mal bulging, in malignant endocarditis. Arterial strain through hard work is, of course, a factor in the production of aneurysm, but it is one that in the vast majority of instances requires to be multiplied by specific arteritis, and then it is the lesser quantity of the two.

JAKOWSKI, Zeitschr. f. Klin. Med.; Coll. and Clin. Rec., after bacteriological study of fifty-two cases of pleuritis, concludes that every pleuritis is of bacteriological origin, although the bacteria may not be found in the exudation. When repeated examination of a serous or purulent exudation shows no bacteria, the case may be considered as tubercular. The majority of primary, non-tubercular pleurisies are due to the diplococcus of Fränkel. The next most frequent cause is the streptococcus pyogenes. Serous effusions containing these latter are much more likely to become purulent than those which contain only the diplococcus. The most favorable prognosis is to be given in cases which contain only the Fränkel diplococcus.

CHAS. DAY, M.D., 70 St. Mark's Square, London, says: I have prescribed your preparation, Iodia, with very satisfactory results. Its power of arresting discharges was very manifest in a case of leucorrhœa, and another of otorrhœa. In the latter case, the result of scarlet fever in early life, the discharge had existed for many years. The patient could distinctly feel the action of the Iodia on the part, and the discharge gradually dried up.

DR. CHAS. NEDSKOV, Sorrento, Fla., says: Papine alone and in combination has been quite satisfactory. A case just dismissed may serve as illustration. The patient, a married lady, I found suffering severely from ovarian congestion and neuralgia. After preliminary treatment I ordered Papine, toaspoonful doses, half-hourly administered. Pain relieved after third dose, and next day she felt, to use her own words, "a thousand times better." Combined with Bromidia, a very noted improvement was effected in a case of "nervous prostration" and inveterate chronic insomnia. Papine's chief recommendation appears to be its uniform reliability, coupled with comparative freedom from deleterious after-effects,

Books and Lamphlets.

SURGERY. By Bern B. Gallaudet, M.D., Demonstrator of Anatomy and Clinical Lecturer on Surgery, College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York; Visiting Surgeon Bellevue Hospital, New York; and Charles N. Dixon-Jones, M.D., Assistant Surgeon Out-Patient Department Presbyterian Hospital, New York. Being the final volume of the Students' Quiz Series, edited by Bern B. Gallaudet, M.D. Duodecimo, 291 pages, 149 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.75. Philadelphia: Lea Bros. & Co. 1893.

This little work of 301 pages, though coming as one of the Quiz Series, is really not a compend or summary, but an *explanation* of the principles and practice of surgery in a very concise form. It has 150 engravings.

SYLLABUS OF LECTURES ON THE PRACTICE OF SURGERY; arranged in conformity with the American Text Book of Surgery. By N. Senn, M.D., Ph.D., LL.D., Chicago. Philadelphia: W. B. Sanders. Toronto: Carveth & Co. 1894.

This little book should be invaluable to the student, giving him a more complete classification of surgical points than he can hope to make for himself, or to obtain from any course of lectures at any college. It will give him the essential points, something upon which he can rely at examination time, either in the hall or at the bedside. To the practitioner it will supply a ready grasp of a whole subject, when he is two pressed for time to read in the ordinary text book.

OUTLINES OF OBSTETRICS; a syllabus of lectures delivered at the Long Island College Hospital. By Charles Jewett, A.M., M.D., Professor of Obstetrics and Pediatrics in the College, and Obstetrician to the Hospital. Philadelphia: W. B. Saunders. Toronto: Carveth & Co. Pp. 264; \$2. 1894.

The object of this little work "to help the student in securing a classified knowledge of the outlines of his subject," is well carried out. It will be found useful as a handy book of reference for facts, anatomical and otherwise.

HISTOLOGY, PATHOLOGY AND BACTERIOLOGY; a Manual for Students and Practitioners. By Bennett S. Beach, M.D., Lecturer on Histology Pathology and Bacteriology, New York Polyclinic. Series edited by Bern B. Gallaudet, M.D. Philadelphia: Lea Brothers & Co., Toronto: Carveth & Co.

A useful compendium, on the works of Delafield, Prudden, Schafer, Klein, Zeigler and Frankel. Handy for reference,