

Great Britain and German Empire. British Board of Trade, December, 1874.

(Same recital referring to an arrangement entered into between Her Britannic Majesty and the German Government.)

Then the same articles follow with the alteration of the words "German Empire" for "North Germany." (Hertslet, vol. xiv, p. 1058.)

Treaty between Great Britain, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany and the Netherlands for regulating the police of the North Sea Fisheries, May 6, 1882:—

"2. Les pêcheurs nationaux jouiront du droit exclusif de pêche dans le rayon de 3 milles, à partir de la laisse de basse mer, le long de toute l'étendue des côtes de leurs pays respectifs, ainsi que des îles et des bancs qui en dépendent.

"Pour les baies le rayon de 3 milles sera mesuré à partir d'une ligne droite, tirée, en travers de la baie, dans la partie la plus rapprochée de l'entrée, au premier point où l'ouverture n'excédera pas 10 milles." (Hertslet, vol. xv, p. 794.)

British Order-in-Council, October 23, 1877:—

Prescribes the obligation of not concealing or effacing numbers or marks on boats, employed in fishing or dredging for purposes of sale on the coasts of England, Wales, Scotland and the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark and Man, and not going outside—

"(a.) The distance of 3 miles from low-water mark along the whole extent of the said coasts;

"(b.) In cases of bays less than 10 miles wide the line joining the headlands of said bays." (Hertslet, vol. xiv., p. 1032.)

To this list may be added the unratified treaty of 1888 between Great Britain and the United States, which is so familiar to the Tribunal. Such unratified treaty contains an authoritative interpretation of the convention of October 20th, 1818, *sub judice*: "The 3 marine miles mentioned in article 1 of the convention of October 20th, 1818, shall be measured seaward from low-water mark; but at every bay, creek or harbour, not otherwise specifically provided for in this treaty, such three marine miles shall be measured seaward from a