To the Editor of the Journal and Express.

WOODHILL, Nov. 23, 1849.

SIR—I observe in your paper of the 20th an extract from the Cornwall *Freeholder*, whose opinion you approve and endorse.

The extract is an animadversion on the *Globe*, for a remark made by that paper, in reference to the situation of Warden of the Provincial Penitentiary.

I have had pretty good occasion to know any opportunities to consider the duties of that officer, and I feel no hesitation in corroborating the opinion of the *Globe*, and I believe, moreover, that I may say as much for the other commissioners of enquiry. I am confident, that no sufficiently informed and unprejudiced man will differ in opinion.

I think you will give me credit for as hearty an abhorrence of downing street importations as any man in Canada, and of a firm resolution to condemn and oppose them, but the office in question is one of most deeply moral and vital importance to the Province, and of the most interesting nature, to the eternal and temporal welfare of the wretched inmates of that institution.

It is no ordinary person, Sir, who is capable of discharging the duties of such an office. He must needs be a man *sui generis*. He must possess an innate, a heaven-born anxiety to reclaim the convicts, to soothe irritated tempers, to instruct, to train, to encourage and reward, as well as to maintain strict discipline and order.

Such a man, I believe, is not to be found in Canada, nor is it at all likely that he should. It is indispensable to look out for a man, who, in addition to all other needful requisites, has enjoyed the advantages of employment and training in the very highly improved schools of Modern Prison Discipline.

The appointment is one, not to be made rashly, still less from political or party motives. I feel confident that the most anxious and honest endeavors will be made by the Executive to fill Mr. Smith's situation, (should he be finally dismissed) with the best man that assiduous enquiry can discover.

I remain, your obedient servant,

ADAM FERGUSSON,

Chairman of the P. C. of Enquiry.

ELECTION OF LOCAL OFFICERS.

As a people become intelligent, in the ratio increases the desire to have a hand in the management of their own affairs. The experience of the last few years shows that every concession in the line of self government is fraught with the most beneficial results. The Government begin to see that the only permanent foundation for good government is in general good will. As a people are capable of wielding their own destinies, it is politic to transfer them into their hands. Nothing can contribute more to general satisfaction than the acknowledged competence of communities to manage their own local affairs. Yielding to the people the right of electing their local officers, we conceive to be a cause of pressing necessity. It would effectually prevent the blundering incompetency of officers, as well as relieve those, with whom rests the onus of reconfidending to the government, from a very unenviable situation. Under the present system appointments are too often the reward of political partizanship, hence the election of local officers would be characterized by parity and confidence.—The whole tribe of expectants would, under the present arrangement, have to concentrate their energies to a more laudable object, than swindling their way into preferment as an equivalent for services rendered to a single individual. In making these suggestions we have no desire to ape Republican institutions. It avails nothing whether American or English. But the question is, How far is it adapted to the necessities of Canada? We believe the necessity is incorporated in her very existence. In referring to the constitution of the State of New York, we find that Sheriffs, Clarks of Counties, Registrars Coroners, District Attornies &c., are chosen by the electors of the respective counties.—The principle works well in the United States, where the suffrage is on a more extensive scale, and hence more likely to be abused than in Canada. It is not the adoption of Republican principles that will upset the balance of our constitution, but it is the perpetuation of tangible evils that can accomplish it. We cannot for our part see with what propriety men are allowed to elect their representatives for counties, while at the same time debarred from electing their own local officers. There seems to us an absurdity in the very face of it.—Any person who is capable of exercising the franchise, is at least as capable of electing a Coroner or Clerk of the Peace as he is to elect a fit and proper person for a Representative in Parliament. The present system is a gross anomaly. It is becoming unseemingly both to the people and the press, and we are sure that this barrier will be removed. The operation of the Municipal Act demonstrates that the extension of a system, of which it was the prelude, will entail a great amount of real good, and give general satisfaction. For one man to assume to know who is competent, and recommend them to the attention of the Government, is assuming a right which should never have been his. Besides it places him in an awkward position, both between himself and his constituents, and himself and the government. The present system instead of giving popularity and strength to government is sapping its foundation.—*Sun.*

THE TOWN OF LONDON.

We have been so highly delighted with the appearance and business prospects of London, that we cannot refrain from making a few observations on what has rendered it attractive to us since our arrival here.—The first object that arrests the attention of strangers, on entering London by the Hamilton road, is the new building recently completed, and intended for a public school, in lieu of those established in each Ward. The building is of white brick, with a cupola on the summit; and, from its prominent position, presents a handsome and imposing appearance. Next comes the beautiful structure, St. Paul's Church, the admired of all admirers, built in a style which reflects the highest credit on the architect, W. Thomas, Esq., of Toronto.—The grounds around it are being laid out with excellent tase. The Court House and Gaol form a conspicuous feature; and alongside is the Mechanics' Institute, which, although not particularly attractive, is nevertheless a good substantial building, and decidedly the best place in town for public concerts and other rational entertainments; the spacious lawn in front adds much to its appearance. The new Market and Town Hall are to our view in a bad location; the position is perhaps the most centrical, but hemmed in as they are with wooden buildings on every side, they are completely hidden from view and are by no means extensive enough. The Post Office is in a building admirably adapted for the business, but not exactly convenient to the inhabitants at large; in a few years it will probably find its way to Dundas Street. Several large, handsome private residences meet the eye in every direction; and though last, yet not least, we have numerous cottages, more like suburban villas than town residences.

To the north of the town, the Garrison occupies a very prominent feature: and to it no doubt, London owes much of its prosperity: the grounds attached are very extensive, and command an excellent view of the town and country, for miles round.—We were much pleased with a sight of an artificial lake constructed by the soldiery, and to which they have given the name of "Lake Horn." The Battalion stationed here has been considerably lessened by the removal of three companies to Kingston, but it is to be hoped that an increase will take place next spring.

The "rapid ruin and decay" men of Montreal could not possibly have known of such a place as London when they sent forth to the world their mendacious, sedicious Manifesto. Had they but thought of this rising town, we do not think they would have said so much about "ruin and decay." London has suffered severely from the destroying element of fire, within late years; but, thanks to the energy and perseverance of its enterprising inhabitants, it is fast rising into importance,—becoming wealthy and prosperous, and rivalling other places with fewer disadvantages to contend against. It is becoming more and more renowned for its public improvements, and everything tending to make it the great emporium of the western country. Within the last year, several large and substantial brick buildings have been erected on the sites where the recent fires made such havoc in the business part of the town. A splendid block of buildings, perhaps unsurpassed in the Province, have lately been put up on Dundas Street; all of which, with the exception of two or three not yet finished are occupied, principally as dry goods stores and grocery establishments. Although business is somewhat dull at present, on account of the bad state of the roads, few towns can compare with London either in wealth, prosperity, or beauty of locality; and we doubt much if its inhabitants, take them on the whole, are equalled in any other portion of the Province for industry and enterprise.—*London Times.*

MR. WILLSON'S NEW HOTEL.

We need not tell the travelling portion of our readers, that much of their comfort depends on the management & convenience of the hotel they may choose as their temporary residence, when absent from their own domestic circle. Neither do we require to say, that the possession of good establishments, for the comfortable entertainment of travellers, adds much to the character of the towns where such houses may be located, and now that Mr. Willson's new Hotel is finished, Brockville may boast of as handsome, well furnished, and comfortable an establishment as any in Canada.

In speaking of Mr. Willson's Hotel, we do not in the smallest degree, wish to detract from the character of other establishments, but justice demands, that public enterprise should be rewarded, and we sincerely trust that Mr. Willson will reap that harvest of support to which he is so well entitled, in having furnished an extensive establishment, honorable alike to himself and the town of which he is a respected citizen.

For the information of our friends at a distance, we may state that the site of the new Hotel is at the corner of the eastward market square, a situation extremely convenient to parties arriving or departing by steamboat or stage.

The house is substantially built of stone, dug in the vicinity of Brockville, and reflects much credit on the builders, Messrs. J. and T. Sheppard. The Joiner work does equal credit to Mr. Isaac Shipman, and Mr. Pomlton's *finish* in the painting department, adds more than a feather to his cap. The building is surmounted with a cupola of stained glass, much, more handsome than the "inverted" article which "caps the climax" of the Montreal Bank, and is formed in such a manner as to be easily converted into an observatory, which Mr. Willson at one time had some thought of erecting, and which intention we trust, for the benefit of the scientific, Mr. Willson may yet see fit to carry into effect.

The house contains about fifty rooms, many of them being so constructed as to accomodate families. The dining hall is capable of seating 150 persons, and from top to bottom, every room is handsomely furnished.

The outbuildings have been erected on the same scale of convenience, and the stables will always be able to furnish "good accommodation" as well as excellent livery horses.

Mr. Wilson is well known to the inhabitants of the district, and anything we can say will add but little to the esteem in which he is held by all classes, and we are glad to hear, that the first public acknowledgement of Mr. Wilson's zeal, connected with his new hotel, is to be accorded him under the auspicies of "St. Andrew" tomorrow evening the 30th instant. We therefore hope the attendance, on that occasion, will be numerous, so that the worthy proprietor may have the satisfaction of knowing, that his efforts are appreciated by his fellow citizens.—*Brockville Recorder.*

DUNDAS LITERARY SOCIETY.—The second meeting of this Society was held on Friday evening last, when the question, "Should the existing property qualification as regards the franchise be abolished in Canada?" was considered, and, after a most animated debate, decided by the audience in the affirmative. The next meeting of the Society will take place this evening, at the Lodge Room of the I. O. O. F., M. U., at half-past seven o'clock. The question for discussion—"Would Annexation to the U. States promote the prosperity of Canada?"—will be taken up neither for party purposes nor in a party spirit, but with a simple view to elicit truth. Entrance to the Lodge Room first door west of the *Warder* office, King Street. Open to the public.—*Warder.*

About the end of last month a boy named George Green, between 10 and 11 years of age, killed a little girl by the name of Margaret O'Connor, of the age of 5 years, by striking her with a hoe in the potatoe field. They were both orphan children, and they resided with a Mr. Rowan in the Township of Emily. The boy represented that a bear had carried off the child, but she was subsequently found carefully buried at the foot of an upturned tree. On sight of the boy he confessed he had killed the girl by repeated blows with a hoe. He was committed for wilful murder.—*Niagara Mail.*

THE NEW POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

We are sorry to learn that the new Post Office arrangements cannot be made so early as was anticipated, owing to the New Brunswick Legislature not having yet passed a law for the regulation of their Post Office. We trust that this delay will be very brief, as the New Brunswick Legislature will meet early in the year and Commissioners from that Province have already given in their adhesion to the scheme of uniform rate of 3d. currency for a single letter. We feel assured that there will be no delay on the part of the Canadian Government in assuming the managemet of the Post Office department in this province on the terms agreed upon.—*Globe.*

CALAMITOUS FIRE AT KINGSTON.—A fearful fire broke out yesterday (Sunday) afternoon, shortly after three o'clock, in the wooden building occupied by Mr. Orme, as a Grain store, in Brock street, a few doors from the *British Whig* office. The fire communicated itself to Mr. Orme's dwelling house, at the corner of Bagot and Brock streets, and also to Mr. F. J. George's in Bagot-street, and to several sheds in the rear of these buildings. The stone houses were partially gutted, and the wooden buildings wholly destroyed.

The Paris correspondent of the *Tribune* says that we may expect Kossuth, Bem, Dembinski, and probably Mazzini, in New York by the middle of November.—*People's Journal.*

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Detroit, Saturday, Nov. 17.

The train of cars from the West this morning came in collision with the freight train at Ypsilanti, horribly mangling Mr. Fergusson, the baggage master, and slightly injuring several others.

LATEST NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

Liverpool, 17th Nov.

Cotton in fair demand; with advance of ⅛d. middling to fair American. Sales of the week—50,970 bales. Corn trade quiet. Transactions in produce limited. Corn quoted 26s 6d; Western canal flour 22s a 24s; 24s 6d and 26s Ohio.

IMPORTANT FROM RUSSIA.

The London Times of the 10th instant has a letter from Vienna, of which the following is an extract:—"My letter of the 21st October communicated the important intelligence that the Emperor of Russia had consented to withdraw his claim for the extradition of his subjects who were implicated in the Hungarian rebellion. I am at present enabled to inform you that the matter is definitely concealed, the Porte having pledged himself to keep in safe custody in one or more of the Turkish fortresses all those refugees whose names may be mentioned by the Russian and Austrian Governments, and immediately to banish the others—probably with the exception of those who may in the meantime have embraced the Mahomedan religion—from the Turkish territories. Of course this perfectly authentic news completely confutes all the ridiculous reports among them, that Kossuth and some of his colleagues are already on the way to join M. M. Polsky and Tricky in England.

A young lady from Boston has accepted an offer of $400 per month to act as book-keeper in a mercantile house in San Francisco.

Markets.

GODERICH, Nov. 29, 1849.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Flour per barrel, (in bbl)	3	17	6	a	0	18	0
Flour per 100 lb, (farmers)		8	9	a	0	9	0
Fall Wheat per bushel,	0	3	0	a	0	3	1
Spring Wheat per bush.	0	2	6	a	0	2	9½
Oats, per bushel,	0	0	9	a	0	0	10
Pease, per bushel,	0	1	9	a	0	1	10½
Hay, per ton,	1	10	0	a	1	15	0
Butter (fresh) per lb.	0	0	6	a	0	0	7
Butter in the keg, per lb.	0	0	5	a	0	0	6

Toronto, 20th Nov.

Flour—Several lots have changed hands, at 18s 6d a 18s 10d for superfine in store; millers' superfine in bags 19s a 20s; farmers' in bags and bbls 17s 6d a 18s.

Wheat—Very little coming to market—price paid 3s 9d a 4s.—*Globe.*

Montreal, Nov. 30—7 P.M.

Flour—Stock in the market light—superfine, 20s 9d and 21s; extra enquired for at 21s 6d; sour has been sold to day at 18s a 18s 6d,—but holders look for higher prices.

Wheat—A few sales U. C. mixed, 4s 3d.

Ashes—Buyers of Pots at 33s 6d; an offer of 33s reported yesterday but declined; Pearls, 30s a 31s 6d.

New-York, Nov. 26, 6 P. M.

ASHES—$6 75c for pots, pearls $6 25c a $6 31c.

FLOUR—Sales 500 bbls. $4 50c a $4. 62½c for ordinary state, $4. 62c a $4. 75c for common state mixed and straight Michigan, $5, a $5. 12c for favorite Michigan.

GRAIN—Fair demand for wheat for mill-

CAME into the inclosure of the Subscriber about the first of October, A YEAR OLD HEIFER, brindled, with white face and belly, and white at the tail end. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take her away,

EDWARD MULCASTER.

Goderich, Dec. 6, 1848.
Lot No. 12, 2nd con. v2-n44-3t

CHILD DESERTED.

ON THE NIGHT OF WEDNESDAY, THE 14th inst. OR early on the following morning, some heartless mother abandoned her infant to the inclemency of the weather, and the world's charity, by leaving it in my sheep pen. The child was then apparently about four days old, and in a thriving, healthy condition. Any person who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of the unnatural mother, will receive *A Reward of Ten Pounds, Currency.*

JOSHUA CALLOWAY.

Bayfield, 27th November, 1849. 2v-n43tf

LOST on Friday, the 30th November, between Goderich and Tuckersmith, a NOTE OF HAND, £17 10s., coming due on the 18th day of April next. I hereby caution any person or persons buying or selling the said note. The subscriber will give a reward of one pound to any one that will find and leave it at the Canada Company's Office, or with the subscriber.

JOHN HORNER.

Tuckersmith, 3 Con.,
Lot No. 5, Dec. 13, 1849. v2-n44-3t

FALL IMPORTATIONS FOR 1849.

JAMES PORTER & CO.,

MARKET SQUARE, GODERICH,

HAVE just received from the EUROPEAN and AMERICAN MARKETS, one of the Cheapest and MOST SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

GREY COTTON SHIRTINGS.	STEAM LOOMS.	COTTON SHIRTINGS.
Printed Calicoes, Printed Muslins,	DeLaine and Cashmeres,	Ba'zareene, Bareges and Crapes
Saxony and Orleans Cloths,	Alpacas of all colors,	of beautiful styles,
Silks, Satins, and Satin Turks,	Worked Caps, Collars	Beautiful Linen Laces and Lace
Linen Lawns and Handkerchiefs,	and Cuffs,	Goods in variety,
Linen Cambrics and Handkerchiefs,	Ladies Boots and Shoes,	Gloves and Hosiery,
Swiss, Book, and Jaconet Muslins,	Dress Hdkfs. and Scarfs,	Artificial Flowers, Ribbons.

A Splendid Assortment of Shawls.

BROAD CLOTHS & CASSIMERES

OF FINE, FIRM, AND DURABLE FABRICKS, OF FASHIONABE STYLES.

Beautiful and Fast Colours, and at prices that will surprise all purchasers for Cheapness. Fashionable Trowserings. Do. Vestings Cotton and Lambs Wool Drawers and Shirts

MOLESKINS, SATINETTS AND TWEEDS,

MADE UP COATS, VESTS AND TROWSERS.

STOCKS, Scarfs and Hdkfs. Irish Linen. Buckskin Mits. Gloves. English, French and AMERICAN CAPS.

CARPETING.

Table Linens, Towellings, Linen and Cotton Sheeting, Counterpanes, Marsailles, Guelph Damask Flannels and Blankets.

50 SPLENDID BUFFALO ROBES!!

and 500 BAGS Superior Liverpool SALT, all of which will be sold at very reduced Prices for CASH or Marketable Farm Produce.

Goderich, 28th November, 1849. 2v-n43tf

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

HOPE, BIRRELL & CO.

SILKS, COTTONS, LINENS and Woollens of every Description and quality.	IMPORTERS, No. 19, DUNDAS-ST.,	Merinos, Prints, Shawls, Small Wares, Hosiery, LACES, Sewed Goods, &c.

LONDON, C. W.

MERCHANTS SUPPLIED ON THE LOWEST WHOLESALE TERMS.

London, C. W., 28th November, 1849. v2-n43-

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

HOPE, BIRRELL & CO.

Grocers, Wine Merchants, Fruiterers, AND OILMEN,

17 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, C. W.

H. B. & Co. respectfully solicit the attention of their numerous customers and the Public, to their present large and carefully selected stock of Black and Green TEA, Muscovado, Refined, and Crushed SUGARS, Old Government, Java, and Laguyra COFFEES. New FRUIT, growth 1849. Fresh Spices and Groceries.

Their Stock of WINES is also very complete—consisting of SANDEMAN & Co. GRAHAM & Co. HUNT'S Superior Old Port. DUFF GORDON & Co., and DEMESTER'S Pale, Golden, and Brown Sherries. BLACKBURN'S and WOOD & Co's Madeira, Champaign, Claret, Pale, and Brown Cognac, Jamaica Rum, Schiedam, London Porter, and Edinburgh Ale. All of which will be found of the best qualities, and sold at exceedingly moderate prices.

☞ "ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO." ☜

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

HOPE, BIRRELL & CO.

No. 21, Dundas Street.

IRON MERCHANTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Sheffield, Birmingham, Wolverhampton, and New England

HARDWARE.

Iron, Anvils,	Steel, Vices,	Copper, Nails,	Tin, Wire, AND	Lead, Glass,	Zinc, Cordage,	Spelter, Saddlery.

Canada Plates, &c. &c. &c. for sale, and Prices Very Moderate.

SALT.—The Subscribers offer for Sale 1,000 Barrels Fine Onondago Salt, just landed, ex "Oscola," a Oswego. Also

70 Bbls. St. Ubes Salt, well adapted for Packing purposes. 50 Bags Fine Liverpool Salt, in bags of 220 lbs. each. 200 Bags Fine Dairy Salt, weigh 24 lbs. each *Prices Low for Cash.*

HOPE, BIRRELL & Co.

London, 28th November, 1849. 2v-n43

WANTED.—5,000 Bushels TIMOTHY SEED, for which the the Highest Price in CASH will be paid.

HOPE, BIRRELL & Co.

London, 28th November, 1849. 2v-43 Produce Merchants.

WANTED!!—5,000 POUNDS OF WOOL. Apply to

HOPE, BIRRELL & Co. *Produce Merchants.*

London, 28th November, 1849. 2v-n43

DIVISION COURTS.

THE next Division Courts for the Huron District will be held at the times and places following:—

Division.	*Place of holding Court.*	*Date.*	*Clerks name.*
1st.	Court house at Goderich.	2nd February,	A. F. Morgan, Esq., Clerk.
2d.	Donkin's Tavern Huron Road	9th January.	Robert Cann, Esq., Clerk.
3d.	Wood's Tavern, Stratford	8th January.	George Williams, Esq., Clerk.
4th.	Quicks' Tavern London Road.	16th January.	George Carter, Esq., Clerk.
5th.	Rattenbury's Tavern Clinton.	15th January.	James Gordon, Esq., Clerk.
6th.	School house St. Mary's.	28th December.	James Coleman, Esq., Clerk.

The Sittings of the Several Courts will commence punctually at 11 o'clock, A. M.

ARTHUR ACLAND,
J. D. C.

Goderich, Dec. 6, 1849. v2n44

BY AUTHORITY.

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

HURON DISTRICT, } ON Monday the
To WIT: } First Day of

October next, will be Sold at the Court Room at the Gaol of the Huron District, in the Town of Goderich, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the undermentioned LANDS, with the Tenements and appurtenances thereunto belonging, by virtue of four Writs *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Queen's Bench, and to me directed, at the respective suits of Ross Robertson, Robert Moderwell, John Strachan, Gentlemen, &c., and James Clouting, Plaintiffs,—Also by virtue of two Writs of *Venditioni Exponas* issued out of Her Majesty's Huron District Court, and to me directed, at the respective suits of Robert Park and Joshua Calloway, Plaintiffs, vs. Julia Ann Kipper and Amelius W. Kippen, Defendants, to wit., a part and portion of Block G. in the Township of Colborne, Western Division, Huron District, containing Two Hundred Acres of Land more or less.

JNO. McDONALD,
Sheriff, Huron District.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, }
Goderich, 25th July, 1849. } 2v-n25

POSTPONEMENT.

The above Sale is Postponed to January 1st, 1850.

JOH N McDONAD,
Sheriff, Huron District.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, }
Goderich, Sept. 20, 1849. } v2n33td

Huron District Building Society.

THE SEVENTEENTH LOAN MEETING OF the Society will take place at the British Hotel, on Saturday the 1st Dec. at 7 o'clock, P. M.

By Order,
THOMAS KYDD, Sec'y.

Goderich, Nov. 22, 1849 2v-n42

STAYED from the Subscriber the 1st day of August last, a RED HEIFER, one year old past, with a white face, with a few red spots on the face, and white belly, and a piece of the left ear taken off. Any person leaving information at the *Signal Office* will be satisfied for their trouble.

JOHN SAVAGE, 1st Con. Goderich.

Nov. 21, 1849. 2v-n42tf

STRATFORD BREWERY.

THE Subscriber in returning his sincere acknowledgements to the inhabitants of Stratford, and to his customers generally, for the liberal patronage which he has received during the time he has been in business, wishes to intimate that the improved arrangements which have recently been made in his establishment, will enable him to make a superior quality of BEER, and to furnish it on such terms as entitle him to a continuation of the business which he has hitherto enjoyed.

J. F. VIVIAN.

Stratford, Nov. 28, 1849. v2-n43

STRAY STEER.—Strayed from the subscriber about the first of October last, a DARK RED STEER, (head nearly black), five years old. Any person giving information of the said steer will be satisfied for their trouble.

JOSEPH McINTYRE.

9th con. Lot No. 2.
Colborne, Nov. 22, 1849. v2-n43

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS

WILL be received on behalf of the District Council for the District of Huron, by William Chalk, Esq., Warden, and Messrs. Van Egmond, Hays, Ritchie, Lamb, Bell, Carling, Carter, and Hodgins, District Councillors, of the Subscriber, for the Performance of the following Works, the amount of which will be paid in Cash, on the full completion of the same.

Tenders will be opened at the Bedford Arms, Harpurhey, Tuckersmith, on Tuesday, 4th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the following, viz.:

1st. Line of Road between Hullett and McKillop, for opening and Crosswaying.

Sec. No. 1. Commencing at the Huron Road and extending *three and three-fourth miles* to the rear of the 6th Concession.

Sec. No. 2. Extending *three and ten-eightieth miles* to the rear of the 11th Concession.

Sec. No. 3. Extending *two miles* to the northern Boundary of the Townships.

2nd. Line of Road between Tuckersmith and Hibbert, Usborne and Tuckersmith to London Road.

Sec. No. 1. Commencing at the Huron Road ~~and extending three and three-fourth~~ miles to the rear of the 8th Concession

Sec. No. 2. Extending *three and three fourth miles* to the rear of the 12th Concession.

Sec. No. 3. Extending *four miles* to the South east angle of Tuckersmith, from thence between Tuckersmith and Usborne to London Road.

TENDERS will be opened at Mr. Jacob Wilson's Tavern, London Road, Hay, on *Wednesday* the 5th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the following, viz:

3d. Thames Road through Usborne and Fullarton to Mitchell Road for opening and crosswaying.

Sec. No. 1. Commencing at the London Road and extending *three and three fourth miles* to the rear of the 6th Concession, between Lots 10 and 11.

Sec. No. 2. Extending *three and ten-eigtieth miles* to the rear of the 11th Concession, between Lots 20 and 21.

Sec. No. 3 Extending *three and one-fourth miles* to the easterly side of Lot 30 in Fullarton.

Sec. No. 4. Extending *three and ten-eightieth miles* to the Mitchell road in Fullarton.

4th. Line of Road between Stanley and Hay.

Sec. No. 1. Commencing at the London Road and extending *two and three-fourth miles* to the westerly side of Lot 8.

Sec. No. 2. Extending *one and forty-six-eightieth mile* to the westerly side of Lot 13.

Sec. No. 3. Extending *one and twenty-one eightieth mile* to the westerly side of Lot 17.

Sec. No. 4. Extending *one and seventy-one-eightieth mile* to the westerly side of Lot 23.

Sec. No. 5. Extending *two and sixty-two-eightieth miles* to Lake Huron, westerly limit of the Townships.

5th. Line of Road between Hay and Stephen.

Sec. No. 1. About 7 or 8 miles of Underbrushing.

TENDERS will be opened at Mr. Patrick Flanagan's Tavern, London Road, McGillivray, on Thursday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the following, viz.:

6th. Line of Road between Lots 15 and 16 to the rear of the 16th Concession, thence southerly along that Concession to the northerly end of the 8th concession, thence westerly along that line of Road to the line of Road between lots 20 and 21, thence southerly between that lot to the Town line between McGillivray and Williams.

Sec. No. 1. Commencing at the London Road between lots 15 and 16, extending *three and three-fourth miles* to the rear of the 16th Concession.

Sec. No. 2. Extending *three and three-fourth miles* to the rear of the 16th concession.

Sec. No. 3. Extending *three and a half miles* to the westerly side of lot 5—8th concession.

Sec. No. 4. Extending *three and three-fourth miles* to the westerly side of lot 20—8th concession.

Sec. No. 5. Extending *two and a half miles* southerly between lots 20 and 21, to the Town line between McGillivray and Williams.

Plans, Specifications and Forms of Tenders, may be seen at the office of the Subscriber, in Goderich, six days before the days of letting.—Tenders must specify the number of section tendered for. Forms of tenders to be had of the subscriber.

The time for finishing the foregoing work is to the 1st day of October, 1850.

The entire number of sections into which each work may be divided must be finished before the amount of any section can be paid.

DAVID SMITH, District Surveyor, H.D.

Surveyor's Office,
Goderich, 5th Nov. 1849. 2v-n40-4t

Notice to Creditors.

ALL Persons having Claims against JOSEPH VURPILLAT, of the Township of North Easthope in the Huron District, are requested to hand them to the Subscriber for Examination and Adjustment.

WILLIAM SCOTT, Assignee
For the Estate of Joseph Vurpillat.

Hamburg, 27th Sept. 1849. 2vr.37tf

STOVES.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of Goderich and its vicinity, that he has received a Large Supply of the LATEST IMPROVED PATTERNS of

COOKING, BOX, AND PARLOUR STOVES,

which he offers for SALE at very REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH.

The Subscriber also keeps on hand, as usual, at his OLD STAND, a LARGE and very Superior assortment of

TINWARE of every description.

The subscriber takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the Public for the very liberal patronage he has received since he has been in business in Goderich, and hopes by strict attention to business, and moderate prices, to continue to receive a share of the public patronage

N. B.—GRAINING, PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER and BILL HANGING carried on as heretofore. WILLIAM STORY.

Goderich, 6th Sept. 1849. 2v-n31tf

STRAY STEER.—Came into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on the 26th of October last—A red and white freckled Steer, about five years old. The owner of the above Steer can come and take him away by proving property and paying charges.

THOMAS SOWRBY.

Goderich, 5th Nov. 1849.
3rd Con. L. I. No. 12. } v42-v2tf

New Tailoring Establishment IN GODERICH.

THE Subscriber begs to announce to the inhabitants of Goderich, and its vicinity, that he has commenced business in the above line, in the Room adjoining H. HORTON'S Saddle Shop, Market Square, where he will be prepared to execute all orders in his line on the shortest notice, and at moderate charges.

N. B.—Cutting done on the shortest notice.

JOHN ADAMS.

Goderich, Oct. 17, 1849. v2n37