THE LBADING WHOLEAALE TRADE OF Tonento.

## GGILYY \& CO.,

IMPORTERS OF DRY GOODS,
13 -and 30 wellington $\mid$ Cor. st. PETER and St. street,
TORỎNO
PaUl staeets,
montreal.

Stocks in BOTH PLACES are now WELL ASSORTED.
March 14. 1871.
1-5
THOMSON \& BURNS,
importers of
SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASSWARE, and dealers in

Canadian and American Manufactures or
HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
10 and 12 FRONT STREET WEST, TORONTO.
On ose day ןlast week, says a well informed gentleman, among the thirteen banks doing businexs in Montreal, there were but two pieces of paper went to protest. This speaks volumes for the satisfactory condition of things at our largest commercial centre.
On Saturday morning, the 22 nd inst., the first ocean ship! the iron clipper "Lake Superior" of the Canada Shipping Co.'s handsome line, reached Montreal, in tow of three powerful steamers, harrying no doubt, to get in (which she did) ahead of the Abeona and Gleniffer of Allan's line.. In addition to a full freight she ${ }^{-}$had some 50 livalthy emigrants, English men and women, most of whom were at once employed, some to work at their trades in Ontario. The scene at the wharves on her arrival was a busy and exciting one.
A section of the press is complaining loudly about alleged defects in the working of the census arrangements. The fact that a portion of the British returis, taken on the same day, have beea collected, printed and sent across the Atlantic, while the work of enumeration here dres not seem to have been completed, leads to the belief that the complaints made are not without foundation. Aside from the political effect of a correct census, its commercial value is great, and it will be matter for regret if the returns being prepared shall turn out nunecessarily defective or imperfect.
The City ('ouncil of Hamiltor has made a move in the right direction, by compelling the removal of over-hanging sigis that extended across the sidewalk. It is expected the wooden awnings will be next attacked. These unsightly


## Yarmonth Bloaters.

500 AASES just received, direct from the Seaboard, 1,000 boxes Digby Herrings.
500 half-barreis Leter 500 tailf-barreis Lake Superior Trout- Fall Catch. 100 barrels Split Canso Herrings. 100 quintals Prime Table Cod fish.
50 cases Pearl Sago.
50 bags Pimento.
25 bases Cloves.
5 cases Choiee Natmegs.
25 barrels Day \& Martin's Japan Blacking, in Pints


THOMASGGRFFITH \& Co.,
$37 \& 35$ Front Street, Toronto.
constructions mar the appearance of most of our Provincial towns, and are an obstruction to light and ventilation, besides being especially dangerons in case of conflagration. The sanitary benefits that would accrue from their removal are also important. Light exercises a cheering and invigorating influence on health, and its absence produces a deleterious effect on the constitution, frequently observable anongst those who pass the greater part of their time in some of these dark ened, ill-ventilated stores, that might be more properly designated caves.
We noticed the failure of a paper collar factory last week, and from enquiries we learn that the deficiency in the estate is considerable. The liabilities are stated to be somewhere about eighteen thousand dollars, with sufficient assets to pay about twenty-five cents on the dollar, if fairly realized. These facts, taken in connection with the brief existence of the concern, seem to justify the surmise that the business has been a losing affair from the start. Thisis the second time this individual has played the role of the insolvent, and his abilities to sustain this charac ter are evidently ample. We are willing to concede the right to sacrifice onds own means, but to recklessly squander those of others, as has been done in this case, involves an absence of principle that calls for the most marked disapproval.
Ir "competition is the life of trade" le a truism

THE LEADING THOLESALE TRADE OF

Canada Confectionary and Biscuit Works.

## William Hessin.

 WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER andBISCUIT MANUFACTURER.

## offices and factory:

Nod 7 FRONTATIEET, toronto.

## 18\%1.] R. H. GRAY \& Co.,

[1871.
43 Yonge Stheet, Toronto,
Wil show this séasion, the contents of 150 packages of
Spring Goods, embracing:Spring Goods, embracing :-

1,000 Dozen SCARFS AND BOWS,
1.800 " hose and hal. hose.

1,100 " GLOVES, iŃ VARIETY,?
600 . BRACES.
600 " shirts.
625 " LINEN COLLARS,
20 DIFFERENT KINDS. PAPER-COLLARS
1,000 Dozen HAIR NETS,
And a Complete Stock of HABERDASHERY and
HALL-WARES.

## Henderson \& Bostwick,

IMPORTERS OF
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
manufacturebs of
STRAW GOODS.
CORNER OF FRONT AND BAY STREETS,
tononto, ont.
this element in business is most undesirable. It is not uncommon to see retail merchants in their efforts to attract public attention, and outstrip their fellow traders, resort to such ininor strategy as publishing doggerel advertisements, telling palpable fictions in black type about " numerous piles of goods that are being sacrificed;" " 50,000 coats, pants and vests, that must be cleared out at once," " selling ten per cent. below cost," \&c., \&c. But these little weaknesses are easily overlooked, when contrasted with devices adopted in other quarters of the world. A London, (Eng.,) paper reports the case of a checse-monger, who was brought before the Police Court charged with creating a nuisance. The nuisance consisted in the constant ringing of a large bell, hung between two barrels in front of his premises. This device was resorted to because a rival kept. a band of music playing on the top of his house, and another, in imitation, had established one in his balcony. The defendant, however, had outwitted his two neighbors by setting up the big bell.

