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16 9<u>1</u> 14 3

under 3. 41d.

 $8.8\frac{3}{4}d.$ $1\frac{1}{2}d.+$ 0s.9d.

4½d.+ £8749

10s.

3½ d. 0 0s. 75 1s. 4½d.

7d.,

to F 17s. 2d., and to G 9d. What is the amount of A's whole debt?

Ans. £ 1909 11s. 3d.

14. Suppose that B owes A 275 17s.; C owes 15s. 5d.; D owes 221 13s. 6\d; E owes 9\d; F owes 2796 0s. 3d.; and G owes 217 13s. 10d. What is due to A by all of them?

Ans. 2912 0s. 10d.

15. A owes to B for tea £13 10s.; for cheese £17 13s. 5d.; for cotton £208 17s.; for Indian chintz £86 and 7d.; for his acceptance of a bill £300; for factorage £15 17s. 32d.; also for insurance and other charges £30 10s. 41d. How much is A's whole debt to B?

Ans. £672 8s. 8½d.

16. A corn factor pays for wheat £37 15s. 8d.; for rye £11 16s. 3d.; for oats £96 and 7½d.; for barley £53 12s.; also for peas and beans £10; he has also paid for carriage and other petty charges £3 17s. 5½d.; and for insurance £11 3¾d. Now, supposing his commission on the whole is £7 3s. 0½d., for how much must he draw upon his employer to clear the account?

Ans. £231 5s. 4½d.

17. A merchant has in cash £148 17s. 8d.; wine to the value of £718 11s. 8d.; rum £398 18s. 5½d.; brandy £178 19s. 11d.; gin £918 13s. 11d.; tea £518 11s. 11d.; sugar £315 19s. 8½d.; various other goods £317 19s. 8d. What is the worth of his stock?

Ans. £3516 12s. 11d.

18. A bankrupt owed to one of his creditors £784 18s.

11d.; to another £315 17s. 8d.; to another £88 0s.

11\frac{3}{4}d.; to another £778 15s. 8d.; to another £785

18s. 11\frac{1}{4}d.; to another £13 8s. 6\frac{1}{4}d.; to another £57

18s.; to another £318; to another £154 11d. Required his whole debt?

Ans. £3296 18s. 8\frac{1}{4}d.

SUBTRACTION.

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Q. What is subtraction?

A. Subtraction teaches to take a less number from a greater, and shows the remainder, or difference.