BY JURSIN M'DERMOTI.

H, sixty years ago to a day
Three maidens lived—so the grand-

mothers say—
In a farm house under an old alm tree,
And they were as busy as maids could be,
And as fair and busy—the grandmothers Oh, sixty years ago to a day.

For Molly must spin, and Dolly must bake, And Polly had all the butter to make. And Polly had all the butter to make.
And rolly had all the butter to make.
And never an idle moment had they
To spend with the village girls at play;
For Molly must spin, and Dolly must bake,
And Polly had all the butter to make.

Those were good old times-so the grand-

mothers say—
Oh, sixty years ago to a day,
When the bread was baked in the proper

way,
And butter was sweet as new-mown hay,
And yarn way yarn—so the grandmothers
say—
Ob, sixty years ago to a day.

Know you who were these maidens so clever

and quick, Who never were idle, or naughty, or sick, Who were busy and healthy and handsome and gav.

Oh, sixty years ago to a day ?

I think you will not have to go very far Before you find who these maidens are : Your grandmother's one, and my gra.dmother's one.

in fact, every grandmother under the

Was one of the Mollys or Dollys or Pollys Who did such wonderful things they say,
Oh, sixty years ago to a day.

—Harper's Young People.

PRAYER ANSWERED IN DUE TIME.

FREDERICK W. ROBERTSON used to my that never a prayer went up to God from a sincere heart, but it was sure to come back sometime, somewhere, purified by having passed through the heart of the Lord Josus Christ.

A few years ago in the sunland of the southwest, I stopped with a family from New England who had not been long in their new home in that frontier village. After tea, the good lady saked me to look at the photograph of her brother. "Before that brother was born," said she, "my mother gave him to God to be a minister, moved thereto she felt by the Holy Spirit. After his birth she took him and gave him to God in the presence of all the people, and she always called him her boyminister. But he grew up so strangely wild, so careless and wicked, that father and the rest of us often laughed at mother, for my brother was really the worst in the family. He grew to young manhood; the whirlwind of war swept him away from us; he came back bronzed and strong, untouched by harm, sword or bullet—but oh! so by harm, sword or bulletwicked, and worst of all, an open scoffer at things sacred or holy. Then father and the rest looked sad; but mother never gave up. She said often, I gave him to God to be a minister. God has heard my prayer. He will answer.

"Two years went on. Mother lay down on a sick bed to die. My brother, strangely enoug, was unmoved. The word mother said as we took her hand in parting that summer afterncon, when the angels were coming for her, was, 'Watch for God's answer. My boy will be converted. I gave him to God. God will give him back to me. He will be a minister.' Then she died without seeing you. See to it that no burning any answer to her prayer, but in the is endangering you in the cellar.

WHAT THE GRANDMOTHERS SAY. faith that has comforted and sustained so many. Within three months my brother was on his knees, crying to Ger for morey. Less than a year after he was studying for the ministry. He is now preaching to the first Congregational Church in - "mentioning a certain city in Wisconsin.
"Need I tell you that my brother believes in prayer or that I do !"

And as the little family gathered about their altar that evening for prayer we read together of Christ's promises in the seventh chapter of Matthew, and then sung with quickened faith :

> "At some time or other The Lord will provide : It may not be my time, It may not be thy time, And yet in his own time The Lord will provide."

-The Advance.

A CANDLE IN THE POWDER.

A MERCHANT was celebrating the marriage of his daughter. While they were enjoying themselves above, he chanced to go to the basement hall below, where he met a servant carrying a lighted candle without a candlestick. She passed on to the cellar for wood, and returned quickly without the candle. The merchant suddenly remembered that during the day several barrels of guupowder had been placed in the cellar, one of which had been opened. Inquiring what she had done with the candle, to his awful amazement her reply was that, being unable to carry it with the fuel, she had set in a barrel of "black sand" in the cellar.

He flew to the spot. A long, red snuff was just ready to fall from the wick into the mass of powder, when, with great presence of mind, placing a hand on each side of the candle, and making his hands meet at the top over the wick, he safely removed it from the barrel. At first he smiled at his previous fear, but the reaction was so great that it was weeks ere he recov ored from the shock which his nerves sustained in that terrible trial

There are candles in many a barrel of gunpowder to-day. Many homes have been blown to ruins by them. There is a candle in the cellar of the wine-bibles. It burns trighter with the added tuel of every cup he drains, and, ere he is aware, all his hopes for this world and the next will be blown up with a ruit more terrible than any destruction that gunpowder can tring. There is a candle in the cellar of the liquor-dealer, burning slowly but surely. He who is dealing death to others will be startled by a sudden blasting of his own peace, when the wrath of God, restrained no longer, shall fall upon him in a moment. "Every way of a man is right in his own eyes, but the Lord pondereth the heart." "He that by usury and unjust gain increaseth his substance shall gather it for him that will pity the poer." The man who is willfully destroying himself may be deluded and see no danger; the man who is destroying others may say, "I do not see it;" but the eyes which ponder both their ways see not only but the eyes which the evil but the sudden "destruction which is before them if they do not speedily repent and reform. See to it that no righteous anger burns against you. See to it that no burning candle

"THE SHIPS ON FIRE!"

IT was on the 24th of August, 1848, that the good ship Ocean Monarch set sail from Liverpool. Her decks were crowded with emigrants, many of whom were hoping to begin a new and happier life in America. Although the journey then took a longer time than in these days of very swift steamers, they still hoped to be at Boston, their port, before September was far advanced Of the four hundred souls on board nearly all were emigrants, many of whom had never beheld the sea until a day or two before they set wail.

The veyage was soon over. Ocean Monarch was still no more than six miles from the English shore, off Great Ormo's Hoad, on the Lancashire coast, when the cry, "The ship's on fire!" was raised. It was soon seen that all hopes of saving the vessel must be given up, and attention was directed toward saving the lives of her passengers.

Happily for them, a Brazilian manof-war happened to be passing that way upon its trial trip, and a gentleman's yacht also came to their aid. But, notwithstanding all that could be done, the Ocean Monarch was 'n ned to the water's edge in a few hours, and one hundred and seventy-eight of her crew and passengers perished.

Equally dreadful was the fate of the Hibernia, which caught fire in mid-ocean in the year 1833, and one hundred and fifty people out of the two hundred and thirty-two on board perished.

When the good ship Independence went ashore, and afterward caught fire, on the cosst of Lover California, in 1853, nearly the same number of lives were lcst. The few survivors who got to the barren shore underwent the most dreadful sufferings.

Truly the perils of the tes are many, yet there are perils also on the land.

A PATHETIO PRISON SCENE.

THE warden of the penitentiary tells the following teaching story of a man sentenced to ten years of hard labour, for a crime in the committing of which there were many extenuating circum starces.

His name was Hixon. One day a letter came for him, neatly addressed in a woman's hand.

The warden read it first, as was his duty. This was all there was in it:

"DEAR JOHN: Our little Dan died to-'MARY. day.

"What - what i" said Hixon "Danny dead?" No, no, no! It can not be!"

But it was true. Another sorrow was added to the many he already knew. He sat for a long time with bowed lead, his face in his hands and his heart quivering.

"I've said many a time," he said at last, "that it would be better if Danny did die before he was old enough to know and feel his father's shame. I know and feel his father's shame. suppose it is test; but it is hard to bear after all. My little Dan." The man broke down again. A

little later he took a small ptotograph from his pocket, carefully wrapped in tissue paper. He gazed long and earnestly at it. The tears ran over his pale cheeks, and fell on the smiling shuts me in my "litary cell to think' face of the boy. He trushed them think! think! and I cannot endure it."

away with his trembling hand, and gave the photograph to the vardon. "That was Danny," he said.

It was the sunny little face of a boy about two years old. A protty boy he must have been, with the short enris clinging close to his head and the large bright eyes-now forever closed, clesed to the knowledge of the truth that he was a convict's bay.

RULES FOR DAILY LIFE.

EGIN the day with God.

Kneel down to him in prayer lift up thy heart to his abods.

And seek his love to share

Open the Book of God, And read a portion there,
That it may hallow all thy thoughts,
And sweeten all thy care.

Go through the day with God, Whate er thy work may be, Where'er then art at home, abroad, He still is near to thee.

Converse in mind with find Thy spirit heavenward raise;
Acknowledge overy good bestowed,
And offer grateful praise.

Conclude the day with God : Thy sine to him confess;
Trust in the Lord's atoning blood,
And plead his righteousness.

Lie down at night with Gol, Who gives his servants sleep; And when then tread'st the vale of death, He will thee guard and keep.

THE FUTURE PREMIER OF CANADA.

WHERE now is the young man, or who is he, who, a quarter of a century hence, will be Premier of Canada? He must now be living, and conscquently somewhere-doubtless in Canada. He may be an industrious, a hard-working student—probably of iaw; less probably of medicine. He may be on the farm, or in the printing other, or teaching. He may possibly yet be working at some trade as a mechanic. Is he now looking forward to the time when he shall occupy the first position in the Dominion ! Is he preparing himself for this responsible office ! If so, it is a worthy ambition; but it is a position for which much preparation is needed. If there is one living who has mar ed out for himself a path which he intends to follow for a quarter of a contury, until he has reached the exalted position of Premier of this great country, it is to be hoped that his object is not simply that of self-exaltation, or a desire for power; but the more worthy and laudable one of endeavouring to promote the best interests of the Dominion.

THAT ETERNAL THINK.

A convict, on being removed from one prison to another, was asked how he liked his new home?
"Not at all," was his reply

"Are you not clothed and feel as well here!"

" Toe, better."

"Is your labour harder!"

" Ne, not so hard "

"Are you not treated with kindnees †"

" Yes."

"Then, why do you not like it?"

"Because I am allowed to speak to no one. I go to the table, and sit and think; I go about my work all day to think, and at night the iron door