THE TRUE WITNESS AND CATHOLIC CHRONICLE.

8

THE IBISH CHANOELLOB. DUBLIN, Sept. 25.-Bir Edward Sullivan has taken the oath of office as Lord Chancellor of Ireland, succeeding the Bight Hon. Hugh Law who died recently.

HEADS OF THE LAW ... The Irish Ohancellorship has been held by some famous men-one might add by an especially large number of men of the essenespecially large number of men of the essen-tially successful type. Of those who have had the custody of the great soal of Ireland since the Bevolution, at least ten have found-ed families. Their representatives in the peerage of to day are Lords Methuen, Nor-manby, Midleton, Roden, Lifford, Bedesdale, Manners, Plunket, Strathedon and Campbell, and St. Leonards. The only two in the list who sat on the English woolsack-Lords Campbell and St. Leonards-succeeded each other as heads of the law in Ireland, though in other as heads of the law in Ireland, though Sir Edward Sudgon had been once Ohanoal-lor of Ireland before he took Campbell's place in 1841. Campbell's appointment is always spoken of as a "job," intended to give him a retiring pension of $\pounds 4,000$ a year. It was certainly Lord Melbourne's fashion of paying a party debt; but it should not be forgotten that Campbell declined the pension.

LOCAL FAME,

The fame of the Irish Chancellors has been, as a rule, of rather a local kind. But Lord Methuen, for instance, is known in history Methuen, for instance, is known in instally chiefly for his achievements as a diplomatist. He it was who negotiated the treaty with Portugal which bears his name, and which did more than anything else to make England for upward of a century a port drinking mation. John Flizgibbon, Earl of Clare (Chancellor from 1789 to 1802) is also known on the English eide of St. George's Channel. His last male descendant was killed at Balaklava. George Ponsonby (1806-7) bccame leader of the Whig party in the House of Commons on Lord Grey's accession to the Upper House. Thomas, Lord Manners (1807-27), had previously been a baron of the Eng-Wish Exchequer. Sir Anthony Hart (1827-30) had been Vice-Ohancellor of England. Perhaps the greatest name on the list is that of the Irich" Demosthenes, Lord Plunket, who was Chancellor from 1830 to 1834, and again from 1835 to 1841.

PICKED UP AT SEA.

THERIBLE SUFFERINGS OF TWO MEN-SIX DAVE IN AN OPEN BOAT.

Sr. JOHN'S, N.F., Sept. 21.-The schooner Mercury, a French fishing vessel, arrived last night at St. Plerre from the Great Banks. She brought in two Newfoundland fishermen, had made a dreg of their cars to keep the dory's head to sea, but the rope unfortunately parted and they were thus loit to the fury of the wind and waves. Matthews took of his neck scari on the fourth day and hoisted it on a bosthook as a signal of distress.

SUFFERING OF THE MEN.

On the Sth a Belfast brig, bound to Miramichi, sighted the ocoan wait by its flag and bore down on it, only in time to rescue the poor fellows from a horrible death. Both had become del'ricus, and Walsh, in a paroxysm of delirium, cut open his veins and sucked his blood to allay the burning thirst that was consuming him. So enfeeded were they that the brig's crew had to hoist them on board. On the 12th they were transferred to the Mer-

oury and landed at St. Plerre last night. The Mercury also brought in Captain John Hiscock, Horatio Lodge, Thomas Lodge and William Hobbs, who were saved from the wrecked Newfoundland banker Mediauna. They report that they know nothing of the fate of the remainder of the crew. All four of them took refuge in one dory.

FINANCIAL.

TEUR WITHESE OFFICE, TURSDAY, Sept. 25, 1883 The money market remains unchanged,

The money market remains unchanged, ratos of discount being 61 to 71 per cent., and of call loans 5 to 51 per cent. Sterling ex-change is steady at 81 prem. for 60-day bills between banks, 82 prem. cash over the coun-ter, 91 to 95 prem. for demand bills. Drafts on New York are sold at 1 prem. The financial markets to day were quiet. Money is in abundant supply and loaned at tr good change and the market has remained

Money is in abundant supply and loaned at ourrent rates. While the present cloud is hanging over the market there is not much demand from stock borrowers and busi-ness requirements are only moderately large. Stocks were all easier up to mid-to the market from that another to support day, though the reason is not very apparent. tory. The decline was not confined to the Senecal much The decline was not comment to the issues at stocks, but was participated in by the banks. Merchants' declined 4 this morning Toronto 4, Passenger 1, Bichelieu 1 and Telegraph 1 per cent.

per cent. $3 \in Stock Sales - 1$ Montreal 1977; 29 Mer-chants 1207; 25 do 1201; 221 do 120; 15 do 1193; 50 Toronto 1814; 100 do 181; 50 Onta-rio 115; 70 Commerce 1312; 50 Northwest 723 6d; 50 Passenger 117; 50 do 116; 15 Richelieu 642; 50 do 642; 60 do 632; 70 Televraph 121. Telegraph 121.

OOMMERCIAL. WEEKLY BEVIEW - WHOLESALE MABKETS.

For most of the week under review we have had splendid fall weather, and the tran-sactions in wholesale branches of trade reached a large aggregate. A few failures occurred, but they were for insignifi-cant amounts and were not induced by the suspension of the Exchange Bank, whose largest cnetomers have obtained accommodation which enables them to continue their business as before. In staple groceries a really good movement is shown, and country orders have come in with satisfactory frequency enough to show that trade has budded into something like animation. Sugar has been active and firm ; toa in better request, especially for the finer grades; coffee quiet and inactive ; rice firm; finits quiet in the absence of stocks; and spices generally firm and in light supply. Dry goods have been without new feature, a

quiet trade passing in a way that does not at-tract attention. The metal markets have been rather tame, but no important changes in values have occurred. Boots and shoes have developed greater activity, and the out-look is very promising. Leather, however, named Matthews and Walsh, who had got astray from their schooner, A. O. Harris, when off the Grand Banks on September 2. has been somewhat more active. The lumber They were six days and nights in their dory trade has been moderately active. The lumber trade has been moderately active. Anthraoite without a particle of food or water. They coal has advanced, and chemicals have ruled strong. The movement of flour has been greatly curtailed by its scarcity, and the recelpts are hardly enough to supply local wanta.

> DRY GOODS .- This time last year was Exhibition week, and the busiest period of the senson, making quite a contrast with the prcsent quietness. The city retail trade, howover, has been pretty fair. A healthy feature in the cituation is that stocks are not heavy either in the hands of wholesale or retail dealers. In cotton goods there is no ohange, the market being steady under a fair seasorable run of orders. In Canadian tweeds the Bosamond Mills, Almonte, Oat., are turning out an entirely new class of pure worsted goods equal to the very finest qualities of imported goods, which are taking well. Another new feature is that certain kinds of receipts prices are firmly maintained at 19c woollen goods of Canadian make are being to 20c per dozen. Butter, pork, lard and shipped to England, having been ordered from sample. Remittances are not generally

as good as expected.

probable future contingencies. We quote :-Pine, 1st quality, per, M\$35' to 40; de 2nd, \$22 to 25; do shipping oulls, \$15 to 17; spruce, per M, \$12 to 14; do oulls, \$9 to 10; oak, per M, \$40 to 45; hard maple, per M, \$20 to 22; soft, do, per M, \$16; basswood, per M, \$18 to 20; black walnut, 1st and 2nd, \$100 to 110; do let \$10 to 120; do onlie, \$60 to 65; hem-

in good shape, and there are few expressions of an unfavorable character to be heard. All kinds of fine teas are considered desirable Holders in consequence display confidence over the situation, and a healthy undertons prevails for most descrip-tions. In addition to the improved local demand, the news from New York and London is of a strengthening tendency, and these markets are measurably better than this. Some forther large lines offered on New York so-

count have been withdrawn. HIDES .- The market has been very quiet during the week, both as regards native and foreign hides, but no change can be made in prices. We quote green butchers' hides, 8c, 7c and 6c per lb, for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 respec-tively. Inspected hides are sold to tanners at lo advance upon the foregoing figures. Toronto hides 9c to 91c No. 1, and 8c to 81c No. 2 Western green salted-No. 1 buff 91c to 91c; No. 2, 8c to 81c. Dry salted 161c No 1, and 141c No. 2; lambakins, 55c; clips,

55c; caliskins, 10c per lb. PETROLEUM.-The demand was brisk at firm prices, partly because consumption is on the increase as the season progresses. Some speculative transactions for forward delivery have also been made, but refiners do not care about selling ahead. Petrolia advices have a stiffening effect. We quote osr lots 1640; broken lots 1640 to 170; and single barrels 1710 to 1810.

LOCAL COMMERCIAL-SEPT. 25.

The grain market is very dull and prices unchanged as follows :-- Canada red aro winter wheat \$1.21 to 1.22; do white winter \$1.16 to 1.18; do spring \$1.17 to 1.19; Toledo red winter \$1.13 to 1.14; Detroit white winter, No 2, \$1.10 to 1.12; Chicago and Milwaukee spring \$1.07 to 1.09. Corn 62c to 63c; peas 95c to 971c; cats 33c to 350; rye, 6710 to 70c; barley nominal. Ocean freights were quiet at 25 6d to 3s for spot to forward shipment to Liver-pool; 3s 3d to 3s 6d to Glasgow and 3s 6d to 3s 9d to London and Bristol. Flour to Liverpool 15s, and to Glasgow 16s 31 to 17s 6d. The flour market rules very firm and at the same time dull, but owing to scarcity, holders have been enabled to again put up prices on the finer grades of winter wheat flour. There was some enquiry for export, and 600 sacks superior were placed tc-day for Glasgow account. The only cales reported were 75 brls extra at \$5 60 and 150 brls *spring extra at \$5 30. Oatmeal keeps quiet at \$5 25 to \$5 30, and commeal at \$3 40 to \$3 50. Obeese-It is said that as high as 11c was paid in Ogdensburg on Saturday for late make on Montreal account. Shippers, as a rule, report nothing very encouraging from the other side. The public cable is un-changed at 523. We quote 93: to 104 c, and jobbing selections 10c to 11c. Eggs-The provaling demand runs light, but under light meats are unchanged.

In the hay market the best timothy is quoted at \$8 50 per 100 bundles, and ordinary IRON AND HARDWARE --- Beyond sales of to fair at from \$5 to \$8. Straw was quiet at small parcels on spot very little has been from \$4 to \$6 per 100 bundles. Pressed hay

selling at from to \$2 to 4 50 each; sheep from \$4 to 8 each. A few calves were disposed of at from \$5 to 16 scoording to size and quality.

Becent engagements at this port have been made at £4. The following were shipments of cattle from this port for week ending September 22 1883, with comparison :

Oattle. Sheep SS Ontarlo, Liverpool..... 227 845 SS Lake Huron, Liverpool.... 421 1,653 890

Total 734 3,307
 Total corresp'g week 1882.
 1,371
 2,410

 Total to date.
 41,374
 76,859

 Total to date, 1882.
 34,004
 62,905

 Total to date, 1881.
 36,642
 51,524

TOO MUCH SUGAR !!

Sugar is a useful article of diet, yet I dare-say the ancients lived very comfortably without it. The people of England were without sugar until the fourteenth century. Though sugar is found in nearly all of the fruits, vegetables, seeds and meats that constitute our food, it would be very inconvenient to be de-

because they have been improperly fed, and the irritated stomach demands the cooling influence of water to allay its tendency to inflammation.

A mother often complains that her child is troubled greatly with a sour stomach, but this case is no longer mysterious when the mother, to quiet the little one so that she can continue her account of the case, sets down before her a little dish of sugar, from which the child may help itself. Most which the child may help itself. mothers would give candy or a cookie instead, though some feed their children lumps of sugar from the bowl, believing that the children need sugar, and might better have it in that form than in any other. In any case of this kind there is a very frequent call

for water. Do you know how vinegar is made? You can get plenty of it by simply mixing sugar or molasses with water and keeping it warm. A sour taste in the mouth after eating sweets, is of very common occurrence. It is the acid caused by the fermentation of the sugar left in the month, with the saliva that causes the decay of children's teeth-this and the lack of bone-forming material in the daily food. Vinegar "cats" lime, as one can tell by leaving an egg in vinegar. Bits of sugar or candy leit to ferment among the testh destroy their enamel, as well as do pickles. The child that is fed on sweets naturally craves pickles as an antidote, but well-fed ohlidren are contented with plain nonrishing food if properly prepared and sofficiently varied. Many imagine that all ohildren should have free access to both sugar and pickles in order to supply what they suppose to be natural cravings, and to prevent theits of sugar from the family bowl. A mit-

taken policy. In "Foods" by Dr. Edward Smith, of England, we find a statement of the danger from feeding children condensed milk as made (with sugar) in that country. Childen fed on it grow fat and seem to thrive, but disease casily makes them a prey. They are clow in learning to walk, and take on easily those physical malformations suggestive of " rick. etr," pigeon breasts, large heads, bow-legs and stunted bodies, all because the sugar



FOR THE KIDNEYS, LIVER & URINARY ORGANS THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER.

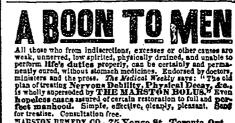
THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER. There is perhaps nothing we eat that works more misohief, especially with the liver and kidneys, than sugar used in excess. The evil begins in babyhood, when the milk or gruel for baby's bottle is unduly sweetened. Too starohy food may also produce un-pleasant resulte, as it is one cause and aggra-vation of some diseases of the kidneys. After considerable experience with healtby children who seldom showed any great thirst for water in infancy, and who were not fed sugar or candy or sweetened food when very young, I am led to believe that when little ones keep calling frequently for water, it is because they have been improperly fed, and For sale by all dealers.

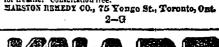
H. H. WARNER & CO., Toronto, Ont., Rochester N.V., London, En



DE. E. O. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREAT. MENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizzi-ness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervons Neuralgis, Headache, Nervons Prostration caused by the use of alcohol ertobacco, Wakefulness, Hentai Depression, Soffening of the Brain resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Sperma-tornhose caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box con-tains one month's treatment. One Bollsr a box or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail post paid on receipt of prices, with each order re-ceived by us for fix boxes, socompanied with St wo will send the purchaser our written guaran-tes to refund the money if the troatment door not effect a cure. Guaranteeal issued only by R E March Al F financia?

B. E. McGALE, Chemist, 801 ST. JOSEPH STREET, MONTREAL. Bawase of chean installons









September 26, 1883



Teaching Truth.

and a training the state of the second and the second state of the

Bibles, Prayer Books.

Glories of Mary.

Life of Christ.

Faith of Our Fathers.

Life of the Blessed Virgin,

Lives of the Saints (Illustrated).

Life of O'Connell.

History of Ireland.

Glories of Ireland.

Household Book of Irish Elouence.

The Irish National Library.

Moore's Poetical Works.

Speeches from the Dock.

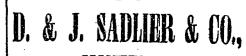
New Ireland.

Ireland of To-Day.

Father Burke's Sermons and Lectures.

Mirror of True Womanhood and True Men as we Need Them.

Treasure of Pious Souls.



MONTREAL.

TERMS CASH WITH ORDERS.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

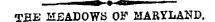
CHURCH ORNAMENTS.

MESSRS. FRECHON, LEFEBVRE & CO.

245 Notre Dame Street,

Having bought at a special low rate the entire

Finance and Commerce



SPRINGFIELD, PRINCE GEORGE'S Co., MD.-Mr. Chas. G. Addison, of the above place, states: "I sprained my right knee causing intense suffering, and the use of crutches for several weeks. I found no relief in other remedies and finally tried the miracle of cure, St. Jacobs Oll. In a short time I could bend my knee-which had been as stiff as an iron 10d,-laying aside my crutches and was able to walk as well as ever."

A REMARKABLE WOMAN.

DEATH OF AN CLD FEMALE WHO HAD LETTERS IN THE HANDWBITING OF TWO KINGS.

Enn, Pa., Sept. 25 .- A few weeks ago the newspapers announced the death of an old lady living near here named Margaret Gaunt, who for many years had lived the life of a recluse. From some words dropped by her in a fow isolated cases of neighborly confidence it is believed she had a remarkable history, but what it was the most diligent enquiries failed to discover. On her deathbed she scaled up some papers and directed that they should be delivered to one Ernest Churchill Gaunt, of Woodin Underedge, Gloucester, Eng, when he should come for them, as she said he would certainly. Yesterday an Englishman arrived and took possession of the documents. He says they are of the utmost importance for proving claims against the Bri-tish crown for \$2,000,000 which have been pending for over 100 years, and that owing to family difficulties and dissensions the deceased, who discovered the papers of her ancestors, withheld them from the family to gratify hor hatred of one who will be greatly bonefited by their production. Among the papers which Mr. Gaunt carried to Europe with him are two letters in the handwriting of King James the Second, three from William the Third, one from the Infamous Judge Jeffreys, and papers written by many eminent noblemen of that day. These papers were discovered by Miss Gaunt sixty years ago in an old piece of furniture that had been in the family over 150 years, and the discovery was concealed from the family for the reason mentioned. The poor old woman who died alone and almost friendless had not the reas the oruel fismes licked her body and scorched and shrivelled her limbs.

The nectings of the National Land League in Ireland, on Sunday, passed off without distar-bance.

Mr. Peter McTavish, of Sullivan, near Porth, Ont., has been ored to death by a vicious bull on his farm.

The negotiations lately going on between France and the Vatioan have reached a conclu-sion satisfactory to the latter.

ing. We quote prices as follows :--Biemens, \$20 50 to 21; Coltness and Langloan, \$21 50; Gartsherrie, Summerleo and Calder, \$20 25 to 20 50, and Eglinton, \$1815. Sootoh warrante are down 2d on the week to 46s 2d. Advices from the American markets state that fears are expressed that the output of pig iron is again materially over-lapped the domand, and signs of unsettledness are apparent. Glasgow freights to Montreal are firm, the asting rate being 123 6d. A good deal of forward space has already been secured. Stock of pig iron in stores in Glasgow was as follows on the dates named :- August 28 1883, 585,-255 tone, against 630,005 tons August 29, 1882; September 4th, 1883, 585,431 tone, against 629,575 tons September 5, 1882. Wock's increase, 176 tons. Shipmonts last week, 15,683 tons; corresponding week 1882, 16,076 tons. Bar iron remains quiet and un. changed at \$1 90 to 2 as to size of lots. Hoops and bands, 21c to 21c. Only a moderate business has transpired in tin plates which are still quoted at \$5 for I O charcoal and 4 40 for I U coke. Canada plates are in good request, and sales are reported on the basis of \$310 for Penn and equal. Pig tin has moved up to £94 10s in Londor, being an advance of 10s on the week, Chill bars £63 7s Gd. Here prices are steady at 231c to 24c.

good many buyers have made their presen known, but isw seem disposed to make larg purchases, the majority confining themselv to an actual requirements basis. In this wa howover, a fair business has been done at steady prices. The market for sole leather has not developed any encouraging feature, and, although we hear of a fair round amount changing hands, yet the general tons is rcmarkable for nothing beyond what it was a week sgo. In No. 3 Spanish there has been more business, one lot of 2,000 sides selling at 19c, and another lot of like amount at 21c. Prices may be considered steady all round. We quote :-- Spanish sole, No. 1, B A, 25c to 27c; do No 2, BA, 22c to 24c; China No. 1, 22c to 230; do No. 2, 19c to 21c; Buffalo No. 1, 21c to 22c; do No. 2, 19c to 20c; markable history that ramor credited her slaughter No. 1, 25e to 28e; rough (light) with, but she was a great-grea commonwealth of Pennsylvania gazing at her buff, 14c to 16c; pebbled cow 12c to 15c; splits, medium, 22 to 27c; do, junic., 19c to 21c; caliskin, light, 60c to 75c; do, heavy, 76c to 85c; French caltakin, \$1 05 to \$1 35; to 1640.

LUMBER-The movement this week has continued of moderate proportions, and unattended by any important new feature, ex-

100 lbs retail as to quality. A lot of good Berthier hay, consisting of about 8 tons, was sold at \$10 75 per ton on the wharf.

The demand for both white and yellow sugar continues active, and some further large sales are reported at to advance in granplated and 1c advance in yellows. Two sales of 500 barrels each of granulated were made yesterday at 8gc, and we quote 8go to 8gc. Utica, N.Y., Sept. 24 .- 10,450 boxes of cheese were sold to day at 101c to 11c, the bulk at 10%;; 875 boxcs were consigned. Little Falls, Sept. 24-10,260 boxes of cheese sold at 9% to 11c, the bulk at 10%;; 1,180 were consigned.

The following were the amounts of grain, flour, and meal in store in Montreal on the dates mentioned :---

Ĩ	Sept. 22.	Sept. 15.	Sept. 23,
1	1883.	1883.	1882.
I	Wheat, bush	127,953	62,008
ļ	Corn hugh	72,541	1,500
1	Peas, bush 3,651	2,615	2,085
	Oats, bush	34,780	3,907
1	Barley, bush	25,244	493
	Rye. hush	31,199	
	Flour, bris 34,712	34,785	28,389
		130	78
ŀ	Cornmeal, bris 185	185	4

any perceptible increase, it is certain that sellers have the market more in their favor as far as regards black leather, the stock of which has been materially reduced in bulk, and consequently more easily controlled. A SHIPMENTS OF DAIBY PRODUCE.

A 1	boxes,
ICO	1883 to date
go 7es ay,	1882 to date
- : :	

week, only one or two sales having taken place. Mr. Kimball, of the Montreal Horse Exchange, has just received one carload of beavy drait horses, 15 in all, from Mr. W. D. Maco of Upper Canada. Forty Shetlaud and Exmcor ponies also arrived by the S.S. Lucerne, and will be sold at the Exchange. There were also 17 Clydesdale stallions mares and English draft horses shipped by the S.S. Lucerne, the property of Mr. Copeland, of Illinois, but only six of them reached this side alive ewing to the roughness of the voyage. About 25 ponies will arrive in a fow days by S.S. Texas, of the Dominion Line. Mr. Kimball shipped one carload of horses for general purposes to Massachusetts in care of Mr. W. D. Mace. The Albany, N.Y. market is quiet and unchanged, sales during the past week being reported there of English kidskin, 60c to 70c; patent cow, 15c 8 horses at prices ranging from \$175 to \$300 each.

MONTBEAL OATTLE MARKET.

At Messrs. Acer & Kennedy's yards, Polit cept that negotiations are in progress for St. Uharles, the market was only fair; export some large amounts. Local consumption esttle were selling at from 5c to 510 for St. Charles, the market was only fair ; export has not increased. Necessity governs the choice, and sheep sold at from 41c to 5c per action of all buyors, who, as a rule, make Ib. Hogs were easier and quoted at \$6 to little or no investment against the future. 6 50 per 100 lbs. About 320 head of eattle Dealers are not inclined to add to stocks in were offered for sale at the Viger market, the The Vatican has authorized the Catholic bishops expelled from Prussia to open negotia-tions with the Prussian Government for a re supply is ample, both for present wants, and lambs mot with fair enquiry, the latter

done in pig iron during the week, and on the whole business has been rather disappoint-ing. We quote prices as followe:-Biemens, S20 50 to 21: Coltness and Langlan S21 50. worse, In more than one way, I have been con-

vinced that the sugar habit has a bad effect upon the morals. It his the sugar-fed child that is most tempted to steal. Its abnor-mal appetite for something which gives only a temporary gratification to the sense of a temporary grainestion to the sense of taste leads to excessive indulgence, and to decsit and downright dic-honesty. I know of little children who use candy as playthings and nover seem to think of eating it "between meals." I have seen children go for months without a piece of cake or bit of candy or sugar except as cocked in food, and they never seemed to have the least desire for those things. And I have seen children who were very freely supplied with sweets, tease for them, bargain for them, cry for them, and seem to set their gratification of the palate above all other childish pleasures. This and the call for "drink" which it creates, especially for some acid drink, point directly down the read of intemperance.

FAITH HOCHESTER,

BIRTH.

KEHOE.-At No. 28 Gain street, on the 18th inst., the wife of P. Kehoe of a son. 67 2 PIGEON.-AtSt. Charles, on the 18th inst. the wife of George Pigeon, of a daughter. LAMERE.-At St. Charles, on the 2nd inst. the wife of Frz. Lamere, of a son.

YOUNG.-At 4 Richmond Square, on the 21st inst., the wife of John G. Young of a son. 70 3

MARRIED.

PENDERGASI-MCGRATH,-On Thursday, September 20th, at St. Patrick's Ohurch, by the Rev. Father Dowd, P.P., William Fendergast, of Chicago. to Elizabeth McGrath, daughter of Mr. T. McGrath, of this city. No cards.

AIT. T. MCGREAD, of this city. No catas. LANGAN-McCREADY-On the 18th inst., at St. Ann's Church by the Rev. J. De Repentigny, Frank Langau, son of the late George Langan, Dorea, County Meath, Ireland, to Maggie Louisa McUready, daughter of the late Thos. McCready, of this city. No cards. Dublin Freeman's Journal and Nenagh Guardian please copy. 68 2

Guardian please copy. 68 2 MONALLY-CLARKE.-At St. Ann's Church, en the 186h inst., by the Rev. Father De Re-pentigny, Mr. W. P. McNally, of Brislol, Conn.. U.S., to Miss Bridget Clarke, of this city. 672 U.S., to Miss Bridget Clarke, of this city. 672 BEAUDIN-NORRIS.-On the 18th Septem-ber instant, at St. Patrick's Ohurch, by the Rev. Father Dowd, P.P., S. Beaudin, advocate, to Miss Mary Norris, daughter of Mr. John Norris, of this city. 671 HOWARD-MCNEICE.-On the 24th inst., at St. Patrica's Church, by the Rev. Father Dewd, P.P., Mr. M. Howard, son of Mr. James Howard, to Miss Mary Ann McNelce, eldest daughter of the late William MoNeice, of this city. Boston, Mass., U.S., and Now York papers

be late William MoNeice. of this city. Boston, Mass., U.S., and New York papers 72 j

please copy.

DIED. FLYNN-At his residence, No. 870 Bonsecours treet, on the 19th inst., John Joseph Flynn, agec. 80 years.

agec 80 years. O'HEARN.-In this elty, on the 17th inst., Daniel O'Hearn, aged 40 years, brother of John O'HEARN.-In this city, on the 21st inst., CHERRY.-In this city, on the 21st inst., Idly Amelia, aged 7 months and 10 days, infant daughter of Arthur Oherry. ROONEX-In this city on the 20th inst., Bridget Rooney, a native of the County Sligo, Ireland.

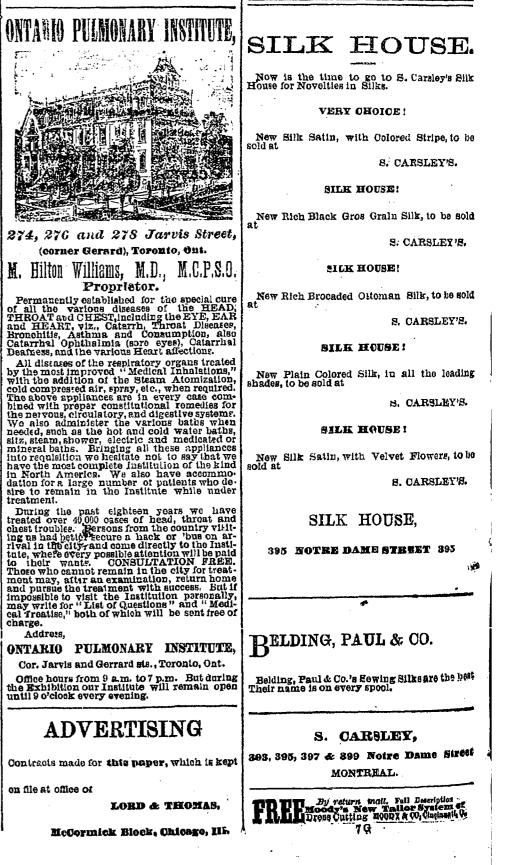
McQUADE—On Sunday the 23rd inst., Sarah Kelly, aged 28 years, dearly beloved wife of Robert McQuade. A loving wife and young mother, Leaves this world of care and bother, Enters heaven high and bright, There to dwell in great delight. 72 2 on file at office of

charge.

Address.



Senecal & Co., will sell immediately at cost price, a complete assoriment of Church ornamonts, Sacred Vases, Statues, Altar Wine, Cassocks, etc., etc. 22 eow



MONTREAL HORSE MARKET. Business has been very dull during the

pkg8, 33,112 22,653 73,359 112,533