deal presents for the reasons we have indicated a mass of perplexities and anomalies. The scheme of government now in existence would never have been deliberately created if efficiency of administration and of academic interests of the university had been solely kept in view. The organization of 1853, modified by the changes of 1873, was in itself imperfect. The adoption of federation in 1887, by which the university became a teaching body with provision for the grouping of arts colleges around it was a complete reversal of the conditions under which the University of London was selected as the model constitution. The various governing bodies have thus been partly a reflex of the British and partly of the American models. The university has a chancellor, a vice-chancellor, and a president, each with vaguely defined functions. As a means of perpetuating a divided control, no better method can be conceived. Instead of centralized responsibility, we have had divided authority. Upon the effect of this on the prestige of the university, on the strength and coherency of its policy, and on the discipline of its students there is no need to dwell. The office of chancellor has possessed few of the attributes of real power. The office of vice-chancellor has been occupied by some of the most in-

Continued on Page 8.

PART POLITICS HAS PLAYED.

Dealing with the board of governors, the commission observes that the history of the provincial university has demonstrated the disadvantage of direct political control.

"Despite the zealous efforts of statesmen and educationists, the university became on many occasions in times past the sport of acrimonious party disputes. Its interests were inextricably confused in the popular mind with party politics, altho with these it had in reality little concern. The various ministries which at different times since 1839 had tried to reconstruct the system of administration, instead of handing over to the authorities of the university the carrying on of its affairs, reserving to the state the power of controlling and resuming the trust if conditions rendered the proceeding advisable, burdened themselves with a responsibility which in many respects they were unfitted to discharge. The fruits of this policy have been a gradual decline of public sympathy with the pecuniary needs of the university and an element of uncertainty and impotence in its internal management. The progress of the university has been due to its situation in the richest province of the Dominion, to the prestige of connection with the state, to the talents of the professoriate and the too often unappreciated labors of its governing bodies. Under circumstances that were at times discouraging, and subject to influences that tended to disintegration rather than development, a task demanding unity of aim and concentration of energy has been sustained with difficulty. A complete change is imperative if the university is to fulfil the high purposes which modern educational conditions have made essential to the well-being of the country."

FLOW OF VESUVIUS LAVA IS MENACE TO VILLAGERS

Churches Are Crowded With Panic Stricken People—Main Stream 2000 Feet Wide.

Naples, April 6.—The inhabitants of the villages in the vicinity of Mount Vesuvius are in a condition bordering on panic. Many homes have been abandoned for the open air, altho there has been a thick fog all day, and the atmosphere has been dense with volcanic ashes and the fumes of subterranean fires. The churches are crowded day and night with persons praying for deliverance from an impending peril, manifestations of which are heard and felt in explosions which resemble a heavy cannonading, and in the tremblings of the earth which are constantly recurring.

The main stream of lava proceeding from Vesuvius is 2000 feet wide, and it advances at times at the rate of 21 feet a minute, the intense heat destroying vegetation before the stream reaches it. The peasants of Portici, at the west foot of Vesuvius, cleared their grounds of vineyards and trees in the effort to lessen the danger from fire, and resisted the progress of the lava to their utmost. The population of Boscotrecase, on the southern declivity of the mountain, has sought safety in flight, and Boscoreal, to the eastward, also is threatened.

Women of this village, weeping with fright, carried a statue of St. Anne as near as they could go to the flowing lava, imploring a miracle to stay the advance of the consuming stream.

The cemetery at Boscotrecase has been invaded by lava.

The scene at night is one of mingled grandeur and horror, as from the summit of Vesuvius there leaps a column of fire fully 1000 feet in height and the glare lighting the sky and sea for many miles. Occasionally great masses of white hot stone, someweighing as much as a ton, are ejected from the crater.

The Village of Torre Del Greco, which has been eight times destroyed, and as often rebuilt, again is threatened, and the inhabitants are in extreme terror.

Official Hopeful.

Signor Matteucci, director of the observatory, is working indefatigably. He had military engineers establish telephonic connection between the observatory and points within the voclanic activity. The director to-night said to the Associated Press that altho the eruption presented a grave menace, he did not believe it would reach the villages.

Indeed, he said, the present volcanic activity was not altogether unmixed with good, for if it had not come to pass a violent and sudden eruption, having a far wider radius, might have occurred.

ARRESTED FOR THEFT.

Contractor Locked Up by Shareholders of Roller Brass Co.

Thomas Cruttenden, contractor, 287 Sumach-street, was arrested at 12.30 this morning by Detective Guthrie, charged with theft.

The allegation is said to be the outcome of some shareholders' dissatisfaction with the way in which a quantity of brass and copper belonging to the Canada Brass Rolling Mills Co., late of Mimico, was disposed of when that company quit business.

The specific charge against Cruttenden is the theft of $1000 worth of brass fittings, etc.

HOUSEHOLD MOVING.

Forster Storage & Cartage Company 543 Yonge Street. Phone North 923.

The entertainment of the season—the last At Home—Caledonian Society, April 10.

A Sprig of Royalty About to Arrive.

Torontonians will shortly be entertaining Prince Arthur of Connaught, and no doubt lavish functions will be provided by generous entertainers. They will do well to remember that royalty in the person of the Prince of Wales has signified in a practical manner its approval of Canada's great water, radnor. The prince had it forwarded to him for use all through India. On these grounds, those who entertain Prince Arthur should not neglect to have a plentiful supply of radnor on hand.

Babbit Metal. The best made, Canada Metal Co.

PRINCE MAY PASS WINNIPEG IF STRIKE ISN'T SETTLED

One Reason Why Council is Anxious—Wm. Mackenzie Puts It off Till Monday.

Winnipeg, April 6.—(Special.)—Continuance or termination of the strike now depends entirely upon Wm. Mackenzie, and a telegram was anxiously expected from him all day which would either settle matters or mean the strike would go on, but nothing was heard.

Mayor Sharp received word to-day from Hon. Robert Rogers, saying that he had interviewed Mr. Mackenzie on behalf of the government and told him the strike must be settled one way or another immediately.

The civic authorities are endeavoring to get the strike settled before Prince Arthur reaches here on Monday, as there are many threats of trouble. If the trouble is not settled the prince may pass the city by.

Numerous letters have been received by the police commissioners, threatening to riddle with bullets several of the police who have been especially obnoxious in quelling riots.

Everything between the men and the company has been settled by the ministers who acted as mediators except the question of wages, and this depends upon an answer from Toronto.

A big labor parade will be held tomorrow and mass meetings will be held in three of the churches.

In reference to the above despatch, Mr. Mackenzie told The World that he was in communication daily with the directors, but as far as they were concerned negotiations were practically at a standstill. Nothing could be given out before the beginning of the week.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Former Inmate of Ahern Household Suspected of Assaulting Girl.

Montreal, April 6.—(Special.)—Rauel Bradley, a former inmate of the Ahern household, but who was sent away because he failed to pay his board, was arrested this evening, charged with the murder of little Ida Ahern.

The victim's father says Bradley acted strange at all times. He had been drinking hard, and his appearance tallies with the man seen with the child the day of the murder.

The prisoner refused to look Ahern in the face when the latter went into the cell.

Medical evidence at the inquest shows that the infant had not been killed by strangulation, as was at first supposed. Dr. Dugas, who performed the autopsy, stated that there was no mark upon the body indicating violence sufficient to cause death, and in his opinion she either died from fright and nervous shock or from exposure.

It was evident from the condition of the body that a frightful outrage had been attempted upon her, and Dr. Dugas thought it likely that she fainted and left lying naked in the woods had speedily died.

We show a line of Scotch Tweed suitings on Saturday and Monday in newest shades at $15 to order. Hobberlin's, 153 Yonge.

13th Batt. Band at Pure Food Show.

In addition to features already advertized for next week the committee have secured the celebrated 13th Battalion Band of Hamilton for Monday afternoon and evening only. Seats may be reserved now for the evening performance for the small sum of 10c extra. General admission as usual.

Battery Zincs, all kinds. The Canada Metal Co.

The Automobile Shows are well cared for in next Sunday's World. Fine picture of the opening ceremonies of the Automobile and Motor Boat Show.

W. Harper, Customs Broker, 5 Melinda

If Not, Why Not?

Have you an accident and sickness policy? See Walter H. Blight, Confederation Libe Building. Phone M. 2770. 136

Raincoat, extra long, lined full length, from Fawns or Grays, to order, $10.50. Hobberlin's, 153 Yonge.

HAS CAR ALL TO HIMSELF

WILFRID (rather nearsighted): Say, I wonder if I'm on the right car, anyway?

CAMPAIGN OF EDUCATION ON POWER ISSUE

SAYS VICE-CHAIRMAN ELLIS OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSION

PROBLEM SHOULD BE FACED WITHOUT DELAY

More Municipalities That Enter the Better For All—Recommendations Should Be Acted Upon at Present Session—Board of Trade President Bespeaks Support.

P. W. Ellis of Toronto, vice-chairman of the municipal power commission, gave an address at a board of trade luncheon yesterday before a large and interested gathering. Peleg Howland presided, and in the course of a few opening remarks said that the board of trade would support any good measure for the solution of the power problem. The greatest difficulties perhaps arose from the fact that there were franchises already granted. Those corporations that had these franchises would have to be dealt with fairly. But he believed the problem was capable of solution and that it should be tackled without delay.

Mr. Ellis spoke in optimistic vein. He incidentally paid tribute to the active work of Frank Spence, the then chairman of the electrical committee of the city council, at the time the scheme was mooted, and also of then Mayor Urquhart and the members of the board of control.

Commercial success, not to speak of commercial supremacy, depended, said Mr. Ellis, upon controlling to the utmost degree possible the cost of every element that entered into the production and distribution of commercial wares. He hoped that the initial interest would be followed by a well-organized educative campaign, designed to insure that the question be thoroly elucidated, by free and full discussion, to the public at large.

The Cardinal Facts.

The cardinal facts of the present situation he described as simple but important. Seven municipalities had subscribed a sum of $15,000 to pay the cost of an enquiry. After exhaustive investigation the commissioners had reported, indicating that great and unexpected benefits will be derived from an independent municipal development of power.

Their recommendations were based upon the perception of two governing facts. First, power may be delivered to consumers at cheaper prices under an independent municipal development than are obtained otherwise. If the provincial government had undertaken to carry out a new and independent power generation, transmission and distribution scheme, there was no reason to suppose that the resultant scale of prices would not be quite as low as those which the commissioners report possible.

The More the Merrier.

The other governing fact affecting the commissioners' conclusions was that the larger the quantity of power generated and transmitted the lower the cost per unit. Therefore, if all the municipalities capable of being supplied from Niagara district were to join for the purpose of carrying out

Continued on Page 14.

ELECTRIC COS. IN COMBINE SPLIT UP TO WATER STOCK

Hon. Adam Beck Explains the Reason for Opposition to Municipalities' Plans.

London, April 6.—(Special.)—About 150 representative citizens assembled at the city hall to-night to hear Hon. Adam Beck deliver an address on Niagara power. Altho the audience was small, it consisted of the more solid element. Mayor Judd presided and introduced the speaker.

The whole power question was covered by Mr. Beck, but his only new point was in the nature of a reply to the criticisms that have been made of him, and the power problem by representatives of electric corporations.

He declared that all the electric companies of the Dominion were under one head, and that the London Electric was intended to be one of the distributing companies of this combine.

This, he intimated, was the real significance of the opposition that had been aroused by the power commission report.

Why was the combine split up into so many companies? So as to facilitate the watering of stock.

"They will not water the stock; they will soak it," said Mr. Beck.

He was frequently applauded, and closed with an exhortation for London and other municipalities to get together.

Several visitors from outlying towns were present.

You can afford a Motor Boat, but not the usual kind. See the right kind at Nicholls Brothers', Limited, foot of York Street Bridge.

Great Pipe Bargains at Clubb's.

To-day we place on sale 500 fine Briar Pipes in cases worth $2 to $4. Any pipe in our window to-day for $1.50. Come along and get a bargain. A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King West.

York Springs Sarsaparilla—Superior to that imported from England.

The Value of Guarantee Bonds.

Guarantee bonds to sustain an official in a position of trust—to afford a license-holder the security the excise department requires—issued by the London Guarantee and Accident Company, Canada Life Building. Phone Main 1642.

Oscar Hudson & Co., Chartered Accountants, 5 King West. M. 4786

Smoke Taylor's Maple Leaf Cigar

For "Better Tailoring," MacLeod, Yonge and College Street.

GALT IS SOLID.

Galt, April 6.—(Special.)—The Galt Board of Trade to-night passed a resolution appointing a delegation to wait on the government next Wednesday to urge prompt and decisive action in taking absolute control of the transmission of power from the Falls.

A special train will be chartered for the delegation.

Empress Hotel, Yonge and Gould Sts., R. Dissette, Prop. $1.50 and $2.00 per day.

A. Clubb & Sons Will Move.

About May 20 we will occupy our new premises, 5 West King-street. Just now we are offering great values in pipes and smokers' goods at 49 King West. A. Clubb & Sons.

Some dogs of high degree, owned in Toronto, are pictured in The World next Sunday, in advance of the Kennel Club Show.

BIRTHS.

JAFFRAY—On April 5, at 74 Grenville-street, to Mr. and Mrs. William G. Jaffray, a son.

ROBSON—April 6, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Robson, 471 Dovercourt-road, a son.

SCOTT—On Friday, April 6th, 1906, at 53 Sullivan-street, to Mr. and Mrs. James Scott, a daughter.

TOMLIN—On Monday, April 2nd, at 110 Oxford-street, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Tomlin, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

DEMARY—ARMSTRONG—At 342 Carlton-street, on Wednesday, April 4th, 1906, by the Rev. Alfred Gandier, Mabel, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Armstrong, to Andrew Frederick Demary, M.B., of East Toronto.

DEATHS.

BUTCHER—On April 4, at Toronto Junction, Edith Martin, beloved wife of Harry Butcher, aged 26 years.

Funeral from her father's residence, 47 Pape-avenue, on Saturday, April 7, at 2.30 p.m.

CARROLL—On Friday, April 6th, 1906, at his late residence, 124 Wright-avenue, John Carroll, aged 67 years.

Funeral on Monday morning, the 9th inst., at 8.45, to St. Helen's Church, thence to Mount Hope Cemetery.

PEER—On April 6, Mrs. Dorothy Peer, aged 77 years.

Funeral will take place Saturday from the residence of her son-in-law, Percy E. Evans, by 2.50 p.m. G.T.R. train, to Port Credit. Services will be held in Port Credit Methodist Church Sunday morning, at 10.30. Interment at Carman Cemetery.

STEPHENS—Suddenly, on Friday morning, at her late residence, Murray-street, Bracondale, Elizabeth, the beloved wife of John Stephens.

Funeral Monday, at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

SMEALL—On April 6, 1906, at his late residence, 32 Edward-street, George Smeall, in his 87th year.

Funeral Monday, at 3 o'clock. Friends kindly accept this intimation. No flowers.

SHARPE—On Friday morning, April 6th, at 20 Admiral-road, Henry Foulds Sharpe, son of the late John Sharpe of Hastings, Ont.

Funeral Monday afternoon, at 2.30, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

The F. W. Matthews Co. Undertakers

CATTLE EMBARGO DEBATE HAS UNSATISFACTORY CONCLUSION

Talked Out Without Division and Several Reasons Are Given for Speaker's Refusal for Closure.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, April 7.—In the house of commons Friday Mr. Cairns, M.P. for Newcastle, moving the second reading of the Diseased Animals Act Amendment bill, sketched the history of the act since 1896, and the continued hostility that had been shown it by reason of the fact that under its provisions foreign and especially Canadian cattle, could not be landed alive at our home ports. This bill did not affect Ireland; yet the Nationalists had announced their intention of opposing it. It was eminently desirable to remove the embargo on Canadian cattle. The Canadian government habitually complained of the restriction, inasmuch as Canada was free from disease. If there was any risk, he would be the last to express himself in favor of the measure.

Cattle Healthy.

During the last ten years 1,250,000 Canadian cattle landed here, not one suffering from foot or mouth disease or anthrax. For every one of the Canadian cattle killed for suffering from tuberculosis there were 101 home cattle destroyed. He argued that the sooner we had these healthy animals among the home herds the better.

Mr. Price, M. P., seconding, said the quality of stock had gone down under operation of the act of 1896. It was not suggested that any risk of disease be taken. Canada was free from disease.

Mr. Courtney, M. P., said it was a matter between farmers and not the concern of the rest of the public at all. He moved the rejection of the bill, and denied that it would benefit the farmer, laborer or consumer. It was not the case that the embargo had increased the price of store cattle. He believed nine out of ten farmers in this country would vote against the bill. Nobody could call this a free trade bill; it gave a preference to Canada against all other countries in the world.

Premier's Position.

W. O'Brien, M. P., said if the bill passed 200,000 holdings in Ireland would be rendered unprofitable.

Premier Campbell-Bannerman said personally he preferred the old system by which matters of this kind were left to the discretion of responsible ministers.

If the embargo were suddenly removed it might cause nervousness in many parts of the country. As to the policy of admission of Canadian cattle he thought the house should be left to determine these matters without interference. The government

Continued on Page 11.

DOWIE SPECULATED.

And Lost, 'Tis Said, Over Million in Wall Street.

Chicago, April 6.—Officials of the Christian Catholic Church at Zion City declared to-day that it was believed that John Alexander Dowie had lost sums aggregating close to $1,200,000 in speculation in Wall-street. It is declared he opened accounts with four stock exchange houses and that three of them went out of existence soon after he had deposited margins for the protection of his deals. The greater part of the money, it is said, was lost by Dowie during the slump of 1903.

Get One of These Hats.

Dineen's store will be open until 10 o'clock Saturday evening. Two, two and a half and three dollar hats that have better style, unfading colors and substantial shape. Dineen's, corner Yonge and Temperance-streets.

FAIR AND MILDER.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Westerly to southerly winds; fair and milder.

FURNITURE STORAGE.

Forster Storage & Cartage Company, 543 Yonge St. Phone North 923.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

April 6	At	From
Siberian	Glasgow	Boston
Tunisian	Halifax	Liverpool
Pretorian	Liverpool	St. John
Sarmatian	Glasgow	Portland
Lucania	New York	Liverpool
Mongolian	Boston	Glasgow
Sylvania	Boston	Liverpool
Cedric	Liverpool	New York
Montfort	Avonmouth	St. John
Lake Champlain	St. John	Liverpool

Hoskins & Westervelt, Chartered Accountants, 27 East Wellington St., Toronto. David Hoskins, F. C. A.; W. J. Westervelt, C. A.

Send $1.00 for 25 Panatellas.

"Clubb's Panatellas" are the best value in cigars on the market to-day. Five inches long, made by hand from old matured Havana tobacco. Mild and mellow. Equal to ten cent cigars, 5c, six for 25c. Twenty-five in a box sent, all charges prepaid, for $1.00. Order a box to-day. A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King West.

Trousering in Gray, Fawn and Oxford shades, to order at $4. Very Special. Hobberlins, 153 Yonge.