Market Review and Forecast

Office of FARMING, Confederation Life Building, Toronto, Oct. 2nd, 1899.

Everyone seems to be agreed that the trade of the country was never in a more prosper-ous condition than at the present time. Failous condition than at the present time. Fail-ures seem to be at a minimum and remit-tances continue to improve. Money though firm seems to be ample for all legitimate pur-poses. Call loans are firm at 5 per cent., though some banks are refusing to lend at this figure. Discounts on commercial paper continue steady at 6 to 7 per cent.

Wheat.

The wheat situation, though showing no The wheat situation, though showing no striking change, is on the whole, strong. Cable reports during the week have been of a better tone, showing more activity in the market and a lessening of stocks in some centres, which is having the effect of making holders more conservative in their offerings. The Chicago market has been, as a rule, strong and active all week. There seems to bemore outside speculation and the market is broad-ening considerably. September has ruled at 74%c., December at 73%c., and May at 76%c. Firmer cable reports have tended to make the market more bullish. The Price Current has market more bullish. The Price Current has the following to say in regard to the market and crop conditions: "The rains favor seed-ed wheat and help further seeding. The total area may come near to last year. All the corn has matured without frost. The early grain is good in yield and quality, but the late is poor in both. Restricted wheat marketing. Fair corn morement "

Fair corn movement." The market at Montreal is steady for through shipments. Manitoba wheat is firm-er and higher. West of Toronto No. 2 red winter wheat is reported selling at 67 to 68c., and some as high as 69c. Goose wheat is quoted here at 70c. north and west; No. 1 Manitoba 80½c., and No. 1 Northernat 76c½., Toronto. On the farmers' market here red and white bring 6S to 70c., spring Fyfe 69½c., and Goose 75½ to 76c. per bushel. At time of going to press the Chicago market was reported dull and weak. Oats and Barley. The oat markets both on this side and in

The oat markets both on this side and in The oat markets both on this side and in Britain have ruled easier during the week. Sa'es have been made at Montreal at 30½ to 30% affoat. White oats are quoted here at 25c, west. On the Toronto farmers' market they bring from 30 to 31c. per bushel. The Montreal barley market is easier and feed barley will not bring as much by 3c. as a week ago. The quotations here are 40 to 42c, for No. 2 west and 35 to 36c. for feed barley. On the Toronto farmers' market bar-ley brings 44 to 45c. per bushel.

ley brings 44 to 45c. per bushel.

Peas and Corn.

The market for peas has ruled fairly steady during the week with some falling off in values towards the end. Peas are quoted here at 60c, north and west for immediate shipment. On the farmers' market they bring

603 to 61c. per bushel. Prices are higher for corn at Montreal for future delivery. American corn is still quoted here at 40c. on track.

Bran and Shorts.

There is a good demand at Montreal for Ontario bran, and sales of car lots have been made at \$14,50 to \$15,25 in bags. Shorts are in good request at \$17 to \$18 per ton. City mills here sell bran at \$13 and shorts at Carl and the b Toronto. \$16 in car lots f.o.b. Toronto.

Eggs and Poultry.

There is a good demand at the leading English markets for fresh Canadian eggs at improved prices and some enquiry for pickled stock. Supplies are increasing at Montreal and the market has ruled firm owing to higher prices at country points. There is a good export demand for fresh gathered stock and quotations are : choice candled stock 1634 to 17c., straight lots 15 to 1514c, and selected

fresh shipping stock 18 to 19c. per dozen. Here choice new laid eggs are quoted at 14 to 15c. wholesale, and on the Toronto farmers'

market bring 16 to 182. per dozen. On the Toronto farmers' market chickens fetched 40 to 75c. and ducks 50 to 90c. per pair, and turkeys 12 to 15c. and geese 6 to Sc. per lb.

Potatoes.

These are quoted at Montreal at 40 to 421c. in large quantities, and 50c. per bag of 90 lbs. in smaller lots. There are evidences of a big crop. Potatoes here bring about 50c. per bag in car lots, and on the Toronto farmers' market 50 to 60c. per bag.

Apples.

Though the excitement in the apple trade has calmed down, there is still a very firm feeling for good winter stock. Sales are re-ported of some large orchards on the tree in the Burlington district at \$2.20 per barrel, the buyer to pick as well as to pack the fruit. This is a very high figure, and indicates a very strong undercurrent in the market. Few shipments are going forward from the United Statesthis year, the bulk of the apples going for-ward from Canada. At Montreal the prices of fall apples range from \$1.50 to \$2.50 as to quality, and winter fruit to arrive is quoted at \$2.50 to \$3.50 per barrel. The Fameuse apple crop of the Island of Montreal will give a good average yield, for which \$3 per barrel is being offered. On the Toronto fruit mar-ket apples are quoted at 15 to 25c. per basket, or \$1.50 to \$2.25 per barrel.

Hay and Strew

Hay and Straw. Some export business is being done in hay at Montreal. A report from Germany put the hay yield of that country at about half a crop. Baled hay at Montreal is in more liberal supply, but with an improved demand at last week's prices. Car lots of baled hay are quoted bere at \$S to \$\$.50 on track, and baled straw at \$4 to \$4.50 per ton. On the Toronto farmers' market hay brings \$10 to \$12.50; sheaf straw, \$8 to \$\$.25; and loose straw, \$4 to \$5 per ton. Cheese.

Cheese.

Cheese. Everything points towards a strong cheese market till the end of the season, with present prices well maintained, if not considerably advanced. Though receipts of Canadian cheese have been heavy in England, there is no great accumulation of stocks, and at Montreal stocks are less than they were last year at this time. About all the goods held there are on English account, as shippers on this side do not usually hold large stock at present high prices. A great deal depends upon the amount of cheese in factorymen's hands, and what the fall make will be. upon the amount of cheese in factoryments hands, and what the fall make will be. Though factorymen have not been selling very quickly the last week or two, there is not believed to be a very large stock in their hands. As to the fall make, some in the business think it will be the shortest for years,

owing to the severe drouth in August cutting off the milk supply. The total shipments of cheese from Mon-treal to date are 1,378,528 boxes, as com-pared with 1,263,286 boxes for the same period last year, and the total shipments from this side of the Atlantic show an in-crease of 144,562 boxes accompared with the from this side of the Atlantic show an in-crease of 144,503 boxes as compared with the same period last year. The slump in prices a couple of weeks ago caused some shippers to make contracts of September at 505, or under, but, as they will not be able to get them at this figure, large losses are expected. Though English dealers are not inclined to accept the advances on this side, it is now clear that they will have to accept present prices, or even higher prices, if they wish to get September goods. Finest western are quoted at Montreal at 12 to 12½c., and finest eastern af 11¾ to 12c. At the local markets during the week the ruling prices were 11¼ to 11¾c. Many fact ry men were not inclined to accept these figures, holding for 12c. At this time last year finest west-erns were quoted at Montreal at 9¼ to 9½c., and finest easterns at 9 to 9¼c. and finest easterns at 9 to 94c.

Butter.

The butter situation is just as strong if not stronger than that of cheese. Prices have ad-vanced on both sides of the Atlantic and though supplies of Canadian have been large though supplies of Canadian have been large in England the demard is quite equal to them. Sales of finest Canadian creamery have been made during the week at 112s. to 116s. and fancy well known brands at 112s to 110s. These are high prices, but they are likely to continue for some time to come. Many in the trade at least are counting on high prices for butter during the fall and winter. The Eng-lish make is not so large this year and besides lish make is not so large this year and besides there has been an increased consumption of butter. The exports of butter to date from Montreal are 354,000 pkgs. as compared with 213,000 pkgs. last year for the same period, an increase of 141,000 pkgs. The exports from New York for the same period show an increase of 45,000 pkgs. Prices at Montreal have advanced 1 to 14c.

during the week, and finest creamery butter is selling the week, and intest creatinety outlet is selling there from $23\frac{1}{2}$ to 24c., as compared with last year at this time when the figures were 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 19 $\frac{3}{2}c.$, an advance of 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}c.$ in favor of this year. One or two creameries are reported to have sold at 22c. f.o.b. Some

are reported to have sold at 24c. 1.0.b. Some Manitoba dairy butter is being sent East. All the creamery goods made in that province find a market in British Columbia. The butter market here is active with creamery prints bringing 22 to 23c., and boxes at 22c. Choice dairy tubs bring 17 to 18c., and prints 18 to 19c. Undergrades, which are somewhat plentiful, bring 13 to 14c. On the Toronto farmers' market pound rolls bring 20 to 25c. bring 20 to 25c.

Cattle.

The same conditions continue in the cattle trade generally as were noted a week ago.

