

Mothers' Help.

Every wearied mother finds in Surprise Soap those qualities which rob wash day of its terrors.

It does the work in half

the time of other soaps; it makes the clothes clean and wholesome; it allows the housewife plenty of time to attend to other important

Surprise Soap contributes more to the sum total of domestic happiness than any other article that enters the For best results, follow the directions on the wrapper.

St. Croix Soap Ming. Co. ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

You May Need

Pain-Killer

Cuts Burns

Diarrhoea Complaints

It is a sure, safe and quick remedy. There's only one PAIN-KILLER Two sizes, 25c, and 50c

Cook's Cotton Root Compound Is successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual, Ladies as your druggist for Leak's Cettes Rest Come.

Take no other, as all Mixtues, pills and itakions are dangerous. Fries, No. 1, 51 per 17 No. 3, 10 degrees stronger, 25 per boz. No. 17 L, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cens imps. The Gook Company Windsor, Ont. 7 Nos. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all ponsible Druggists in Canada.

No. 1 and No. 2 are sold in Chat-ham by C. H. Gunn & Co., Central Drug Store.



For Lung Troubles, Severe Coughs, Colds, Emaciation, &c., &c.

Few systems can assimilate pure Oil, but as combined in "The D. & L.", it is pleasant and digestible. Will build you up; Will add solid pounds of flesh; Will bring you back to health.

50c. and \$1.00 bottles DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., L'mited.



TheTOILET IS INCOMPLETE WITHOUT OND'S FXTRACT

RELIEVES CHAFING, ITCHING OR IRE TATION. COOLS, COMFORTS AND HEALS Avoid dangerous, irritating Witch Haz esented to be "the same as Pond's Extract, which easily sours and often

COAL

The best qualities of Scrant-on and Lehigh at lowest prices.

"wood alcohol," a deadly poison.

 \mathbf{wood}

In all lengths, promptly de-livered. Yards on School, STREET in rear of Central

.Jas. G. Steen.



TEA and TEAS Gienn & Company, William Street rt direct from London, England, the Ceylon, Assam and China Teas. 7r/ nglish Breakfast Tea, 35c and 40c

IMITATION JEWELS.

VENEERED DIAMONDS AND GEMS OF FINE COLORED GLASS.

Trade-Fine Gold Settings Used For Bogus Stones-The Halo Around a Genuine Pearl.

Although the imitation of jewels has been practiced for a century or more there are comparatively new developments in the industry every few years, and the business has of late attained normous proportions. The majority of these stones are made abroad, and hence they are imported. But while they are exceedingly cheap and the duty is low the attempt is occasionally made to smug-gle them into the country, and a seizure results. Again, the imitation is some-times so good that even the customs offi-cers are puzzled for a time. However, it is always possible for an expert to tell the difference if he has sufficient oppor-

tunity to apply the proper tests.

Imitations of the diamond, topaz, emerald, amethyst and turquoise are usually made of paste or strass, which is nothing more than a particularly fine grade of glass, to which, if the stone is colored, the proper hue has been imparted by the addition to some mineral substance. There is at least one European house, though, which professes to add carbon to its diamond composition, thus securing reater hardness than would otherwise

In London still another plan is pursued to improve the paste diamond. Gepuine diamond dust, produced by the cutting of jewels, is treated with acid, reduced to a plastic state and then rolled out in exceedingly thin sheets. This veneer is cut into the proper shape and cement-ed on the faces of the strass. Glass diaed on the faces of the strass. Glass dia-monds can be bought for a few cents when unset, but a veneered diamond is worth nearly \$1. A high degree of skill is required in its preparation.

There are several methods of distin-guishing between a true diamond and paste. Hydrofluoric acid will eat glass, but will past affect the sorphine stone.

but will not affect the genuine stone. A file makes no impression on the latter either. Finally a real diamond contin-ues to glitter when immersed in water. Some artificial rubies are of paste; oth-Some artificial rubies are of paste; others have the same composition as the genuine stone, which consists of corundum. The latter variety of imitation ruby has the proper hardness and specific gravity, and the color is faultless. It can be distinguished from the true ruby only by a powerful magnifying glass. Singularly enough, the genuine article is identified by its defects. There are nearly flaws in it not found in the are natural flaws in it not found in the imitation, although the imitation also possesses other characteristics (minute bubbles, for instance) which are readily recognized. On some stones, like the topaz and emerald, it is not wise to use a file. They are not hard enough to re-aist it. The magnifying glass is the sur-est means of ascertaining the character

of these jewels.

Owing no doubt to the fact that pearls are often worn in strings instead of singly or in pairs, like diamonds, the business of manufacturing imitations of them is far more extensive than any kindred the making of bogus turquoises and emeralds and rubies for belt buckles. And inasmuch as most of these imitation pearls are exceedingly cheap it is possible for an exceeding the magnitude of the second of these initation. de for anybo may get a card bearing a dozen stickpins with imitation pearl heads for from 10 to 15 cents. If the stones were genuine, they would be worth from \$100 to \$200. There are several kinds of imitation pearls. One is a glass bead filled with sition. The glass is often not over a sixty-fourth of an inch thick. There are several different compositions used. One looks very much like paraffin. A bead filled with that material would crush easily. In other globular pearls, pierced for stringing, a harder substance is employed. There is an imported imitation pearl whose shell is said to be made of fishskin and whose filling is a compound in which there is ground mother of pearl, the lustrous lining of the oyster shell, wherein the real pearl is produced. This sort of jewel costs a dollar or two, and a string of 60 would sell for \$150. Real pearls of the same size and beauty would bring fully a hundred times that

Although the manufacture of imitation pearls was long confined to Europe, it is now conducted in this country also. A New York house, the first to engage in the business, introduced a novelty to the trade a few years ago. It made solid pearls in addition to the filled ones. The composition employed is as hard as rock.
It is almost impossible to break these
jewels, and their luster, color and ingenious irregularity of form will deceive any one who does not use a magnifying glass on them. The head of this house tells many amusing stories about the mistakes made by expert jewelers and pawubrokers when these stones first made their appearance. Of course it is not easy to fool an experienced person; still the ex-pert must use a powerful lens in order to ascertain the real character of a pearl.

He will not trust the naked eye. Occasionally a jeweler will say: "No. I cannot
detect an imitation pearl eight or ten
feet away, but if I hold it in my hand I

feet away, but if I hold it in my hand I can see the difference between that and the real thing. There's a sort of halo around the genuine article which is unmistakable." But other men in the trade frankly admit that only by means of a microscope can they discriminate.

A fashion has sprung up of late years which enhances the deception produced by imitation jewels. If a paste diamond is set in a brass ring or an imitation pearl is mounted on a German silver pin. is mounted on a German silver pin, a sharp yed observer might suspect the character of the jewel, but when the setting is of 14 carat or 18 carat gold and the manufacturer has lavished more or less artistic skill on the design of a ring

When one first gets an idea of the enormous extent to which imitation jewels are sold and worn, he naturally wonders whether the trade in genuine stones has been affected. But a little inquiry in the proper quarter will satisfy him that it has not. The former are purchased by a class of people who cannot afford the

To Clean a Leghorn Hat. Stir a teaspoonful of powdered sulphur into the juice of a lemon. Brush this thoroughly into the hat with a toothbrush thoroughly into the hat with a toothoroughly into the hat with a toothoroughly into the hat with a toothoroughly and when clean place it under a tap and let water run over to free it from the sulphur. Dry in the air out of the sun sulphur. Dry in the air out of the sun sulphur, with the white of an exact.

IS CANADA IN DANGER?

loney and Me i Needed and Americans Furnish Both-What a British Writer

Mr. J. Emerson-Neilly, in an article "Links of Empire," which appeared in The Pall Mall Gazette, says: "Will our investing public at home ever consider Canada? It may be too late soon for them to do so. The country is craving capital to help it develop, and most of the money sent in response comes from across the American border. Why is it so? Is Canada still popularly supposed to be a waste of snow and ice, with a sprinkling of white people surrounded by bears and Red Indians? We are generous enough in supporting foreign banks that burst and railways that play queer tricks, while we turn our backs upon our own territory where capital may be sunk to splendid account. Here you have millions of acres of wheat bearing land fit to grow all the grain we want at home. It lies waste, and the Dominion Government has to beg those on emigration bent to come out and take up 160-acre farms free! "There is more in this particular matter than meets the eye. The scare of war often makes us ask, "Will the Russian and American grain supplies be cut off?' If they were, we should be in had case. It would be good policy if we grew our own grain on our own land. Then our supplies would be certain in peace and war, and while dealing with the Canadians, we would be giving our money to our cousins and brethren, and making this great link of empire greater and more prosperous: The Canadian Government has for many years been down on its knees begging for home emigrants, with but small success. Your Irish emigrants go to America for some reason or another, your English and Scotch seek South Africa and Australia mostly; Canada is neglected; yet one day she will call to the home people no longer.

"American farmers are pouring over the border to take up the land refused by the British, and year by year the stream of American immigrants grows greater and greater. Moreover, American capital is spilling into Canada. Uncle Sam is starting new industries, and sup-porting and fostering old ones, and years he will have everything in his grip. If those who have money to invest at home played a more patriotic and more sensible game it would be otherwise. We would be richer, and Canada would be richer too.

'Canada is slowly but surely being populated by American people, and run by American money. Will the day come, a quarter of a century hence, when there will be a serious movement to join the Dominion of Canada to the United States of America? I know how splendidly strong is the British Canadian's loyalty; but we must not close our eyes to the fact that the French form a large proportion of the population, and would lend strength to any movement for the union started by the vast mass of American farmers, miners, and others who will have as-sembled here about the time I

Mr. W. H. Hay, of the Ottawa Central Experimental Farm, has re turned from Glasgow, where he has been looking after a portion of Can-ada's exhibit. Contrary to the reports sent out, all the exhibits at the Glasgow Exposition are not ready to be shown to visitors. The Russians, for instance, have not vet opene building to the public. ada's agricultural exhibit is said to be the finest the British public has ever seen. One of the features of the called "Canada's Agricultural Tro-phy," large sheaves have been arranged. The stand is covered with ply of pure, rich blood it produces red cloth, and against this the grain It is only when the blood is impovershows to great advantage. The ished and impure that disease finds a Scotch people, who produce the best soil in which to root. The "Discov oats in the world, were surprised at ery" purifies the blood and makes i the excellent Canadian oats display- antagonistic to disease. When the ed, and Mr. Hay says one miller ask- body is emaciated, the lungs are weak ed where he could buy 100,000 bush- and there is obstinate lingering cough els annually of Banner oats, such as "Golden Medical Discovery" puts the deal of attention. These grains were secured by crossing different kinds of grain, and the result was an improved variety. The Canadian exhibits, Mr. Hay says, get plenty of atten-tion, and are helping the British pub-lic to realize what the Dominion can

Cumming on Canada. A recent issue of The Natal Advertiser of Durban contains an interview with Mr. Cumming of Brock-ville, the Canadian Trade Commissioner to South Africa. After de-scribing the fiscal and economic position of Canada, Mr. Cumming ob-served: "In addition to manufactured goods we have for disposal enough mous stocks of healthy, vigorous cattle, that I believe would be very seful to restock South Africa with after the war. Good cows can bought in Canada for from £8 £10. Canadian cattle are being taken to the United States for breeding purposes. I think I may safely say that Canada has the most highly leveloped cows for milking purpo on the continent of America. On arriving in Durban I found the merchants here handling Canadian cheese and bacon; also Canadian lumber bought in New York and England, That being so, the advantage of buying in Canada will be apparent.

The British North America Act,

Is Your Nervous System Breaking Down?

Do You Feel the Strain of Over-exertion and he Weakening and Debilitating Effects of the Depressing Summer Heat?

Are you restless and dissatisfied? Do you lack enthusiasm and energy? Are you unusually sensitive to noise, easily startled and unable to sleep? Does your memory fail you and do you find it difficult to concentrate your thoughts? Are you losing flesh and

daily growing weaker and more nervous? Are you absentminded and working without purpose, discouraged in the present and in dread of what the future will bring forth?

If so your system is not in shape to carry you through the enervating summer weather, and you are in constant danger of nervous prostration, paralysis, locomotor ataxia, melancholia or some dreadful form of nervous collapse.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Has proven its wonderful efficiency as a treatment for just such cases as yours. It is the most potent nerve vitalizer that can be obtained anywhere. It is certain to help you because it contains in condensed form the very essence of nature's most effective blood and nerve builders. The remarkable reputation which Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has won is substantiated by hosts of persons in statements similar to the following:-

People Who Have Tested its Merits

Mrs. M. A. McCrea, Tory Hill, Ont. writes:—"My system was all run down when I began to use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. I was weak and very nervous and felt so tired and worn out that I could scarcely drag myself about the house. It seemed impossible for me to get rest sor sleep at night, and I felt that I was gradually growing weaker and more nervous and irritable. Since beginning to use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I feel altogether different. It has gradually strengthened my nerves and built up my system wonderfully. I sleep well now, and as being thoroughly restored to health and strength. I believe it is the best medicine to be had for the nerves.

Mr. A. R. Fawcett, editor and proprietor of The Leader and Re-

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is having an enormous sale just now, as most people have come to realize the importance of keeping vitality at high water mark during the trying summer season. 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. For Chafing, Heat Rash and every form of Itahing Skin Dr. Chase's Ointment is a remarkably effective treatment.

THE GRAMMARIAN'S COMPLAINT,

So many books-such crowds that So much in print-such times that teach;

And yet the art of modern speech Out-slangs all ancient slang indeed. "Have by some surgeon, Shylock, on

thy charge to stop his wounds lest he do bleed to death." People can bleed to death. The loss of blood weakens exhibit is an octagonal stand 65 feet the body. It must follow that gain of in circumference and 35 feet high, blood gives the body strength. The covered with Canadian grains. About strengthening effect of Dr. Pierce's the bottom of the stand, which is Golden Medical Discovery is in large called "Canada's Against treat The part due to its action on the blood-making glands and the increased supwere exhibited in the Canadian section. Canada has 10,000 samples of disease, and so facreases the vitality grain on exhibition. The hybrid grains developed at the Central Experimental Farm attracted a great deal of attention. restored. It has cured thousands who were hopeless and helpless, and who had tried all other means of cure

without avail. Thirty-one one-cent stamps to cover expense of mailing and customs will obtain a copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, in paper cover. Send 50 stamps if cloth binding is preferred. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The world raised 277,000,000 tons of coal in 1800, against 4,020,000,000 tons last year.

Valuable Advice to Rheumatics.

Eat meat sparingly, and take very little sugar. Avoid damp feet, drink water abundantly, and always rely on Polson's Nerviline as an absolute re-liever of rheumatic pains. Being five imes stronger than other remedies, its power over pain is simply beyone belief. Buy a large 25 cent bottle to day, test it, and see if this is not Polson's Nerviline always cures rheu son's Nerviline always cures rheu

One hundred pounds of raw beef weigh only sixty-seven pounds after

A Knock Out For Asthma.

You have had many disappointments, filled your stomach with nasty drugs, tried lots of things, but they all failed. Not being a stomach com-plaint, of course Asthma can't be cur-The British North America Act, constituting the Dominion of Canada, provides that "unless altered by the Parliament of Canada, the salary of the Governor-General shall be ten thousand pounds sterling."

This amount has been paid yearly makes you well. Doctors say there is nothing like Catarrhozone for

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Industrial Exposition TORONTO

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Harvesters' Excursion Sept. 3 and 17 For Winnipeg, etc., \$28, Regios, etc., \$30 Returning good until Nov. 3rd and 17th,

For further particulars apply to Agents Grand Trunk Railway System W. E. RISPIN. City Ticket Agent,

115 King St., Chatham.

Harvest Excursions PAN-AMERICAN ! EXPOSITION ~



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Pan-American Hatel System Controlling The Buckingham, Marl-borough and Lillian and several dwel-lings; no temporary structures; all up to-date rooms. \$1.00 per day up. Ap-F. B. ROBINS, Hotel Buckingham,

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

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Wm. Somerville, Confectioner

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