The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1884.

— The St. John Board of Trade, had an interesting meeting on the 24th inst. A full report is given in the *Globe*. A number of the leading men of the city were present, and judging by the speeches, St. John is in a rather discontented state. Among the first questions that came up, was the United States treaty with Spain, in regard to the Spanish West Indies. The meeting was unanimously of the opinion that should this treaty become really consummated, the Maritime Provinces would be deprived of an important branch of their trade. The President of the Board, Sheriff Harding, in his address, said :— "Confederation has not given to the Maritime Provinces or to our own citizens, extended markets nor the greater prosperity anticipated." The questions of free trade and protection, were then briefly touched upon, and he then showed how all nations alike, whatever their fiscal policy, were seeking new fields in which to extend their trade. France seeks a foothold in China and Madagascar; Germany in the land of the Boers; all Europe sits in council for the trade of Central Africa; Canada is putting forth every energy to build a railway to open up her North West. He then asked the question :— "But what will all this do towards benefitting the people of the seaboard?" The former trade of the Provinces with the West Indies, was then briefly reviewed; how it declined; the effort made to revive it; the hitherto failure of the effort. From this point he enlarged upon the neighboring republic's treaty with the Spanish West Indies, summing up the disadvantages of the same to the Provinces. He concluded by saying:—

"Will the people of Halifax, of Charlottetown and all the villages in these three Provinces agree on a unity of movements and approach the Dominion Government, requesting them to take such part as is possible in obtaining for us in all treaties and arrangements of tariff equal rights and privileges with the most favored country. We have a High Commissioner in England to watch and protect our interests who must have been powerless on the Spanish treaty, or has a march been stolen on us while we have been drifting? The United States people have a consular commercial agent in every trade mart watching their interests and their yearly reports are full of trade matters. England has the same for her interest, and we hope for that of the colonies. Does her free trade policy apply so specially to England that she shuts her eyes to the possible effect of treaties on her colonies? Reciprocity in goods and products between the United States and Cuba; the indirect carrying trade shut off from our bottoms; Cuba made part of the exclusive coasting trade of the United States; special advantages to her salesmen, a prospective treaty of advantage with our British West India Islands. Truly loyal and British in our feelings, may we not ask what next for us?"

Mr. Harding then read a number of extracts, showing in what respect the United States would be benefitted by this treaty; as against other nations, Canada particularly.

The next speaker, Mr. Turnbull, said that the United States was overshadowing the Dominion everywhere, and that the most practical thing to do was to get up a respectful petition asking the Imperial Government to allow them to annex to the United States.

Mr. Robertson followed this speaker, and he submitted some statistics in regard to New Brunswick's and Nova Scotia's trade with the British and Spanish West Indies, as follows:—

"The imports of New Brunswick from the British West Indies in 1883 were $395,162 from Spanish West Indies, $156,546. The Nova Scotia imports for the same period from British West Indies were $689,695; Spanish West Indies, $620,642. The New Brunswick exports to the West Indies were only $120,000, while those of Nova Scotia amounted to $2,471,015."

Mr. Robertson said that if our Government did not look to the province's interest in regard to this treaty, the sooner we annexed to the United States the better, as he said the treaty would destroy our shipping trade.

Other speakers then followed, and the following resolution was finally passed:

"*Resolved*, That the President of this Board be requested to ask the co-operation of the Halifax, Quebec, Montreal and Charlottetown Boards of Trade and chambers of commerce in petitioning the Dominion Government to at once take active steps towards securing a reciprocity treaty with the British and Spanish West Indies, and that in consideration of the Fishery Treaty about expiring the question of reciprocity with the United States be re-opened."

A resolution was also passed, to communicate with Sir. S. L. Tilley, asking him if anything had been done in regard to the Spanish Treaty.

The matter of the West Indies trade is certainly one of vital importance to these Provinces, and we trust the energetic action of the St. John Board of Trade will be productive of substantial results. The people of this Province and of Prince Edward Island should lose no time in forcing the matter, so earnestly and forcibly upon our Government, as to command the attention and action it deserves.

The Government papers say that action has already been taken in the matter, and that Sir. Charles Tupper, our High Commissioner in London, has been authorized to proceed to Madrid, with a view to place us on an equal footing with the United States. We hope this is correct.

For the information of those who may wish to know what the treaty between the United States and Spain amounts to, we give the following extract from an editorial on the subject in the New York *Sun*:

"The reciprocity treaty negotiated with the Castillo Cabinet by Mr. Foster, our representative at Madrid, seems to have been definitely ratified, so far as Spain is concerned, full powers to that end having been delegated to the Ministry by the Cortes. On the part of the United States the Senate will no doubt be asked to sanction the compact as promptly as possible after the re-assembling of Congress. What is the precise position in which the important and unprecedented concessions made by the Spanish Government would place American producers, manufacturers and shippers, as compared with those of other countries, and to what extent might Cuba hope for relief and revival from the new state of things?

"Among the products to be admitted free of duty into Cuba and Porto Rico from the United States are our food staples; raw cotton and wool; house building and ship-building materials; all kinds lumber and cooperage; all cast-iron articles and all heavy fabrics of wrought iron and steel; every species of tool and instrument, and all engines and machinery employed in locomotion, agriculture and other industries. The long list of American merchandise which, while still subject to duties may be imported into the Spanish West Indies at materially reduced rates, includes coal, oil, salt, soap, candles, cotton fabrics, glass and pottery, leather fabrics, rubber goods, copper, brass, and tin plated ware, wagons, carriages and fine furniture.

"So much for the field opened to American producers. The American shipper, also, is to enjoy special privileges under the treaty, all tonnage and consular fees on vessels and cargoes being abolished, and other dues being made identical with those levied on Spanish ships engaged in the coasting trade. We should further bear in mind that the concessions enumerated are to be exclusively enjoyed by American carriers and producers. There is to be sure a "most favored nation" clause in the existing treaties between Spain and most of the Continental nations, but there is a stipulation in the Foster convention that such States can only avail themselves of this clause by granting reciprocal privileges to Spain, and this neither France nor Germany, firmly wedded as each is to protectionist principles, is likely to do. There is no "favored nation" clause in the treaty with Great Britain, which, moreover, having embraced free trade, has no reciprocal concession to make."

— The statement of our correspondent "R" is, we fear, too true. It is a lamentable fact that among the fruit growers of this country there are some, but we hope few, mean and dishonest individuals. Who they are, or whence they came is not known to us, but we do hope that they are not natural born Nova Scotians, if they are natural born fools. The man who cheats in putting up fruit or other produce for market is as much of a fool as the old woman who killed the goose that laid the golden egg.

There is a meanness in the disposition of some of our farmers, that is the mother of dishonesty. A mean man or woman is contemptible. We would rather deal with a well known rogue than a *mean* man. When one deals with a rogue he is on his guard, and is therefore not likely to be cheated, but one cannot always guard against meanness.

Some people think they deserve credit for smartness if they can get far to the windward in a bargain, whereas they rather deserve six months in the common jail. "An honest man is the noblest work of God," but it is hard to believe that a man who can be guilty of a mean, dishonorable action for the sake of gaining two or three dollars more than he is justly entitled to, was made in the likeness and image of God." There is something wrong in the education of such people, something wanting in their religious training. Men who are regular in attendance at their respective places of worship, and loud in their exhortations and prayers, will often stoop to cheat a neighbor or a poor widow, and they do not think it dishonest, oh no, only "smart," clever. Such men would not commit highway robbery or a burglary, and would even think it a great sin to *steal* a cent, but by a mean trick they would rob a neighbor of dollars. With them to *steal* is to break the 8th commandment, but to get the better by as many dollars as possible in a trade with a neighbor by some misrepresentation, is creditable and deserving of commendation because it is "smart." A merciful God *may* perhaps forgive such people, but if he does it is not because they do not merit hotter treatment.

Even if dishonesty were not a crime under the statute, or a sin against God, one would think that experience would teach people to put more faith in the adage, "honesty is the best policy."

The credit of our whole body of agriculturists in the county is endangered by the systematic frauds that are perpetrated by the few, and we blame the former and their societies that they did not agitate to have a law passed that will prevent dishonesty in putting up fruit. The prospects of a large foreign trade are good, and we had hoped that the ventilation given in the press in regard to badly put up fruit, has narrowed this dishonest practice down into such narrow channels as to be unworthy of remark; but our correspondent appears to think otherwise. We strongly regret having to dwell thus harshly on this subject; but as the result sought to be attained by the use of the surgeon's knife justifies its use, so are we justified.

— We present to our readers this issue with an engraving of our new Acme Cylinder Power Press on which we are now issuing the MONITOR. It is a fine machine, and enables us to print our edition much more speedily and gives a better appearance to the paper. The expense has been heavy, but the necessities of our constantly increasing business demanded it, and it had to be incurred. We hope those who are in arrears for subscription will consider that our need of cash is now urgent, and will respond in the usual hearty manner when we have made like calls.

We take pride, we think we may say pardonable pride, in the fact that although our newspaper has been conducted in this town during the past twenty-nine or thirty years, we are the first to bring into it a cylinder printing machine, and can show the largest subscription list, advertising and job printing patronage of any of our predecessors. The MONITOR was started in a time of depression in the country generally, on material nearly worn out, by John E. Sutton Esq., and the present proprietor, on the 10th of April, 1873, and has steadily advanced ever since. During that time it has received a totally new outfit, and has been twice enlarged. In 1879, Mr. Sutton retired from the business, but it is only his just due to say that the MONITOR is largely indebted to him for its successful establishment.

Our remarks are not made from any desire to "blow our own trumpet," nor from any feeling of mere braggadocio, but from a feeling of thankfulness that our humble efforts to please our readers have proved so acceptable. We do not claim any extraordinary qualities for the MONITOR; but simply do our level best to make it a good local and family journal. Our sphere is a limited one, being principally confined to the County, and even that has to be divided with our Annapolis contemporary; therefore it is natural that we should take a retrospective glance over our past, and as we view with complacency our present, return cordial thanks to all those whose patronage has been the main spring of our journal's success, and hope that the pleasant relations may be long continued.

Many of our subscribers have never seen a power press in operation, and when we get our engine properly geared to run it, all will be welcome who desire to see one of the modern inventions in the form of an estate.

— A singular accident happened in Halifax, on Thursday night last, by which a clothier named V. C. Gibson, lost his life. He was in a restaurant in company with two other men, and in the act of walking across the floor, tripped on a spittoon and fell heavily forward. He put out his hand to save himself, but they missed the chair in front of him, and he struck with all his weight on his neck, over the back of the chair. The shock ruptured his windpipe and he only lived a few minutes. He leaves a wife and five children. According to the evidence at the inquest, he was not in an intoxicated condition. Truly, "In the midst of life we are in death."

Local and Other Matter.

— Charles H. Payson, of Round Hill, has been gazetted a justice of the peace.

— A meeting of the Bridgetown Agricultural Society was held in this town yesterday.

— Schr. Watchman, Mitchell, a Parrsboro' coaster, ar. from St. John this week. She will be laid up here for the winter.

— Wm. M. Munday, of Annapolis, passed a successful examination as mate, at the meeting of the Marine Board at Yarmouth, recently concluded.

— A man named Norman Baker, of Yarmouth, died from lock-jaw, on the 25th inst., caused by injuries received from a premature explosion of a charge of dynamite.

DENTISTRY— F. Primrose, D. D. S., M. D., will practise his profession at Bridgetown for ten days, beginning Thursday Nov. 27th. Rooms at Mrs. Ansley's.

— Rev. J. L. M. Young, lately of the Temple Church, Yarmouth, is now pursuing a course of study at Newton, Mass. This reverend gentleman is a son of Edward Young, Esq., of this town.

— The Local Government have succeeded in placing a loan of $400,000 with parties in Nova Scotia. Negotiations which were made with English parties for the same loan at 108 premium, fell through on account of technicalities. It is now placed at 106, 106½ and 107.

— The steamer Dominion, has been withdrawn from the Yarmouth and Boston service and placed on the Bay route between Annapolis and St. John. The Secret has been sent to Portland to be repaired and overhauled for the winter season.

— A number of prohibitionists in a town in Ohio, broke into a liquor saloon recently established in the place, and in the melee, the proprietor was fatally injured. The saloon fixtures were smashed, and the liquor kegs piled in the street and burnt. Great excitement prevails, and it is said a crowd of men have sworn to avenge the saloon keeper's death.

— Kings College troubles still remain unsettled. At a meeting held in Halifax week, a resolution was passed to request the Governors to notify the faculty their services would not be required after June 30th, 1885. It is not known what action the governors will take in the matter.

— A new time table went into force on the Windsor & Annapolis R. R., on Monday last. Express trains going west leave Windsor at 12.47, p. m., east, at 2.13. Freight trains leave this station going west at 4.00, p. m., east at 7.10, a. m. The stove is given at standard time. New timetable next week.

— As the Windsor & Annapolis express for Halifax was nearing Hantsport last Monday evening, some unknown miscreant hurled three good-sized stones through the windows of the postal car. The missiles came into the car with a crash that quite alarmed its occupants, one of them came dangerously near being struck.

— Nos. 35 and 36 the concluding numbers of Picturesque Canada have been received. They embrace the remainder of the article on Nova Scotia, and the complete articles on Cape Breton, P. E. Island and British Columbia.

— We notice that our contemporary at Annapolis is still advertising a notice of Dr. Franks', that he will visit different parts of the county regularly. The Doctor paid his bills with the MONITOR and withdrew the same notice two months ago. The last we heard of the Dr. he was in the state of New Hampshire.

THE DIGBY WAREHOUSES.— Messrs. D. & D. C. Clark, of St. John, who have been awarded the contract for the erection of the warehouses on the pier at Digby, will at once enter upon the work. The buildings are to be of wood, one story in height. The one at the end of the pier will be 30x36 feet while the upper warehouse will be 30x36 feet with an addition running down the pier of 80x18 feet. Owing to the narrowness of the wharf, teams will have to pass through the upper warehouse in order to reach the lower one.

— County Court opened in Bridgetown yesterday morning, at ten o'clock in Tupper's Hall, Judge Savary presiding. The docket is not large.

The following is the business up to last accounts:—

R Rupert vs Smithson James. Action on a note. Mills & Gillis for Pltff. Daggles for defdt. Judgment for pltff.

Lowery vs. Earnest Wilmot. An action for laying down a fence on pltff's land. Chesley for pltff. S. Chesley for Wilmot. Judgment reserved.

— Our Bridgetown Brass Band made its debut in the new rink on Monday night last. A number of tunes were played in a most creditable manner, and expressions of satisfaction and approval were heard on all sides from those who were present. The Band have worked hard and when it is considered that only three or four of the number had any experience whatever with band instruments when they organized a few months ago, it speaks volumes for the capability of their leader, Mr. Bishop of Paradise, and their own musical taste and perseverance, that they have attained to such proficiency in so short a period. The progress will now, of course, be much more rapid, as the drudgery is over. Their presence will be a frequent feature of the rink amusements this winter, and will add materially to the pleasure. A benefit will soon be given, we understand, and we hope a liberal patronage will greet "the boys."

ACCIDENT.—On Sunday night the 14th inst., a somewhat noted simple character in this County and in Kings, named "Billy East" was run into by a team and had his leg broken. The driver of the team, owing to the inky darkness of the night could not see "Billy," who was on foot, and the latter probably could not determine the direction of the team, hence the accident. "Billy," was taken to our County Alms House, although he is a native of Cornwallis, and Kings County is chargeable for his support. His leg was bandaged and splinted by Dr. DeBlois, the County physician; but "Billy" rebelled against any such restraints being put on his limb, and regularly kicked the bandages off as they were put on. The doctor was compelled to visit him every day and as a final resort he encased the leg in a heavy plaster of Paris mould and has wound it round with many yards of cotton, cut up into bandages. These ought to keep the refractory "Billy" quiet and give him a chance to get on his pins again.

— Mr. Alexander Shearer, the well known agent of the branch of the Union Bank of Halifax at Annapolis, has absconded, a defaulter to the amount of nearly $7,000. Rumors that something was wrong had been current for some days previous to his disappearance, but nothing definite was known or really suspected, and the news that he was a defaulter was a great shock to the community generally, as he was an man greatly esteemed by a large circle of acquaintances. The bank is fully secured from loss by the Guarantee Company of Canada, for an amount some thousands over that which is missing.

— Mr. E. L. Thorne, the accountant of the head office, has been installed manager *pro tem.*, and as we are personally acquainted with Mr. Thorne can assure the business public that in all transactions they may have with him, they will receive the best and most liberal treatment. In regard to the particulars of the manner of Shearer's defalcations, the bank officials have not yet made them public, therefore the reports that have been in circulation for the past few days are merely flying rumors, and not to be relied upon. We are assured that when all is known the public will be satisfied that the bank should suffer no loss of patronage.

— The *Morning Post*, of London, G. B., speaks in high praise of the quality of our Gravenstein apples.

— The New Brunswick Fredericton *Reporter* passed the fortieth mile post of its journalistic career on the 23rd inst. We tender our congratulations and best wishes.

— "Ocean" Flour is taking the lead over all brands. Every barrel warranted. A carload to arrive this week for J. W. Beckwith. 1i

— The next meeting of the Annapolis County Temperance League, takes place in Temperance Hall, Granville Ferry, to-morrow, at two o'clock, p. m.

— Diptheria of a malignant type, is very prevalent in and around Fredericton, N. B., and many deaths have been reported from this cause.

— Ulsters and Ulsterettes, Heavy and Light Dress Overcoats to be had at J. W. Beckwith's at exceedingly low prices. 1i

PERSONAL.— We welcome back home Mr. Fred. R. Fay, after an absence of nearly five years in British Columbia. He is employed on the British Columbia portion of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and expects to return in a short time.

— Our thanks are due Messrs. McAlpine & Barnes, of Halifax, for a copy of that handy little volume, Belcher's Almanac, for 1885.

— Dr. Primrose will be in Bridgetown until Saturday, Dec. 13th, office at Mrs. Ainsley's. 2i

LECTURE.—The Rev. S. Clark, gave a lecture in Temperance Hall, Nictaux Falls, Nov. 24th, at the request of the Sons of Temperance. Subject, "Something Original." There was a good attendance, and the audience showed their appreciation by deep attention and a hearty vote of thanks at the close.

—100 pairs of the latest improved skates just received by J. W. Beckwith, to supply the need of those who intend patronizing the rink this winter. Prices very low. 1i

— The Rev. Wm. Hamilton, will preach in the Presbyterian Church, on Sabbath first, at 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. Bible class meets at 2.15 p. m.

— Don't forget the Basket Sociable to be held in Dennison's Hall to-morrow night at seven o'clock.

OBITUARY.— Business men generally, throughout this Province, will learn with regret, of the death of Mr. Thaddeus McElwain, at Salter's Hotel, Annapolis, yesterday morning at 4 o'clock, of congestion of the lungs, after but two or three days illness. Mr. McElwain, had been an agent of Messrs. Jas. McCready & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, of Montreal, for the past fifteen years, and was one of the most popular agents on the road, from his business ability and genial, kindly nature. He was attended by Dr. Robinson, and every effort that skill and experience could dictate, was put forth to baffle the disease. Mr. McElwain was a resident of St. John.

— The ladies of St. James' Church intend holding a "Doll and Apron Sale," in aid of the building fund of the new church, in Victoria Hall, on Thursday, 18th inst. In connection with above, there will be a sociable at which coffee and refreshments will be served during the evening. At 8 o'clock, a grand entertainment will be given consisting of "Mother Goose's Reception," to be performed by 21 children in elaborate costumes, tableaux, &c. All to conclude with a very amusing Farce "Dreadfully Alarming," by some talented young amateurs. For further particulars, see hand bills next week.

WEDDING. — On Thursday last, a large assemblage met in the Presbyterian Church of this town, to witness the nuptials of Miss Isabella FitzRandolph, only daughter of Robert FitzRandolph, Esq., of this town, to Mr. Newton H. Newcomb, of Cornwallis, Kings Co. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Wm. Hamilton, the resident clergyman. The bride was dressed in a travelling costume of prune colored cloth, and the groom in conventional black. After the conclusion of the ceremony the happy pair drove to the residence of the bride's father, where they partook of a *dejeuner*, and then departed for their new home in Cornwallis. The bride is one of the most justly esteemed young ladies of this town. She is of a most kindly and amiable disposition, which endeared her to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. To many a deserving poor person, she has been a "Lady Bountiful," and those in like circumstances in her new home have gained a friend. We tender our warm congratulations to the newly wedded couple, and hope that life's pathway may be ever smooth and pleasant.

SMALL FRUITS.

It has always been our aim to give our customers the new and choicest fruits and flowers at the earliest moment possible, after being satisfied by testing them that they are worthy of dissemination.

The following list of specialties we offer with pride, as we are satisfied they are valuable and will please our customers. WE OWN THE WHOLE STOCK, AND THE PLANTS CAN ONLY BE BOUGHT OF OUR REGULARLY APPOINTED AGENTS.

"BLACK CHAMPION" CURRANT.

Awarded a First-Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society, August 9th, 1881.

This valuable introduction was pronounced by the Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society, as well as those members of the profession who saw the specimens exhibited, to be the finest Black Currant ever seen at South Kensington. Many of the berries are so large as to be taken for medium-sized grapes. The bunches are very long, and the flavor of the fruit particularly luscious and delicate. Another important feature is its robust habit and powers of resisting drought.

It is the longest and latest hanging variety in cultivation, good fruit being last year gathered the last week in September, and a dish was exhibited September 9. Unlike other varieties it will bear the most severe pruning without prejudice.

MOORE'S RUBY CURRANT

was originated by Mr. Jacob Moore, from seed obtained by crossing the Cherry and White Grape, and shows very clearly traits of both parents. It is of fairly vigorous growth, producing shoots longer than the cherry, and heavier than the white grape. Foliage as free from disease as that of any variety we know of. It has fruited with us for five years without extra fertilizing or cultivation, and has always been well loaded with handsome long clusters of fruit, with the exception of one year, when a late frost injured the crop.

"The fruit is of large size, next to the Cherry and La Versaillase, in that respect, borne on much longer stems and more abundantly than with the varieties named, and produce at least twice as much as those varieties. The color of the fruit is a beautiful bright red, not quite so dark as the Cherry Currant; ripens at nearly the same time as the cherry; the flavor a very agreeable mild acid, somewhat similar to the White Grape, and fully equal to that of any variety.

LARGE GOLDEN PROLIFIC GOOSEBERRY.

We believe this Gooseberry will lead all other varieties as a productive, hardy market variety. It is the only near approach to the English Gooseberry in size but unlike them is perfectly hardy, has never shown any signs of mildew. The cut we give in our circulars, (which can be obtained from any of our authorized agents), is true to nature, the size of the berry being given from actual measurement. We give an extract below from the *Canadian Horticulturalist*.

A NEW GOOSEBERRY.—During the past summer we received a few specimens of a new gooseberry from Stone & Wellington, of Toronto. The fruit received was of good size, oblong in form, and of a golden yellow color, and of good flavor. In a letter received from them they state that the original plant was found in the State of New York, growing wild in a decayed hickory stump, by a person who was hunting. Being pleased with the appearance of the fruit, he took the trouble to return at the proper season and took up the plant. He removed it successfully, and it has been in bearing ever since.

Messrs. Stone & Wellington have now fruited this gooseberry for four years and find that it is perfectly hardy, never has shown any signs of mildew, and each year bearing immense crops. They describe it as remarkably strong, vigorous upright grower, with dark green, glaucous leaves which resist mildew perfectly, and remain on the plant until the end of the season; while good samples of the fruit measure on inch and three-quarters in length.

GAINOR BLACKBERRY.

GAINOR.—This choice new blackberry was offered for the first time to the public for delivery, fall of '83 and spring of 84'. It is controlled exclusively by us. Originated a few miles from our nurseries, being a chance seedling. Our attention was first called to it by its extreme hardiness. While other blackberries near it were killed or damaged by the extreme winter of '81, the Gainor was unarmed, and the following season bore a large crop of large, handsome, fine flavored fruit. Larger than Kittatinny, a deep black, and in quality, good, tender and sweet. Its large size, fine quality and extreme hardiness make it the Blackberry we have been so long wanting. We offer it with confidence and our strongest recommendation.

New illustrated catalogue just issued Orders sent to us direct, or given to any of our duly appointed agents, will receive prompt and careful attention. Agents wanted. For terms address:

STONE & WELLINGTON.
Montreal, P. Q.

Jas. Beall, Manager Branch Office.
J. E. Lockwood and David Duncan, are our agents for Annapolis County. 41f38.

AN EXCELLENT GIFT FOR YOUR FRIENDS.— A year's subscription to the MONITOR would not cost you much and would be an acceptable present, particularly to natives of the County living abroad. Sent to any part of the United States for $1.50 per year.

— Mr. Wm. M. DeBlois, barrister, has been appointed to the position of agent of the Dominion Savings Bank branch in Annapolis.

— Business suits, $16, nothing to equal these suitings at price. Suits made to order in the acme of fashion, good fits, best work; call and see samples. J. W. Beckwith, agent. 2i

— U. S. Congress is now in session.

New Advertisements.

GRAND
XMAS Display,
—AT—
STEVENS' STORE,
LAWRENCETOWN.
Every article at
BOTTOM PRICES!
Our stock is complete, both in
STAPLE and FANCY GOODS,
and will be sold lower than the lowest!
A quantity of
FLOUR
expected in a few days, which will be sold at a bargain to cash buyers.
SUGAR
by the barrel very low.
Call and see us before you purchase your Xmas supply. E. S.
Lawrencetown, Dec. 1st '84.

JUST RECEIVED
ONE CARLOAD
FLOUR
—AND—
OATMEAL,
selling low for cash. Special discount for cash for
30 DAYS.
Cash paid for
EGGS AND POULTRY.
N. F. MARSHALL.
Middleton, Dec. 1st, '84.

FARM
AT AUCTION!
To be sold at Public Auction on
Thursday, December 11th,
next, at 1 o'clock, p. m., a fine farm situated within one and one-half miles of Lawrencetown.
Farm consists of 125 acres of which 60 Acres are under cultivation. Place cuts from twenty-five to thirty tons of hay yearly. The orchard consists of 150 apple trees in bearing; also plum, pear, cherry and peach trees. Good pasture, well watered. House and outbuildings in good repair. Never failing well of water.
Terms, easy.
MRS. WM. A. CAIN.
Lawrencetown, Nov. 25, 84.
P. S.—Stock and farming utensils will be sold with the place if desired.

$5.50 FLOUR
—AND—
MEAL $3.90.
THE Subscriber offers for sale 100 Bbls best Brand FLOUR and MEAL which he will sell very low for cash. Fresh
PORK & BEEF,
constantly on hand, also POULTRY, wholesale and retail.
T. A. FOSTER.
Bridgetown, Nov. 25th, '84. tf

Wanted! Wanted!
A GIRL to do general house work. A good cook preferred. Apply personally or by letter to,
C. B. Cornwall.
Clarence, Nov. 24th 1884. 3ipd

H. H. BANKS,
Auctioneer and Commission Agent,
COLONIAL MARKET,
—AND—
Parker Market, Halifax, N. S.,
Thanks his numerous consignees for their liberal patronage and solicits a continuance. Having had twelve years experience in handling COUNTRY PRODUCE, I am prepared to guarantee satisfaction. Storage for 12,000 barrels, also for produce in bulk.
Nov. 24th, 1884. 135m.

New Advertisements. | New Advertisements. | New Advertisements.

J. W. BECKWITH.

TO THE PUBLIC OF ANNAPOLIS CO:

I take much pleasure in notifying you of the arrival of my large importations of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

I desire in the first place, however, to extend to my patrons one and all my cordial thanks for their very liberal favors extended to me in the past, and it will be my aim to merit a continuance of the same by dealing in a liberal and satisfactory manner as heretofore. The Large Increase of my Sales this year over the same period last year, is the best criterion of whether my earnest efforts to please have been successful or not.

Watchful care of the markets, and with every facility for buying at the

Lowest Possible Rates,

places me in a position to give all who favor me with their trade, the best value obtainable for their outlay.

I feel that I have contributed no small share to THE VERY MATERIAL REDUCTION IN PRICES that have prevailed in this town since I have been in business.

My present importations are larger and have been selected with more care than any preceeding, I can therefore feel justified in requesting your further esteemed patronage.

My only regret is that my premises are not sufficiently large to comfortably accommodate my increasing volume of trade, and afford me better facilities for waiting on my customers. This difficulty I hope to shortly overcome, and in the meantime all are welcome.

GREAT PLEASURE TAKEN IN SHOWING GOODS.

I will not tire my readers by the usual tedious enumeration of individual articles in each department. My reputation for keeping

Complete Assortments

in all lines is now thoroughly established, therefore I will confine myself to a portion of the leading articles only, secure in the knowledge that the public will know that they can obtain all grades and varieties desired.

100 PIECES
DRESS GOODS!
Better Qualities than I have ever kept.
60 PIECES VEVET RIBBON TO MATCH.
BUTTONS in Large Assortment.
10 PCS. CASHMERES; 4 BXS. CRAPE; 4 PCS. CRAPE CLOTHS.
18 bxs. VELVET, in all the fashionable Shades.
30 pcs. Redingote, Newmarket, Sacque and Ulster Cloths.
I have already been compelled to duplicate my order owing to my large sales in this line.
6 DOZEN SACQUE ORNAMENTS.
12 DOZEN ROUILLON AND JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES!
2, 3 and 4 buttons—warranted. Also, Cheap Lines, in 2, 3, and 4 patent fasteners—not warranted.
15 BXS. FUR TRIMMINGS.
3 *Dozen Underskirts.* 1 *Case Hoopskirts, direct from manufacturer.*
1 Dozen Boxes Wool Clouds and Squares.
3 Dozen Ladies' Rubber Gossamers.
4 PKGS. LADIES' UNDERVESTS.
20 pieces Flannals—all wool.
10 pieces Canton Flannels.
20 PAIRS BLANKETS.
50 pcs. MEN'S SUITINGS.
75 pkgs. " Undershirts and Drawers.
10 dozen Overshirts, Cloth, Flannel and Dress. 1 Case Collars, Ties and Silk Handkerchiefs—ladies' and gents' wear.
3 cases Ready-made Clothing.
22 " Boots and Shoes.
8 " American Rubbers & Overboots
Ladies' and Gents'—direct from the Candee Rubber Company. 12 cases Canadian to arrive.
TWO BALES PARKS' COTTON WARPS.
Balance of Carpets will be cleared out AT COST.
Large Assortment of FUR GOODS to arrive this week.
GROCERIES of the choicest kinds always in stock. Tea, Sugar and Flour specialties.
17 Casks American "Home Light" Oil. Hardware, Paints and Oils always in Stock
I trust that you will give me a call and examine my goods, before purchasing elsewhere, as I feel satisfied that upon examination and comparison you will find it to your interest to buy. I remain yours very respectfully,
J. W. BECKWITH.