

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

We call attention to the new map of the enterprising Mr. McArara, newsdealer, which will be found in another place. It is what is called the land ord map of Ireland, and shows the estates of the great lords in the counties. It should be in every house, for it is both cheap and useful.

LAND LEAGUE MEETING.

The regular weekly meeting of the St. Gabriel branch of the Irish National Land League was held in their hall on Sunday evening last.

The meeting was largely attended and all the members who were selling tickets for the lecture settled up their accounts, which proved it to be a financial success.

After the routine business of the meeting was transacted, a hearty vote of thanks was unanimously passed to J. D. Parrell, Esq., M. A., B. C. L., for the very eloquent lecture he delivered on Thursday evening last.

DEATH RATE IN 1881.

The death record for the year 1881 for Montreal has been completed by Dr. Larocque, of the Health Department. It shows that during the last year there had been 3,840 deaths. The number from the various diseases was smallpox 5, diphtheria 164, typhoid fever 95, dysentery 34, diarrhoea 285, cholera in children 161, tetanus 85, consumption 386, bronchitis 137, pneumonia 154, and other maladies of the respiratory organs 119. Thus it will be seen that more than half of the deaths have been due to maladies of the respiratory organs, but it is gratifying to find that there have been so few deaths from smallpox. Of the whole number of deaths 1,391 were in infants under one year, a rather alarming statement; 760 under 5 years, 135 from 5 to 10 years. On the other hand the healthy climate is shown by the fact that there were 197 deaths of persons between 60 and 70 years, 189 between 70 and 80, 133 between 80 and 90, and 17 between 90 and 100 years.

THE ICE BRIDGE.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY—THE SCHEME LIKELY TO BE DEFEATED THIS YEAR.

Last year the citizens of Montreal saw an experiment which created in Canada and throughout the world considerable curiosity. Some gentlemen of well known enterprise and abilities had conceived the idea of building a railway on the ice between Montreal and Longueuil. Their success more than fulfilled their anticipations, and rumor says that their profits on the conveyance of freight across the river were something very considerable. People are now asking themselves, will the experiment be again repeated this year? Many think that owing to the fact that the ice is still floating down the river, the project will have to be deferred as the ice bridge cannot possibly be of sufficient duration to compensate the company for its expenses in laying it down. Others say that the profits are so enormous it would pay to lay the track for three or four weeks. They add that all the permanent expenditure made last year, and that the interested parties have ready on hand all the lumber, iron and woodwork which was used last year, and that the only expense now required will be the labor for leveling the roadway and putting down the track when the ice will have taken. It is probable, therefore, that the scheme will be put into operation again this year.

THE SHAMROCK LACROSSE CLUB.

The Shamrock Lacrosse Club have opened new rooms, at No. 353 Notre Dame street, and supplied thereby a long-felt want. Last evening we paid a visit to their rooms, when many of the old familiar faces of the lacrosse field were presented to our view. In the rooms are to be found excellent reading, in the shape of magazines, pamphlets, newspapers, periodicals, etc.; also a number of quiet games, such as cards, chequers and chess. In another hall, for those in search of exercise, are to be found horizontal bars, trapezes, rings, chest-expanders, parallel-bars, vaulting-bars, ladders, dumb-bells, tolls and masks, Indian clubs, boats, etc. In a few days the rooms will be furnished with a piano and billiard tables, and, as we were assured, the Club is determined to furnish a means of amusement for each and every one of its members. This effort of the Club, to furnish a hall and an enjoyable time to the members during the winter season, will no doubt meet with all the success it deserves, and will go a great way to hold them together and to give permanent strength to the Club itself.

BUILDING INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

The following is an extract from the Building Inspector's Report for 1881 just issued. During the past year the number of buildings erected in the different wards is as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Location and Number of Buildings. Includes St. Ann (43), St. Louis (36), St. James (21), St. Mary (19), St. Lawrence (11), East (7), Centre (7), West (2), Total (248).

BARON ALEXANDER DE LONGUEUIL.

INFORMATION WANTED RESPECTING HIM. The following letter from the Chief of the New Bedford, Mass., Police, has been received by Mr. Paradis, the head of our own force:—

New Bedford, Mass. To the Chief of the Montreal Police: Sir,—I have the honor to request information in relation to a man calling himself Baron Alexander de Longueuil. He purports to be agent for the Longueuil estate situated somewhere in Canada, and has obtained money from parties in this city and elsewhere for the purpose of prosecuting the same. We think him a fraud and are very desirous of learning whether we are right or not. The people whom he works on are poor, honest, hard working men, and it seems a shame that a leech like him should succeed in pulling the wool over their eyes in such a manner as we think he is doing. Any assistance you may render in this case will be reciprocated by this department.

ISAAC B. TOMPKINS, Chief of Police.

Jan. 10th, 1882. Mr. Paradis has made enquiries concerning the Baron with, as yet, little success. It appears that he represents himself as the agent of the estate of Baron Charles Lemoll de Longueuil, Chambly County, Province of Quebec. According to him it is worth \$5,500,000 and is in chancery.

THE CATHOLIC CLUB.

PROF. M'KAY ON THEORIES CONCERNING THE EARTH.

At the Catholic Club last night after routine business, Prof. McKay delivered his promised lecture upon the different theories of the origin of the earth. After an amusing description of those taught by philosophers of the great Empires in Asia, and of Greece, Egypt, and Rome, the lecturer gave a detailed account of various ideas on the subject. He especially dwelt upon the action of water in forming and shaping the surface of the globe, showing its effect during the time of violent action, such as floods and the deluge, and also during periods of the slow and continuous friction of the waters upon the rocks, sands and clays composing the outer crust of the earth. This led to a detailed account of the effect produced upon mountain ranges, whereon the rain and frost disintegrated the hard substances of the rocks, and the waters rushing down in torrents deposit on their way down the smaller particles in every depression over which they pass until they arrive at the foot of the mountain, and there fill up the beds of rivers forming valleys through which the waters flow in a space which becomes gradually more confined and which deepens in the course of time when the current is slow. He further described the action of the sea and tides in carrying up the sands on the coast forming dunes and sand banks in places, and in others undermining in cliffs and rocks, eating away the land on one side of a continent almost in proportion as they increase the land on the other. A short summary like the above can only touch on a few points of lengthy description which necessarily had to go in to numerous details as illustrations as grounds for argument.

A cordial vote of thanks was passed to the lecturer for his discourse. At the close of the meeting J. J. Guerin, Esq., M.D., promised a lecture for next Wednesday's meeting.

THE MURDER CASE.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

Yesterday evening Sergeant Desjardin brought a woman named Catherine Hilliard to the Police Court, where she gave the following deposition before Mr. Dugas, Police Magistrate:—

In July, 1880, three men one of whom was Wm. Livernols, a young woman named Emma Hamilton and herself were assembled in her room, in a house on Colborne Avenue. Livernols was her lover and, with the others, had come to see her. After they had remained sometime, one of the men asked Emma to buy some whiskey for them, which she refused. The three then attacked her and gave her an unmerciful beating, using both their feet and hands. After they had satisfied their brutal fury they departed. The next day, according to report Emma Hamilton struggled up to the Central Police Station to take out a warrant. The following morning she was dead and an inquest was held over her. This is, as far as known, the substance of the woman's statement. The police officials are very guarded in their utterances, being careful not to let one word slip, avert the subject.

In regard to the inquest there is no record in the papers of the date. Coroner Jones delivered the documents relative to the affair to the Police Magistrate this morning and refuses, it is said, to be interviewed on the subject.

Yesterday evening Livernols was arrested on Ontario street near the Papineau Road by Sergeant Desjardins and Deputy High Constable Contant. The men, whose names are suppressed, are already in jail, both doing six months each, one for vagrancy and the other for larceny. Thus the whole three are in the meshes of the law to await their first examination which will take place shortly.

THE POST OFFICE, MONTREAL.

The following table gives a comparative statement of the finances of the Money Order and Savings Bank Department of the Montreal Post Office for the years ending 31st December, 1880 and 1881:—

Table with 3 columns: Year, Orders Issued, Increase. Shows data for 1880 and 1881 for orders issued, commission received, orders paid, and savings deposits.

INTERNATIONAL M. G. ADVICES.

VICTIMS CERTIFIED AT THE MONTREAL EXCHANGE OFFICE.

Table with 3 columns: Year, Total Increase, Amount. Shows data for 1880 and 1881 for total increase and amount.

HEAL AND SOOTH SORE LUNGS.

without loss of time by the use of Thomas' Eclectic Oil, a standard internal and external remedy for lung complaint, rheumatism, neuralgia, soreness and stiffness of the joints, and a variety of other diseases, as well as external injuries. A single bottle of this invaluable remedy often suffices to overcome the difficulty. Not only is it speedy and thorough in its operation, but perfectly safe, since it contains only the purest and most salutary ingredients. It does not evaporate and lose strength, like medicinal oils containing an alcoholic principle. Physicians of eminence recognize and testify to its merits, and veterinary surgeons recommend it as a remedy for colic, galls, hoof affections, greeny, garget, and other complaints of horses and cattle. Prepared only by NORTHERN & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont.

Finance and Commerce.

FINANCIAL. True Witness Office. TUESDAY, Jan. 17, 1882.

Rates of discount and interest were unchanged. Sterling Exchange was quiet at 108 1/2 to 108 3/4, 109 1/2 demand. New York funds ruled at 3 1/2 to 3 3/4 prem. The stock market this a. m. was irregular. The bid prices at noon were:—Montreal 189 1/2; Merchants, 126 1/2; Ontario, 61; Commerce, 140 1/2; Richelleu, 51; Gas, 149; Montreal Telegraph, 124; and City Passenger 131 1/2.

Morning Stock Sale.—25 Montreal, 200 1/2; 75 do, 200; 50 Ontario, 62; 25 do, 61 1/2; 2 do, 61 1/2; 17 Toronto, 187 1/2; 20 Commerce, 141 1/2; 60 do, 140 1/2; 75 do, 141; 5 Merchants, 126 1/2; 4 do, 127; 25 Montreal Telegraph, 124 1/2; 60 City Passenger, 131 1/2; 300 Gas, 149 1/2; 50 do, 149; 25 do, 149 1/2; 30 do, 149; 100 do, 149 1/2; 75 do, 149 1/2; 9 do, 149 1/2; 50 St. Paul, 115; 57 Loan & Mortgage, 105 1/2; 1 do, 105.

Paul, 115; 57 Loan & Mortgage, 105 1/2; 1 do, 105.

This p.m. Montreal declined 1/2; Commerce 1/2; Montreal Telegraph and Gas 1/2; Richelleu gained 1/2 and City Passenger 1/2 per cent on noon prices.

Afternoon sales.—20 Montreal, 200; 113 do, 193 1/2; 20 Commerce, 140 1/2; 25 do, 140 1/2; 8 Exchange, 145; 105 City Passenger, 132; 50 Canada Cotton, 155; 100 Gas, 149 1/2; 125 St. Paul, 115; 50 Richelleu, 51; 30 Dundas, 137.

COMMERCIAL. WEEKLY REVIEW—WHOLESALE PRICES.

Business has undoubtedly brightened up considerably during the past week, and as most branches of the wholesale trade have about recovered from the effects of the holidays and we have at last splendid winter roads, much greater improvements may be looked for in the course of a week. Trade generally is improving with the advance of the year, and a prosperous spring is expected on all sides. Many of the mercantile corporations of the city held their annual meetings during the week, and the reports submitted are, on the whole, highly satisfactory.

Day Goods.—A certain amount of inactivity and uncertainty prevailed during the week, but dealers expect this state of affairs to change to a firm feeling and activity in the course of a few days. A large quantity of English goods have arrived and are being rapidly sorted. Travellers have been sent out again with their spring samples. As may be expected, but few orders have yet been received, but for a week or two it will be impossible to state in reality what are the prospects of the spring trade. It is very likely that retail dealers will carry over exceptionally heavy winter stocks this year and an increased number of applications for renewals over the number at the same season last year may be expected. Manufacturers are holding their goods for high prices.

Boots and Shoes.—Manufacturers are busy on spring goods, orders for which are brisk, notwithstanding the fact that travellers in some instances have hardly yet had time to reach the districts from which they have lately been debarred by the bad roads. Prices are ruling steady and manufacturers state that there is less cutting of prices this year—in fact only a few weak Quebec firms doing so. Payments are fair.

Men's split boots, \$1.60 to 2.25; men's kip boots, \$2.50 to 3.00; men's calf boots, \$3 to 3.75; men's kip brogans, \$1.35 to 1.40; men's split do, \$1.10; men's buff congress, \$1.50 to 2; men's buff and pebbled balmorals, \$1.75 to 2.25; men's split do, \$1.25 to 1.50; shoe packs, \$1 to 1.75; women's pebble and buff balmorals, \$1.00 to 1.40; do split balmorals, \$1.00 to \$1.10; do prunella balmorals, \$1.00 to \$1.10; do interior balmorals, 45 to 60; do long, balmorals, 50 to \$1.25; do buckskin balmorals, 60 to 80; Misses' pebbled and buff balmorals, 90c to \$1.10; do split balmorals, 75c to 90c; do prunella balmorals, 60c to \$1; do conr. balmorals, 60 to 70c; child's pebbled and buff balmorals, 60c to 90c; do split balmorals, 50c to 60c; do prunella balmorals, 50c to 75c; infants' cacks, per dozen, \$3.75 to \$5.

GROCERIES.—Although business has been dull, a slight improvement is noted. The principal movement during the week has been in Sugars and Valencia raisins. We quote:—Teas.—Japan, common, 22c to 25c; good common to medium, 27c to 30c; fair to good, 34c to 45c; fine to choice, 45c to 55c. Nagasaki, 25c to 35c; Young hyson, firsts, 48c to 55c; seconds, 38c to 45c; thirds, 30c to 35c; fourths, 26c to 29c; Gunpowder, low grades, 38c to 40c; good to fine, 50c to 60c; finest, 65c to 70c; Imperial, medium to good, 33c to 40c; fine to finest, 41c to 60c; Sonchong, common, 28c to 30c; medium to good, 33c to 45c; fine to choice, 50c to 70c. Sugar.—Granulated, 9 1/2 to 9 3/4; Yellow refined, 7 1/2 to 8 1/2. Syrups and Molasses.—Bright, 62c to 73c; medium, 55c to 59c; fair, 51c to 64c. Molasses.—Barbadoes, 57c to 59c; Trinidad, 50c to 52c; sugar house, 30c to 40c. Coffee.—Alocha, 35c to 33c; O. G. Java, 28c to 29c; Singapore and Ceylon, 22c to 24c; Maracaba, 21c to 22c; Java, 17c to 20c; Rio, 16c to 18c; cherry, 12c to 12 1/2c. Spices.—Cassia, per lb, 13c to 15c; mace, 90c to \$1.00; cloves, 40c to 50c; Jamaica ginger, 1lb, 22c to 28c; Jamaica ginger, unbleached, 17c to 21c; Cochon ginger, 14c to 18c; African, 10c to 11c; black pepper, 15c to 17c; pimento, 14c to 15c; mustard, 4 lb jars, 15c to 20c; mustard, 1 lb jars, 24c to 25c; nutmegs, unlimed, 85c to 95c; limed, 65c to 90c. Valencia raisins, 87c to 9 1/4; currants, 62c to 7 1/2; layer raisins, \$2.95 to 3.20; sultanas, 11 1/2 to 12 1/2; loco maculated, net \$3.00 to \$3.15; London layers, \$3.35 to 3.40; nuts unchanged; SS almonds, 15c to 17c; walnuts, 8c to 11c; filberts, 10c to 10 1/2c; figs, 10c to 15c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.—Stock taking is not yet finished by many hardware houses and travellers have not all started out on their spring trip. Consequently trade is quiet, the only business stirring being in the filling of orders of seasonal goods. Iron continues to increase in value. We quote as follows:—Stemens, \$25.00; Gatscheria, \$25.00; Sumnerite, \$25.00; Langloan, \$25.00; Eglington, \$23.50; Cambro, \$24.00. Bars per 100 lbs: \$2.00 to \$2.35; Canada plates, per box: \$3.00 to \$3.25; other brands, \$3.50; Tin Plates, per box, charcoal I, C, \$6.00 to \$6.25; Coke, I, C, \$5.50. Tinned Sheets, No. 26, charcoal, \$11.00 to 11.25; to \$7.75; Hoops and Bands, per 100 lbs: \$3.50 to \$3.75; Sheets, best brands, \$2.00 to \$2.75; Roller Plates \$3.00; Russia Sheet Iron per lb, 12c. Lead, pig, per 100 lbs, \$5.00; do sheet, 50; do bar, \$5 to \$5.75; do shot, \$5 to \$5.75; Steel, cast, per lb, 11 1/2 to 12 1/2c; do Spring, per 100 lbs, \$3.75 to \$4.25; do Tire, \$3.50 to \$4.00; do Sleigh Shoe, \$2.25 to \$3.50. Ingot Tin, 28c to 30c. Ingot Copper, 20c to 21c. Sheet Zinc per 100 lbs, \$5.40 to 5.75; spelter, \$5.25 to \$5.75. Horse Shoes, per 100 lbs, \$4.75 to \$5.00. Proved Oil chain, 1/4 inch, \$5.50 to \$5.75; Iron Wire, No. 6, per bd, \$1.85 to \$2.00. Cut Nails:—Prices, net cash within 30 days or 4 months note, 10 d to 60 d: Hot Cut, American or Canada Pattern, \$2.80 per keg; 6 d and 9 d. Hot Cut, do, \$2.85 per keg; 6 d and 7 d. Hot Cut, do, \$3.10 per keg; 4 d and 5 d. Hot Cut, American Pattern, \$3.35 per keg; 3 d. Hot Cut, do, \$4.10 per keg; 3 d. Fine, Hot Cut, \$5.80 per keg; 4 d to 5 d. Cold Cut, Canada Pattern, \$3.10; 3 d, Cold Cut, Canada Pattern, \$3.60.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—The trade here is quiet, but some improvement may be looked for soon. For Quinine prices are higher and for opium irregular. Other prices are firm. The following are the prices quoted:—Bicarb soda, \$3.10 to \$3.20; soda ash, \$1.50 to \$2.00; bi-chromate of potash, 13c to 15c; borax, 15c to 16c; cream tartar crystals, 28c to 30c; ditto ground, 32c to 34c; caustic soda, \$2.35 to 2.50; sugar of lead, 18c to 15c; blueing

powder, \$1.40 to \$1.60; alum, \$1.75 to \$2.00; coppers, 100 lbs, 90c to \$1; flour sulphur, \$2.90 to 3.25; epsom salts, \$1.40 to 1.60; sal soda, \$1.10 to 1.25; saltpetre, per keg, \$10.00; sulphate of copper, 57c to 7c; whitening, 55c to 60c quinine, \$3.25; morphia, \$2.60 to \$2.90; castor oil, 10c to 10 1/2; shellac, 42c to 45c; opium, \$4.50 to \$4.75.

LEATHER.—The market is quiet, but it is probable that there will soon be a brisk demand. Stocks are, however, heavy and prices show no improvement. Sole leather is meeting with the best demand at present. We quote:—Hemlock Spanish sole, No 1, B, A, 25c to 27c ordinary, 24 1/2 to 25 1/2; No 2, B, A, 23c; to 24 1/2; No 2, ordinary, 22 1/2 to 23 1/2. Buffalo sole, No 1, 21c to 23c; No 2, 19c to 21c; hemlock slaughter, No 1, 27c to 29c; waxed upper, light and medium, 26c to 29c; splits, large, 23c to 28c; small, 21c to 25c; calfskin (27 to 36 lb), 60c to 80c; do (18 to 26 lb), 60c to 70c; Harness, 26c to 34c; buff, 14c to 16c; pabble, 12c to 15c; rough, 20c to 28c.

FISH.—The market could not be duller and prices are unchanged at former quotations. Labrador herrings at \$6 25 to \$6 50. North Shore Salmon, \$18 to \$19 and \$20 for Nos. 2, 3 and 1. British Columbia salmon, \$16.50; No. 1 split herrings, \$5.50 to \$5.75 per barrel; No. 2, \$4; No. 1 half-hria, \$3.25; dry cod, \$4.75 to \$5; green do, \$5.25 to \$5.50 for No. 1, \$4 to \$4.25 for No. 2; mackerel, No. 2, \$6.00 to \$6.50; No. 3, \$5.25; salmon trout, \$4.50.

FURS.—There have been scarcely any offerings of raw furs during the week and prices are unchanged. Minkrat, 10c to 12c; beaver, prime, per lb, \$2 25 to 2 50; bear, per skin, \$6 to 8 00; bear cub, \$3 to 4 00; fisher, \$5 to 7; fox, red, \$1 to 2 25 do cross, \$2 to 3 00; lynx, \$1 50 to 2 00; marten, 1 00 to \$1.25; mink, \$1 to 1 25; otter, \$2 to 10 00; raccoon, 40c to 50c; skunk, 50c to 75c.

WOOL.—There is quite a demand for foreign wool, but the trade in domestics is at a standstill. Prices are steady. We quote: Greasy Cape, 21c to 22c; Australian, 24c to 30c; Canadian pulled, A super, 33c to 34c; B super, 30c to 32c, and unsorted, 30c.

HIDES.—The market is featureless, there being a moderate demand with adequate supply. Prices are steady. We quote:—\$6 50, \$7 50 and \$8 50 for Nos. 3, 2 and 1 respectively; calf-skins, 12c; sheepskins, \$1 to \$1.05.

OLS.—Dull at unchanged prices. Newfoundland cod oil, 45c; steam refined seed, 57c to 57 1/2c; linned oil, 73c raw, and 77c boiled.

PERNOX.—Market shows no activity, and prices are weak. We quote car lots at 18c to 19c here; broken lots at 19c to 21c; and single barrels 21 to 22c.

SALT.—Quoted at 65c for olivens, and 67c for tens; factory filled, \$1 to \$1.10, and Eureka, \$2.00.

The Liverpool produce markets to-day were steady and unchanged. The local market for breadstuffs was steady to firm. Sales were reported of 120 barrels Superior Extra, \$6 30; 120 Choice Extra Superior, \$6 20; 50 Strong Bakers, \$6 50; 100 Medium ditto, \$6 45, and a car of Ontario bag flour at \$2 85.

Canada Red Winter wheat is unchanged at \$1.43 to 1.45; White Winter do, at \$1.37 to \$1.39 and Spring do at \$1.44 to \$1.45. Oats in store, 39c to 40c; peas, 77c to 78c per 60 lbs; rye, 90c to 92c, and barley, 50c to 75c.

Receipts here to-day:—Wheat, 450 bush; oats, 950; barley, 1,050; flour, 1,765 bbls; meal, 100; ashes, 38; butter, 1,032 pgs; leather, 188 rolls; tobacco, 13 cases; spirits, 71 casks; dressed hogs, 1,334.

Sales of 8,000 to 10,000 boxes of cheese have been made over the cable at 12 1/2 to 13c for choice makes and 11 1/2 for summer makes. Lined eggs are easy at 18c to 21c. Dressed hogs steady at \$8 50 to 8 60.

MONTREAL STREET MARKETS—JAN. 17

There was a fair attendance of buyers to-day, and a moderate amount of business was the result. There was a scarcity of dairy produce and grain, both of which brought high prices. Oats were held at \$1.05 per bag by farmers, and potatoes ranged from \$1 to \$1.15 per bag. Farmers' frozen beef was selling by the hind quarter at 5c to 7 1/2c, and by the fore-quarter at 3 1/2 to 4 1/2c. Mutton carcasses realized 7c per lb and dressed hogs 8 1/2c to 9c. For strictly fresh eggs in baskets 30c was paid, and print butter was held at 30c to 32c per lb. Flour, per 100 lbs, \$3 55 to 3 60; buckwheat flour, \$2 60; oatmeal, do, \$2 50; cornmeal, do, \$1 60 to 1 65; moulde, do, \$1 70 to 1 80; bran, per 100 lbs, \$1 10. GRAIN.—Oats, per bag, \$1 to \$1.05; peas, per bush, \$1.05 to \$1.10; buckwheat, \$1 35 to \$1 40 per bag.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, per bag, 15 to \$1.10; carrots, per bushel, 60c; onions, per lb, \$3; per bushel, 75c to 80c; Montreal cabbage, per 100, \$4 to \$6; lettuce, per dozen, \$1 50; celery, per doz, 40c to 50c; Montreal turnips, per bushel, 50c; marrow, 10c each; beets, per bushel, 50c; Brussels sprouts, \$1 20 per dozen; parsnips, 60c per bushel; artichokes, \$1 per bushel.

FRUIT.—Apples per barrel, \$3 to \$4. Montreal Fameuse, \$3 to \$3 50; American pears, \$8 to \$9; Almeria grapes, per kg, \$7 50; cranberries, 50c per bag, \$12 per bbl; Valencia oranges, \$5.50 to \$6 00 per case; Jamaica, \$3 to \$3 per bbl; lemons, \$5 per case.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.—Poor to choice print butter, per lb, 25c to 25 1/2c; tub butter, per lb, 18c to 22c; Eggs, new laid, per dozen, 25c to 30c; packed, 19c to 22c.

POULTRY.—Fowls, per pair, 50c to 75c; ducks, per pair, 75c to 90c; chickens, per pair, 40c to 60c; turkeys, per lb, 9c; geese, 7c.

MEATS.—Beef, per lb, trimmed, 10c to 12c; mutton, 7c to 10c; lamb, forequarters, 8c; lamb, hindquarters, 10c; veal, per lb, 8c to 15c; pork, per lb, 12c; hams, per lb, 14c to 15c; lard per lb, 13c to 15c; sausages, per lb, 12c to 14c; dressed hogs, \$8 to \$8 50.

FISH.—Lake trout, per lb., 10c to 12c; pike and lobsters, per lb, 10c; white fish, per lb, 10c to 12c; halibut, per lb, 12c to 15c; haddock and cod, per lb, 6c; mackerel, per lb, 10c to 12c; black bass, per bunch, 40 to 50c; maskinonge, per lb, 12c to 15c; sword fish, per lb, 12c to 15c; fresh herrings, 30c per doz; smelts, 12c.

GAME.—Partridges, 60c to 70c per brace; black ducks, \$1 to \$1 25; hares, 25c to 30c; pigeons, 25c to 30c; snowbirds, 25c per dozen.

MONTREAL HORSE MARKET—JAN. 14.

A few Americans have been here during the week, but their purchases were not large. On the Corporation Market a pair of fine young greys realized \$200 and two bays \$130 and \$85 respectively. Sales of carriage horses on local account were mentioned at \$100 to \$150 each, and of workers at \$95 to \$110 each.

The shipments to the States for the past week were as follows:—January 8th, 18 horses, \$1,827; 16 do \$1,685; 3 do \$315. January

11th, 17 do \$1,058; 5 do \$405; 10 do \$1,245. January 12th, 9 do \$1,268.

Traders in town were:—B. Beattie, Island Pond, Vt.; E. H. Smith, Hartford, Conn.; S. D. Hobson, Island Pond; H. E. Dyer, Portland, Me.; O. H. Davis, Franklin; W. H. and A. Ryan, Boston.

MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET—JAN. 16.

The receipts at Vigor Market consisted of 350 cattle, 12 sheep and a few calves. The supply of cattle being somewhat excessive in view of the run last week, prices favored the buying interest. Butchers were present in good numbers, but more with the view of picking up a few cattle at a bargain rather than with the idea of meeting any pressing requirements. In very few instances 5c was paid. Good to choice butchers' cattle ranged from 3 1/2 to 4 1/2 and medium stock was selling at 3c and upwards. The offerings were:—Jas. Finkens, Fort Hope; Robert & Wilder, Leamsville; Robert Cochran, Quebec; H. Harris, ditto; Thos. Botter, Toronto; E. Alicks, Brighton; R. J. Hopy, City; E. DeLorme, do, and J. B. Roy, do. For three fairly good calves, \$26 was asked and \$24 was bid. The sheep realized \$4.50 to \$5 each. Dressed hogs were quoted at \$8.50 to \$8.75 according to condition and size of lot. Two small lots of live hogs were offered at 7 1/2c at St. Gabriel Market and bids ranged up to 7c.

In New York on Friday there was a fair demand for humped cattle at \$1 per head advance on last Wednesday's quotations. At Sixteenth Street Yards prices were 8 1/2c to 11 1/2c per lb, weights 5 1/2 to 8 1/2 cwt. At Harborside Cove Yards prices were 9c to 12c per lb, weights 5 1/2 to 10 1/2 cwt. From 55 to 66 lb was allowed net; top quality steers obtained 57 lb net; general range of quality course to 57 lb net; milk cows improved in the feeling. Coarse quality calves sold at 4c to 4 1/2c per lb; veals at 6 1/2c to 8c per lb, the demand being good. Sheep and lambs were slow of sale at former rates; sheep sold at 4 1/2c to 6 1/2c per lb; lambs 7c to 7 1/2c per lb; cull sheep 3 1/2c per lb. The flocks as above reported ranged from poor to good. Hogs on live weight \$6 35 per cwt.

Local Advertisements.

THE CARRION OF LANDMORRISM IN IRELAND.

The Map 24330 contains the names and the number of farms in the estate of each great landlord. The landlords are classified according to their titles, and are represented as 4 and 5 animals, viz: 1. Cattle, 2. Hogs, 3. Pigs, 4. Cows, 5. Sheep, 6. Swine, 7. Hogs, 8