

THE UNION ADVOCATE.

VOL. 35.

NEWCASTLE, N. B., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1902.

38

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New goods
Constantly
Arriving
Keeps this
Stock
Always bright,
Clean and
Fresh looking
Quick
Selling prices
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Old
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PICTURES,
PICTURE,
PICTURES.
Reproductions of some of
the world's best pictures,
nicely painted, and ready to
stand on the wall.—The follow-
ing is a list of some of the sub-
ject;—Pharaohs Horses, Christ
before the Doctors, Madonna,
The Belle, A Helping Hand,
From the Hill, Frighened
Horses, The Horse Fair, King
Edward, Queen Alexandra,
The Prince of Wales, etc., etc.
Sizes 8 x 22, 12 x 22, 22 x 22.
Price 25c. each

R. N. WYSE. - - - Newcastle.

BUY YOUR

CORONATION TIES,

Shirts, Cellars, Underwear and Everything else

Needful to Properly Celebrate the day at

OUR STORE.

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BUNTING.

CLARKE & CO.

For a Dainty Present

A Piece of Wedgwood Appeals to All.

We have a beautiful line and the price will
surprise you it is so low for this class of goods.

WILLISTON & CO.

Bakery.

Bakes every day. Wedd-

and Fruit in season

every day.

WILLISTON'S.

R. NICHOLSON, M. D.
Has removed his office to the residence at
Pleasant Street recently occupied by Alex.
Stewart, where he will be pleased to attend.
3mon. Newcastle June 17.

DAVIDSON HOUSE.

CHURCH POINT, N. B.

Harris Davidson - - - Proprietor

Popular resort is now open for summer
boarders. Good trout fishing, bathing and
wheeling.

If notified, teams will meet intending visit
at the boat
1m

TERMS REASONABLE

THE METHODISTS.

Meeting of Conference at
Sackville.

BUSINESS OF YEAR

Taken up and Reports Sub-
mitted. Church in Good
Standing.

SACKVILLE, June 21.—At Friday after-
noon's session of the Methodist conference
the order of the day was taken up. A
memorial from Fredericton district with
reference to mission circuits and the ap-
pointment of a missionary superintendent.
One from Chatham district referring to the
appointment and constitution of a mission-
ary committee was also read.
A resolution was adopted and ordered
inscribed on the journal making grateful
recognition of the fact that Rev. Chas. Ste-
wart, D. D., completes at this meeting the
30th year of his ministry, during which, in
the pastorate, in the theological department
of the educational institute at Mount
Allison, and in the many official positions
to which the district has called him, he has
rendered the most faithful, untiring and
valuable services. The conference heartily
congratulated Dr. Stewart on his half cen-
tury of ministerial work, and prayed the
Father in Heaven to grant him yet many
years of health and service of happiness
and all spiritual good.

S. James moved that the Conference
appoint a committee representing each dis-
trict to take into consideration the arrange-
ment of all our missions within the bounds
of our reference and report at the confer-
ence of 1903 for immediate adoption. His
idea that a plan could be devised to save
men and money. The resolution was lost.
The conference divided into electoral
divisions for electing delegates to the Gen-
eral Conference, which will meet in Winnipeg
the first Thursday in September. The fol-
lowing lay delegates were elected: Dr.
Inch, Fredericton; Dr. Allison, J. L. Black
and Prof. Huxton, Sackville; Henry Smith,
Charlottetown; J. D. Chipman, St. Stephen;
J. Hunter White, E. R. Macnam, St. John;
H. T. Pickerton, Summerside. Alternates,
Wm. Mather and A. M. Shaw.

Ministerial delegates—William Harrison,
Drs. Sprague, Stewart, Reed, Paisley,
Evans, Steel, John Goldsmith and A. D.
McCully.
An open session was held Friday night at
which educational interests were discussed.
A duet was excellently rendered by Misses
Hart and Sprague. The educational report
read by Dr. Paisley was received and adopt-
ed.

Dr. Allison spoke with reference to Mt.
Allison. The needs of the University were
strongly urged and reference made to some
recent bequests; a man in the Annapolis
Valley lately died, leaving \$10,000 for
Mount Allison.

Dr. Stewart made an earnest appeal for
increased interest in the theological depart-
ment. More teachers and money were
needed to successfully carry on the work.

J. M. Palmer gave an excellent address
dealing with general educational matters,
making special reference to the work done
at the male academy during the past year.
The deficit of \$54 in the collections for the
educational fund for the year was made up
by a special collection.

The conference opened this morning with
the usual devotional exercises which were
followed by an address by the Rev. John
Clarke on The True Christian. Mr. Clarke
took his text, or rather it might be said
took the whole Bible for his text, develop-
ing his theme on generous Biblical lines and
delighting and profiting his hearers.
The further business of the morning con-
sisted of the reading and consideration of
the Sunday School report. Mr. E. R.
Macnam, of St. John, the secretary, read
the report. It was discussed item by item
and adopted with amendments. According
to the report there were during the year
302 preaching appointments, a decrease of
five; 218 Sunday Schools, a decrease of six;
2,713 officers and teachers, a decrease of 20;
12,393 scholars enrolled, a decrease of 379;
There were sixteen normal classes, 328 schol-
ars uniting with the church, a decrease of
19 scholars; members of the church 3,225, a
decrease of 139. There were contributed
by the schools for missions \$1,264.15, an
increase of \$28.95. The educational fund
contribution was \$34.37, an increase of
\$8.77; the superannuated fund \$44.30, an
increase of \$10.01; Sunday school and ex-
tension fund \$47.30, an increase of \$10.08;
for school purposes \$5,878.74, an increase of
\$478.71. The total amount of funds raised
is thus \$7,396.91, a total increase of \$536.
90, only one fund having fallen behind in
the course of the year. Of periodicals pub-
lished by the book room there were used
14,821, an increase of 367; of these from
other publishers 1,633, a decrease of 297.
The report drew attention to the fact that
178 preaching places out of 362 reported no
Sunday schools and that there should be a
reform in this respect. It was also pointed
out that out of 13,003 scholars enrolled

there were 10,338 that were not members
of the church, and the ministers were
strongly urged to grapple effectively with
this problem. The memorizing of Scrip-
ture, the catechism and the best hymns was
strongly recommended and in securing
these ends it was suggested that the schools
should be systematically graded and the
Sunday school committee be authorized to
select the material for a course of supple-
mental study; that the General Conference
be memorialized upon the necessity of sup-
plemental systematic Bible study. A fur-
ther recommendation was made that the
General Conference be memorialized so to
change the discipline that the Sunday
school committee be a standing committee
with a sub-committee to act as an executive.
This standing committee would have power
to communicate with circuits, suggest im-
proved methods, etc. The report also sug-
gested the observance of rally day and that
greater efforts be made to establish normal
classes for teachers having as an amend-
ment to the suggestion of the report a resolu-
tion was moved by Dr. Paisley and
seconded by Rev. Mr. Berrie that this con-
ference memorialize the General Conference
to adopt such legislation as will enable the
conferences either by themselves individual-
ly or in co-operation with one or more other
conferences to appoint a secretary for Sun-
day schools his salary and to make such
regulations for the government of the office
as may be necessary. There was a pro-
tracted debate over his report, especially
within their boundaries, to provide for
reference to the decrease in the number of
schools, scholars and teachers, and various
explanations of the decrease were given and
various remedies were suggested. Shortly
before twelve the following resolution was
introduced by Dr. Wilson, seconded by Rev.
W. W. Lodge and carried unanimously:
Whereas, the 30th inst. has been set apart
as the day upon which His Majesty King
Edward VII. is to be crowned King of the
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ire-
land and of the British possession beyond
the seas and Emperor of India; and whereas
His Majesty has proclaimed as his wish
that the proceedings of the day be opened
with religious services throughout the
Empire, this Conference, recognizing the
fitness of the proposition as well as the
desire to meet His Majesty's wishes in this
matter, would recommend that appropriate
religious services be held in all our circuits
in the forenoon of that day. Just before
the session closed, Rev. Dr. Sprague, in
the name of the institutions, invited the
Conference in company with the Nova
Scotia Conference, which is expected over
from Amherst this afternoon, to a five
o'clock tea in the Ladies College. To this
invitation, as might be expected, there was
not a dissenting voice.

SACKVILLE, N. B. June 21.—The work of
yesterday was largely of a routine character
in connection with the organization of a
number of special committees, and in refer-
ence to recommendations from the several
synods. Among the latter were the follow-
ing: The appointment of a home mission-
ary superintendent, whose duty would be
to visit the several circuits and ex-officio
a member of the stationing committee.
Another was the need of a new hymn book
in which there would be a larger number of
hymns of an evangelistic character, all of
which were referred to the committee on
memorials.

The election for representation to the
General Conference took place in the after-
noon, with the result of which your readers
are already familiar. A glance at the
names will show that while the whole num-
ber is 18, one-third goes from one place. No
possible objection can be raised against any
of the gentlemen chosen, but some think
that a more equitable distribution of the
number might have been made. It is not
only quite an event in a man's life to at-
tend such a gathering, but it is a great
educational privilege, and every minister is
glad to avail himself of the privilege if he
can.

An open session of the conference was
held in the evening, the president in the
chair. Earnest and telling speeches were
made by Dr. Allison, Rev. Dr. Stewart and
Principal Palmer, and the educational in-
terests of the church were forcibly presen-
ted. The amount having been made that
the income of the fund had fallen behind to
the amount of over \$50, it was proposed by
Rev. Dr. Reed that the amount be asked
for now. The proposition was acted upon
and the amount received, J. D. Chipman
again bearing the brunt.

As only seven of the nine ministerial dele-
gates had been elected in the afternoon,
the work was resumed at the close of the
educational meeting. The result was a
very close contest between Revs. G. M.
Campbell and ex-President Fisher on the one
hand and Rev. John Goldsmith and A. D.
McCully on the other, the two last named
reached the goal.

The stationing committee met again on
Saturday evening and completed its work.
The charges are:
Rothesay—Rev. E. Ranney.
Kewich—Rev. M. E. Knight.
Harcourt—Rev. W. H. Sprague.

The following changes have been made in
the station sheet for the Chatham district:
Newcastle—V. E. Thompson; superannu-
ated, Rev. G. Harrison.
Harcourt—Jacob Heaney.
Tobiasville—Hammond Johnson.

BOY'S SAD DEATH.

LESLAND, Ont., June 21.—Peter Brodie, a
Barnsley boy, aged 10, in the company of
James Peel, a South Verulam farmer, drank
the contents of a flask of whiskey
while driving home from Lesland and finally
from the effects fell asleep with his
head hanging over the dashboard. When
the house was reached Brodie was taken out
and his breathing was stopped. Resuscita-
tives were applied, but without effect. His heart stopped beating in a few
minutes.

COL. PREMIERS.

The Coming Conference in
London.

OTHER NEWS.

Difference Between Canada
and Newfoundland May
be Settled.

LONDON, June 21.—Much interest is being
manifested in the approaching conference
with the colonial premiers, who are now in
London to attend the coronation of King
Edward. For months the government has
been urging parliament not to express any
kind of opinion upon the feasibility of pre-
ferential trade with the colonies, and when
introducing measures tending to such an
end, discussion was warned off on the
ground that it would not be fair to do so
any anything until the colonial premiers had
a chance to announce their views on the
subject. In short, the government's whole
imperial policy has been waiting in the
balance until the premiers had gathered
together. Unfortunately for the govern-
ment, the premiers had already practically
come to a decision that they would refuse
to make any suggestion until the imperial
government puts forward its own intentions.
That is exactly what the cabinet not only
does not want to do, but cannot do.

One of the colonial premiers said to a
representative of the Associated Press:
"We have no voice in the fiscal policy of
Great Britain, and have not always com-
plete control of our own. It is the duty of
the mother country to make propositions to
us. We might sit for months and event-
ually arrive at a conclusion satisfactory
to all the colonies, though it would be
difficult, and then find that the results were
merely politely filed away in some pigeon
hole in Downing street. We must have at
least some idea of what the government is
willing to support before we can seriously
discuss such a vital question. Lord Salis-
bury has publicly stated his disbelief in the
practicability of colonial preference, and Sir
Michael Hicks-Beach, the Chancellor of the
Exchequer, has openly declared his hostil-
ity to the idea. So, what is the good of our
having a mock debate for the sake of hold-
ing up Chamberlain's hands into the empty
air? It is well for us to get together, and
double intercolonial harmony will hereby
be promoted, but beyond that I can see no
practical ending of our meetings."

The only end likely to be achieved at
this notable meeting is one which is pecu-
liarly interesting to Canada and the United
States. The Associated Press learns that
Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier;
Sir Robert Bond, the premier of New-
foundland, and Mr. Chamberlain intend to
thrust out their long-standing differences of
opinion, and on all sides there is hope-
fulness that a conclusion will be reached in
regard to the Bond-Blaine convention.
Newfoundland is determined to have the
matter settled and while her attitude will
bring up almost every question now pend-
ing between the United States and Canada,
the prospect of a satisfactory agreement
appears bright, though such matters as the
Alaskan boundary and the re-meeting of the
joint high commission are involved. The
latter is likely to make the Hon. Michael
Henry Herbert, British ambassador to the
United States, a party to the negotiations,
and perhaps Joseph H. Choate, United
States ambassador to Great Britain may be
consulted, though the question directly at
issue lies entirely in Canada and New-
foundland's differences.

Only two Escaped.

LONDON, June 22.—A despatch to the
Central News from Shanghai says that the
Chinese cruiser Kai Chi was wrecked to-day
by a terrific explosion while lying in the
Yang Tze river. The Kai Chi sank in
thirty seconds and 130 officers and men
on board were killed or drowned. Only two
men on board the Cruiser escaped death.
The cruiser Kai Chi was of 2,133 tons
displacement. She was 260 feet long con-
structed of steel and had one screw. She
was built in 1882.

THEY HAVE STRUCK.

TORONTO, Ont., June 21.—The street
railway employees have decided to strike,
and all negotiations are off. The meeting
lasted from midnight until after 8 o'clock
this morning.

VERY GRAVE CHARGES.

The Telegraph of Saturday morning char-
ges that the financial affairs of the Deaf and
Dumb Institution at Fredericton have not
been faithfully administered; that the pup-
ils are taught little or nothing; that they
are often beaten; and otherwise harshly
treated, and that the officials and members
of the principal's family have been guilty
of immoral conduct with pupils. The en-
quiry into these charges will be begun by
J. H. Barry at Fredericton yesterday.

NEW BRUNSWICK OIL.

MONCTON, June 21.—The first oil well at
Moncton was shot on Friday afternoon.
The oil in the well this morning was 150 ft.
deep, and will yield from 20 to 50 barrels
per day.