THE
Star Wardrobe
....
is the Leading House in Brockville for
FASHIONABLE TAILORING,
Cutting will receive my personal attention
M. J. KEHOE.

THE ATHENS REPORTER
& COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

LUMBER
Shingles, Lath, Wood Ceiling, Moulding
Clapboards, Pickets, Doors, &c., &c.
Flooring, Posts, Sash,
All Kinds of Building Lumber and Planing Mill Work.
W. G. PARISH.

VOL. IX. NO. 16. Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Tuesday, April 18, 1893. [$1.00 a year in advance; $1.25 if not paid within 6 months. R. ...]

GEO. G. HUTCHESON & CO.

New Dress Goods

We have received about seventy (70) pieces of Spring Dress Goods, comprising the latest novelties in Whipcords, Shot Effects, Serges, Fancy Weaves, Embroidered Spot; also Challies in most artistic colorings. These are all confined to us and will not be at all common.

We will be pleased to have you come in and look over our stock. You will find them as choice and for as little money as any you can see. Our methods of supply are most direct, and have lost nothing by our long experience and standing in the business world. Our Dressmaking Department, under Miss Burch, late of Toronto, will be in working order in a day or two. We can give most satisfactory references, and will guarantee first-class work. Order solicited.

SPRING JACKETS

We have received our New Spring Jackets and Capes, in larger variety than we have yet shown, and have some decided novelties. Fit and finish are the best, and prices moderate. We show a stylish jacket, full size and latest cut, for only $4.50. Special discounts for cash.

Telephone 149. GEO. G HUTCHESON & CO.

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PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.

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MAIN STREET, . . . ATHENS
SPECIALTY DISEASES OF WOMEN.
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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c. Money to loan on easy terms. Office in Parish Block, Athens.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Etc. Office Comstock Block, Court House Avenue, Brockville Office hours—9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
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J. P. Lamb, L.D.S.,
DENTIST. After more than 20 years experience Mr. Lamb is prepared to render the best services in both mechanical and surgical dentistry.

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VETERINARY SURGEON and Equine Dentist. Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Honorary member of Ontario Veterinary Medical Society, Registered member of Veterinary Association of Canada. Treats all diseases of domesticated animals by the best system known. All calls promptly attended to. Charges moderate.
OFFICE: King St., East, Brockville—opposite the Albion Hotel.

The Gamble House,
ATHENS.
THIS FINE NEW BRICK HOTEL HAS been elegantly furnished throughout in the latest styles. Every attention given to the wants of guests. Good yards and stables.
22.17 FRED. PIERCE, Prop'r

Farmersville Lodge
No. 177
A. O. U. W.
Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month, in Lamb's Hall, Central Block, Main St., Athens.
VISITORS WELCOME.

Money to Loan.
On real estate security, only, at lowest rates of interest, on the most favorable terms of repayment. Conveyancing done in all its branches. Correspondence solicited. Office and residence, opposite the Methodist church, Athens.
JOHN CAWLEY

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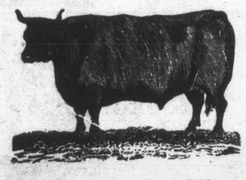

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AND CALF SKINS
HIGHEST CASH PRICE AT THE BROCKVILLE TANNERY.
A. G. McCRADY SONS.

JOS. LANE,
Main St., opposite Maley's Boot & Shoe Store,
BROCKVILLE
Carries the
LARGEST STOCK OF WATCHES
of any house in town
His stock of Clocks, Jewelry, Diamonds, Spectacles, Etc., is complete in every department and
WILL BE SOLD RIGHT
Repairing by Skilled Workmen Our Specialty.
Give us a call when wanting anything in our line. We can suit you.

MONEY TO LOAN
We have instructions to place a large sum of private funds at current rates of interest on first mortgage on improved farms. Terms to suit borrowers. Apply to
HUTCHESON & FISHER,
Barristers, &c., Brockville.

MONEY TO LOAN
Private Funds, on improved farms at lowest current rates of interest, and on favorable terms of repayment.
Consult your own interest and apply to J. A. Page, Brockville, or to A. Derbyshire, Athens, Ontario.

New Paint Shop!
The undersigned having leased the flat over N. C. Williams' Livery Stable, and put in a stock of first-class paints and varnishes, is now prepared to do all kinds of carriage painting on short notice and very reasonable prices.
A specialty made of re-painting partly worn carriages and cutters. Having had considerable experience under some of the best painters in this section, he feels confident that he can give entire satisfaction to those favoring him with their orders.
WM. BROWN.
Athens, June 21st, 1892.

Lyn Ag'l Works
Spring is coming, when you will require to roll your meadows after the severe frosts.
Get your Roller ready!
If you want the best,
Get the Paragon
I have a stock ready for delivery—*the best I ever made.*
WRITE FOR PRICES.
Also a large stock of Horse-Hoes, much improved, wood and iron frames, lever expander, &c.
WANTED.—A limited quantity of first-class rock elm lumber in exchange.
G. P. McNISH

DON'T DELAY.
When in Athens and you want a haircut or a shave, call at McLaughlin's barber shop and get it done.
Razors ground, honed and strapped. Shears sharpened, while you wait. Remember the place, Armstrong house sample rooms, next door to Beach's store, main street.
W. G. McLAUGHLIN

M. WHITE & CO.
Merchant Tailors,
We make a specialty of Fine Ordered Work.
Our cutter, Mr. Orros, is giving the best of satisfaction. Just try what a nice suit he will cut for you.
We have an over-stock of Ready-made Overcoats that we are selling at about half-price—a good all-wool Overcoat for $6. Our Boys' Suits are very cheap. Give us a call.
M. WHITE & CO
Opposite the Market
BROCKVILLE ONTAR.

400 PAIRS
Lace Curtains
Imported direct from manufacturers, to be retailed at wholesale prices.
Novelties
In beautiful new figured white Muslins for Sash Curtains.
Curtain Poles
In all sizes and lengths, cheaper than ever before.
The Latest
Productions in painted Window Shades.
Orders Taken
And estimates given for Window Shades of every description.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
Stylish Millinery
Our new show Rooms at rear end of store.
Every requisite in materials for Art Needlework.
Immense assortment of Fancy Goods for home decoration. Ladies' Imported German Mantles, Blacks and Spring Shades.
The very newest effects in fine French Dress Goods, and Dress Trimmings in the very latest novelties to match.
Robert Wright & Co.

Mantles Made to Order
At 205 King Street
We have only made brief allusion heretofore this season to this department but have been busy all the time. We are now ready to urge the claims of this important part of our business.
Our stock of Cloths is very complete and you can have any style of garment made which you desire.
The stock consists of Bedford Cords, in black and colors Venetian Twills, black and colored Serges, Tweeds, Broadcloths, and black Brocades.
Any order you may leave with us can be completed in a few days.
Ready-Made Garments
Buyers wanting Ready-made Jackets will find our assortment right.
We ask you to visit this section before buying.
TEL. BELL. 161.
LEWIS & PATTERSON.
BROCKVILLE ONT.
P.S.—Cloths bought from us cut and fitted free.

C. M. BABCOCK'S
SPRING AND SUMMER
Millinery Opening
Will take place on
Wednesday 29th of March
And following days.
When will be shown the finest lot of Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery ever shown in Brockville.
Lots of Novelties to show you. MISS SIMPSON, who is in charge, will be pleased to see you. All are cordially invited to attend.
C. M. BABCOCK,
TELEPHONE 197. BROCKVILLE

WONDERFUL!
Is the exclamation of every one who has seen our new Spring Shoes. Our windows are now dressed with some of the new lines, with the prices on them. We would ask you to take a look and see how cheap you can have your feet dressed in stylish, fancy shoes:—

Ladies' India Kid buttoned		$1.00
" " "	patent tip	1.25
" Dongola " "	Opera toe	1.50
" " " "	C. sense	1.50
" " " "	flexible sole	2.00
" India " Oxford shoe		1.00
" Dongola " "	pat tips	1.25
" " " "	cloth top, pat. tip	1.50
Men's Solid Leather Nar. S. Oxfords		1.00
" Fine M. S. Oxfords		1.25
" Dongola Kid M. S. Oxfords		1.20
" Fine buff, M. S. W. fox Bals & gaiters		1.25
" Extra " " " " gaiters		1.50
" Fine Dongola Kid, W. fox		2.00

Hundreds of other lines just as cheap.
Brockville, April 15, 1893.
W. L. MALEY

NEWS TOPICS OF A WEEK

IMPORTANT EVENTS IN FEW WORDS FOR BUSY READERS.

A Complete Record of the Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

A grand council of Woodmen of the World has been instituted for Canada. The meeting took place in London.

THE WORLD'S EPIDEMICS.

Dr. Haffkine, of Berlin, claims to have conquered cholera by inoculation.

The poor are dying by hundreds in the European part of the government of Perm, Russia, owing to the famine.

SUICIDES.

Mrs. Theodore DeLong committed suicide by drowning at Tilsonburg.

Mrs. John Boyd, wife of a farmer living seven miles from Ottawa, committed suicide by shooting herself in the breast.

THE AGRICULTURAL WORLD.

Farmers in the neighborhood of London have commenced sowing.

A number of farm pupils from England have arrived in London, Ont.

At the Guelph spring horse show there was a larger list of entries than last year.

CANADA AND THE WORLD'S FAIR.

One hundred tons of cheese have been sent from Perth county for the World's Fair.

The time for receiving exhibits at the World's Fair has been extended to April 30. Only about one-third of the exhibits are now on the grounds.

MIGRATION.

The steamship Lake Ontario, with 500 immigrants, has arrived at Halifax from Liverpool.

During the first quarter of 1893 some 5,350 emigrants embarked at British ports for Canada as compared with 1,676 for the same period last year.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Sir Charles Tupper is still confined to bed in Paris with an attack of grippe.

Mr. Andrew Pattullo has been elected president of the Woodstock board of trade.

Hon. Arthur Stanley, who has been suffering for three months from rheumatic fever, is not yet able to leave his room. Lady Stanley is in constant attendance upon her son.

CASUALTIES.

A mining accident occurred at Pontyprid, Wales. The mine is in flames, and over 50 miners are entombed.

Catharine Schmeltz, aged 89, an inmate of the Elgin house of industry at St. Thomas, fell from a second storey window and was killed.

A collegiate institute student named Gilbert fell while trying to board a moving train at St. Mary's and injured his arm so badly that it had to be amputated.

THE DEAD.

Ex-President Manuel Gonzales of Mexico is dead.

Charles Longfellow, son of the poet, died the other day after a lingering illness. He lived with his sister, Miss Alice Longfellow, in the old family mansion at Boston.

Mr. David Preston, mechanical superintendent of the C.P.R. works in Montreal, died yesterday from blood poisoning produced by the use of a solution applied to a corn. He was over 60 years of age, and a very competent official.

MUNICIPAL.

Mr. George T. Marks has again been elected mayor of Port Arthur.

Montreal City Council has reduced civic salaries from 2½ to 15 per cent.

Senator McInnes offers to sell Dundurn park to the city of Hamilton for $75,000.

T. W. Peters has been elected mayor of St. John, N.B., for a third consecutive term.

Mr. John Morrison has been appointed town clerk of Woodstock, and Mr. George C. Eden, the former town clerk, has been made treasurer, vice J. D. Hood, deceased.

MILITARY MATTERS.

The band of the 30th Battalion is to be located in Guelph.

Three British warships will do duty this summer off Newfoundland in connection with fisheries protection.

Citizens of Guelph are agitating the subject of offering the old cemetery ground to the Government, with the view of having a drillshed erected thereon.

It is reported in England that the war office has cabled the Dominion government to send Major-Gen. Herbert to London at once to arrange details connected with strengthening of the defences of Esquimalt, B.C.

THE INDUSTRIAL TENDENCY.

All the lumber companies of the Northwest are said to have combined.

A third coal syndicate has asked the Nova Scotia legislature for incorporation.

The cut nail combine met at Montreal and made arrangements to sustain the present prices.

The bill to amalgamate the Moncton and Halifax Sugar Refinery Companies has passed the Nova Scotia Legislature.

The jury could not agree in the case against the coal combine in Rochester, which has been in process of trial for some days.

The proposals of an American syndicate to combine all the rolling mills of the Dominion will be considered at a meeting of the mill proprietors in Montreal.

MARINE.

Navigation is now open at Collinwood.

The ice has been driven out of the Straits of Mackinaw by the heavy gales of the past few weeks.

The whaling schooner Leon Swift, of New Bedford, Mass., has been lost in the Cape Verde islands, and 11 of the crew were drowned.

The Norwegian bark Riga of Horten, from Havre to Tybel, was wrecked eight miles off Baypoint, near Beaufort, S. C. The captain was drowned.

The sealing vessel Newfoundland has just arrived at St. John's with one of the largest loads ever taken. The seals were sold as follows: Young harps at $4.50 per cwt., young hoods at $4.10 per cwt. and old hoods at $3.70 per cwt.

The German warships Kaiserine Augusta and Scandler, from Kiel, bound for the naval review at New York, put into Halifax the other day for coal. The former carries 400 and the latter 200 men. They have had hard weather.

The Government steamer Quadra has returned from Sarnow Island and reports that the stories of trouble among the Indians was purely mythical. The Indians were agitated, however, and it is surmised that evil-disposed persons were endeavoring to stir up strife. When the Quadra left there was a better feeling all round.

IN GENERAL.

The Saxon anti-pool room bill has passed the Assembly at Albany. The bill now goes to the Governor.

A cyclone has caused great damage in Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri and the Dakotas.

It is stated at Niagara Falls that a new steel arch bridge is to be constructed over the gorge near the old suspension bridge.

A local company has purchased the old furniture factory in Bowmanville and will at once put it in shape for the resumption of business.

A Brantford man recently saw an advertisement in a United States paper offering to send a fine engraving, depicting the landing of Columbus, for $1. He sent along the money, and yesterday received one of the new 3c Columbian postage stamps, bearing the scene referred to.

THE FINANCIAL WORLD.

Bradstreet's reports 25 business failures in Canada last week.

Simon Clarke & Co., grocers of Duluth, have assigned. Liabilities, $100,000.

Samuel Williams & Co., cotton brokers, of Liverpool, have suspended with liabilities of £50,000.

Woodstock board of trade has adopted a resolution in favor of excluding American silver from the country.

It is reported that C. A. Pillsbury, the great Minneapolis miller, got badly nipped in the Chicago wheat manipulations.

Statistics show that the foreign trade of China for 1892 amounted to £287,684,000 an increase over 1891 of £2,730,000.

A London cable announces that the English, Scottish and Australian chartered bank has failed with liabilities amounting to £6,000,000.

Great Britain's imports from Canada show a falling off of 81 per cent. for the month of March, and 53 per cent. for the quarter ending March 31, as compared with the same periods last year.

The bulls in the wheat pit at Chicago got after "Ed" Pardridge and scalped him to the tune of half a million. He says he still has $2,000,000 and will get back at them.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Fire has caused about $45,000 damage at Granby, Que.

Eight buildings in Seaforth were burned one night last week.

Almost every business house in St. Mary's, Ohio, has been burned.

Over 2,000 houses in Kawagoyecho, near Tokio, Japan, has been destroyed by fire.

Fire in Veszprim, Hungary, has destroyed 141 houses and rendered 1,000 persons homeless.

The town of Vespren, 30 miles from Budapest, has been almost completely destroyed by fire.

An explosion occurred in Holmes' oil refinery at East Buffalo. The refinery and a large number of cars were destroyed by fire.

A forest fire in Warren county, N. C., has swept over four miles of the country destroying over 200 farm buildings and much other property.

Forest fires have destroyed over $140,000 worth of timber and other property in the mountains of Pennsylvania. Heavy rains have now quenched the fires.

Mrs. William Ainsworth and two of her children aged 8½ years and 2½ years were burned to death in a tenement fire in Brooklyn yesterday. Two other children were badly burned.

In Chicago Mrs. Jensen went to the meat market after lighting a gasoline stove. While she was absent the house took fire and her two children were burned to death. Mrs. Jensen has become temporarily insane.

FOREIGN POLITICS.

The French ambassador, M. Patenotre has been received by President Cleveland.

It is officially stated in Lisbon that the reports of an attempt to assassinate King Carlos are untrue.

The Belgian chamber of deputies, by a vote of 115 to 26, has rejected the motion in favor of universal suffrage.

Peru has indicated that she will make full reparation for the outrage on American residents reported from Lima the other day.

Japan has seized the Pelew islands in the North Pacific. Spain claims the islands, and trouble between the two powers is feared.

King Alexander of Servia, who is not yet eighteen years of age, has deposed the regents and taken upon himself the full powers of a king.

Stepniak, the Russian patriot, has written a letter to President Cleveland making a strong protest against the Russian extradition treaty.

Gov. Flower of New York state has signed the agricultural law revision which established a commission of agriculture, at an annual salary of $4,000.

President Montt of Chili has signed the decree formally declaring the Chilian provinces of Santiago, Valparaiso, Aconcagua and Ohiggins to be in a state of siege.

Dr. Peters, the East African explorer, was interviewed recently in Cairo, Egypt, and said English occupation of Egypt must continue, otherwise there would be a Mahdist invasion.

According to the latest count the Democrats have 220, the Republicans 127 and the third party 8 representatives in the U.S. Congress, giving the Democrats a majority over all of 85.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the first ambassador from any country to the United States has presented his papers to the President and the event was marked by considerable ceremony. Sir Julian is now dean of the diplomatic corps at Washington.

HOT WHISKEY.

Nineteen Thousand Barrels of Red-Eye Lost in a Distillery Fire.

OWENSBORO, Ky., April 8.—Fire yesterday afternoon destroyed the four large warehouses of the Glenmore Distilling Company here and caused the biggest conflagration in the history of the city. The buildings contained 18,987 barrels of whiskey, of which there were but 400 barrels on which the tax had been paid. The warehouses and a principal part of the whiskey belonged to the Glenmore Distilling Co., of which R. Monarch, the celebrated distiller, is president. Twenty-seven hundred barrels of the whiskey were owned by local wholesale men. The entire loss is estimated at $350,000. This amount does not include the loss of three cottages and about the distillery, which were also destroyed, but which are covered by insurance.

ONTARIO'S FINANCES.

TREASURER HARCOURT'S BUDGET SPEECH FOR 1893.

The Revenue From Timber License Sales—The Successoin Tax—The Public Institutions—Mr. Clancy Vigorously Criticises the Speech and the Government.

TORONTO, April 11.—A short session was held yesterday on resumption of business by the house. The petitions for a plebiscite on prohibition continued to pour in and of 170 petitions presented 100 asked for a direct vote on the liquor question. Altogether 700 of these temperance documents will be placed in Speaker Ballantyne's hands. Among the bills read for the first time were: Mr. Meredith—An act respecting married women. Mr. Waters—An act to enable women to vote for members of the Legislative Assembly. Mr. Waters—An act to enable married women to vote for members of municipal councils. These bills also received their first reading: The Attorney-General—An act respecting the office of county crown attorney of the County of York and the city of Toronto. Mr. Balfour—An act to amend the Voters' Lists Act. Mr. Waters—An act to amend the Assessment Act. Hon. J. M. Gibson—An act for the prevention of cruelty to and the better protection of children. Mr. Mack—An act to amend the Municipal Act. Mr. Meredith moved for a return of all government officials employed in 1871 and a like return for 1892; also a return showing how often the registrar's office of Middlesex had been vacant in the past ten years. A batch of reports from the various Provincial institutions was presented by Minister Gibson. Messrs. Meredith, Monk, Whitney and Campbell (Algoma) filed notices of motion asking for returns from the sales of timber berths from '89 to '92, and for other information on the subject. Mr. Connes moved that provision should be made for granting aid at a rate not exceeding $2 per ton on charcoal pig iron manufactured within the province during a period of seven years from the time the same should have effect, in whole or in part from ores taken from the mines of Ontario, and further, providing for the operation of at least two diamond drills suitable for exploration and mining purposes, the same to be operated under direction of Government.

The Budget Speech.

TORONTO, April 12.—Hon. Mr. Harcourt, the Provincial Treasurer, delivered his budget speech yesterday, and when he rose at 4 o'clock he was received with applause. Ontario, said the Provincial Treasurer, is in a singularly strong and healthy state contrasted with the condition of many other provinces and states across the line. In citing the fact that the total receipts from the Crown Lands Department were $2,252,972.27, the largest sum ever received from this source, the speaker gave some interesting figures and made a 30-minute defence of the Government's policy in this respect. The woods and forests item of $2,174,591.38 was explained by the phenomenal sale of October last. Since Confederation, he said, there has been 11 timber sales—four of these took place during the term of Sandfield Macdonald's Government, the average price realized per mile being $380, the total mileage sold 635, and the highest price realized $640 per mile.

During the 20 years' premiership of Sir Oliver Mowat, since 1872, there had been six sales, the total mileage sold being 4234, the average price $1412 and the highest $17,500. All the sales have been satisfactory and the last one phenomenally so, no less than 632 miles being sold at a total of $2,315,000, an average of $3650, the highest price being $17,500. The best previous average was $2532 and the highest price previously realized $6300, the average of last year thus exceeding the best previous average by $798. When it is remembered that the purchasers must pay ground rents and government dues, the magnitude of the sale can be appreciated. The Commissioner is to be congratulated on the unprecedented success of his sale, which vindicates in every respect the wise policy of his department. He ridiculed the claims of the hon. gentlemen opposite that the extinction of the pine forests of the country was near at hand, and ridiculed the gloomy pictures they painted of the remotely possible consequences. The pine forests of this continent were amply sufficient for the present generation at all events. He claimed that in anticipation of extensive railway construction and the resultant development of the country, the Government was in duty bound to sell the timber, as a single fire might devastate a valuable area. If not put under license, a large portion might have been wiped out. Even now two rival railways are promoting lines to the territory placed under license last year. Touching upon the claim of the Opposition that no licenses should be issued, except on the understanding that all timber cut should be manufactured in Ontario and not exported; he pointed out that such a proceeding would injure the lumber trade by preventing the export of the coarser grades of timber, and the lumber business could only be productive of the best results when the coarser as well as the better grades found a ready market. Besides, the cost of taking out and driving the timber was fully 50 per cent. of the total sum expended. Most of the lumber must be manufactured in Canada, and this renders restriction unnecessary. Fully 70 per cent. of the total sold last October was bought by Canadians. During the past five years the Government had realized from timber licenses $5,095,000 and had expended in grants to railways $5,433,000, education and schools $10,950,000 and for the maintenance of public institutions $11,277,000, not to speak of others, thus practically performing municipal work. It was both prudent and necessary to draw upon the timber resources of the province to increase the grants referred to as well as to aid in railway construction and avert forest fires. He contrasted the policy of the Ontario Government of putting up the limits at auction with that of Quebec and with the plan purposed by the Federal Government of disposing of its timber by private sale.

After briefly referring to the fact that the revenue from law stamps, $91,617.56, was the largest in the history of the Province, Mr. Harcourt stated that the revenue from licenses, $294,757.98, had fallen $6000 below the estimates. This might be explained by the fact that last year was the first since 1882 that all the countries were under the License Act. Since 1889 the receipts from this source had gradually diminished, due to the decrease in the number of licenses issued. If this decrease is a sure indication of the growth of a strong temperance sentiment no person need deplore it. During the past year local option had only cut off 17 licenses in the whole province. In 1883 the number of licenses issued was 4163, and in 1892 those were issued to a reduction of 749. Incidentally he pointed out that while Ontario had 207 retail licenses the city of Montreal alone had 470, and the receipts of Quebec Province from licenses for the year ending June 30 last totalled $769,000—a greater sum than Ontario received in two years.

Ontario's receipts from the Education Department were $6000 in excess of the estimates, while the revenue from public institutions, $129,406.44, was the largest ever received, and twice as much as in 1890.

Mr. Harcourt made an able defence of the recent Succession Duties Act. The receipts from this source had only been $758.53, but this was no criterion of what it would be. There was now no diversity of opinion as to the wisdom of the expenditures for charities, and with the growing demands on the province it was necessary to erect a new series of buildings. The maintenance of these institutions required a yearly expenditure of nearly $900,000. The Government is actually expending $1 out of every $11 of the Dominion subsidy for charitable institutions. At a time when the revenue is stationary, inelastic and circumscribed the Government felt it was fully justified in resorting to the succession tax, a new and fair source of revenue. Learned jurists, able writers and sound political economists agreed that the act should be taken advantage of to a much greater extent than it had ever been. The succession tax is the virtual payment back to the state for the services rendered by the state to the individual. The experience of all other countries in the matter of succession duties is encouraging and such as leads us to expect satisfactory results.

Referring to the cost of education Mr. Harcourt stated that the policy of that department was thoroughness in the rudimentary branches, four out of every five dollars of educational expenditure being expended on Public schools. He also congratulated the Government and the Province in possessing so many facilities for the professional training of teachers.

In the maintenance of public institutions $818,495 had been expended. This was an increase, it was true, but this was to a certain extent uncontrollable and automatic. In the last seven years the patients in these institutions had increased 31½ per cent., but with the building of the new asylums at Brockville and Mimico the Province would have overtaken its present needs.

Mr. Harcourt concluded with a panegyric on the new buildings, on the integrity of the Commissioner of Public Works for putting none of the appropriation in his own pocket, and on the sterling qualities of the Premier, who has so long administered Ontario's affairs.

Mr. Clancy's Criticism.

Mr. Clancy's line of attack was the comparing of the expenditure of the present with 10 or 20 years ago to the evident disparagement of the former. Taking '73 and '83 as his mile posts Mr. Clancy stated that in that decade the total expenditure of the Province had increased some 3½ per cent—a reasonable and natual increase—but from '83 to '92 the increase had been 34 per cent. This increase he pointed out, was entirely disproportionate to the natural enlargement of the business of the Province. He then went industriously through all the Government departments, dissecting comparatively the detailed expenditure of each in his three criterion years, and in all cases accusing his honorable friends of making the worst appear the better reason. He was especially severe on the maintenance cost of the Agricultural College, Guelph, which, with an increased outlay for apparatus and salaries, had nevertheless decreased in attendance and results. The policy of the Education Department in increasing the expenditure for higher education for the few came in for a scathing.

He pointed out that while the expenditure for higher education in high schools and collegiate institutes had increased that during the last ten years there had been no enlargement of the grants to the public schools, which were by far the more important. Too much attention was being paid to the æsthetics and too little to the foundation of education.

The Government's policy in reference to colonization roads, the timber lands, the liquor licensing system, the Government patronage and appointments, were all dealt with at some length by the speaker, and he closed a two hours speech by indulging in a trenchant review of a campaign pamphlet entitled, "Twenty Years of Honest Government." The said honest Government, was Sir Oliver Mowat's, to which the speaker took most vigorous exception.

Mr. E. J. Davis of North York replied to Mr. Clancy, and Mr. Whitney moved the adjournment of the debate.

TORONTO, April 13.—It was private member's day yesterday at the Legislative Assembly. Questions fell so thick and fast upon the Government that the adjourned debate was further adjourned until to-day at 3 o'clock. In answer to Mr. Clancy Mr. Fraser said that $93,000 had been spent on the new Parliament Buildings since December 31, 1892. Then came a quartet of timber questions from the Opposition. These were sprung by Mr. Monk, Mr. Campbell (Algoma), Mr. Meredith and Mr. Marter. The returns were in all cases ordered to be brought down. A number of bills were read a first time and the House adjourned at 5 p.m.

TORONTO, April 14.—Yesterday the budget debate dragged its monotonous length along for three hours. Mr. Whitney, in his speech, went into the subject generally and discursively. He scored a distinct success as a master of good-natured banter and sarcasm at the Government's expense. Mr. Balfour's speech in reply was a long one, and his defence of the Government was very exhaustive. He met the points made by Opposition speakers and closed by predicting that many years would elapse before the Province would reach that valley of desolation—direct taxation. Mr. E. P. Clarke, made a most forceful, lucid and telling speech. He differed in almost every point from Mr. Balfour, and went into details to prove his contentions. The debate was adjourned until 3 o'clock to-day. A number of bills received their first reading and the House adjourned at 6 o'clock.

Tipped it Over.

Pipkin—"It was very kind of you to give me that Jonah tip on the races yesterday."

Potts—"I thought it would surely win, and meant to do you a good turn."

Pipkin—"You succeeded. I gave it to a fellow I wanted to get even with!"

The End of the Courtship.

"And would you die for me, George?"

"A hundred times!"

"Oh, if your life is insured once will be enough."

No Use to Try.

Mrs. Binge—"What does a silent partner mean, dear?"

Binge—"It's a term my love, that I don't think it would be possible to explain to you."

THIS ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS IN VERY POOR CONDITION