

THE BEST GOOD SHOE



INVICTUS

Clearing Lines

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

Tan Calf. Reg. \$15.00. Now \$11.95
Black Box Calf. Reg. \$15.00. Now \$11.95

Patent Leather. Sizes 9 to 11 only. Reg. \$10.50. Now \$ 7.75
Black & Tan Box Calf Oxfords. \$10.75. Patent Oxfords \$10.75
Black Vici. Reg. \$15.50. Now \$11.95

Men's and Boys' **CLASSY NECKWEAR.**
EASTERN BRAND CAPS Latest Designs and Colorings
From \$1.50 to \$2.75. From 45c. to \$2.70 each.

Friday and Saturday
SPECIAL SALE DAYS

INDIVIDUALITY

Our Millinery Department is at all times prepared to cater to the individual taste—both in Style and Price—in Hats. Our skilled artistes are always ready to help you with suggestions for a "Hat out of the Ordinary" and you are sure of being pleased with the results of any order entrusted to their care. The latest creations in Hat Shapes just arrived.

VELVETEENS.
In all the fashionable colours.
From \$1.60 to \$2.00 yard.

VELVET CORD.
All Colours.
\$1.60 yard.

WHITE CAMBRIC.
45c. yard.

WHITE NAINSOOKS.
45c. and 70c. yard.

Marshall Bros

FOR PARTICULAR WOMEN



Clearing Lines

at less than half price

Cloth Tops.
Sizes 2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½ and 6.
\$4.78 pair.

BLACK KID OXFORDS.
Sizes 4, 4½, 6, 6½. At \$9.00 per pair.

40 inch SILKS 27 inch
Merve. All shades—\$3.30 yd. Taffeta. All shades—\$1.70 yd.
Taffeta. All shades—\$3.00 yd. Merve. All shades—\$2.10 yd.
Jap. Black and White—\$2.10 yd.

DRESS PLAIDS.
From 40c. to 75c. per yard.

Friday and Saturday
SPECIAL SALE DAYS

Old is Your Mind?

Method of Measuring Intelligence.

endency of modern education is more and more to group children in accordance with mental rather than chronological age.

Advances," said Dr. C. H. Assistant Director of the National Institute of Industrial Psychology, "that the general progress of the child is not retarded by the inclusion of undue proportion of dull-

"The tests are to enable us to fathom the inborn mental capacity. A child of five, for instance, is asked to draw a square from a copy, repeat ten syllables, say whether it is morning or afternoon, name four primary colours, and sort different weights. Ability to do these things at this age indicates normal intelligence.

Questions and Answers.
"A child aged six has, among other things, to state the number of fingers on the hand, name the days of the week, draw a diamond from a copy, and transcribe a short sentence. At seven, the child has to detect certain missing features from drawings of the

human features, and together three pennies and three halfpennies, and state the difference between such objects as a fly and a butterfly, wood and glass, and paper and cardboard. "At eight, the child is supposed to give an intelligent answer to such a question as: 'What ought you to do if you broke something that belonged to somebody else?'

"It may be interesting to refer to what have, from actual instances, been adjudged satisfactory and unsatisfactory answers to this question. The former included 'Pay for it,' 'Own up,' 'Buy another,' and 'Say I was sorry.' 'Tell mother' was accepted if it was

assumed the article belonged to the mother of the child.

"Unsatisfactory answers included such as 'I should cry,' 'Mend it,' 'Hide it.' The last answer was useful, however, to the extent of giving some indications as to the scholar's moral disposition.

"By the age of eleven, the questions on every-day occurrences become slightly more complicated to the child mind. For instance, 'What should you do if you found you were late on your way to school?' has been a paper to a number of children of this age. The obvious answer of 'Hurry,' or 'Run,' is often interspersed with such as 'Get the stick,' 'Ring the bell,' and 'Get a note to excuse me.' Some of these answers are interesting as illustrating the fear of authority inherent in numbers of children.

Backward Children.
"The solution of circumstantial problems is one of the tasks allotted to indicate normal development of children of thirteen. 'My next-door neighbour had three visitors. First a doctor called, then a lawyer, and then a clergyman. What do you think had been happening there?' constituted one of these riddles.

"One student explained that 'the lawyer was employed to get the man to marry the girl,' whilst other replies adjudged satisfactory attributed the circumstances variously to 'a murder,' 'a marriage,' and 'a baby was born.'

"These tests, of which the foregoing are a few examples, have gone to show the wide range in the mentality of children. A range of seven years, for instance, is not uncommon. Thus, a bright child of seven may be found to have the mentality of an average one of eleven, whilst a defective of the same age may only have that of a child of four. Even more striking differences occur occasionally. It is a general conclusion that a child is mentally deficient when it shows a mental age three years in arrears of its actual age; he or she is then accorded special treatment.

"Much of what is often put down as vice in a child can be explained by the fact that the mental development does not correspond with its chronological age."

England's Soldier-Saint.

At one time St. George's Day (April 23rd) was celebrated throughout the country by elaborate pageants in honour of the soldier-saint.

Few of the stories and legends about St. George and his heroic exploits are founded on fact. It seems certain, however, that such a person existed, and that he was not only a daring knight, but also, in his later years, a very religious man.

St. George is said to have rescued an Eastern princess from a fierce dragon, which he slew after a strenuous combat. The girl's father was so delighted at her rescue that he consented to become a Christian, and made fifteen thousand of his subjects follow his example.

Soon after this, St. George gave up his life as a knight, and devoted his time to preaching. He was martyred at Nicomedia about the year A.D. 303. The Norman Kings of England adopted St. George as the patron saint of England, and later Edward III. instituted the famous Order of the Garter, the badge of which represents St. George slaying the dragon.

Henry V. had the supposed heart of the saint deposited with great pomp in St. George's Chapel, at Windsor.

MINARD'S LINIMENT USED BY PHYSICIANS.

Friendship Ties Alright, Handcuff Ties Not so Good.

TORONTO — An Ingersoll, Ontario barber, innocent of any wrong-doing, was compelled to make a ten-mile journey, while hand-cuffed, and in the company of a police constable, last week.

The constable, a member of the London, Ontario, force, visited the barber shop and playfully fitted his hand-cuffs on the proprietor, a personal friend. The steel bracelets clicked shut, and the officer suddenly found himself minus a key. The Ingersoll police were called in, but the keys to their hand-cuffs did not fit. The sportive constable and his fettered friend were finally obliged to travel ten miles to Woodstock, before the "dribbles" could be removed.

Charges French are Forging Marks.

REICHSBANK CHIEF ALSO SAYS THEY TOOK 27,167,000,000.

BERLIN, May 12.—(By A.P.)—Since the occupation of the Ruhr, the French and Belgians have forcibly seized 27,167,000,000 marks in German currency in the newly occupied area, says Dr. Otto von Glazenapp, vice-president of the Reichsbank, in a statement given to the press to-day.

He further asserts that the French have been issuing counterfeit German money, amounting so far to \$5,000,000 marks, from one of the plates seized in the raid on the Muelheim printing plant on April 8.

The currency taken in this raid consisted of 1,539,000,000 marks in 20,000-mark notes bearing the distinguishing initials M.S. The Reichsbank immediately repudiated this issue.

Dr. Glazenapp asserts that strange 20,000-mark notes have been lately coming in from Frankfurt-on-Main, Mannheim, Bielefeld, Detmold, and even Holland, bearing the initials Q-XI, which combination of letters has never been used officially on German notes.

These counterfeit, Dr. Glazenapp charges, were printed from the plate which the French failed to return after the Muelheim seizure. The statement alleges that 41 sheets of partly completed notes were also taken from the printing plant and never returned.

First Railway Ticket.

Probably not one in ten thousand passengers ever gives a thought to the man who invented the railway ticket.

Possibly there are still a few railway passengers who remember that the early tickets were like the coach bills which were given as vouchers, showing that a passenger had paid his fare.

Like many other useful devices, they were a product of the North of England. The first tickets were made in 1826 by Thomas Edmondson, a Lancashire Quaker, who was appointed station-master at Brampton (then called Milton), on the Newcastle and Carlisle Railway.

He printed a ticket rather smaller than the one we use now, in a machine of his own making. Later he invented a rack for containing and issuing the tickets in sequence at their numbers, and then perfected a date-stamping machine.

Developments of these machines are in use all over the country to-day.

THREE EEE

EASE. ELEGANCE. ECONOMY.

Three EEE's Shoes Summer 1923

Choose from the New Three E.E.E.'s models if you like your footwear correctly up-to-the-minute.

Smart Patent Leather Grecian Pumps, Oxfords, Sallys, and the new Egyptian Sandals are among them, all fitted with the "Walkmore" Rubber Heels. Ask your shoe dealer to show you the latest in

THREE E.E.E.'s FOOTWEAR.

Archibald Bros., Ltd.,
Harbor Grace.

FORD OWNERS!

To have satisfaction with your car on steep grades or in traffic you should use **CORK FELTBAL TRANSMISSION LINING** grips firmly without chattering or burning. The "Red Star" Timer is better than you are now using--will keep your engine hitting on all cylinders.

JOB'S STORES, Limited

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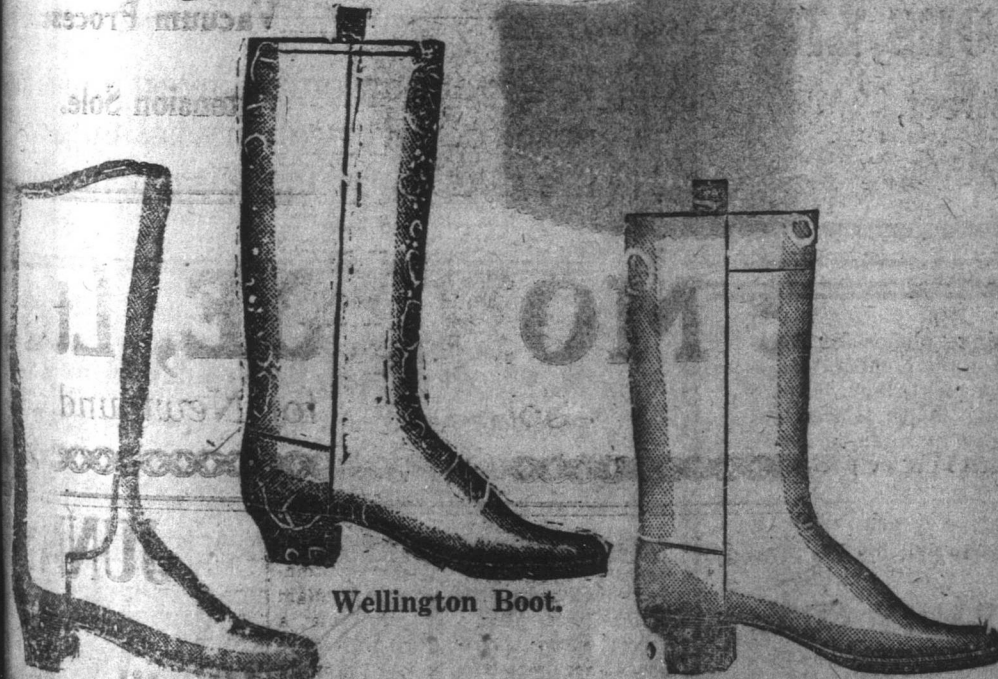
Sable I. Outward List.

The following passengers sailed for Halifax by S.S. Sable I. on Friday:—
Jas. F. Russell, Joseph Waddell, William King, E. and Mrs. Coish, E. S. Ross, S. King, Ed. Flight, Z. Moore, W. Thistle, F. Delaney, C. King, Mrs. W. Thistle, B. Friedman, A. Hoggan, J. Mahon, Miss M. Henderson, Miss M. Lynch.

The Fishermen's Friend!

FISHERMEN! One pair of Smallwood's Hand-made Waterproof Boots will outwear at least three pairs of the Best Rubber Boots on the market to-day!

FISHERMEN! Buy Smallwood's Leather Boots. They wear longer and are more healthy than Rubber Footwear. Leather Boots are warmer and more comfortable to walk in than Rubber Boots.



Tongue Boot. High ¾ Boot.

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.
FISHERMEN! Save your money by buying Smallwood's Hand-made Tongue Boots, Wellington Boots, High and Low ¾ Boots. These Boots are made out of all Solid Leather.

Men and Boys all Leather Laced Pegged BOOTS

FISHERMEN! Don't put your money in cheap boots. Buy Smallwood's Solid Leather Laced Boots. Double wear in each pair.

Men's Laced Pegged Boots. Only \$3.90

Boys' Laced Pegged Boots. Only \$3.10

Boys Sizes: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

Youths' Laced Pegged Boots. Only \$2.60

MINERS' BOOTS! Special for Miners. Only \$4.00 the pair. These Boots being made of all Leather will outwear the cheap imported Boot, besides being much more easily repaired.

F. SMALLWOOD The Home of GOOD SHOES
218 and 220 Water Street