STURDY CATHOLIC SETTLERS.

Skillful Agriculturalists Who Accurately Measure the Earth's Capacity for Production - The See of Alexandria.

Favorably situated in the eastern part of Ontario lies the noted district of Glengarry, which is almost exclusively peopled by the sturdy, solid and prosperous race of Scottish Canadians. worthy descendants of valiant forefathers who preferred to leave their home and native land rather than submit to the tyrannical rule of England in these tumultuous times when men's souls were severely tried by the trials and persecutions which beset them on account of the religious faith to which they clung with heroic and unyielding steadfastness. Emigrating to Canada, these bardy pioneer Scotchmen planted their infant colony in the section of the country which they still inhabit, and from small beginnings they gradually strengthened their position socially, religiously, politically and materially, and in the several aspects just named they stand to-day among the best citizens of the Canadian perity is an advantage which must be ap confederation.

The world knows that the dominant actual benefits. feature in the Scottish character is that of unflinching determination of purpose and unfailing perseverance in the pursuit of a desired object. These strong characteristics have marked the progressive steps of the community of Glengarry since their advent to the new world. With the proverbial classishness of the race, very little mixture of out- Between the two elements there exists side elements has been allowed to creep into the colony, so that the manners. habits and social customs of these united people remain as intact as if they had never crossed the Atlantic. Even the physical features and sturdiness of person which distinguish the Highland stock are shown in their fulness among the inhabitants of the Scotch Canadian settlement.

I have not space to go over the list of names which abound in Glengarry to-day; let it suffice to say that you meet the Macdonnells, MacMillans, Maclemans, Frasers, Chisholms and all the others which yet survive in the old Scotia beyoud the ocean. The people of the interesting district under review are largely engaged in agricultural pursuits, and therefore have studied the science of agriculture in its various aspects, and so successful have they become in this department that they can judge to a nicety how much wealth old mother earth is capable of yielding to the skilled labors of the frugal husbandman. Consequently you meet in the favored locality men who have attained to wealth and prominence through their skill and in-Hagging industry in making the rich soil produce its maximum of riches for man's use and benefit. While subject, like the rest of the Pontinent, to its creasional political contentions, the community is: as far as your correspondent knows, free from religious and social discord. Tise lives led by the bulk of its citizens are temperate, healthful, contented and uniformly prosperous. Of course the men of superior intellect are not always comtent to remain on the farm, and those who have shown themselves endowed with mental strength have sought employment in the professional and higher walks of life, and at the bar and in the medical field in Montreal, Toronto and all the larger cities in Canada may be found old Glengarry's sons high in their

chosen professions. The inhabitants of this distinctly Scotch-Canadian settlement are largely of the Roman Catholic faith, and from their ranks the Church has received many able and devout men who have ministered at her altars, and who also occupied prominent places on her epigcopal thrones. As a representative in the years gone by I may cite the revered name of the Hon, and Right Rev. Alexander Macdonnell, D.D., a former bishop of the venerable Diocese of Kingston. This able and eminent prelate was not only an ornament to the Catholic hierarchy, but an experienced and clear-sighted statesman as well. Dr. Macdonnell's weighty and well-reasoned words had a vast influence in slaping the opinions of English statesmen in relation to political questions affecting the peace and well-being of the country at a period of unrest when wise and pacific counsels were needed to calm the excited feelings of the people.

Coming down to our own times, we find another Right Rev. Alexander Macdonell, D.D., a kinsman of the illustrious departed, filling the episcopal throne of the newly formed Diocescof Alexandria, in the very heart of Glengerry itself. This recently established see is one of the suffragans of the venerable Archdiocese of Kingston, which ranks as the mother see of Ontario. In establishing his central seat of authority in the town of Alexandria Bishop Macdonell has greatly enhanced the status of the place in its religious, educational and social aspects. And what was known before as an ordinary and fairly business centre has now become, through the Bishop's residing there, the ecclesiastical headquarters of a prosperous and constantly growing diocese.

Although youthful in years the See of Alexandria has its valued and well-developed seats of learning and Catholic institutions, which make for the good and happiness of the rising Catholic generation both spiritually and mentally.

What forcibly strikes an ontsider on his first visit to the town of Alexandria is the solidity of its homes and the apparent peacefulness that pervades the

minds of its citizens. The very movements of the people as they go to and fro in the discharge of their various avocations bespeak that resolute firmness of purpose, which has served in all lands to push Scotchmen to the front in all their enterprises and legitimate undertakings. While this placidity of demeanor has a soothing effect on the feelings of a visitor who happens to carry with him an excitable, nervous temperament, it is especially edifying to the Christian worshiper to witness the zeal, fervor and piety of the large congrega-tion which crowd Bishop Macdonell's Cathedral Church.

This feature is noticeable in all the

The state of the s

delibates and at with the of name of the Catholic of namicants will still by their conflict to in the Catholic of name of the conflict to in the catholic descendants of ancestors willo made sacrifices to hold fast o the saving traths of the faith of Christ. The precious inheritance has been transmitted from father to son, and is present today in all its fulness and vitality in the Scotch-Canadian Catholics of whom

アクロヤル 質問的

Lapeak. It is equally certain that future generations of this people will fervently preserve the sacred deposit of the true faith, because the race is true and steadfast in their a lherence to the solid principles of religious truth and justice. In addition to the religious facilities enjoyed by the communicants of Alexandria Diocese, the educational privileges are of the first

The younger pupils are well supplied with the best separate schools, those of mature years have their higher seats of learning, and then for those needing the finer touches and finish more closely identified with religion's holiest precepts the goods nuns and Sisters are there to impart it in that conscientions spirit of fervor which so imprints itself on the heart and soul, that worldly allurements can never afterwards wholly destroy it. To live in such a community of religious, social and commercial peace and prospreciated by those who partake of its

Des ite the fact that this Ontario preserve is generally considered the excluive inheritance of the Scottish-Canadian sattlers, by whom it is chiefly populated a goodly sprinkling of Celtic-Irish Cath dies have found a permanent foothold there, and they are not the least prosperous or desirable portion of its citizens. perfect unity and harmony of feeling and inutual interests.

This is, of course, the relation in which people of a common origin should stand o each other-more especially those who are united by the sacred bond of the true

Besides, the Scotch and Irish nations beyond the Atlantic are only divided by a narrow channel, and on a clear day, without any other aid save that of the naked eve, the two kindred nations can look

across at each other's shores. The consciousness of this fact, no doubt, tends to the closer identity of the exiles if the two countries who have made their bomes in Glengarry. But neither in the new nor old worlds would discordant sounds ever have been heard between the two Gaelic peoples had not Luther's foul and fatal apostasy divided them by an irreconcilable chasm.-William Flüson, in Philadelphia vatholic Times.

BANQUE JACQUES CARTIER.

Proceedings at the Annual Meeting-Extension of the Bank's Business.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Banone Jacques Cartier was held Wednesday, June 19, in the rooms of the Bank, Place d'Armes Square, there being present Hon. Alphonse Desjardins, or wident : A. S. Hamelin, vice-president : Dannont Laviolette, A. L. de Martigny, A. Aumond, L. J. O. Beauchemin, J. E. Beandry, G. N. Ducharme, Onesime Mar-Thomas Gauthier and J. A. Ladiac. Hon, Mr. Desjardins being called to the chair and Mr. A. de Martigny being asked to act as secretary, the report of the last annual meeting was read

The President then read the following usiness of the past year:-

GENTLEMEN.-The Board of Directors has the honor to present to you the report of the operations of the Bank for the year ending the 31st May, 1895;—

\$53,603 53

\$45,000.00

Balance to the credit of profit and loss the alst May 1891.
The net profits for the past year, deductions being made for the working expenses, interest on deposits, and also \$8,281,69

amounts deducted for losses 845,321.81 To deduct = Dividend 3! per cent, Dec. 1st, 1894... ividend 3! per cent, Jane

 $\pm 317,500,00$

Balance of profits carried forward 8.8608.53The last, like former years, was noted for an increased extension of the bank's operations. The proportion, however, of the increase of time deposits was nevertheless greater than the rest, which had he effect of augmenting in a corresponding degree the interest paid and also to absorb the profits of the Bank. However, the period of stagnation in business due to hesitation caused by the commercial crisis which has been so generally felt, has, since the opening of the season. given place to confidence and more general activity, and in consequence capital has been more readily solicited and has found more easily a surer and remunerative employment. If, as everything seems to indicate, the symptoms of a complete return of business prosperity be verified we have every reason to look for excellent results during the year that has just begun, and superior to the two last years, satisfactory though they may have been. For the first time since its existence the Bank has gone beyond the limits of the province of Quebec to istablish a branch, but although the distance may be great the new office is located in a centre where the French-

Canadian element has its importance and which, by its position, its climate and the varied products of the soil, offers the best conditions for the future. Edmonton is in fact the chef lies of a very important district, the development of which has surpassed considerably during the last few years that of any other portion of the Northwest territories. Estab-

Against this we have decided to transfor to the St. Hyacinthe office the business of St. Simon agency.

lished since last fall only, the new branch

has not only met all expenses necessary

to its installation, but has contributed

in a satisfactory proportion to the profits

The head office, the different branches and agencies of the Bank, have been regularly inspected, and your administration are happy to bear testimony to the Catholic churches in the whole of the | zeal and intelligence with which the Glengarry district, nor is it wonderful managing director, the assistant man-

ager, and the other officers of the Bank have all fulfilled the duties of their respective charges:

All of which is respectfully submitted. ALPH. DESIARDINS, The following general statement to 3 at May, 1895, was also submitted by the

General Manager :-LIABILITIES.\$ 500,000 00 Capital Capital
Reserve fund
Reserve fund for reduction of discount
on bills coming due.
Profits and Losses bulance on hand.
Unclaimed dividends.
Dividend No. 59, 3½ per cent., payable
June 1, 1895. 17,500 00

Bank bills in circulation
Deposits not bearing interest.
Deposits bearing interest.
Dominion thovernment deposits.
Provincial Government deposits.
Unpaid cheques of the branches in
the Montreal agency.
Due to other Canadian banks.
Due to the Bank's agents in foreign 8,495,58 \$4,489,591 31

Gold and silver
Dominion notes
Deposit with Dominion Government
for security of note circulation
Notes and cheques of other banks
Due by other Canadian banks.
Due by other banks in foreign
countries
Due by other banks in United
Kingdom
Call leans on stocks and other public
securities
Other call leans
Leans and discounts running, deduction made of interest on notes
coming due, \$25,000
Notes overdue, probable lesses deducted Gold and silver 20,943 89 40,821 77 61,459-50 77,425 02 512,746 83

ducted.
Secured debts
Debts in liquidation not specially
guaranteed after having provided
for losses.
Real estate.
Bank buildings in Montreal and
elsewhere.
Furniture and stationery. 109,073 46 31,869 73

\$1,489,591,31 A. L. DE MARTIGNY, Managing Director.

3,081,736,76

The following resolutions were then

adopted :--Moved by the President, seconded by the Vice-President, that the report just read be adopted and printed for the use of the Shareholders.

The President having asked Messrs. L. J. O. Beauchemin and Alphonse Aumond to act as scrutineers, the election of the Board of Directors was then proceeded with, resulting as follows :- Hon. Alphonse Desjardins, A. S. Hamelin, Dumont Laviolette, Joel Leduc and A.L. de Martigny.
Proposed by Mr. Thomas Gauthier,

seconded by Mr. Alph. Aumond, that the thanks of the shareholders be extended to the President, Vice-President and Directors for the services they have rendered the Bank during the past year. Proposed by Mr. L.J. O. Beauchemin, se

conded by Mr. J. E. Beaudry, that the thanks of the shareholders be extended to the Managing Director, the Assistant Manager, the Inspector and the other officers of the Bank for the zeal displayed inthe discharge of their several duties.

Proposed by Mr. A. S. Hamelin, see onded by Mr. Dumont Laviolette, that the thanks of the shareholders be extended to the scrutineer, after which the meeting was declared closed.

(Signed), ALPH, DESIARDINS, President. A. L. DE MARTIGNY, Managing Director.

LITERARY NOTE.

A new book on Canada, by Dr. Bourinot, will shortly be issued. It is entitled How Canada in plain, simple language a short account eport, presented by the directors, of the of the executive, legislative, judicial and municipal institutions of the country, together with a sketch of their origin and development. The book will be illustrated with numerous engravings and autographs, and being the work of so eminent an authority as Dr. Bourinot, will be indispensable to those who wish to be well informed about the affairs of the Dominion. The Copp, Clark Company (Limited), Toronto, are the pub-



Is there anything more wholesome, more beautiful, more completely pleasing than a womanly woman? Such a woman is even tempered, intelligent, strong and healthy. Health really tells the whole story. Health means strong nerves and strong body, and they go far toward bringing good looks and amiability.

A woman worn and wearied by the dragging weaknesses peculiar to her sex, cannot be expected to find zest in any duty or amusement. Life is all one dead monotonous gloom to her. On her face is written the story of weakness and pain. The wholesomeness of health is lacking. The cheeks lack fullness, the eyes lack

sparkle, the hair lacks luster. Doctors have learned to locate ninetenths of womanly sickness in the organs that ought above all others to be strong

and healthy. Sensitive women shudder at the thought of consulting a physician on such matters. A natural feeling of modesty makes them dread the examination, and subsequent stereotyped treatment by "local applications" on which most

doctors insist. Much more often than not, this is unnecessary. It should not be submitted

to except as a last resort.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has cured thousands of severe cases of "female weakness." It works in a natural, sensible way. It begins by subduing the inflammation that is always present. Then it strengthens and invigorates the whole body, particularly the organs distinctly feminine. It promotes regularity, cures inflammation and ulceration, and stops the debilitating drain caused by them. Of all dealers.

UN-NERVED, TIRED People and invalids will find in CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE A pleasant restorative and appetizer. Pure and wholesome, it has stood the test of years,

MONTERA

Prepared only by K. CAMPSSLL & Co., Beware of Imitations. MONTER

Butter .

MERCH**ANES**BANK/FUTNADA ANNUAL MEETING.

Directors Report a Fairly Satisfactory Year's Business.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Merchants Bank of Canada was held in the Board Room of that institution Wednesday, June 19th, at noon, when there were present Mr. Andrew Allan. Sir Joseph Hickson,

Messrs, Jonathan Hodgson, Hector Mackenzie, T. H. Dunn (Quebec), J. P. Dawes, John Cassils, John Crawford, John Mor-rison, J. H. R. Molson, T. D. Hood, Captain W. H. Benyon, James Williamson, M. S. Foley, James O'Brien, F. S. Lyman, William Francis, M. Burke, Jas. Gardner, Captain Ritchie, John McConnell, and J. S. Marray.

The proceedings were opened by Mr. Andrew Allan, president, taking the chair, and requesting Mr. John Gault to act as secretary.

The Annual Report.

The president then submitted the following report of the Directors:-The Directors, in meeting the Stock-

holders of the Bank on this occasion, beg to present the following report:-The results of the business of the year have not been so large as those of last vear.

But the Stockholders will, no doubt, understand that the year which has just closed was one of exceptional dullness in trade, and of a low range of profits generally, not only in banking, but in nearly every line of business carried on in the country.

The net profits of the year, after pay-ment of charges, rebates on discounts, interest on deposits, and making pro-vision for bad and doubtful debts, have

amounted to \$551.849 51
The balance brought from last year, ending 31st May, 1894, was 5,428 29

This has been disposed of as follows; Dividend No. 52, at the rate of 8 per cent, per annum...\$240,000 00 Dividend No. 53, at same rate. 240,000 00

\$557,277 79 profits made this year amounted to earnings that year were 8 8-10 per cent., nearly nine and a quarter per cent. on | and they had steadily declined, until last the capital.

Although the business of the country generally was dull, the business of the Bank has been well maintained in every department, excepting circulation. This important item has shown a smaller average of figures than for many years back, largely owing to the low prices prevalent for nearly all agricultural pro-

The Bank this year has suffered no large loss. But a considerable number of small failures have taken place in the circle of its customers. From the number of these failures no loss resulted to the Bank: but it is impossible to bring out this result in every case.

The total amount of loss, however, for the year, was smaller than the average. But in view of possible depreciation in certain assets, it has been thought desirable, instead of carrying the whole of the profits forward, to add \$20,000 to Contingcut Fund. Amongst the losses of the year was one of a very exceptional character, viz., that incurred by the failure of the Commercial Bank of Newfoundland. The amount, however, was only small.

The Beard have decided to open a new branch at Hespeler, Ontario, the Bank having a considerable connection there, which it is important to conserve.

All the branches of the Bank have been inspected during the year, and its various officers have discharged their duties efficiently and with fidelity, and to the atisfaction of the Board.

The whole respectfully submitted. (Signed) Andrew Allan, President. Montreal, June 11th, 1895.

LIABILITIES AND ASSETS. The statement of Liabilities and Assets at the 31st May, 1895, is as follows:

Liabilities, Notes in circulation. ...\$2,352,684 00 \$2,259,012 00 Notes in cir Deposits not hearing interest...; Deposits bearing interest... Interest due thereon to date... \$2,135,188 40 2,388,260 32 \$,157,448 09 71,668 29 \$19,361,394.78 556,273 04 651,827,40

Balances due to Canadian Banks keeping Deposit Accounts with this Bank.
Balances due to Canadian Banks in Daily Exchanges.
Balances due to Agents in Great Britain.
Dividend No. 53
Dividends unclaimed. 666,769 44 240,000 00 1,683 50 182,107 47 240,000 00 2,015 00 Dividends unclaimed \$13,796,755 52 \$13,643,664 60

No. 2.—To the Stockholders, Capittal paid up \$6,000,000 00 Rest. 3,000,000 00 Surplus pro-fits. 57,277 79 5,428 28 \$9,057,277 79 74,215 00 Contingent Accounts. 56,480 00 \$22,928,248 31 \$22,605,572 88 .Sanita.

Gold and Silver Coin on hand.
Dominion Notes on hand.
Notes and Cheques of other Canadian Banks Balances due by other Canadian Banks in account and daily exchanges.
Balances due by Banks and Agents in the United States,
Dominion Government Bonds.
Provincial Government Bonds.
Railway and Municipal Bebentures
Call and Short Loans on Bonds and Stocks... Gold and Silver Coin on \$308,406 32 1,000,942 00 897,093 00 575,217 37 619,901 20 98,336,9272,674 71 346,308 06 206,247,02 1,089,820 15 1,078,132 45 321,510 85 1.125.446 85 912,918 85 4,558,050 44 4.918,176 31

194.528 63

and the counts 16,532,142 00
Less reserved for relate in full 88,763 19 16,643,438 81 16,684,590 62 Loans and Discounts overtue floss provided for) 142,875,04 160,952 82
Deposits with Bominion tovernment for security of Note circulation. 159,312 70 159,312 70
Mortgages, Bonds and other Securities, the property of the Bank 263,675 02 270,229 37 Real Estate 55,162 21 44,902 92 Hank premises and Furniture 536,668 20 537,283 20 14,911 39 18,964 81 niture Other Assets

536,868 20 14,211 39 537,283 20 18,964 81 \$22,928,248 31 \$22,605,572 88 The President then moved, seconded

by Mr. Hector Mackenzie,—
"That the report of the Directors as submitted be and the same is hereby distribution among the Stockholders," The President called upon the General

Manager, Mr. George Hague, for a few remarks on the financial outlook. After Mr. Hague's address, and remarks from some of those present, the motion for the adoption of the report was carried

unanimously. It was moved by Mr. John Crawford,

seconded by Mr. James O'Brien:-That Messrs, F. S. Lyman and James Williamson be appointed scrutineers of the election of Directors about to take place; that they proceed to take the votes immediately; that the ballot shall close at three o'clock p.m., but if an interval of ten minutes clapse without a vote being tendered, the ballot shall thereupon be closed immediately."

This was concurred in, after which Mr. J. H. R. Molson moved :-

'That the thanks of the Stockholders are due and are hereby tendered to the President, Vice-President and Directors for the manner in which they have conducted the institution during the past year, and to the General Manager for his efficient management during the year.'

In making the motion, Mr. Molson said that, though such a resolution was annually passed, this year he did not consider that it was a mere matter of form. Since the bank was reorganized, many years ago, it had been steadily progressing. It had a good Board of Directors, and the shareholders knew how efficient the General Manager had been as well. He thought it might be said with truth that they had done their duty very well. The earnings of all banks had during the past year been very much interfered with, owing to the plenitude of money. He was surprised that Mr. Crawford, who might know better, because he knew what was going on in the world, was disappointed at the earnings of the Merchants Bank being only a trifle over 9 per cent. It was better than he (Mr. Molson) had expected. A short time ago he was reading an extract from a banking paper which gave a statement of the average carnings of the banks in the United States for the past The Stockholders will note that the 25 years. Beginning 1840 the average year they were 5 per cent., showing that all over the world there was a superabundance of money, and that banks had a difficulty in earning their dividends. He considered that the Merchants' Bank had done exceedingly well, and the Directors and the General Manager were entitled to the thanks of the Shareholders.

Mr. T. D. Hood seconded the motion, which was unanimously agreed to. It was moved by Mr. John Morrison, seconded by Mr. M. Burke:--

"That the thanks of the meeting are due and are hereby tendered to the chairman for his efficient conduct of the business of the meeting."

The motion was carried with cheers, and shortly afterwards the Scrutineers reported that the following gentlemen had been duly elected as Directors:—

Andrew Allan, ROBERT ANDERSON. HECTOR MACKENZIE, JONATHAN HODGSON, John Cassus, H. MONTAGU ALLAN, James P. Dawes, J. H. Dunn, SIR JOSEPH HICKSON. The meeting then adjourned.

The new Board of Directors met in the afternoon, when Mr. Andrew Allan was re-elected President, and Mr. Hector Mackenzie was elected Vice-President, in

COBOURG'S NEW CHURCH.

place of Mr. Robert Anderson.

LAYING OF THE CORNER STONE ON SUNDAY.

Imposing Ceremonies and Eloquent Addresses by Bishop O'Connor and Rev. Father McColl.

The corner stone of the new St. Michael's Church, Cobourg, was formally laid on Sunday, 9th inst. Almost the entire ground surrounding the new church was occupied by the large gathering, of all denominations, who had come out in the broiling hot sun to witxess the imposing ceremony, which was performed by Bishop O'Connor, assisted by Rev. Father McColl, of Ennismore; Rev. Father Larkin, of Grafton; Rev. Father Lynch, of Port Hope, and Rev. Father

Murray, parish priest.
Shortly after four the procession emerged from the residence and proceeded to the rear of the new edifice, where a portion of the ritual was read at the foot of a temporary cross, erected where the altar will stand when this beautiful structure is completed.

Passing to the southeast corner His Lordship proceeded to lay and bless the corner stone, which was prepared by Mr. P. DeLanty and measured two feet square. A hollow space was made in the centre of the stone in which a tin box was placed containing a manuscript on which was inscribed the following:

On this 9th day of June, 1895, the corner stone of this church was laid by the Right. Rev. A. R. O'Connor, Bishop of Peterborough, assisted by the Rev. E. H. Murray, pastor of Cobourgh; Rev. Father M. Larkin, pastor of Graiton; Rev. Father Lynch, pastor of of Port Hope; Rev. Father W. J. McColl, pastor of Ennismore. This auspicious event occurred during the reign of Victoria, Queen of Great Britain and Ireland and Empress of India, and during the administration of Lord Aberdeen as Governor-General of Canada and the Hon, George A. Kirkpatrick, Lieut.-Governor of the Province of Ontario, and during the premiership of Sir McKenzie Bowell, of the Dominion Parliament and of Sir Oliver Mowat as

D'ARCY TANSEY, L.D.S.,

Dental Surgeon, 176 BLEURY STREET,

Corner of St. Catherine Street.

CONTINUOUS GUM WOFK A SPECIALTY.



A Reverend has Refreshing Sleep After Hard Study.

After Hard Study.

Etwood, Ind., March 6, 1891.

I used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic for nervous and restless nights after hard study; it gave me refreshing sleep and great relief. I also ordered it for another person who suffered from nervousness and it did him much good.

REV. B. BIEGEL.

Delett, Onto Feb. 1891.

A young man 23 years old who is subject to a rush of blood to the head, especially at the time of the full moon, and he at such times raves and is out of his mindt, Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic helps nim every time, so says

is out of his mind, Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonio helps nim every time, so says REV. WM. SCHOLL.

REV. WM. SCHOLL.

LOWELL, OHIO, July, 6, 1050.

I had epileptic fits for about four years, two every week, when Rev. J. Kampmeyer recommended Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic; since using it have had none. It is the best epileptic medicine I have ever used and I have used many.

ADAM CRAMER

A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases and a sample bottle to any address. Poor patients also get the medicine free.

This remedy has been prepared by the Rev. Father Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., suce 1876, and is now under his direction by file

KOZNIG MED. CO., Chicago, III. 49 S. Franklin Street Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle, 6 for \$5.

Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9. In Montreal by LAVIOLETTE NELSON, 1605 Notre Dame street.

SEEDS. The old reliable Seed House This is the place to get. Genuine good Seeds, and Now is the time. Order early,

WM. EVANS.

Cor. McGill & Foundling Streets Premier of the Province of Ontario: Geo. Guillet, Esq., being the member for West Northumberland, in the Dominion Parliament, C. C. Field, Esq., in the Ontario Legislature, and R. Wilson, Esq., Mayor of Cobourg. The architect of the building was E. J. Belcher, Esq. of Peterborough. The contractors were C. Car-ruthers, John Gordon, J. E. Hayes, P. J. McNamara and W. R. Whitelaw. The following gentlemen composed the building committe: Dr. E. C. McNicholl, D. Rooney, James Bulger, Jas. Butler, M. Quinn, Edward Gordon and J. B. McColl.

Rev. Father McColl, of Ennismore, delivered the oration of the day, which was a flow of eloquence from beginning to end. The rev. gentleman's subject was on the great commandment respecting love of God and our neighbor. He pointed out that the vast assemblage, composed of all creeds, which was present to assist in the blessing of a corner stone for a church to be erected for the worship of Almighty God, was proof of love for God and that necessarily involved the love of

one's neighbors. Reference was also made to the beauty of the town, and to the evidence of har mony existing in the community where all creeds were present to assist in a ceremony incident to the crection of a church to the worship of God, in whom all believed in common.

His Lordship, Bishop O'Connor, also delivered a brief but exceeding eloquest and appropriate address, thanking most cordially the large number not only of his own belief, but of all denominations who had assembled to show their good will for the glory of God. His Lordship also thanked those Protestant citizens who had so generously contributed in the past towards the erection of the presbytery, and towards the payment of the various church property at Cobourg. He also thanked those who had assisted to build the new church, and congratulated the citizers of all denominations that so much harmony and good will had existed in the past, and hoped that in the future a still greater peace and union would bind the citizens closer together and make them feel proud of our country

and of their beautiful town. The offertory, which was taken up by the clergy and committee, was a liberal one—over \$400 having been contributed. The blessing of the coundation of the church, during which the choir sang several pieces, brought the service to a

The finances for the new structure are now in a good healthy condition, and the Catholics and public spirited Protestants are to be congratulated upon a liberality that will secure the town an architectural ornament in the shape of one of the finest

church structures in the diocese. The Rev. Father Edward Murray has labored unceasingly for the just five cears to accomplish what took place Sunday, and is being congratulated on all sides by Catholics and Protestants alike for the creditable edifice that is being creeted, which would be an ornament to a much larger town, and with the beautiful convent school and ground on the west side of the church and the achitectural parsonage on the south will present a very handsome appearance to the locality where the structures are situated.

A SAD EVENT. A BOY KILLED BY HIS FRIEND IN A DRAMA.

A theatrical performance given by the pupils of the Champlain school, on Fullum street, last Thursday evening, came to an abrupt end by the tragic death of one of the actors. It appears that the pupils have been rehearing for a considerable time and were so well up in their parts that both the actors and their friends, who were to form the audience, were looking forward to spending a pleasant evening. In one portion of the piece daggers played a conspicuous part in the action, and for this purpose wooden weapons were supplied; but Ovide Laurin and a companion, it appears, devised a scheme to make the scene more realistic by using a steel dagger. Laurin, unknown to his parents, secured the weapon and when on the stage handed it to his companion. All went well for a while, until the mimic stabbing was in order, and then, to everyone's surprise and horror, the stabbing was found in stead of being imitation, to be realism. The young actor had been carried away by the excitement. With a shrick Laurin sank to the stage, bleeding pro-fusely. Willing hands were soon rendering aid to the little sufferer, and medical assistance was sent for, but within eight minutes Laurin breathed his last.