

.....ICO MAXI
 COS III ET MAVREL ANTONINO PIO
 COS II AVG.....
 PORTAM · CVM · MVRIS VETVSTATE DI
 LAPSIS IVSSV ALFEN SENECINIS VO
 COS CVRANTE OCLATINI ADVENTO PRO
 AVGG NN C. I VANGON OPFS
 CVM AEMI SALVIAN TRIB
 SVO ASOLO RESTI

i.e. [Imperatoribus Cæsaribus Lucio Septimio Severo Pio Pertinaci Augusto Arabico Adiabenico Parth]ico Maximo Consuli tertium et Marco Aurelio Antonino Pio Consuli secundum Augusto [et Publio Septimio Getæ nobilissimo Cæsari Consuli] portam cum muris vetustate dilapsis jussu Alfeni Senecionis Viri Clarissimi Consularis curante Oclatinio Advento procuratore Augustorum Nostrorum cohors prima Vangionum operibus factis cum Emilio Salviano Tribuno suo a solo restituit. See *Brit. Rom. Inscript.*, § 69, where I have discussed the inscription.

In the list of *Legati*, given in the *Mon. Hist. Brit.*, p. cxxv., we find *Papianus* mentioned as having filled that office in "An. 211." The authority referred to for this statement is a passage in the 12th chapter of the XIIth Book of Zonaras, cited and translated in p. lxxxvii., of the same work. The following are the original and the translation, as there given:—

Ἀντωνίνος δὲ . . . τοῖς μὲν πολεμίοις τῶν Βρεττανῶν αὐτίκα ἐσπέισατο, τῆς τε χώρας αὐτοῖς καὶ τῶν φρουρίων ἐκστὰς, τὸν δὲ ἔπαρχον τὸν Παπιανὸν μετεστήσε τῆς ἀρχῆς.

"Antoninus, moreover, . . . immediately entered into a treaty with such of the Britons as had been his enemies; retiring from their country and fortresses, and appointing Papianus præfect for that government."

The words, mis-translated "appointing Papianus præfect for that government," plainly mean that "he removed the præfect Papianus from his office." This Papianus, otherwise Papinian, the celebrated jurist, was with Severus in Britain as *Præfectus Prætorio*. See Xiphiline, lxxvi.

From the following inscription, found near Welton Hall, Northumberland, and printed, *Mon. Hist. Brit.*, n. 17 a., we learn the name of Caracalla's legate in A.D. 213:—