Union Signal.

GODERICH JULY 31, 1877.

An English traveller journeying on foot through the highlands of Scotland, one fine morning, came across a shepherd tending his flock, and having often heard of the wonderful ability of these persons in predicting the weather he determined upon having the fact demonstrated in person. The day was beautiful and clear, and he was inclined to doubt the prophecy when the shepherd told him that a rain-storm would take place during the afternoon. Before the traveller got to his destination, it did rain, and heavily too. He was fully convinced of the truth of the wonderful stories which had been told him, and on returning by the same road the next day, he met the same shepherd, and asked him by what signs he had been informed of the approaching storm. "Weel," replied he, "I just looked in my almanac, an' I found that it said the weather wad be clear an' bright throughout the day, an' I kenn'd at once that there wad be a storm! They almanacs always tell the opposite o' the fact." What the shepherd said of the almanac might well be said at the present time of the majority of the Tory press. In speaking of the recent Reform demonstrations throughout Ontario many of them have made extravagant sacrifices of their reputations for veracity and good sense, in the endeavor to keep up their political courage and to misguide the public. No more foolish misrepresentation could be imagined than that which was indulged in by some of our exchanges in their allusions to the grand demonstration at Clinton. The public could not be deceived in this instance, for the evidence of success was too plain to be mistaken by the most bigoted. Instead of making party gains by this means, the independent ones whom it is their interest to gather in, as well as the public generally, ridicule them and accept their future statements with a more liberal seasoning of salt.

Mr. Mackenzie's tour has been a magnificent success, the crowning laurel of which was his reception at Clinton. The substantial and intelligent portion of the community greeted him, not as a god but as a man whose ability, energy and success made him worthy of respect. No one called him the "prince of the people," no one offered to play horse for him and hurtle his carriage through the streets—but they acted like men; and if they did not shout as loud as their Tory friends, or turn out to greet him at every step with open-mouthed crowds, it was because they were not such men-worshippers as Conservatives generally are, and only sought him when they could profit in knowledge by the meeting. Sir John at London drew well, but curiosity was the prevailing influence on the audience. His words were but indifferently listened to—and for a good reason, inasmuch as they gave no information. The same at Gorrie and elsewhere. It was not to be expected that Mr. Mackenzie could talk in the hearing of the entire number of his vast audiences, but those who could hear listened to him with pleasure and profit. His honest, expressive countenance—his plain, unassuming manner—his eloquence and occasional sarcasm—his moderate language, and his terse, convincing style of argument impressed his hearers very favourably. He was defending himself from the reckless slanders of his opponents, and the convincing character of his refutations was such that many drew the contrast between him and Sir John as between a reckless and selfish slanderer of his country's fair name and the defender of its honor. And the thoughtful would place Sir John, the so-called "prince of the people" and a Knight who has disgraced his title, far below the standard of Mr. Mackenzie, a gentleman who has refused the honor of Knighthood because, as a true Canadian, he fully appreciated the fact that

"Rank is but a guinea stamp—
A man's a man for a' that."

Mr. Mackenzie does Sir John justice by giving him credit for what he has done to benefit the country, but he has not stooped to use the same language of Billingsgate which the chieftain and his associates have directed against him. In their characters, those who saw the Premier, and also saw Sir John in his last visit to Goderich, witnessed a parallel contrast. Mr. Mackenzie is a temperate man, and his refusal to drink wine left an impression upon the people greatly in contrast to the conduct of Sir John, which caused many of his friends here to blush for him.

Their separate missions are telling upon the people. It is true Mr. Mackenzie is seeking the support of the country, but because he has done something for its benefit and is willing to do more; but his opponent, by the greatest misrepresentations and without advocating a policy strives only to return himself to power and then—"You'll see what you'll see." He (Sir John) displayed this fact very fully at Montreal—so fully in fact that, in the following utterances, some feel that he manifests the effects of sunstroke or a more serious malady:

"From east to west, wherever I have been, the country is arising. The Tocsin is sounding. The heather is on fire. You see it running from hill to hill, and when I was in the Eastern townships I heard the cry echoing from rock to rock, across the bosoms of those beautiful lakes, and over the emerald field, "Come to our rescue John A., or we are lost."

Grip touches this exclamation off very nicely in its last cartoon, by representing the chieftain listening to the cries from the "barren rocks of opposition" calling to him for help, little Sir John's being perched on each rock to utter the appeals. What could be more ridiculous than this:

"The country will bear it no more. We are law-abiding people, a law-observing people, but the country will bear it no longer. They are rising in their might. They are insisting on an appeal to them. We dare the Ministry to go to the electors of Canada. We care not for the great question of Protection to the country. But no, gentlemen, they will cling to office until Saturday, late in the afternoon, and you will be starving in the meantime. But you will bear it no longer."

Such defiance, such courage, such nobility of character! He evidently wants the Parliament dissolved at once, that he may begin his vengence. He has heard himself call to himself from the rocks, over the lakes and over the emerald field, and he is satisfied that the overthrow of the Government is demanded. It is premature for him to enthuse at this moment, however,—the contest is not far off, and he surely can afford to put off the time of his second rejection by the people to the last moment. If he doubts this latter consummation of his efforts, he will find plenty of his friends here to wager with him upon his sure defeat. Mr. Mackenzie's hopes are very bright, and he is willing to go to the country as soon as necessary.

The presence of Mr. Huntington at the gatherings in Ontario has had a good effect, and tends to establish a better feeling between this Province and Quebec. Witnessing so enthusiastic a reception of the Premier by such an influential class of people, he will carry back with him a more friendly feeling for the province and one which will further tend to cement the two divisions of the Dominion and rob their separate, relative positions of any existing jealousies. The impression he has made upon the people here is very favourable—his keen wit and eloquence winning for him a great degree of admiration. Mr. Mowat has grown in the good opinions of the people, and his reception at Clinton was warm and flattering. He has few misrepresentations to refute, for his opposition in the House is so weak and disheartened that he is really pining for a more spirited opponent.

If there is any comfort to be had from the fact, Sir John may rest satisfied that next year he will be able to fully test the degree of his popularity, but he will not be able to take comfort out of the result, except that it will give him sufficient reason for retiring altogether from public life.

Jimmy Johnston.

Mr. Jas Johnston, of West Wawanosh, has distinguished himself. In his own Township he doubtless counted himself invincible in political argument, and pined for foemen more worthy of his steel. The Premier's visit to Clinton was his opportunity—he would tackle the great statesman himself. He came, he saw, he yelled out, in the pride of his strength, "What about steel rails?" His desires were more than realized, when he was politely invited to the platform to make his statement, and his face glowed with satisfaction as he climbed forward and was finally lifted neck and crop upon the platform. Probably he was surprised when he was face to face with his calm, dignified challenger, but he was ready for any emergency when he square'd off and ejaculated "Now, what did ye say?" It also probably surprised him to find that Mr. Mackenzie wasn't a fighting man and didn't attempt to assassinate him, but politely requested him to tell the audience his opinions.

Mr. Johnston did so, and showed how profound was his knowledge of Tory perversion and untruth. When Mr. Mackenzie had in a few words showed the utter falsity of Johnston's story, the latter somewhat hurriedly "stepped down and out," where the tender mercies of his political friends were bestowed upon him in a manner to make him wish that his family had perished in his grandmother's time. To relieve his harrowed feelings he was heard to exclaim repeatedly: "All I want is an hour after he's done, and if I don't—well, it's all right." The Tories present felt humiliated at the exhibition and it had a telling affect on the audience; but Mr. Johnston is one who will, likely, rather glory than pine over his meeting with so great an individual. He has brought his name before the public and will hope to be a candidate for parliamentary honors soon. When he goes whooping through the land, announcing himself as the only Tory who had courage enough to level a lance in public at he great Mackenzie, Thos. Farrow and Patrick Kelly may feel anxious about their laurels. We commend this to the consideration of the latter, as Mr. Farrow was at Clinton to see and hear for himself.

THE "Temperance wave" is gaining strength daily, a higher public sentiment abetted by the various agitations now being promoted, giving volume to the tide. At the recent meeting of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Toronto a resolution was adopted, pledging the members to inculcate as far as possible the principles of temperance, "in order, as an educated body, and having considerable influence in the country, to make such endeavours as are likely to conduce to public health and prosperity." From a body so well calculated to speak upon this question, dealing as it does with the public health, this resolution will give a healthy impulse to public sentiment. In this connection we might mention that, at a very large temperance pic-nic at Sarnia last week the Mayor of that town said that since the inauguration of the Dunkin By-law in Prince Edward County on May the 1st there had not been one criminal arrest or prosecution.

THE Guelph *Herald* is the author of a most scandalous story, to the effect that two pictures, ridiculing Dr. Tupper and Sir John A. Macdonald, were displayed at all the recent Reform demonstrations by Mr. G. R. Patullo, who formed one of the Premier's party. Such an act would not be creditable, but when the *Herald* says that the pictures—which do not exist—were exhibited at Clinton and elsewhere it tells a shameful falsehood. Considered by the slight of Tory acts, the act would be justifiable, if it were ungentlemanly, for in Toronto, Montreal and London pictures ridiculing the Premier and his colleagues were largely displayed in processions in honor of the now called "prince of the people." What probably makes the *Herald* so indignant at this asported act, is that it would infringe uron a Tory patent.

SOME senseless beings pelted a few eggs at the Reform torchlight procession a few nights ago. After seeing the conduct of several Conservatives on that evening and knowing the record of the party which rotten-egged Lord Elgin and burned down the Parliament buildings, it is impossible to mistake the authors of the act. As an evidence of respectability, high breeding and tolerance, this act will have a telling influence upon by-standers.

War News.

MONDAY.

The preparations continue for the battle near Rustchuk, whither a portion of the garrison of Silistria have already gone. The approaches of the Russians around Rustchuk are becoming closer and closer.

It is said that the Turks have beaten the Russians and re-occupied Tirnova. Also that Ishmail Pasha has entered the Russian territory and advanced six miles on the road to Tiflis.

The Russian advance guard of Cossacks reached Jeni Sodargh, a railway station half way between Jemoli and Adrianople. The Russians are attacking the town, which is occupied by two battalions of Turks. Raouf Pasha is expected there with a large force.

Roumania has renounced all idea of military action.

The Russians have fallen back from Batoum, and it is rumored that a column will join Melikoff and again invade Armenia from Kuruk Dara. A St. Petersburg dispatch says the Russians have resumed the offensive, and inflicted a defeat on their enemy.

TUESDAY.

In Asia Minor the Russian retreat continues. The last battalions of the army before Kars have withdrawn from their entrenchments, and Mukhtar Pasha, with his main army, occupies a strong position eight miles to the south of the city. A general uprising of the Abchasian tribes, in the rear of the Russians, imperils their position.

Late news from Constantinople, admits that fifteen battalions of Russians have passed the Tivarditzka defile of the Balkans, it is supposed with the intention of withdrawing the Turks from the Shipka pass, where Raouf Pasha is stationed with a considerable force. This commander telegraphs the defeat of the Russians at the former place.

An official Constantinople despatch gives a doubtful story of the defeat by Eyoub Pasha of the forces under the Grand Duke Nicholas, a little to the north of Tirnova, and of the destruction of the Russian bridge at Sistova by monitors.

The Czar is at Tirnova, where he is to be joined by the Empress. Three distinct efforts are being made to pass the Balkan range.

The crops in the vicinity of Teeterville have been badly damaged by a thunder and rain storm on Monday. At Waterford a lady was struck by lightning and severely injured, her clothes being burned from her body. She will recover.

12th of July.

SUCCESSFUL CELEBRATIONS

RIOTING AND BLOODSHED.

CLINTON.

Thursday proved very favorable for open air demonstrations, and the gathering at Clinton was very large, twenty-five stands of colors being on the grounds. The town was gay with bunting, arches and other decorations, and during the progress of the procession, which began to move towards Murray's grove at 1 o'clock the scene was very gay. County Master Wellington Conners headed the procession, which was about two miles long, and the various lodges came in order, with 5 bands of music interspersed. Mr. Thos. Sturdy, of Goderich, acted as Director of Ceremonies and performed his onerous duties very satisfactorily.

At the grounds speeches were delivered by the County Master, Rev. Dr. Wall of Clinton, Rev. T. Watson of Bayfield, and Rev. W. Pierce of Seaforth. The addresses were listened to very attentively, and the whole proceedings passed off "decently and in order." At four o'clock the company returned to the market square, and after giving cheers for the Queen dispersed. The lodges from Goderich left by the forenoon train, forming in procession at their rooms and headed by the Silver Cornet Band and Mr. A. C. Simmons, ex-County Master, who rode on horseback, marched to the station. Celebrations took place at Lucan, Gorrie, Dungannon and Listowel, which drew away numbers of the lodges intending to be present at Clinton.

TORONTO.

The demonstration here was very successful. In the evening a number of Young Britons visited William St. and soon raised a disturbance, which resulted in all the windows in Mr. Cosgrove's house being smashed. The police interfered in time to prevent the house being sacked. Quiet was soon restored, and no further disturbance occurred.

MONTREAL.

Notwithstanding that the Orangemen refrained from parading the streets and the efforts by many Catholics throughout the country to restrain their brethren in that city, there were grave fears entertained that some disturbance would take place. Service was held in Knox Church, after which the Orangemen dispersed for their homes. Large crowds had assembled on Notre Dame, James and Craig streets. A young lady carrying a lily was assaulted, and a disturbance was created when her companion defended her. A Mr. F. C. Henshaw was badly beaten, in attempting to save a person who was being assaulted by a crowd. Thos. L. Hackett, a young Orangeman, was attacked by a mob while returning from the service, and was shot on the steps of Dunn & Co's. wholesale store. Some eighteen shots were fired at this point. Deceased was cousin of Mr. C. King, operator at the Goderich station. The police were inefficient to quell the disturbances, but the military were called out in the evening and cleared the streets restoring quiet. A young man named Boon, who was wounded during the riot, is not expected to recover. Jas. Farrel was arrested on Saturday, on suspicion of shooting poor Hackett. The latter was buried on Monday, and the Orangemen attended in full strength. The offer of the members of the Catholic Union to join the procession was not accepted, on the ground of a feeling of want of confidence after what had happened on Thursday. The leading Catholics endeavored as much as possible to prevent interference with the ceremonies.

The funeral of Hackett on Monday passed off without without any serious disturbance, notwithstanding the sensational reports to the contrary that were circulated during the afternoon. One or two panics arose during the march of the funeral cortege, but the rowdy element was kept in check by the presence of the police and the troops the former of whom accompanied the procession, which was made up of about 5,000 Orangemen, while the latter kept the line of march clear.

In the evening however as the Point St. Charles contingent of Orangemen were on the way to their homes in the western suburbs they were met at Wellington bridge by an immense crowd of the opposite party. The latter acted in a menacing manner, but did not attack. When the youths, who had lagged somewhat behind the Orangemen, came along the crowd of roughs made an onslaught on them with their revolvers. The boys ran, but one was shot down, a ball striking him in the neck and another in the back. He was taken to the hospital The dastardly ruffians had a jubilee over the affair. The police soon arrived, but made no arrests.

The name of the young man shot at Point St. Charles is William Elliott. He is from Lennoxville, Quebec, and came on Monday morning to attend the funeral. He is not expected to live till morning. He is a wealthy man's son.

Messrs. David Lemay and Duchesne were attacked in the evening coming down Bleury street by a drunken man, who presented a pistol at them. He fired three shots at Mr. Lemay and emptied the remaining chambers of his revolver at Mr. Duchesne, but missed them. He was arrested and locked up.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

A riot took place at Charlottetown, P. E. I., where a number of rowdies attacked the Orangemen with stones. The latter replied with revolvers from the windows of the lodge-room, and for a time great excitement prevailed. Three men were wounded during the affray. A hundred special constables have been sworn in and several arrests made.

Lumber Notes.

Shipment's—Secord, Cozzens & Co., 13 cars; Williams & Murray, 9 cars. Wm. Stitt shipped 2 cars tanbark to Berlin, and Wm. Log shipped 4 cars to same point.

Receipts — Secord, Cozzens & Co., 88,888 ft. lumber and 1,015,550 lath by the Mary Robertson, 2 7,761 ft. lumber and 61,400 lath by schr. Tecumseh, 95,449 ft. lumber and 26,700 lath by schr. Maple Leaf, and 150,911 ft. lumber and 48,000 lath by schr. Sarah Jane.

About $950 is paid as an annual rental by our lumber merchants for dockage on the new breakwater, and they have to pay harbor dues besides. We think they might well be excused the latter tax.

Wm. Campbell received 20,000 staves by schr. A. M. Foster.

Saline Notes

SHIPMENTS. Wm. Log, 200 bbls to Sarnia; G. H. Ord, 70 bbls; Wm. Campbell, 370 bbls; S. Stitt, 70 bbls; International Co., 400 tons salt by schr. Scott.

Some pretty large orders have been received, and the International Co. is awaiting vessels to receive cargoes.

DUNGANNON.

THE TWELFTH. Five lodges of Orangemen assembled here on the twelfth, to celebrate the anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne. The meeting in the afternoon, in Mr. McLatin's bush, was well attended. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Messrs. Caswell and Leitch, of the place. Several gentlemen who were to be present and address the meeting did not attend.

TOWN BRIEF. Some of our citizens are stirring themselves about forming a town bell. We hope they will be successful in getting sufficient subscriptions, as it would be quite an accommodation.

The race for the Prince of Wales' Prize were shot off at Wimbledon on Saturday, when Ross, of the Canadian team, took third place. Anderson and Mitchell, of the same team, also [illegible] nively won £5 and £3 respectively. Cross competition, Canada was represented on the [illegible] which will [illegible] Trophy. A similar [illegible] have also been taken.

Confirmation and Consecration.

TWO SOLEMN CEREMONIES WITNESSED BY LARGE CONGREGATIONS.

113 YOUNG PEOPLE CONFIRMED.

CONSECRATION OF THE NEW CEMETERY.

The services in the Catholic Church on Sunday before last were of a very interesting character, and drew together a large concourse of people, a great number of whom were from the country, some coming as far as from Kingsbridge and that vicinity. At the morning service, when one hundred and thirteen boys and girls whom Father O'Shea and the Sisters of St. Joseph had been instructing for some time previous were confirmed, the church was crowded to its utmost capacity. Dr. Walsh, at an earlier service celebrated mass and administered the Holy Communion to 140 children. The confirmation service began at 10.30, when the young people entered the church in procession, the boys wearing red rosettes on their breasts and the girls attired in white with veils over their heads. Rev. Dean Murphy, of Irishtown, celebrated Pontificial High Mass in presence of the Bishop, assisted by Rev. Father Leddy, of Cleveland, as deacon, and Hiter, Michael Cummings, of Wawanosh, as sub deacon. The Bishop was seated on the throne, Rev. Father O'Shea being seated at his right and Rev. Father De Cantelon, Dominican Father, of Louisville, Ky., on the left. The singing of the choir throughout this service, as well as during the day was excellent, and Miss Doyle presided at the organ skilfully and with great taste. At the conclusion of the mass, the Bishop addressed the candidates for confirmation at considerable length, impressing upon them the solemnity of the obligations they were about to undertake. Of the seven sacraments provided for by the Church this was the most important, as it was administered by none but the Bishop, whereas the others could be administered by the priests. He pointed out the temptations which beset the path of every human being, and urged them to be courageous and faithful as soldiers of the Cross, into which army they had now come forward to be enlisted.

Having concluded his remarks, the young people came forward and His Lordship anointed the forehead of each one with the consecrating oil, repeating these words: "I sign thee with the sign of the Cross and I confirm thee with the chrism of salvation in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost."

Solemn vespers and benediction and the renovation of the baptismal vows by those who had been confirmed took place at 4 o'clock, after which a procession of about 120 vehicles was formed which proceeded to the new cemetery in Colborne. Arrived at the gate the reverend gentlemen above mentioned, together with Rev. Father Reddy, Secretary to Dr. Conroy, preceded by the cross, marched to a temporary altar which had been erected on the grounds. Here the Rev. Dean Murphy performed the consecration service, after which Rev. Father Reddy addressed his hearers from the text, "Have pity on me, have pity on me, at least you my friends, for the hand of the Lord is heavy upon me"—Job xix, 5. From this appropriate text, an eloquent and interesting discourse was made. The words he said could appropriately be applied to the suffering souls in purgatory appealing to their brethren in the flesh for spiritual assistance. The church was solicitous for the souls of her children beyond the grave as well as for those on earth, and this present ceremony was a striking evidence of this fact. That doctrine of the church, respecting the existence of a place of suffering where the souls of those just ones who are not found worthy to enter Heaven at death are purged, is no new theory; it is older than the church itself, for sacred history places beyond disputation the fact that the chosen people of God underwent various penances to assist the souls of their dead friends. No evidence to contravene this principle is found either in the Scriptures or the traditional writings of the Fathers. The reverend gentleman spoke at considerable length upon this question, and concluded by exhorting his hearers to pray for the holy souls so that the same mercy would be shown them when they departed this life.

Rev. Dean Murphy then sprinkled the grounds with holy water, repeating appropriate prayers, after which the Litany of the Saints was repeated, and the cemetery declared duly consecrated.

Competitive Examinations.

TOWNSHIP OF COLBORNE.

SIXTH CLASS.

Subjects—Reading, spelling, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, history, composition, science and mathematics. Aggregate marks 579.

Post-tion	Name of Pupil.	Age.	Sex	Marks obtain'd
1	Thomas Morris	14	3	455
2	Sidney Potter	18	2	447
3	Car. J. Cunningham	15	3	385
4	Mary E. Morris	12	1	351
5	Barbara Morris	15	1	272
6	Emily Sterling	12	1	263

Honors—Sidney Potter 1 in arithmetic, geography, composition, science and mathematics, 2 in reading and grammar; Thos. Morris 2 in spelling, arith., grammar, geography, history, science and mathematics; Caroline Cunningham 1 in reading, spelling, writing and grammar, 3 in arithmetic, geography and mathematics; Mary E. Morris 1 in history, 2 in composition, 3 in reading, spelling, writing and science; Barb. Morris 2 in writing and composition and 3 in history.

FIFTH CLASS.

Subjects and marks same as in Sixth Class.

		Age.	Sec.	Marks.
1	Wm. J. Young	14	3	427
2	Eliza A. Blair	17	3	367
3	Mary C. Potter	12	2	313
4	Nettie Gledhill	12	2	270
5	Matilda Walters	11	1	250
6	Mary A. Jones	13	1	249
7	William Clutton	15	5	241
8	Catherine Young	13	3	137

Honors—Wm. J. Young, reading, spelling, grammar, history, history and mathematics 1, geography, composition and science 2, arithmetic 3; Eliza A. Blair, writing, arithmetic, geography, composition, science and history 2; Mary C. Potter, reading, arithmetic and grammar 2, history, science and mathematics 3; Mary A. Jones, spelling 2, composition 3; Matilda Walters, writing 2, grammar 3; Wm. Clutton, geography 3; Catherine Young, writing 3.

FOURTH CLASS.

Same subjects as in 5th and 6th classes with exception of mathematics. Aggregate marks 405.

		Age.	Sec.	Marks.
1	Wm. Maedel	12	2	223
2	Nicholas Morrish	—	2	216
3	Nellie Green	13	1	209
4	Martha Morrow	12	5	161
5	John Foley	15	5	158
6	Agnes McMurchie	12	7	153
7	Jane Carrol	13	1	148
8	Rebecca Young	12	3	147
9	Vancouver C. Martin	15	6	145
10	Eliza Watson	13	3	143
11	Alex. Hamilton	13	3	141
12	Lucy Durst	12	7	138
13	Jones Morris	13	6	118
14	Benj. Allen	15	6	107
15	Wm. Fisher	12	4	101
16	Mary A. McGillivray	13	1	99

Honors — N. Morrish, geography, history 1, composition 2, reading, arithmetic and science 3; W. Maedel, geography and composition 1, arithmetic and science 2; N. Green, spelling and science 1, grammar and history 2, composition 3; J. Carrol, writing 1; Eliz. Watson, reading 1, writing 3; Rebecca Young, reading and writing 2; Alex. Hamilton, grammar 1; Wm. Fisher, geography 3; M. Morrow, spelling and grammar 1; Jones Morris, arithmetic 1; Durst, spelling 1; Agnes McMurchie, history 1, geography 2.

THIRD CLASS.

Subjects—Reading spelling, writing, geography, grammar, composition and arithmetic. Aggregate marks 300.

		Age.	Sec.	Marks.
1	Janet Cowan	13	2	262
2	Alex. Watson	11	3	215
3	Ida Walters	13	2	234
4	S. J. Collinson	11	6	217
5	Mary Stevens	15	2	215
6	David Cunningham	12	3	205
7	Edwin Morris	11	6	199
8	Mary Edward	14	1	194
9	Bessie Hamilton	11	5	192
10	Effie Martin	11	6	179
11	George Reid	13	1	159
12	Roderick Young	12	3	157
"	Eliz Halliday	10	4	157
13	Norman Kernighan	8	4	155
14	Ann Young	10	1	141
15	Jno. McAllister	11	5	138
16	Lydia Habel	11	7	128
17	Margt Carter	11	5	99
18	Ann Blake	9	4	66

Honors—Mary Edward, reading and writing 1, spelling and geography 2; Ann Young, spelling 1, reading 2; J. Walters, grammar 1, spelling 2; J. Cowan, grammar and arithmetic 1, spelling 2, geography 3; Alex. Watson, geography 1, grammar 2, writing and arithmetic 3; D. Cunningham, composition 1, writing 2, grammar 3; N. Kernighan, reading 3; B. Hamilton, spelling and composition 2; E. Martin, composition 3; S. J. Collinson, spelling, composition and arithmetic 2; L. Habel, spelling 2.

SECOND CLASS.

Same subjects as above. Aggregate marks 310.

		Age.	Sec.	Marks.
1	Jessie McManus	11	5	258
2	Fred. Linfield	10	5	256
3	Sarah Heddle	8	2	235
4	Henry Mew	9	2	214
5	Sam'l Heddle	10	5	210
6	Ann Young	11	3	199
7	Hector McQuarrie	8	6	194
8	Louisa Zoellner	12	5	193
9	Gordon Young	9	3	187
10	Mary A. Flick	9	4	156
11	Mary E. Coates	12	1	155
12	Archie McQuarrie	12	6	145
13	Duncan McGillivray	10	1	139
14	Donella McDonald	14	6	136
15	Serena Fisher	8	4	132
16	Mary J. Sterling	11	1	129
17	Barb. Howitt	11	3	120
18	Alex. McMurchie	10	7	106
19	Catherine McClure	9	4	87
20	Julius Weise	9	1	85
"	Eliz Fisher	9	7	85

Honors—Mary Coates, writing 2; H. Mew, reading, spelling and composition 2, grammar 3; S. Heddle, reading and arithmetic 3; S. Heddle, reading and spelling 1, writing and composition 3; A. Young, writing 1, composition 3; L. Zoellner, geography 2; J. McManus, geography and composition 1, grammar and arithmetic 2, spelling 3; F. Linfield, grammar and arithmetic 1, spelling and geography 3.

FIRST CLASS—SECOND READER.

Subjects—Reading, spelling, writing, geography, tables and arithmetic. Aggregate marks 105.

		Age.	Sec.	Marks.
1	Isaac Jenkins	8	2	91
2	Gavin Clutton	11	5	81
3	Lavina Manning	10	2	85
4	Herbert Robertson	7	2	77
"	Caroline Habel	8	7	77
"	Hugh Thurlow	9	5	77
5	Phena Martin	9	1	76
"	Ann Young	10	6	76
"	Ann McKenzie	8	6	76
6	Mary McKinnon	9	6	74
7	Isaac Curry	9	3	70
8	Sam'l Martin	9	6	67
"	Robert Foley	11	5	67
9	Edmond Hogan	10	1	64
10	James Tewsley	11	3	62
11	Joseph Reid	10	1	56
12	Emily Mitchell	7	4	55
13	Leah Flick	8	4	46
"	Mary Fisher	8	7	46

Honors—P. Martin, writing 2, reading 3; J. Reid, writing 2; I. Jenkins, reading and writing 1, spelling and geography 2; H. Robertson, geography 2, spelling 3; A. Young, reading 2; G. Clutton, geography and arithmetic 1; Ann McKenzie, arithmetic 2

SECOND CLASS—PART II FIRST BOOK.

Same subjects as in Second Reader. Value 75.

		Age.	Sec.	Marks.
1	Mary J. Moore	9	2	69
2	A. Green	9	6	68
"	Jno. Patton	8	6	68
3	Sarah Townsend	9	2	64
"	James Scott	7	2	64
4	Matilda Stirling	7	1	59
5	Willie C. Stewart	5	6	57
6	Mary McLeod	10	5	54
7	Thomas Bogie	9	5	48
8	Wellington Martin	7	1	40
9	Mary A. Montgomery	9	3	37
10	Emma Hamilton	8	3	31
11	Wm. Edward	7	1	27
"	Lydia Flick	6	4	27
12	Ann Linklater	1	3	26

Honors—M. Sterling, geography and tables 1; S. Townsend, reading and arithmetic 1, spelling 3; James Scott, writing 2; M. J. Moore, writing and tables 1, reading 2, spelling 3; A. Green, spelling and arithmetic 1, reading 3; J. Patton, arithmetic and tables 1, spelling 2; W. C. Stewart, arithmetic 1.

Entrance Examination.

The following it the list of candidates provisionally passed by the local board of examiners, out of 47 applicants. Several who failed in the spelling test, which was unusually severe this year, have been specially recommended to the department, in consequence of excellence of work in other subjects. Minimum marks, 222

Agnes B. Dickson,	Central School,	305
Nettie Gledhill,	2 Colborne Tp,	286
Mary L. Howell,	Central School,	270
Mary. A. Jones,	1 Colborne Tp,	279
Sarah Kirkbride,	Central School,	269
Mary C. Potter,	2 Colborne Tp	299
Ellen E. Platt,	Central School,	258
Lettie J. Papst,	"	352
Mary S. Robertson,	"	309
Isabel Seiveright,	"	272
Alice E. Trainor,	"	306
Mary E. Whitely,	"	327
Matilda Walter,	1 Colborne Tp,	293
Thos. Elliott,	4 Kinloss,	419
Richard Miller,	Central School,	298
William Miller,	"	269
John J. McLaren,	"	351
Harry G. McLean,	"	292
A. L. Weatherald,	"	301

Point Farm

JUVENILE ENTERTAINMENT.

A very pleasant entertainment was given on Saturday evening last, in the drawing room of the Point Farm Hotel, by a number of the juvenile guests. Great care had been taken with the preparation for the event, and as a consequence, it passed off very successfully. The audience, which was quite large, comprised the guests and their friends, who repeatedly applauded their little entertainers. The amusing drama of "The Peddler's Diamond" was presented, in which Minnie Wright, Carrie Moss, Frank, John and Robt. Moss, Willie Peterson and Tommy Wright took part very creditably. The latter sang a number of songs in character and was enthusiastically encored. Carrie Moss acquitted herself well in her reading of "The wind on a frolic," Robt. Moss read "Lord Ullin's Daughter" with good effect, and Willie Peterson's recitation "The Cuckoo," was quite pleasing. The laughable chorus, "Hash House," was sung with great spirit by the Company and created considerable merriment. Mr. J. W. Bengough acted as manager. The proceeds were devoted to defraying the expenses of a pic nic, which was held at Port Albert on Monday. The weather was not favorable, but nevertheless a jolly time was spent by young and old.

James Steele, of Wanbashene, while taking a slab from a circular saw, was caught and dragged under and so terribly mutilated that he is not expected to recover.

The body of an unknown man was found in Nixon's woods, near London, on Saturday. The body was decomposed and a deep gash was found in the throat, evidently made by a razor which was lying near by. Deceased looked like a man of forty five years of age, was six feet in height, light hair, with heavy red moustache, and his hands looked as if he had not been used to manual labor.

Local News.

ABOUT TOWN.

LOCAL News on first page.

FOR WINNIPEG.—Capt. Thomas, Jennie Watson and Mr. Wm. F. Hardy passed up on the Ann Arbor route for Winnipeg, to give entertainments.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—The Warden has called a special meeting of the County Council for Friday next, to consider the question of granting aid to the St. John fire sufferers.

VIEW OF GODERICH.—The special artist of the Toronto *Globe* took a photograph, for publication, of the town from the roof of the High School on Saturday.

BASE BALL.—On Friday a base ball match was played in town between the Young Britons and Young Tecumsehs—both juvenile clubs—resulting in favor of the former by a score 17 to 13.

WANTED.—Some able-bodied men with clubs are hunting up Visitor, the author of the letter published on the first page of this issue. They don't object to his allusions to the beauty of Goderich or the value of the salt, but—well wait till they catch him.

RECEPTION.—On Wednesday last a number of our prominent citizens visited Point Farm, where Dr. Conroy the Papal Delegate held a reception. He was courteous, and the party enjoyed their visit highly. The distinguished gentleman took his departure on Thursday.

FIRE ALARM.—On Thursday evening the fire alarm was sounded, and the engine was run out with great celerity. It was not needed, however. The fire occurred in the roof of the back kitchen of Mr. J. B. Somerville's house, and was extinguished after a few shingles had been destroyed. Cause, a defective chimney.

SABBATH SCHOOL PICNIC.—A Union Sabbath School excursion, under the auspices of the Presbyterian and Methodist Sabbath Schools of Seaforth, will be held on Wednesday, August 8th, the civic holiday. The excursion will be from Seaforth to Goderich by train, and from thence to Kincardine by boat.

NEW SHOE SHOP.—There is great satisfaction in wearing well made and good fitting boots or shoes, and for this reason the great majority of people are willing to pay a higher figure for the hand-made article. To parties wishing such, we take pleasure in referring them to Mr. A. F. Halliday as one who is able to give them satisfaction. He has opened a neat shop on Hamilton St., opposite Bailie's hotel, and is already well supplied with orders for making and repairing boots and shoes.

MRS. KENT MASON.—This famed temperance oratress was announced to give a lecture on "The National Curse," in the North St. Methodist Church last evening. This evening she will lecture, in the same place on the subject, "Where lieth the responsibility, whence cometh the victory?" Mrs. Kent Mason is highly spoken of, and is reputed to be a fluent, eloquent and impressive speaker, judging from the testimonials, her mission has been very successful and productive of much good. Go and hear her.

MAN DROWNED.—On Saturday morning last, when the prop. Asia was nearing this port, one of the passengers fell overboard and was drowned. The boat was about four miles out, and while the men were engaged emptying out ashes at the after gangway, the deceased was walking about at the opening. The first mate, Mr. E. McGregor, noticing that deceased was partially blind, warned him of his danger and kept him back for a time, but while the others present were busy with their work deceased walked too near the edge and fell overboard. The alarm was at once given, a gangway and various other articles were thrown out and a boat lowered. The man was either too blind or too excited to see the articles thrown to him, and when the boat reached the spot, which was in a few minutes, the unfortunate fellow had disappeared. It is not known who the man was, further than that he had formerly been a watchman on the Manitoba, and was coming to Goderich to meet a physician who was to operate on his eyes. He was unable to pay his passage, and the captain taking compassion on him, carried him up free from Port Huron. He said that he had left his wife in Sarnia to await his return. Not being a paying passenger his name was not taken by the purser.

FORGERY CASE.—From the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* of the 7th July we clip the following, which will interest many of our readers who know Mr. Slack: "A man who gave his name as John Bolo, hailing from the Lake Superior mining country, was arrested yesterday