

Always Uniform in Quality
Delicious
"SALADA"
TEA
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY
PACKET TEA IN NORTH AMERICA

ARRIVED AT LAST



by Montreal boat, a shipment consisting of nearly two thousand bottles of

Bricks Tasteless

Have same quantity following next week, and double the quantity the week after, making a total of over

7,000 Bottles

which will be here before the end of November.

BRICK'S TASTELESS is evidently come to stay, it is not one of those "come to-day and gone to-morrow" Patent Medicines. It is a good reliable tonic that does its work every time and people who have taken it always take it again when they need a good TONIC and BUILDER.

Dr. F. Stafford & Son

(Sole Agents for Newfoundland).

NOTE TO DEALERS:—Owing to the manufacturers of Brick's Tasteless having some difficulty in getting their supply of empty bottles in time, they were unable to make shipment to us till this week. The shipment just in will hardly be sufficient to fill all the orders we have on hand complete, but the greater portion of each order will be sent out in a day or two and the balance when other shipments arrive next week.

COAL!

DUE THURSDAY:—
Cargo SCREENED NORTH SYDNEY
BEST POSSIBLE QUALITY.
IN STORE:—WELSH ANTHRACITE
AMERICAN ANTHRACITE
A. H. Murray & Co., Ltd.,
Coal Office 'Phone, 1867.
Beck's Cove.

Dr. Draper's Address to Rotarians

(Continued from Saturday.)
There is not any question but that in the audience here there is more than one who has had insanity break out in his own family, and looked upon it as a terrible episode, something that should always be kept quiet; a skeleton in the family closet, and if we are going to be able by this simple work to open up the doors of that closet, and remove the skeleton or bring it out in the air, it will be a great achievement.

We have had a great many young people come to us to find out if they could be married, or not. The fear of insanity is a hereditary thing. You trace it right back to the old religion. The treatment of it to-day is based on human logical lines. We still think we can chase devils out of people. That is the trouble, instead of looking upon it as an ordinary everyday illness like typhoid fever or tuberculosis. The manifestations of these are occasionally mental. Frequently you will see delirium come from typhoid fever. We always tell them now since we have proclaimed their hypothesis right, that it is not hereditary but acquired. We tell these people that they can marry, and no more think of their having insane progeny than if this one or that instance had not arisen in their families.

Some of you naturally ask how does it arise. First, let me say that there are many instances of a certain type of insanity that is hereditary. Those are the idiots and low grade morons, whose mental age never rises much above four, five or six years. These people are congenitally defective and should not be allowed to reproduce. We have some two thousand of these people now confined in Loxworth Village. If any of the professional men here should ever wish to see that place, I shall take great pleasure in showing them the Institution. It is a model village, and a great deal of work is done there. But we are not now concerned with those people. That is hereditary idiosyncrasy. We can do nothing with those people, and Dr. Parsons is not interested in that type. He is not running an institution of that kind. He is running, or going to run, with the help of the Rotarians an institution where, I am sure, if your children or your wives, or yourselves become involved in this dreadful mental disease, you will be able to go there and be cured, not locked up.

About sixty per cent. of all the insane that belong to that kind which we have called functional, because it has appeared in all grades of families, have not known the cause of it. The cause has not been known to British alienists, and they have classed it as a kind of toxemia or poisoning. We feel under a deep obligation to those British alienists who have resisted this continental idea that it is a sort of sex perversion. That is what is thought now largely in the States, to a certain degree in England, and very widely throughout Continental Europe. It is revolting to every idea of Anglo-Saxon manhood. But those people are really just as sick as if they had tuberculosis, and they can be treated.

Now the question is, how is it to be done? It seems to me that you will have to have here some sort of committee or commissioner of Institutions and Agencies. Just to show you how fine the feeling is in New Jersey. That Commissioner used to be called the Commissioner of Charities and Pensions, and it was realized that both those terms were objectionable, and his title now is the Commissioner of Institutions and Agencies. It seems to me that if one or two of your good lay people, of whom you have plenty here in St. John's, were to co-operate with your Department of Health, you would soon overcome many of the dreadful obstacles, and you could have him visit New Jersey and find from Commissioner Lewis just how we administer things there, and I know that would be very helpful. It would be necessary in addition to that that you would have

Remember the name



The name "Royal Yeast Cakes" is your guarantee of quality. They have been the recognized standard for over 50 years.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES



certain accommodation in the hospitals. I know something about the administration of your hospital here, and what I am going to say is not very nice. It is the worse piece of paternalism I ever saw. I know hospitals all over the United States and Canada, and I can tell you that there is no other institution like this in the whole length and breadth of the American Continent. I am not referring to the work done there. I know the men who work there, especially Dr. Keegan, who is a friend of mine, and I do not see how the man does what he does with the limitations under which he is placed. There is great room for criticism of the methods and administration. If you really want to do something for this Dominion of yours, take your hospitals out of politics.

I am here to try to help you, and while I am on this subject I would like to tell you of some of the difficulties you have to overcome. My grandfather was instrumental in obtaining in the State of New York the legalization of the dissection of the dead. That is a terrible thing to have to say. But you are very free from that kind of thing here. Some districts advance along certain lines according to the lines of the individuals who control; others advance along other lines. In your hospital here, you have young women in training as nurses. These young girls go down there, and because of certain limitations, those girls are not able to get their proper degrees, so that they will be recognized when they go to the United States or Canada. That is all wrong. You have the most wonderful material here to work on. The best nurses we have come from here.

Now then, I will tell you another thing. Thirty per cent. of your beds here in the hospital are occupied by cases that have no business to be there. They have no business there because—again it is not the fault of the doctor—but they have no business there, because they are tubercular. They are suffering from tuberculosis. Now you have a magnificent tuberculosis institution here, but it is only for tuberculosis of the lung. It so happens that on account of the lives of exposure which the people here live, tuberculosis of the bone is very frequent. If the Rotary Club or

some other civic body here would simply select some such place as the Topsails—I don't mean your excellent summer resort—but the Topsails in the interior of the Island—all you need to do is to put up a little shack and turn these people suffering from tuberculosis loose out there. Put one of your splendid women out there as Matron; you do not need a doctor really. Just turn them loose there as they do in Switzerland, naked except for a lion cloth, and within a year they will be well. But if you put them into a hospital and keep them there they will never leave there, but the tuberculosis will become more serious.

It can be done. I should think that the most important development that has come into St. John's since I came here is this Rotary Club. It helps to break down sectionalism and religious difference. We are all men after all, and it does not matter what we believe. There are so many things to be done that are much more important than our belief, that I look forward to the time when none of us will know what our fellow citizens believe, because after all we all believe the same thing. If that obstacle can be overcome, and your hospital management decentralized from political bias, then you can build a private pavilion if your Government will subscribe enough. After that the thing should be self supporting. Nobody can come down now, because the doctor cannot be paid. How can you expect a young man to come down here if there is no place where he can work?

In Bellevue Hospital where there is every facility, how many mistakes were made in diagnosis. According to their own statistics, eighty-eight were wrong when it came to an autopsy, and that being so, how do you suppose that Dr. Keegan is able to do much here unless you have facilities for studying diagnosis. If you Rotarians will provide a place where the study can go on independent of politics and theology, you will be conferring a great benefit on this country.

Mr. Chairman, I thank you very much for the privilege of being asked to come here. I am only sorry that I have to go away again so soon. I am delighted to be able to come here with the message of help, and not of criticism. I must say of your profession here that they are a splendid body of men, and they only need some one to give them a boost. That is my message. They know what ought to be done, if you will only give them a chance. They do not need money. Unlike us, you know, they work for nothing. Give them a Rotarian boost—that is my message.

Soviet Russia

PUNISHES LIGHTLY FOR HIGH CRIMES.

MOSCOW, Nov. 1.—(A.P.)—Persons guilty of murder and other crimes in Soviet Russia are punished with sentences so light that they will amaze American judges and public prosecutors. In most cases punishment for murder in the first degree does not exceed five years. It rarely exceeds 10 years, unless the crime is associated with banditry.

Punishment for other crimes, such as arson, forgery, robbery, rape, infanticide and criminal assault is correspondingly light. Bigamy is another offense which is only lightly punished. As marriage and divorce in Soviet Russia have been made very easy, however, there are relatively few cases of bigamy.

Death sentences are given only for counter-revolutionary activities, "economic espionage," counterfeiting, organized banditry and crimes against the State. But even in these cases capital punishment is sometimes withheld. A notorious case in recent weeks was that of Boris Savinkov, charged with widespread spying ac-

Every Fisherman—Every Householder

needs an **EVEREADY** FLASHLIGHT
STRONG—SAFE—RELIABLE

Made by the manufacturer of the world's best dry cell "COLUMBIA"

The NEW **EVEREADY**
Focusing
Flashlight



Three types
throwing a light
200, 300 and 500 feet

New Importations can be Seen at—

AYRE & SONS, Ltd.
JOB'S STORES, Ltd.

BOWRING BROS., Ltd.
G. KNOWLING, Ltd.

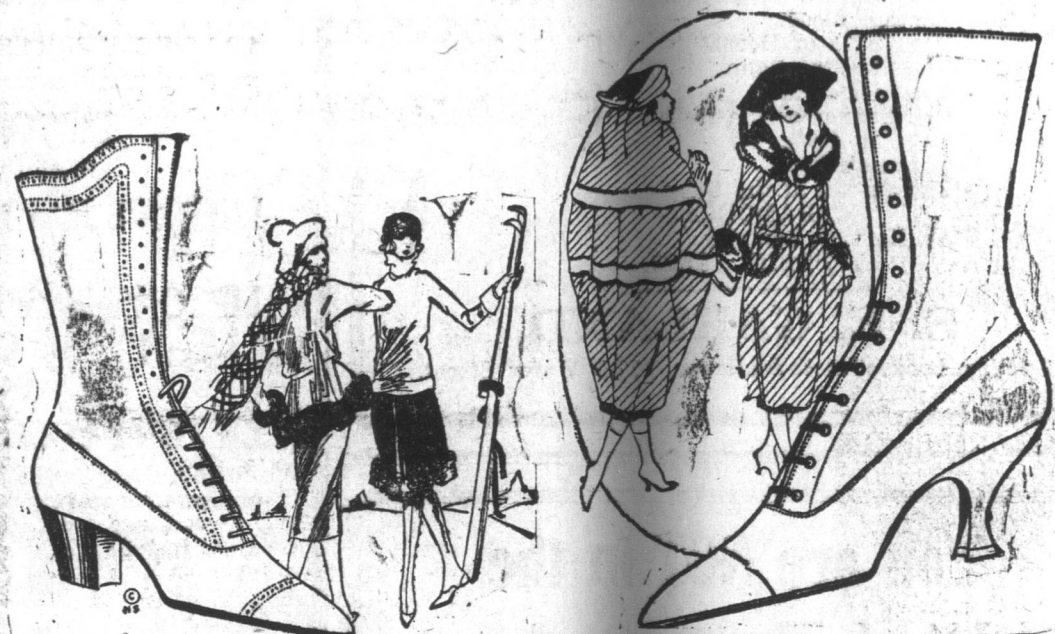
DIRECT AGENCIES, Ltd.

\$5.00 a Pair

Sale of Ladies' High Cut "Evageline" Boots

Reduced from \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00 per Pair to

Only \$5.00



275 Pairs of Ladies' Evageline High Cut Boots, for only . . . \$5.00 per Pair.
About forty different styles to select from.

FREE!—With each pair of Evageline Boots purchased at our stores during the next 10 days, we give FREE of charge a pair of Low Rubbers to fit the boot purchased.

Imagine, Ladies! \$5.00 will purchase a pair of High Cut, High Grade Evageline Boots with a pair of Low Rubbers to fit same. Secure your size to-day!

F. SMALLWOOD, Ladies' Dept

THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

activities and other crimes against the Soviet. Although he confessed his complete guilt, he was given only 10 years in prison.

Our Two Hundred Cheeses

The widespread campaign in favour of Cheshire cheese, launched to combat foreign competition, has prompted

an investigation into the number of varieties of cheese known at the present time. An official report shows the figure to be just over two hundred.

Of these, thirty-two varieties are made in the British Isles, where, it is pointed out, different districts have strikingly marked preferences in the matter of texture and colour of cheeses. Thus Lancashire folk are specially fond of "Manchester White" cheese, while Norfolk people prefer a brick-red variety, Derby, Gloucester,

Leicester, and York each produce what may be termed regional cheeses, and foreign competitors colour their cheeses for those markets accordingly.

The well-known Roquefort cheese is made of sheep's milk, while Gruyere is made from the milk of goats. One of the queerest kinds is Schapstegor, a Swiss green cheese which is so strong in flavour that only a fragment is eaten at a time.

British Lovelorn

RETURN TO LONG ENGAGEMENT IDEA.

LONDON, Nov.—(A.P.)—"Back to the long engagement," seems to have become a sort of slogan among the Lovelorn of Britain. It would be hard to say how the change has come about but evidence accumulates that long engagements are again in fashion.

The wartime habit of the hasty marriage—not seldom followed by repentance at leisure—is surely giving way to the protracted and romantic engagements of prim days when Queen Victoria used to spank one of her grandchildren who afterwards became Emperor of Germany.

"There is a slump in the sale of engagement rings," confided a court jeweler. "Young men nowadays do not rush into three or four engagements before they marry. This, however, is balanced by the number of countless presents exchanged in the courtship. The most fashionable marriages are generally the result of a six to twelve month's engagement."

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR CORNS.

MUTT AND JEFF

THE TRICK LID SET MUTT BACK FIVE BUCKS TOO.

—By Bud Fisher

