Japanese Left Flank Driven Back by the Russians With Great Loss After a Desperate Struggle.

Ovama Reports That the Russians Have Been Greatly Strengthened in Front of His Centre.

The Terrible Fight for Lone Tree Hill—Awful Losses in the Fighting of the Past Week.

A Mukden cable: It is reported that the Russian army is advancing. News has just been received that the Japanese left flank has been driven back with leavy loss and its retreat cut off. A Russian regiment is now being hurried forty-eight hours had been hinting that the Russian army is advancing. News has just been received that the Japan ese left flank has been driven back with heavy loss and its retreat cut off. A Russian regiment is now being hurried to the scene in the hope of completing

An officer who has just returned from General Mistchenko's division reports that a sanguinary fight has tak-en place at Laitkhezi, 15 mmes southeast of Shakhe, to which fort Gen. Mistchenko retired in order to preserve communi-cation between the Russian centre and eastern flank. The Japanese made a de-termined effort to cut the line of communication at this point, and attacked un-der cover of a terrific cannonade. Out of one company of a Russian rifle brigade only 50 men were left. Two comgade only 50 men were left. Two companies that had expended their ammunition prior to the last Japanese attack lay in the trenches until the Japanese were within a few paces. Then the Russians hurled a volley of stones, charged and broke the attacking line, compelling the Japanese to flee. There was fighting to-day on both sides of the Great Mondry wead.

General Kouropatkin is indefatigable, personally directing the forward operations. Nothing seems to affect him, but he wears his usual quiet smile under all circumstances. The last Japanese de-fenders of Lone Tree Hill, two artillery officers, refused quarter, and died fight ing, with their swords, beside their guns A despatch from Fidyatun, six mile

despatch from Fidyatun, six miles of Shakhe, dated to-day, says fighting stil continues along most of the whole front. Heavy rains continue.

There was a terrific cannonading last

night. Everyone is terribly exhausted, but full of fight.

ENTICED INTO THE PLAN.

A St. Petersburg cable: Victory is the keynote of the war news in to-day's papers. In addition to the cap-ture of Japanese guns on Sunday there are unofficial accounts of other captures on Monday, bringing the total number of pieces taken from the Japanese up to 34. The Russians are reported to have broken the Japanese centre, and to have broken the Japanese centre, and to be gaining ground everywhere they having succeeded in enticing the enemy into the plain, where General Kouropatkin threatens their flank. This is the first name-day of the infant Czarewitch, and the coincidence therewith, the most important sucesses the Russians have achieved in the campaign is bailed by achieved in the campaign, is hailed by the clated press with optimism. There are, however, no public rejoicings, although the day was observed as a general holiday in honor of the Czarewitch. Moreover, the iluminations customary on such ocasions were omitted.

TOKIO IS UNCERTAIN.

Thinks Kouropatkin May Have Resumed the Offensive.

A Tokio cable: Although the newss through the victory of the Jap-in the Battle of the Sha River as being complete, the military authori-ties here recognize that the engagement has been inconclusive, and they are uncertain whether the Russians are only strongly covering their retreat or wheth er they have again resumed the offen-sive. The casualties sustained by Col. Yamanda's command Sunday, when it was enveloped by the Rusians, numbered 1.500. Besides making the counter attack on Col. Yamada, the Russians the following day, made several attacks on the Japanese central army, and the right wing of the left army. All were repulsed. The authorities declare that the disaster to Col. Yamada's command is comparatively trifling, and that it does not affect the situation.

MAY WIN OUT.

Kouropatkin Not by any Means Defeated

A London cable: Neither the official A London cable: Neither the official nor unofficial despatches received here show whether the Russian rally will succeed in reversing the verdict of the ten days' fighting. The Russian newspapers reports representing the Czar's troops as having achieved material successes are not confirmed officially. According to to-day's despatches, Field Marshal Oyama's reference in his sevent to Russian Covama's reference in the covama c Oyama's despatches, frield Marshal Oyama's reference in his report to Russian reinforcements is more emphatically worded than the summary given out by the Japanese Legation. He says: "The enemy in front of the Hun River has been strongly reinforced, and especially in front of our centre army his strength has been enormously increase. has been enormously increas-

Nothing is known of the ability of the Japanese to correspondingly increase their force, although it is assumed here that they will be able to do so. It is positions surrounding the town.

It become more and more evident recognized that even if he retreats Gen. Kouropatkin has gained by his counter attacks is invaluable to his army, which if it is ultimately not vicwhich if it is ultimately not vic-which if it is ultimately not vic-is, will, at least, be saved from quarters at Mukden.

RUSSIANS IUBILANT.

St. Petersburg Believes Advance has been The Storming of Lone Tree a Brave

clambered up, and at 11 o'clock at night the position was in our hands. I have just visited the scene of our triumph. The trenches are filled with

the thick of the fiercest fighting around

the Japanese guns. The Japanese gunners died at their post. Kouropatkin personally thanked the heroes for their

gallant exploit. The captured guns wer brought to Mukden."

Japs Make an Unsuccessful Attempt to Recapture It.

A Mukden cable: Lone Tree Hill.

sniping fire, and render the work

relief difficult and dangerous.

The fighting to-day slackened consid-

The fighting to-day slackened considerably, owing to rain and the impass

FIGHT ON RUSSIAN LEFT.

Headquarters of the Russian Flank

ing column on left and by course, via Mukden, Oct. 11.—On Oct. 10,

when the Russian advance guard ap-peared before Siatshoun Pass its eastern

netachment occupied a corresponding po-sition before Tumin Pass. On Oc., 12

the Russian fighting line consisted of four regiments of the East Siberian rifles on the right flank, and the 3rd, 33rd and 34th on the left. The right

was supported by two batteries of the

18th and one of the 9th East Siberian Brigades. One battery occupied the cen-

tre, and three more were on the left.
The fight began Oct. 11 at 5.30 a, m

The light began oct. If at 5.30 a, m. The batteries on the right flank opened on three Japanese batteries to the right of the pass Siatchoun Pass is a double pass, the main defile being to the left, overtopped by high rocky mountains, while to the right are rocky ridges. Gen. Gerngross' corps. was assigned to con-

At noon the Russian batteries bega

the front and again the Russians be

Tapanese

able condition of the roads.

AGAIN ASSAULTED.

Russian victory!" and crowds bought the papers.

Correspondents at the front the last forty-eight hours had been hinting that the Russian army was on the eve of another advance, but it was thought here that the troops were too exhausted by more than a week of Titanic struggle to engage in—an immediate advance movement. Thus the news of the definite resumption of the advance was calculated to arouse the greater satisfaction.

The Emperor has received a telegran The Emperor has received a telegram from Gen. Kouropātkin, reporting that the Russians are moving forward. The reverse sustained by Gen. Yamada's column has not yet been reported by Gen. Kouropatkin to Gen. Sakharoff, except in a reference to an unsuccessful Jupanese attack near Shakhe. The Mukden despatch evidently refers to this affair in reporting that the Jap-anese had been beaten off with terrible slaughter and its retreat cut off by the Russian army.

Another despatch from Mukden con-

firms the news of the Russian advance when, telegraphing late to-night, the correspondent says: "It is rumored that we are moving ahead."

There is no official confirmation here

of the report from Tokio that a Russian attack on the Japanese right on Oct. 17 had been repulsed. If this report should prove true, it may involve serious consequences for the Russians who crossed the Sha while the river was fordable.

was fordable.

According to the Mukden despatch, the water has since risen man-high, in consequence of heavy rains, and, therefore, it will be nigh impossible for the Russian army to recross the river, owing to the absence of bridges. It would be equally difficult for the same rea-Victory the Keynote of St. Petersbudg

War News.

A St. Petersburg cable: Victory is the keynote of the war news in to
the keynote of the war news in to
Market and the same reaction to the same reaction to bring up supplies and ammunition to enable Gen. Kouropatkin to follow up the advance. This may explain that the fighting was slackening on the morning of Oct. 18.

BLOODIEST IN HISTORY.

The Losses Exceed the Total of the Whole War Hitherto.

Mukden cable: A bitter fight is still oing on. The line of contact between he armies does not alter materially. the armies does not after materially. The Japanese seem to fear that an advance would bring out a superior force of Russian reserves. Nobody expected the fighting to last so persistently or that either side would be able to enter the state of the state dure such losses in men and ammuni-tion, which have already exceeded the tion, which have already exceeded the total of the whole war hitherto. The prediction of Russian generals that the war would be one of the bloodiest in history has been already verified. There have been heroic exploits by both armies along the whole line. The Russians today seem to hold their positions in to-day seem to hold their positions in the main along the Sia River, from the railway to Tashan, where the mountains begin. The bitterness and tenicity of the fighting on this line seems to be intimately connected with the position of the eastern army, reg which little news is obtainable. After threatening an assault all day the Ja-panese last night at 11 o'clock rushed the village of Linshinpu, on the north bank of the Sha River, west of the railway, pouring a thunderous cannon and rifle fire on the Russian positions. The bombardment lasted until midnight The rifle fire only ceased at dawn. The Japanese now occupy a raised pagoda in a quadrangle, near Linshinpu, which is the only eminence for miles. It affords an unusually advantageous point of view for directing their artillery fire against the Russian right. At tempts to dislodge the Japanese this position have thus far failed. The Japanese are already in possession of small hills on the plain. They attempted last night to rush the Russian centre along the foothills bordering the Sha aiver, but were unsuccessful.

ANOTHER BATTLE ASSURED.

Losses Were Never Less Than 2,000 Per Day.

A Mnkdeu cable: The fighting of Oct. 17 was confined to the Russian centre at Shakhe River, and was mostly artillery fire, the Japanese using big guns and high explosive shells. During the nine days of continuous fighting the losses were never less than 2,000 per day. The hospitals are hardly able to handle the wounded. Nevertheless,

they have performed wonders.

The Chinese have deserted all the villages and the troops are using the woodwork of their houses for fuel. The country south is desolated. The Japanese still seem to be exerting themselves to force the Pussians out of that the resources of the country can

abandoned his

RUSSIANS WON THE DAY.

While this attack was going on the Russian right also darried several heights held by the Japanese. The Japanese then assumed the offensive, but failed to dislodge the Russians.

Silenced Jap Batteries.

On Oct. 12 one Russian battery silenced some Japanese mountain guns, and then another Japanese battery opened on the Russians, but a concenopened on the Russians, but a concentrated fire smothered that battery also. Then the Russian infantry advanced, and the fight became general. The left was heavily engaged. Tumin Pass was turned by detachments of the 3rd, 33rd and 2nd regiments. More Japanese batteries appeared on the heights. One of these was literally blown to

The day passed without making much

The Japanese attacked the Russians at 10 o'clock that night, but were driven back. The Russians followed up the back. The Russians followed up the advantage, and occupied the pass. Meantime the Russians got nearly all the commanding heights, including the conical hills beside the pass; but there was still one height at the left of the pass which had not been taken, and at dawn the Russians were again forced to ing, and showered the hill with projectiles, the awful spectacle lasting the entire day. It seemed that no human being could outlive such an ordeal, yet the defenders remained manfully at their posts. The sun was already declining when Kouropatkin gave the order to storm. Six regiments advanced, fording the river in the face of a murderous fire. The enemy determined to make us pay dearly for it. He poured a hail of gun and rifle fire on our advancing column, but nothing could stop them. They reached the other side, clambered up, and at 11 o'clock at dawn the Russians were again forced to retire, as the Japanese batteries com-manded the ground the Russians had o hardly won.
The next day the Russians again ad-

vanced, assouthing the main pass. Gen. Gerngross remained on the field during all the hot fighting, never leaving his

During the day the fourth corps was forced to draw back, but at night reoccupied its earlier positions. During the night fighting of Thursday, Lieut. Col. Peccuta died fighting in the Japan-ese trenches. The 34th regment suffer-ed terribly.

triumph. The trenches are filled with dead Japanese and Russians clutched in a death embrace. I saw no such ghastly sight at Shipka or at Plevna. The credit for the achievement belongs chiefly to the 36th and 19th Rifles. Four other regiments participated. The 36th attacked from the east and the 19th from the west, Gen. Paultoff leading the Avigade and recommendation. Oct. 13 the command moved forward Oct. 13 the communal moved forward. The Japanese held with particular tenacity on the left flank. Co. Huskin, who, with sever companies, was helding a position on the right, had his flank turned, but a regiment was sent Poultoff leading the brigade and per-sonally directing the attack, was the first to reach the summit, and was in Japanese Datteries appeared on the list Siberian Battery, changing ground, came under the firing and lost 17 men in crossing an open space 200 yards in crossing an open space 200 yards wide.. Most of the Russian guns, however, were in hidden defiles, and suffered little loss, the Japanese shells falling short. One ricochet shot wounded ed attle loss, the Japanese shells falling short. One ricochet shot wounded the horse rdden by the writer of this despatch, and also his servant.

The Russian batteries finally got the range of the Japanese batteries and

ilenced them all.

won by the Russians after a desperate struggle, was the scene of a gallant but unsuccessful attempt to recapture by the Japanese. In spite of the awful slaughter with which they had been driven from the hill, the Japanese returned to the charge during the pight After dinner a great many Chinese fugitives came into the Russian lines, reporting that the Japanese were preparing to evacuate the villages of reporting that the Japanese were pre-paring to exacuate the villages of Tehaonadzy and Tchigaw. The Russians then moved forward, and at 5 o'clock in the afternoon occupied the passes as the Japanese withdrew. Then, just as the task had been accomplished, came the order to retire, which the column accom-nished safely, but thoroughly exhaustdriven from the hill, the Japanese returned to the charge during the night of Oct. 17, recognizing that the hill was the key to the position on the southwest front. Nine regiments participated, ereeping up through the night and delivering a furious assault at dawn. But the hill had been bought too dearly by the Russians to relinquish it, and the Japanese were driven back with terrible slaughter.

It is reported that Gen. Mistchenko's Cossacks, under command of Adjutant plished safely, but thoroughly exhaust-ed by the long fight.

PORT ARTHUR. To be Taken Whatever the Cost in Life.

Cossacks, under command of Adjutant Gavriloff, were engaged in a hot fight on Oct. 17th, towards the southeast. A on Oct. 17th, towards the southeast. A Cossack horse battery silenced the Japanese guns, and drove back several infantry battalions, but were unable to capture the guns, which the Japanese succeeded in carrying off.

The battlefield of Lone Tree Hill presents an awful sight. Russian and Japanese dead are mingled in inextricable confusion. The grand is attention. London, Oct. 2 .- The Chefoo corres-London, Oct. F.—The Chefoo correspondent of the Daily Telegraph claims to have spectal information of the position at Fort Arthur, of which the folkwing is the most trustworthy: There has been only one so-called grand assault on the main line of forts, namely, from Aug. 21 to Aug. 24, resulting in the repulse of the Japanese, who only occupied two small subsidiary forts in the vicinity of the eastern defences. On that occasion the commanders were preared to continue the attack until it was confusion. The ground is strewn with contusion. The ground is strewn with broken rifles that had been smashed in hand-to-hand fighting. Everything seems to have been utilized as weapons. The Russian doctors are working heroically on the slopes of the hill, in the attempt to save those of the wounded they can, but the Japanese keep up a spining five and render the west of successful, but in consequence of orders from Imperial headquarters the conflict of isolated attack on the usually accombanied by demonstrations along the whole line.

The Japanese, believing that the Baltic

fleet will attempt to create a diversion will renew their desperate endeavors to specially reduce the fortress. It is real-ized that public feeling in Japan de-mands the capture of Port Arthur, and Flanking Column Carried Hills Held by in the event of another great attempt no limitation will be placed on the sacrifice of life.

The concentration of reinforcement continues. . severe bombardment indi cates preparations for an infantry as-sault. Events at Port Arthur are influenced by the position in the north, where the Russians report that Gen. Kouropat-kin is holding Shahosu, after capturing fourteen Japanese guns and many pris-oners. With the knowledge that time is against them the Japanese are alive to the urgent necessity for capturing the for tress before winter handicaps the op-erations. Already the weather has be-come keen and the seas rough. The correspondent quotes a Japanese tradesman, who has been attached to

the besiegers throughout, and who arrived at Chefoo Wednesday, as saying that during the siege more than 50,000 Japanese have been killed. Another correspondent says that 50,000 have been killed or wounded

NET RESULT OF BATTLE.

Complete Russian Repulse and Gain of

Gerngross' corps was assigned to cap-ture the passes by frontal attack, and the remainder of the Russian troops were to turn the Japanese position and take them on the flank and rear. 15 Miles of Ground. At noon the Russian batteries began pounding the Japanese positions. Wherever possible the Russian artillery was rapidly followed up by the infantry advance, the cannon fire being concentrated first on one and then on another of the eminences, which were seamed with Japanese trenches from base to summit. The Japanese registers were A London cable says: The repulse of the Russian attack and the gain of about 15 miles of ground seem to be the net result of the Battle of the Sha River to the Japanese, who have again failed, as at Liao Yang, to follow up their victory with a crushing blow. Opinions differ, however, as to whether summit. The Japanese positions were so steep that the attacking Russians could make no progress in the face of a murderous fire. Whole advance comthe present situation indicates a lull or the end of the battle, none of the des-patches enabling a definite assertion. panies lay down, hugging the ground till evening, and repulsing sallies by the Japanese from their trenches. At night Gen. Kondratovitch led his advance to A correspondent with Gen. Oku, in an undated despatch, says that owing to the slowness of the advance, the Japanese failed to cut off the Russian retreat, which wan conducted with great skill. The cavalry on the Japan-ese left crossed the Hun River, thus rugged heights. The gan to scale the rugged heights. The 33rd and 34th Regiments fell under withering fire. The men hung to the rocks and returned the fire. Then they scrambled forward again. The 34th Regiment first reached the trenches, go-ing with the bayonet at the Japanese, who fought like demons It was an in-Resumed.

A St. Petersburg cable despatch says:

There is jubilation throughout the city witch Danchenko, the well-known Rustree the news that Gen. Kouropatkin sian war correspondent, telegraphs a has resumed the offensive, and the holi-description of the recapture of Lone

Withering fire. The men hung to the recks and returned the fire. Then they captured batteries and did excellent work. The Japanese centre ing with the bayonet at the Japanese, who fought like demons. It was an in-excellently. The whole Japanese force

MAN'S SPINE BROKEN IN A WRESTLING MATCH.

A United States Negro Gets Six Months' Imprisonment for Manslaughter.

Effort Being Made to Unite the Longshoremen of Britain and the United States.

Italian Bishops Appeal to the Pope in Favor of Catholics Voting in Italian Elections.

patch to the Times says: An American egro named Newis has been sentenced at Neaumburg to six months' imprison ment for manslaughter, as the result of the death of his opponent in a wresting match. At a sharp shooters' festival held at Zeltz, in Saxony, a man named Lanzendorf, although weighing only 115 pounds and a dwarf in stature com-pared with the negro, accepted Newis' challenge to wrestle. Newis quickly threw him, but Lazendorf's shoulders were not squarely on the ground and he endeavored to save himself by arching his body. The negro grasped him and threw his whole weight on him, breaking his spine. Newis, in court, pleaded that he had acted strictly to the rules of the art of self-defence.

Amalgamation of Longshoremen.

New York, Oct. 21.—The Sun , says: The New York representatives of the American Federation of Labor were notified yesterday by cable that W. Abrahams and J. Wignall, fraternal delegates from the British Trades Union Congress to the next conference of the American Federation of Labor, had sailed for this city. Wignall is the sailed for this city. city. Wignall is the representative of the International Longshoremen's Union of Great Britain. While he is here preliminary arrangements will be made for an Amalgamation of the English and American longshoremen in an international union with about 150,000 mem tional union with about 150,000 members. Herman Robinson, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, said last evening: "For some years a movement has been in progress for the formation of this international union. Within the last year or two many members of the English union have been coming here and joining the American body. We feel that the time

New York, Oct. 24.—A Berlin des- | liminary steps toward the Amalgama-

Pending Amalgamation, the name of the International Longshoremen's Union has been changed to the International Marine and Transport Workers' Asso-ciation. The Union also now takes in all workers at the docks, as does the

English organization.

For some time preparations have been going on in England for this amalgamation of the two bodies. Final arrangements are to be made at the con-lerence of the American Federation of Labor in San Francisco on Nov. 14.

There was an attempt to unite 'long-shore workers on both sides of the At-lantic several years ago. McHugh was sent over by the English union to form local unions here. The attempt was a failure because it was proposed in, steady of amalgamating to organize the longshoremen in this country as an English body. The new movement is regarded as the first step in a world union of dock laborers, long talked of in England.

The Catholic Vote.

New York, Oct. 24.—Several bishops of North Italy, including Cardinal friend of the Pope, have petitioned him personally to consider whether the mo-ment has not arrived to allow Catholics ment has not arrived to allow Catholics to participate in the general elections. According to the petitioners, their abstention from voting during the last thirty-four years has brought no advantage to the claims of the Vatican, while it has seriously endangered the interests of religion by entrusting power to the open enemies of the Church, and they believe that if the Catholics are allowed to yote if not for other candidates, at least for Conservatives, ensuring the presence in the chamber of a have been coming here and joining the American body. We feel that the time has come for the amalgamation and in all probability a mass meeting will be called when Mr. Wignall has been here to discuss the question and take pre-

holds a line that is practically the some as at the beginning of the but fifteen miles further north. armies are now resting, and probably will not move for several days. A correspondent with the Russian centre telegraphs that the Japanese are

have seriousy weakened the morale of the Russian troops. It is evident in the latter phases of the fighting that they were increasingly reluctant to stand up against the Japanese infantry. It will be some time before they can make good their terrible losses. The Japanese losses are small in comparison. The Japanese failed to the stand up resonance of the serious weakened the morale of the latter phases of the fighting that they were increasingly reluctant to stand up against the Japanese infantry. It will be some time before they can make good their terrible losses. The Japanese losses are small in comparison. The Japanese failed to the serious weakened the morale of the latter phases of the fighting that they were increasingly reluctant to stand up against the Japanese infantry. It will be some time before they can make good their terrible losses. The Japanese failed to the serious weakened the morale of the Russian troops. It is evident to day there is one baptized Protestant Christian to every five hundred of the population. The Japanese losses are small in com-parison. The Japanese failed to cap-ture many prisoners, but the victory was none the less decisive. It will secure the numerical superiority of the Japanese army for an indefinite period Another correspondent ascribe loss of Japanese guns on Oct. 16 to over-confidence. Five battalions and three batteries were too far east, and were attacked by twelve battalions of

The Russians, who tried to outflank so doing the Japanese right, and who for days were rumored to have been cut off, es caped their threatened destruction, seem to have suffered severely. Marshal Oyama simply reports that they were driven off and retreated. The Standard's correspondent with Gen. Kuroki declares, however, that the Russians were almost annihilated. They were crossing the Taitse river on a pontoon bridge, when they were overpontoon bridge, when they were over-taken by a regiment of Japanese cavalry, whose machine guns swept the bridge from end to end. This is the were used, with decisive results. were used, with decisive results.

The position of the Japanese left is
thus described in an official despatch
from the Japanese headquarters in the
field, sent to Tokio Tuesday afternoon.

WOMEN'S MISSIONS.

The Society has Fifty-Four in

Napanee, Oct. 24 .- The twenty-third arrival meeting of the Board of Managers of the Methodist Women's Missionary Society opened in Napanee this afternoon at 3 o'clock, with Mrs. W. E. Rose, the President, in the chair, and all of the officers and forty delegates present. Mrs. Dr. Carman, of Toronto, read the report of the Supply Committee prepared by the Secretary, Mrs. Dr. Briggs. Mrs. Snyder, of the Chinese Rescue Home, British Columbia, gave a brief address upon her work among the Chinese and Japanese.

The large and enthusiastic evening meeting was presided over by Mrs. Ross. Miss Wilkes, of Toronto, the General Treasurer, presented a most encouraging statement, the main items of which were: Total amount raised by branches for 1904, including rest fund, \$58,643.95; agers of the Methodist Women's Mis

Treasurer, presented a most encouraging statement, the main items of which were: Total amount raised by branches for 1904, including rest fund, \$58,643.95; total amount raised by branches for 1904, including rest fund, \$53,031.54; increase, \$5,612.41; total amount received from all sources in 1904, including rest fund, \$57,470.12; increase \$5,045.86. Mrs. W. W. Ogden, Treasurer for the rest fund, reported \$1,375.24 received this year from the branches, making a total

tions, the Galicians in the Northwest **Territories**

Mrs. McRae, Home Corresponding Sec etary, reported the number of auxil-aries as 847, an increase of 45. The number of annual members is 20,950, and of life members 1,537, or a total me

Philadelphia, Oct. 24.—The wheezing

a mouth organ, insistent and inharonious, drove many residents of Manayunk to distraction to-day. Investigstion by one noise-racked man disclosed the startling fact that "Iron Barb," the suburb's notorious goat, had swallewed the musical instrument and in

Louder and louder grew the awful sounds dragged from the animal's throat a its breath forced discordant notes into the ears of Manayunkers.

to the ears of Manayunkers.
Business was almost suspended as the goat and the organ wended their unmusical way down Main street, and it was reported that several horses had been frightened by the sound and had nearly run away. The police were notified, but he sitated to kill the suburb's most famous animal.

nous animal.

Something had to be done, for the goat was in danger of strangulation. Michael Metsler, of Fire Engine Company No. 12, proved equal to the crisis. H. tackled the goat, sent a stream of water down its throat, drowned the discordant notes, and finally, thrusting a quick hand into the goat's mouth, drew forth the instrument.

Then all Manayunk heaved a sigh of relief.

CO-EDS HURT IN CLASS ROW. They Helped Boys in Riot in Cincinnati

fund, reported \$1,375.24 received this year from the branches, making a total from all sources of \$8,282.41.

Mrs. Strachan, Field Corresponding Secretary, gave a brief report of the work upon the respective fields represented by this societ. China, Japan, the Indians, Chinese and Japanese of British Columbia, the Province of Quebec and the latest field of this societ's operation of disorder's conduct.